

Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2023 edition with Rubi V 4.17.3

5-Inverse-trig-functions/5.2-Inverse-cosine/145-5.2.2-d-x-^m-a+b-
arccos-c-x-ⁿ

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [227]. This is test number [145].

1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 13.3.1 (August 16, 2023) on windows 10.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 13.3.1 on windows 10
3. Maple 2023.1 (July, 12, 2023) on windows 10.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
5. FriCAS 1.3.9 (July 8, 2023) based on sbcl 2.3.0 on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-57 (June 26, 2023) on Linux via sagemath 10.1 (Aug 20, 2023).
7. Sympy 1.12 (May 10, 2023) Using Python 3.11.3 on Linux.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or `Hypergeometric2F1` functions. `RootSum` and `RootOf` are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 (227)	0.00 (0)
Mathematica	98.24 (223)	1.76 (4)
Maple	94.71 (215)	5.29 (12)
Giac	71.81 (163)	28.19 (64)
Sympy	44.49 (101)	55.51 (126)
Fricas	37.44 (85)	62.56 (142)
Maxima	33.04 (75)	66.96 (152)
Mupad	32.16 (73)	67.84 (154)

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not. 3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

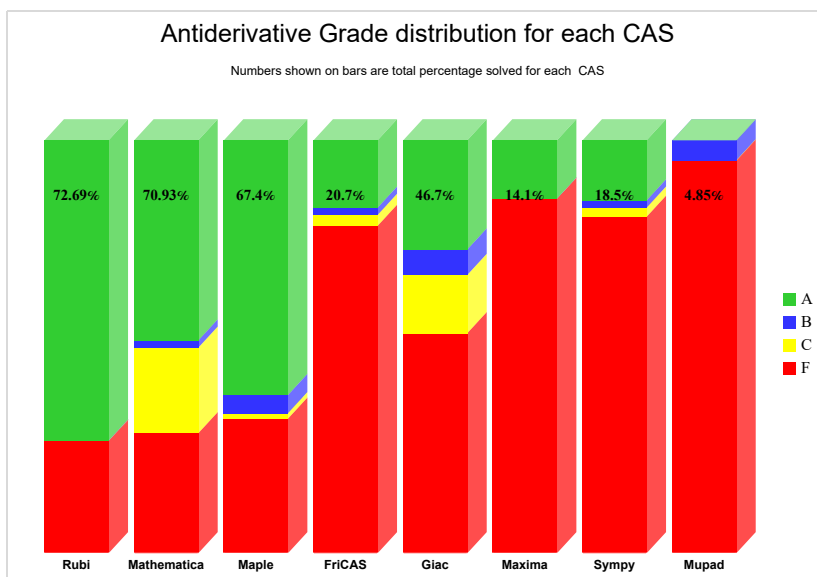
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

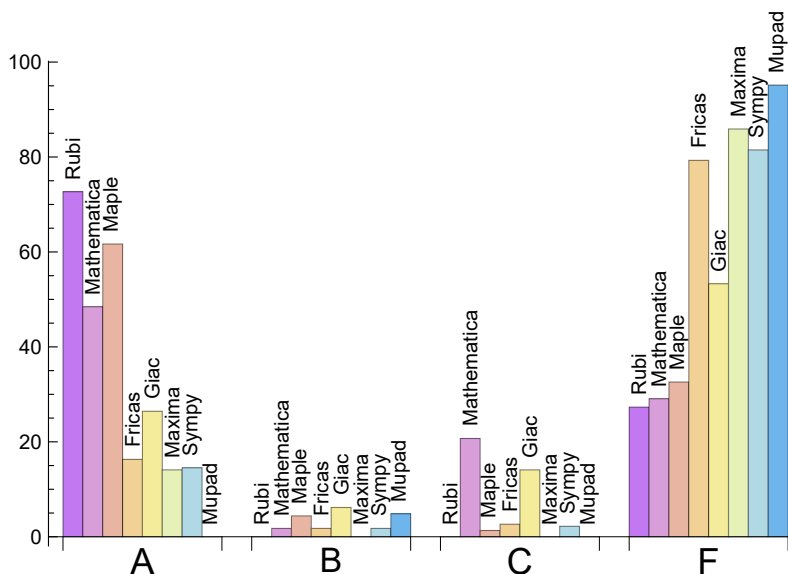
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	72.687	0.000	0.000	27.313
Maple	61.674	4.405	1.322	32.599
Mathematica	48.458	1.762	20.705	29.075
Giac	26.432	6.167	14.097	53.304
Fricas	16.300	1.762	2.643	79.295
Sympy	14.537	1.762	2.203	81.498
Maxima	14.097	0.000	0.000	85.903
Mupad	0.000	4.846	0.000	95.154

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima

and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	4	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	12	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	64	79.69	0.00	20.31
Fricas	142	44.37	0.00	55.63
Sympy	126	91.27	1.59	7.14
Maxima	152	60.53	0.00	39.47
Mupad	154	0.00	100.00	0.00

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Fricas	0.24
Mupad	0.27
Giac	0.47
Rubi	0.47
Maxima	0.90
Maple	1.04
Mathematica	3.44
Sympy	7.26

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mupad	21.11	1.07	16.00	1.00
Fricas	53.99	1.30	48.00	1.14
Sympy	54.93	1.09	17.00	1.00
Maple	96.86	1.05	66.00	0.95
Rubi	97.13	1.07	79.00	1.00
Mathematica	100.98	1.13	68.00	1.11
Maxima	109.77	5.56	69.00	1.00
Giac	173.02	1.79	56.00	1.00

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the y axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the x axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

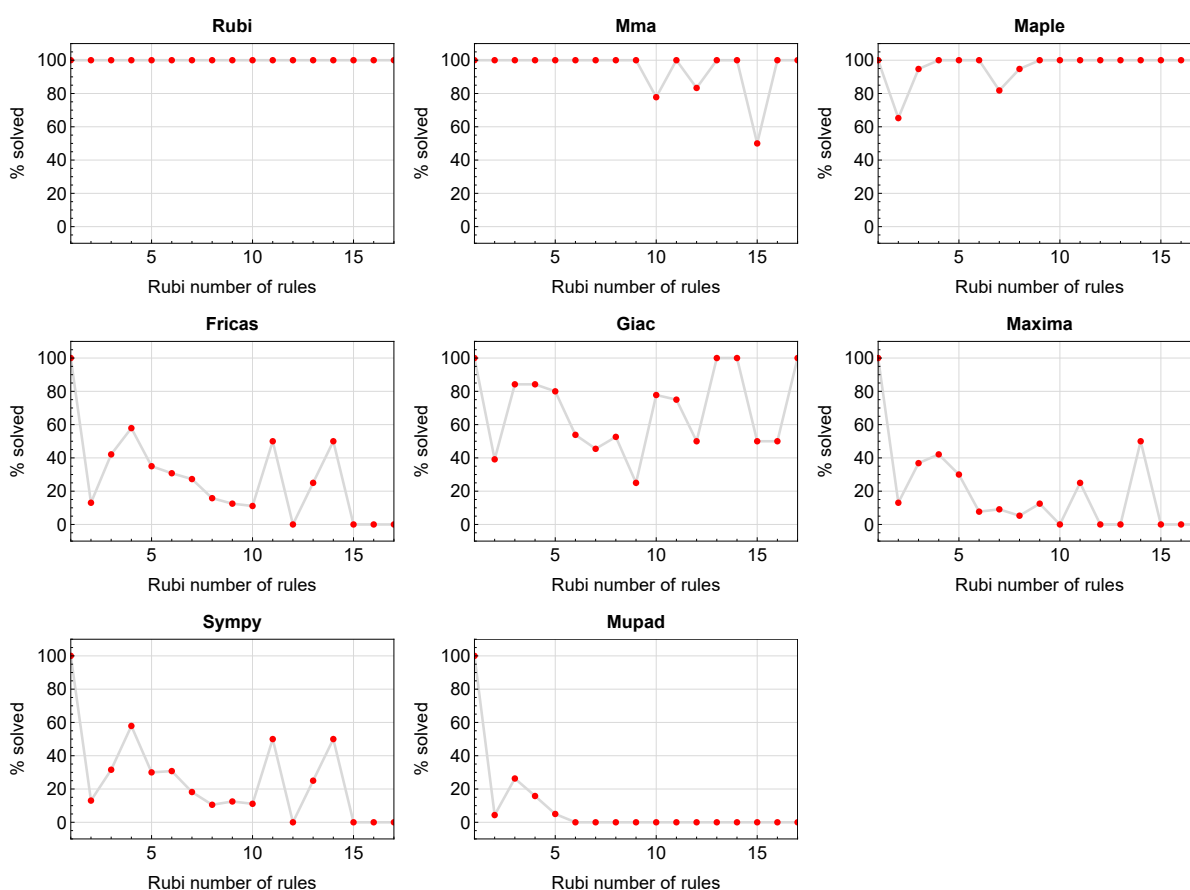


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

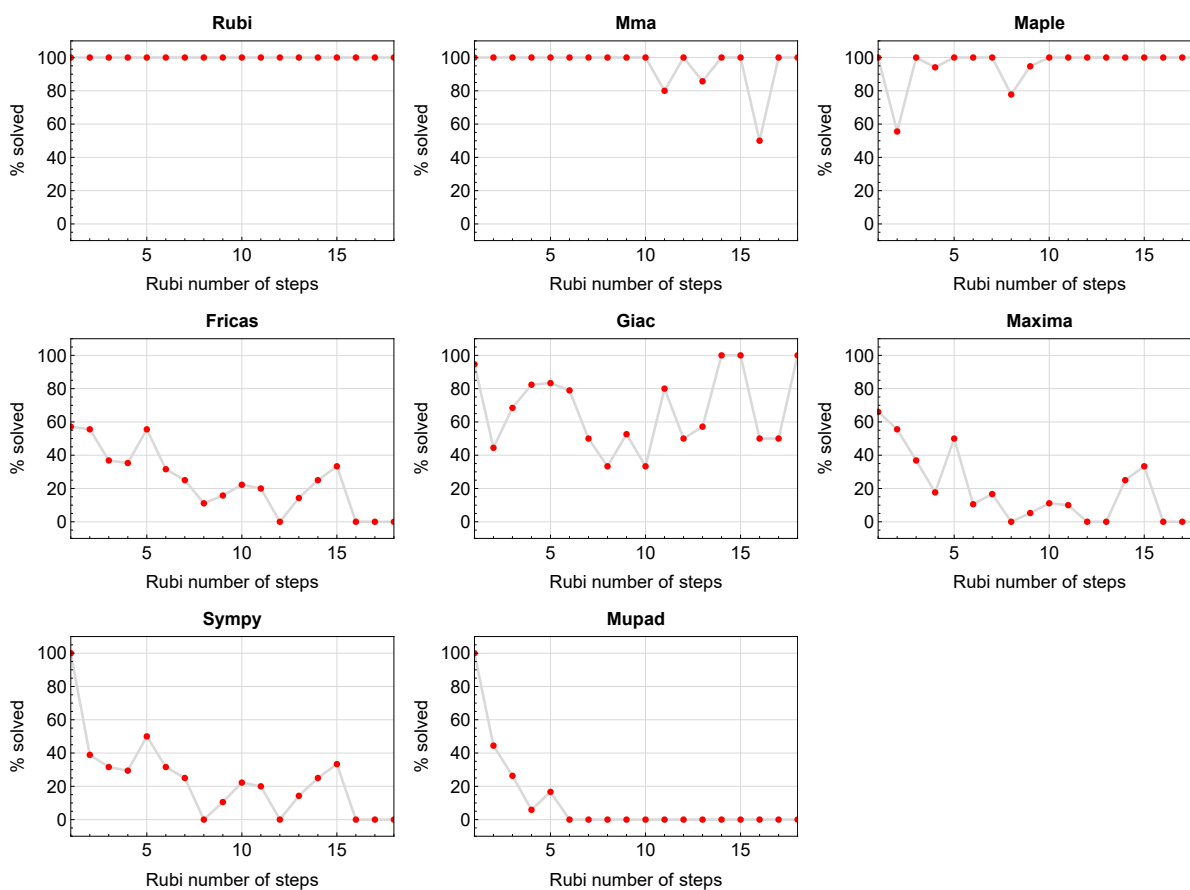


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved integrals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

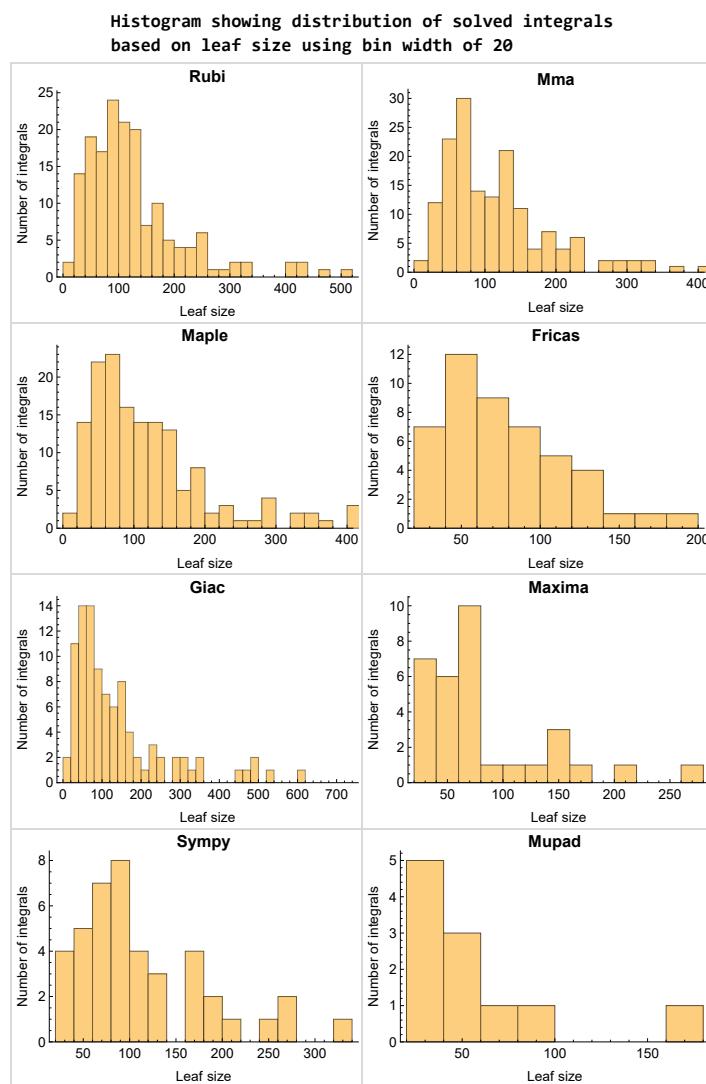


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

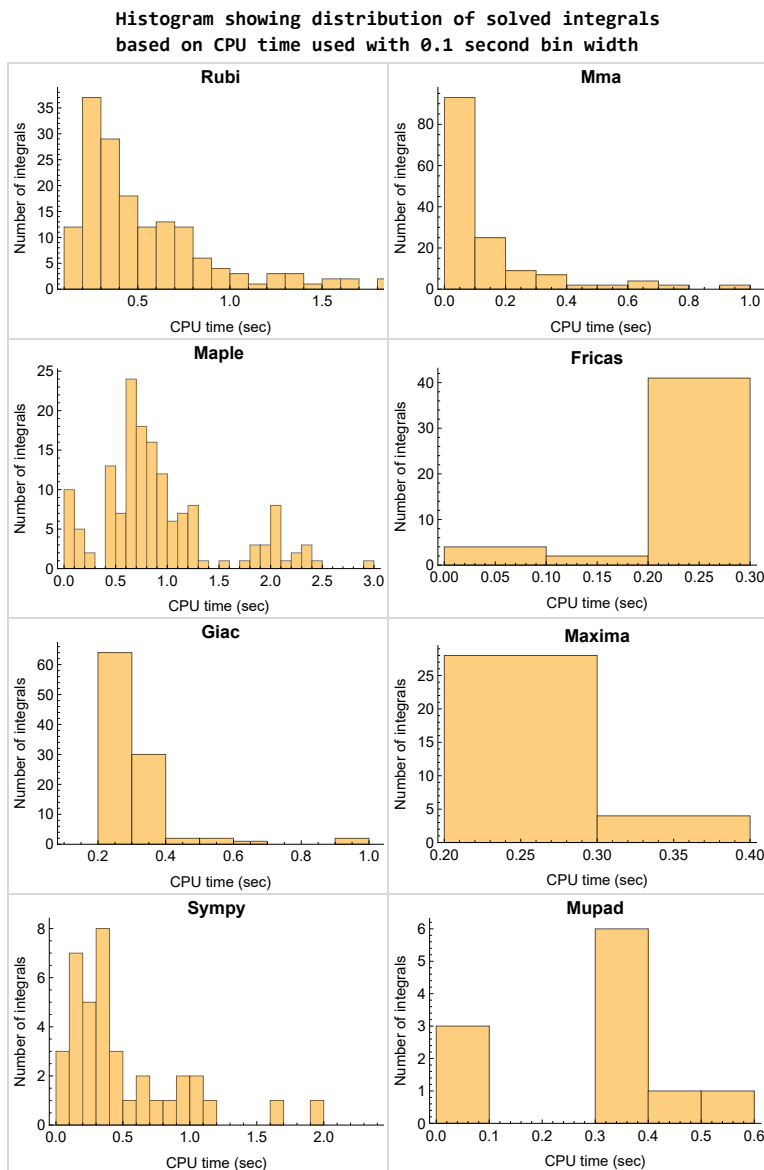


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following gives the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fricas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time.

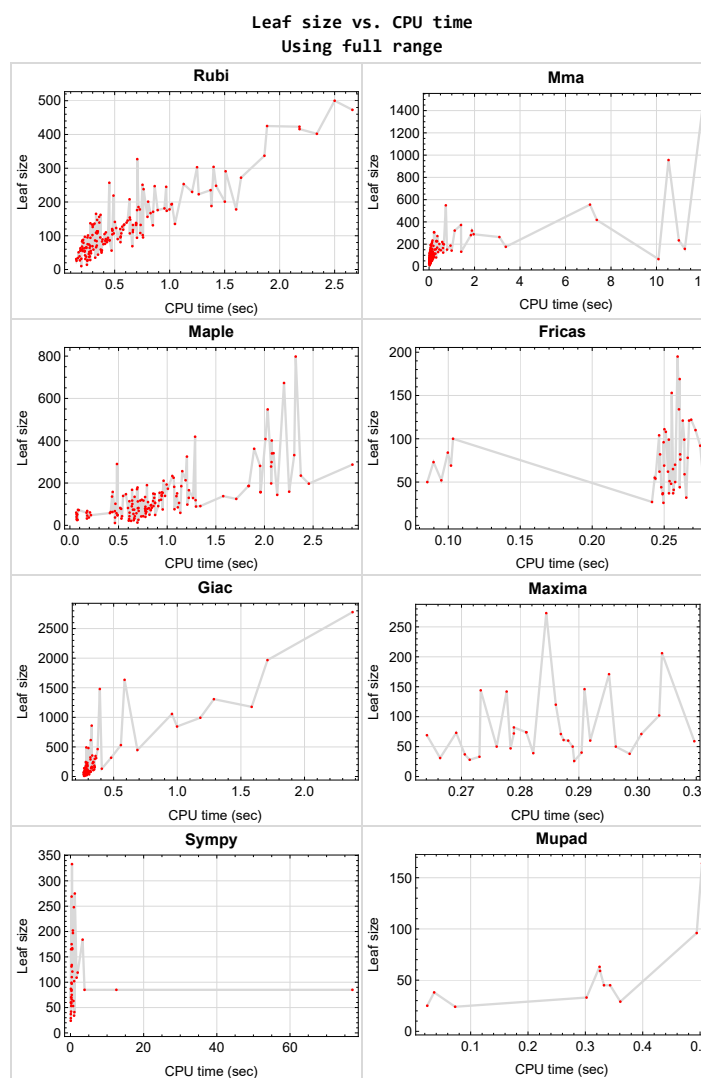


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{49, 50, 58, 59, 65, 66, 72, 73, 79, 85, 91, 97, 98, 106, 112, 118, 119, 120, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 161, 162, 166, 167, 171, 172, 176, 177, 181, 182, 186, 187, 191, 192, 196, 197, 201, 202, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227}

1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Mupad {}

1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima Verification phase not currently implemented.

Fricas Verification phase not currently implemented.

Sympy Verification phase not currently implemented.

Giac Verification phase not currently implemented.

Mupad Verification phase not currently implemented.

1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for Rubi and Mathematica.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

1.14 Important notes about some of the results

1.14.1 Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the Timofeev test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima integrate was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

1.14.2 Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

1.14.3 Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))

except Exception as ee:
    leafCount =1
```

1.14.4 Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')
anti = int(integrand, the_variable)
```

Which gives $\sin(x)^2/2$

1.15 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer, 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer, Leaf size of result.
4. integer, Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number, CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string, The integral in Latex format
7. string, The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string, The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string, The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer, 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String, The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String, The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "F"
13. String, Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer, 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file

15. integer, Number of steps used.
16. integer, Number of rules used.
17. integer, Integrand leaf size.
18. real number, Ratio, Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String, The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

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Design v0.01

CHAPTER 2

DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS	21
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2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

2.1.1	Rubi	21
2.1.2	Mma	21
2.1.3	Maple	22
2.1.4	Fricas	22
2.1.5	Maxima	23
2.1.6	Giac	23
2.1.7	Mupad	24
2.1.8	Sympy	24

2.1.1 Rubi

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 121, 122, 130, 131, 132, 133, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 163, 164, 165, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 178, 179, 180, 183, 184, 185, 188, 189, 190, 193, 194, 195, 198, 199, 200, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214 }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.2 Mma

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 77, 83, 89, 95, 104, 110, 116, 122, 130, 131, 132, 133, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 158, 159, 160, 163, 164, 165, 168, 169, 170, 174, 179, 184, 189, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214 }

B grade { 39, 41, 157, 209 }

C grade { 74, 75, 76, 78, 80, 81, 82, 84, 86, 87, 88, 90, 92, 93, 94, 96, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 105, 107, 108, 109, 111, 113, 114, 115, 117, 121, 173, 175, 178, 180, 183, 185, 188, 190, 193, 198, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208 }

F normal fail { 194, 195, 199, 200 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.3 Maple

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 158, 159, 160, 163, 164, 165, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 188, 189, 190, 193, 194, 195, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208 }

B grade { 156, 178, 179, 180, 183, 184, 185, 198, 199, 200 }

C grade { 130, 132, 133 }

F normal fail { 28, 39, 121, 122, 131, 157, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.4 Fricas

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 140, 141, 142, 143, 146, 148, 149, 150, 153, 154, 155 }

B grade { 7, 9, 145, 147 }

C grade { 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208 }

F normal fail { 6, 17, 18, 20, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 121, 122, 130, 131, 132, 133, 144, 151, 152, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 163, 164, 165, 168, 169, 170, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 125, 126, 127, 128, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202 }

2.1.5 Maxima

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 19, 21, 22, 24, 26, 33, 35, 37, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 148, 150, 153, 155 }

B grade { }

C grade { }

F normal fail { 6, 13, 15, 17, 18, 20, 23, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 121, 122, 144, 149, 151, 152, 154, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 163, 164, 165, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 178, 179, 180, 183, 184, 185, 188, 189, 190, 193, 194, 195, 198, 199, 200, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139 }

2.1.6 Giac

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 140, 141, 142, 143, 148, 149, 150, 153, 155, 158, 159, 160 }

B grade { 8, 10, 19, 21, 145, 146, 147, 154, 163, 164, 165, 168, 169, 170 }

C grade { 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 173, 174, 175, 178, 179, 180, 183, 184, 185, 188, 189, 190 }

F normal fail { 6, 17, 18, 20, 27, 28, 29, 30, 38, 39, 40, 41, 99, 101, 103, 104, 105, 107, 109, 110, 111, 113, 115, 116, 117, 121, 122, 130, 131, 132, 133, 144, 151, 152, 156, 157, 193, 194, 195, 198, 199, 200, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 212, 213, 214 }

F(-1) timedout fail { }

F(-2) exception fail { 31, 100, 102, 108, 114, 161, 196, 201, 209, 210, 211, 215, 216 }

2.1.7 Mupad

A grade { }

B grade { 4, 5, 7, 16, 26, 37, 142, 143, 145, 150, 155 }

C grade { }

F normal fail { }

F(-1) timeout fail { 1, 2, 3, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 121, 122, 130, 131, 132, 133, 140, 141, 144, 146, 147, 148, 149, 151, 152, 153, 154, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 163, 164, 165, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 178, 179, 180, 183, 184, 185, 188, 189, 190, 193, 194, 195, 198, 199, 200, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214 }

F(-2) exception fail { }

2.1.8 Sympy

A grade { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 148, 153, 203, 204, 205 }

B grade { 149, 150, 154, 155 }

C grade { 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 }

F normal fail { 6, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 87, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 121, 122, 130, 131, 132, 133, 144, 151, 152, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 163, 164, 165, 168, 169, 170, 173, 174, 175, 178, 179, 180, 183, 184, 185, 188, 189, 190, 193, 194, 195, 198, 199, 200, 210, 211 }

F(-1) timeout fail { 86, 209 }

F(-2) exception fail { 206, 207, 208, 212, 213, 214, 217, 218, 219 }

2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column N.S. means **normalized size** and is defined as $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$. To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	79	51	72	71	50	75	67	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.68	0.96	0.95	0.67	1.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.026	0.091	0.301	0.277	0.343	0.269	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	83	54	60	61	48	66	57	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.78	0.87	0.88	0.70	0.96	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.196	0.025	0.065	0.287	0.255	0.328	0.274	0.000

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	58	42	52	50	41	53	47	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.78	0.96	0.93	0.76	0.98	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.020	0.072	0.296	0.257	0.205	0.278	0.000

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	51	42	40	40	37	42	37	38
N.S.	1	1.13	0.93	0.89	0.89	0.82	0.93	0.82	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	0.013	0.069	0.290	0.256	0.169	0.274	0.036

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	26	25	26	26	24	26	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.96	1.00	1.00	0.92	1.00	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.148	0.006	0.073	0.289	0.249	0.076	0.269	0.073

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	59	51	68	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.00	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.014	0.707	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	C	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	34	26	38	82	34	48	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.26	0.96	1.41	3.04	1.26	1.78	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.180	0.010	0.079	0.299	0.261	0.983	0.279	0.024

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	31	29	28	27	53	68	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.85	0.82	0.79	1.56	2.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	0.014	0.070	0.271	0.242	0.719	0.286	0.000

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	57	67	50	60	110	109	77	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.20	0.89	1.07	1.96	1.95	1.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.017	0.073	0.288	0.272	1.675	0.267	0.000

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	63	41	52	50	37	102	130	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.71	0.90	0.86	0.64	1.76	2.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.183	0.020	0.073	0.276	0.253	1.006	0.278	0.000

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	86	72	73	82	122	184	101	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.90	0.91	1.02	1.52	2.30	1.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.201	0.048	0.083	0.279	0.269	3.320	0.270	0.000

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	141	82	76	102	76	121	100	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.68	0.63	0.85	0.63	1.01	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.494	0.043	1.075	0.304	0.261	0.516	0.289	0.000

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	115	74	91	0	70	97	87	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.76	0.93	0.00	0.71	0.99	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.027	0.908	0.000	0.258	0.335	0.297	0.000

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	95	63	59	72	59	83	68	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.77	0.72	0.88	0.72	1.01	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.033	1.135	0.279	0.264	0.265	0.293	0.000

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	66	57	63	0	51	58	55	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.95	1.05	0.00	0.85	0.97	0.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.019	0.419	0.000	0.254	0.197	0.294	0.000

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	42	35	37	33	36	37	33	45
N.S.	1	1.20	1.00	1.06	0.94	1.03	1.06	0.94	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.015	0.464	0.273	0.249	0.090	0.274	0.343

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	90	73	101	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.23	1.00	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.416	0.016	0.642	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	75	98	136	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.32	1.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.111	0.433	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	46	43	47	39	44	0	82	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.00	1.09	0.91	1.02	0.00	1.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.021	0.488	0.282	0.261	0.000	0.320	0.000

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	120	152	166	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.23	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.539	0.452	1.223	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	89	69	82	74	62	0	185	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.79	0.94	0.85	0.71	0.00	2.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.031	0.517	0.281	0.253	0.000	0.348	0.000

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	303	122	159	171	104	202	175	0
N.S.	1	1.51	0.61	0.79	0.85	0.52	1.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.236	0.044	2.254	0.295	0.246	0.657	0.285	0.000

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	245	115	151	0	96	167	141	0
N.S.	1	1.47	0.69	0.90	0.00	0.57	1.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.947	0.052	1.102	0.000	0.250	0.477	0.268	0.000

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	176	95	106	120	78	134	117	0
N.S.	1	1.29	0.70	0.78	0.88	0.57	0.99	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.680	0.038	1.122	0.286	0.266	0.352	0.295	0.000

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	117	85	90	0	69	99	83	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.86	0.91	0.00	0.70	1.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.478	0.030	0.636	0.000	0.250	0.274	0.275	0.000

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	69	60	57	59	44	60	56	59
N.S.	1	1.15	1.00	0.95	0.98	0.73	1.00	0.93	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.016	0.479	0.310	0.248	0.117	0.269	0.326

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	123	101	135	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.22	1.00	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.018	0.665	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	127	139	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.553	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	107	92	117	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.90	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.548	0.155	0.756	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	194	165	256	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.86	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.977	0.612	1.155	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	181	151	190	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.89	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.910	0.245	0.792	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	500	167	332	0	153	275	245	0
N.S.	1	1.77	0.59	1.18	0.00	0.54	0.98	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.478	0.064	2.306	0.000	0.255	1.184	0.281	0.000

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	416	150	197	206	134	248	212	0
N.S.	1	1.66	0.60	0.79	0.82	0.54	0.99	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.120	0.051	2.456	0.304	0.260	0.923	0.285	0.000

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	291	135	213	0	121	197	173	0
N.S.	1	1.47	0.68	1.08	0.00	0.61	0.99	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.452	0.046	1.189	0.000	0.267	0.667	0.280	0.000

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	230	114	130	146	99	165	140	0
N.S.	1	1.39	0.69	0.78	0.88	0.60	0.99	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.178	0.062	1.222	0.291	0.264	0.473	0.285	0.000

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	132	96	113	0	82	110	101	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.86	1.01	0.00	0.73	0.98	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.710	0.030	0.698	0.000	0.247	0.354	0.293	0.000

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	85	69	67	74	55	70	65	63
N.S.	1	1.23	1.00	0.97	1.07	0.80	1.01	0.94	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.021	0.462	0.281	0.243	0.184	0.274	0.325

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	154	119	168	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.29	1.00	1.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.608	0.017	0.639	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	185	549	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	3.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.694	0.738	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	136	115	150	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.95	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.671	0.283	0.857	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	304	304	1475	419	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	4.85	1.38	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.369	12.057	1.287	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	48	40	40	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.73	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.068	0.776	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.281	0.000

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	39	33	33	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.77	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.073	0.661	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.267	0.000

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	41	37	31	31	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.76	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.053	0.662	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.265	0.000

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	28	24	24	0	0	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.83	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.056	0.656	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	26	20	22	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.74	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.038	0.605	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.289	0.000

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	14	13	0	0	0	12	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.022	0.694	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.274	0.000

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	10	11	0	0	0	10	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	0.027	0.463	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.267	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	12	12	8	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20	0.80	1.20	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.161	0.182	3.198	0.329	0.233	0.310	0.289	0.256

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	12	12	10	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.792	1.747	0.335	0.228	0.331	0.322	0.254

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	75	86	105	0	0	0	72	0
N.S.	1	0.91	1.05	1.28	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.138	0.875	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.286	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	66	63	78	0	0	0	62	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.90	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.140	0.796	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.276	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	64	61	81	0	0	0	60	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.90	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.148	0.698	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.282	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	55	50	54	0	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.89	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.127	0.653	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.275	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	53	50	57	0	0	0	48	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.93	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.221	0.109	0.684	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.280	0.000

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	37	30	0	0	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.075	0.609	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.283	0.000

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	35	32	0	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.038	0.530	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.273	0.000

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	127	12	10	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	12.70	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.157	1.140	4.814	0.536	0.239	0.395	0.307	0.244

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	136	12	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	13.60	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	14.827	1.755	0.647	0.238	0.441	0.362	0.254

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	132	103	121	0	0	0	86	0
N.S.	1	1.35	1.05	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.651	0.100	0.739	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.297	0.000

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	108	70	82	0	0	0	75	0
N.S.	1	1.30	0.84	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.724	0.112	0.597	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.290	0.000

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	102	65	82	0	0	0	72	0
N.S.	1	1.24	0.79	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.749	0.103	0.705	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.302	0.000

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	69	63	43	0	0	0	57	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.00	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.653	0.037	0.612	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.299	0.000

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	54	47	43	0	0	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.92	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.034	0.536	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.274	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	124	12	10	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	12.40	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.158	0.611	3.166	1.384	0.236	0.506	0.314	0.253

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	143	12	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	14.30	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	7.671	1.667	1.703	0.235	0.592	0.388	0.245

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	208	159	171	0	0	0	138	0
N.S.	1	1.32	1.01	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.623	0.130	0.690	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.283	0.000

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	178	107	114	0	0	0	125	0
N.S.	1	1.24	0.75	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.727	0.219	0.611	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.281	0.000

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	141	174	112	117	0	0	0	121	0
N.S.	1	1.23	0.79	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.934	0.130	0.640	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.280	0.000

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	107	86	60	0	0	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.89	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.616	0.086	0.613	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.280	0.000

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	90	71	63	0	0	0	66	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.91	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	0.041	0.438	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.264	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	200	12	10	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	20.00	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	3.525	3.005	4.424	0.230	0.578	0.317	0.246

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	229	12	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	22.90	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.154	17.336	1.615	5.042	0.240	0.802	0.436	0.255

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	120	194	143	0	0	0	247	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.60	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.084	0.943	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.339	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	94	131	91	0	0	0	153	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.38	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.057	0.859	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.328	0.000

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	88	128	96	0	0	0	165	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.49	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.070	0.835	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.328	0.000

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	57	49	43	0	0	0	71	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.83	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.027	0.667	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.312	0.000

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	69	49	0	0	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.57	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.023	0.876	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.298	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	10	0	0	10	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.83	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.160	0.204	1.050	0.000	0.000	0.401	0.454	0.255

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	282	337	185	193	0	0	0	355	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.66	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.888	0.094	0.994	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.332	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	201	128	118	0	0	0	225	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.82	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.440	0.054	0.918	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.334	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	193	125	130	0	0	0	237	0
N.S.	1	1.31	0.85	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.003	0.076	0.867	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.341	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	95	64	64	0	0	0	107	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.72	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.748	0.048	0.786	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.340	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	76	66	72	0	0	0	119	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.88	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.027	0.776	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.347	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	10	0	0	10	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.83	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.155	0.204	1.045	0.000	0.000	1.526	0.533	0.245

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F(-1)	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	298	402	194	233	0	0	0	463	0
N.S.	1	1.35	0.65	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.281	0.081	1.053	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.374	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	272	131	154	0	0	0	297	0
N.S.	1	1.33	0.64	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.613	0.055	0.954	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.351	0.000

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	235	128	156	0	0	0	309	0
N.S.	1	1.32	0.72	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.333	0.065	0.944	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.362	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	131	73	79	0	0	0	143	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.61	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.799	0.069	0.773	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.326	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	95	69	88	0	0	0	155	0
N.S.	1	1.08	0.78	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.023	0.776	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.348	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	10	0	0	10	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.83	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.154	0.200	1.146	0.000	0.000	19.287	0.553	0.244

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	102	192	72	0	0	0	139	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.81	0.68	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.078	0.831	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.323	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	64	130	43	0	0	0	81	0
N.S.	1	0.98	2.00	0.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.054	0.753	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.319	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	70	126	50	0	0	0	93	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.77	0.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.065	0.818	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.314	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	28	21	0	0	0	35	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.020	0.629	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.307	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	68	26	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.19	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.021	0.704	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.290	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	10	0	0	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.83	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.153	0.200	0.993	0.000	0.000	0.400	0.384	0.246

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	10	0	0	14	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.83	0.00	0.00	1.17	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.156	1.961	1.080	0.000	0.000	0.525	0.402	0.246

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	165	306	182	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.79	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.222	1.072	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	126	226	121	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	1.78	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.358	0.937	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	133	233	139	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.71	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.152	0.944	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	95	154	81	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.69	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.300	0.813	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	101	159	94	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.64	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.088	0.832	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	44	42	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.041	0.733	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	86	66	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.46	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.033	0.777	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	10	0	0	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.83	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.160	0.221	1.043	0.000	0.000	1.016	0.404	0.242

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	235	251	322	173	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.37	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.743	1.128	1.007	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	167	203	107	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.33	1.61	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.815	0.618	0.875	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	176	220	115	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.41	1.76	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.872	0.579	0.855	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	94	61	56	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.69	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.686	0.071	0.780	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	81	122	83	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.07	1.61	1.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	0.153	0.842	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	10	0	0	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.83	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.159	0.233	1.042	0.000	0.000	7.777	0.406	0.246

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	327	418	225	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.58	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.691	7.374	1.066	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	247	264	139	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.30	1.39	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.836	3.092	0.978	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	253	281	154	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.32	1.47	0.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.084	1.840	0.922	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	119	132	75	73	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.63	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.666	0.079	0.832	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F(-2)	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	118	151	110	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.12	1.44	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.558	0.790	0.803	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	10	0	0	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	0.83	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.154	0.235	1.056	0.000	0.000	68.438	0.424	0.247

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	115	14	12	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	9.58	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.578	2.383	0.702	0.257	5.391	0.652	0.256

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	115	14	12	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	9.58	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.564	1.862	0.681	0.257	2.904	0.642	0.242

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	147	132	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	1.413	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	68	54	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.201	0.036	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	14	14	10	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17	0.83	1.17	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.166	0.369	2.144	0.335	0.236	0.391	0.405	0.251

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	156	14	12	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	13.00	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.170	0.387	2.289	0.951	0.253	0.727	0.436	0.252

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	0	0	14	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.166	0.644	0.540	0.000	0.000	64.633	1.486	0.258

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	0	0	14	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.163	0.726	0.525	0.000	0.000	1.300	0.999	0.245

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	0	0	14	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.174	0.784	0.559	0.000	0.000	0.580	0.873	0.253

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	0	0	14	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.166	0.713	0.559	0.000	0.000	4.140	0.775	0.267

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	14	12	0	14	12	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.17	1.00	0.00	1.17	1.00	1.17	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.164	0.586	2.872	0.000	0.262	4.075	0.824	0.251

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	165	162	130	287	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.79	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.083	2.904	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	156	152	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.140	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	86	74	138	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.89	1.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	0.042	1.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	74	70	148	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.93	1.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.030	0.871	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	0	12	8	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	0.00	1.20	0.80	1.20	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.161	0.255	0.993	0.000	0.276	0.403	0.331	0.262

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	12	10	0	12	10	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.20	1.00	0.00	1.20	1.00	1.20	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.162	0.648	0.770	0.000	0.252	0.561	0.320	0.258

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	0	16	14	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	0.00	1.14	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.168	1.920	0.486	0.000	0.258	162.715	0.595	0.250

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	0	14	14	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.166	3.152	0.563	0.000	0.268	3.963	0.595	0.251

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	0	20	14	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	0.00	1.43	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.165	1.288	0.889	0.000	0.255	1.617	0.471	0.267

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	12	0	20	14	14	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.86	0.00	1.43	1.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.167	1.211	0.935	0.000	0.262	13.714	0.509	0.259

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	88	68	68	71	62	85	67	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.89	0.89	0.93	0.82	1.12	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.210	0.045	0.178	0.287	0.247	0.303	0.279	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	63	55	60	60	54	70	56	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.92	1.00	1.00	0.90	1.17	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.039	0.171	0.292	0.244	0.213	0.276	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	56	56	48	50	50	60	46	45
N.S.	1	1.10	1.10	0.94	0.98	0.98	1.18	0.90	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.182	0.030	0.216	0.289	0.258	0.198	0.279	0.332

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	31	32	31	32	29	31	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.03	1.00	1.03	0.94	1.00	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.151	0.008	0.175	0.266	0.265	0.086	0.271	0.361

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	71	58	75	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.13	0.92	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.021	0.954	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	43	37	47	92	41	347	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.34	1.16	1.47	2.88	1.28	10.84	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.187	0.023	0.195	0.278	0.275	1.069	0.358	0.302

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	44	46	37	37	63	492	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	1.18	0.95	0.95	1.62	12.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	0.025	0.178	0.271	0.249	0.815	0.285	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	79	61	69	121	119	1634	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.27	0.98	1.11	1.95	1.92	26.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.204	0.027	0.206	0.264	0.263	1.961	0.586	0.000

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	110	121	125	142	111	175	143	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.19	1.23	1.39	1.09	1.72	1.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.095	1.710	0.278	0.250	0.315	0.278	0.000

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	B	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	83	104	117	0	99	131	119	0
N.S.	1	1.09	1.37	1.54	0.00	1.30	1.72	1.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.381	0.140	0.723	0.000	0.253	0.275	0.285	0.000

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	52	76	74	73	65	87	75	96
N.S.	1	1.11	1.62	1.57	1.55	1.38	1.85	1.60	2.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.082	0.661	0.269	0.256	0.105	0.278	0.494

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	107	128	185	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.39	2.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.468	0.089	1.145	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	86	134	179	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.51	2.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.430	0.164	0.695	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	201	218	235	273	195	333	289	0
N.S.	1	1.13	1.22	1.32	1.53	1.10	1.87	1.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.774	0.132	2.374	0.284	0.259	0.411	0.318	0.000

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	B	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	139	185	211	0	169	269	231	0
N.S.	1	1.11	1.48	1.69	0.00	1.35	2.15	1.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.598	0.191	0.963	0.000	0.261	0.309	0.294	0.000

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	84	128	134	144	108	165	150	164
N.S.	1	1.02	1.56	1.63	1.76	1.32	2.01	1.83	2.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.126	0.773	0.273	0.251	0.157	0.324	0.503

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	145	204	325	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.61	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.600	0.120	1.203	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	148	308	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	2.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.622	0.220	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	105	91	102	0	0	0	172	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.75	0.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.129	0.468	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.295	0.000

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	56	56	58	0	0	0	86	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.89	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.442	0.057	0.411	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.291	0.000

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	A	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	50	46	49	0	0	0	50	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.85	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.354	0.052	0.491	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	16	15	12	0	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.07	0.86	0.00	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.171	0.252	1.470	0.336	0.240	0.750	0.000	0.287

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	16	19	14	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	1.14	1.36	1.00	1.14	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.177	2.815	0.603	0.338	0.236	0.742	0.578	0.291

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	139	124	147	0	0	0	615	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.80	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.97	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.622	0.576	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.320	0.000

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	87	80	78	0	0	0	323	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.88	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.313	0.527	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.317	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	81	72	74	0	0	0	193	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.84	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.539	0.176	0.648	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.295	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	166	30	14	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	11.86	2.14	1.00	1.14	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.171	7.272	1.177	0.596	0.242	1.209	0.551	0.283

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	181	36	15	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	12.93	2.57	1.07	1.14	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	56.932	0.631	0.707	0.234	1.116	0.816	0.278

Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	248	169	290	0	0	0	1479	0
N.S.	1	1.26	0.86	1.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.367	0.358	0.484	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.391	0.000

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	135	107	158	0	0	0	860	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.82	1.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.032	0.227	0.440	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.327	0.000

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	111	89	139	0	0	0	481	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.643	0.196	0.547	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.301	0.000

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	251	45	14	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	17.93	3.21	1.00	1.14	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	2.629	1.658	2.399	0.248	1.809	0.849	0.283

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	16	14	284	53	15	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	1.00	20.29	3.79	1.07	1.14	1.14
time (sec)	N/A	0.178	24.820	1.928	2.895	0.239	1.720	1.471	0.304

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	238	229	362	0	0	0	1057	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.95	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.755	0.331	1.894	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.958	0.000

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	132	117	186	0	0	0	448	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.85	1.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.571	0.221	1.840	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.687	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	121	117	122	186	0	0	0	531	0
N.S.	1	0.97	1.01	1.54	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.648	0.090	1.835	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.557	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	14	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	0.88	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	1.508	1.181	0.545	0.000	0.452	0.919	0.254

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	15	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	0.94	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.194	7.217	1.214	0.551	0.000	0.407	0.970	0.273

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	313	423	555	548	0	0	0	1967	0
N.S.	1	1.35	1.77	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.28	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.170	7.075	2.033	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.709	0.000

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	178	145	281	0	0	0	845	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.84	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.567	0.519	1.955	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.998	0.000

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	159	156	289	278	0	0	0	993	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.82	1.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.772	1.961	2.068	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.181	0.000

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	14	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	0.88	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.190	0.684	1.189	0.637	0.000	15.353	1.009	0.270

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	15	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	0.94	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.192	7.140	1.195	0.647	0.000	3.131	1.065	0.258

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	358	473	956	798	0	0	0	2778	0
N.S.	1	1.32	2.67	2.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	2.605	10.530	2.321	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.378	0.000

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	216	223	187	408	0	0	0	1307	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.87	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.05	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.229	0.943	2.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.288	0.000

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	178	372	401	0	0	0	1177	0
N.S.	1	0.99	2.08	2.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.968	1.404	2.075	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.585	0.000

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	14	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	0.88	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.189	0.788	1.233	0.756	0.000	38.817	1.109	0.261

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	15	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	0.94	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	6.913	1.159	0.763	0.000	24.824	1.146	0.275

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	223	219	225	198	0	0	0	317	0
N.S.	1	0.98	1.01	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.465	0.316	2.069	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.480	0.000

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	98	85	91	0	0	0	132	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.86	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.217	1.341	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.407	0.000

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-2)	F	C	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	102	104	118	89	0	0	0	159	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.16	0.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.466	0.079	1.296	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.351	0.000

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	15	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	0.94	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	1.307	1.180	0.593	0.000	0.448	0.583	0.253

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	17	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	1.06	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.184	7.387	1.171	0.618	0.000	0.570	0.647	0.277

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	252	257	273	299	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.08	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.365	2.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	133	0	157	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.564	0.000	1.961	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	A	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	138	0	157	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.690	0.000	1.958	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-2)	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	15	0	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	0.94	0.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	1.182	0.924	0.595	0.000	1.814	0.000	0.275

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	17	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	1.06	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.191	7.337	1.364	0.587	0.000	2.503	1.155	0.264

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	292	425	322	673	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.46	1.10	2.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.859	1.885	2.201	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	188	0	340	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.00	1.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.336	0.000	2.077	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	B	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	163	171	0	341	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.05	0.00	2.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.818	0.000	2.093	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	F(-2)	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	15	0	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	0.94	0.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.186	1.217	0.961	0.642	0.000	8.329	0.000	0.293

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	18	14	16	0	17	16	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.88	1.00	0.00	1.06	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.188	7.736	1.179	0.655	0.000	15.375	1.559	0.263

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	137	158	144	0	100	85	0	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.32	1.20	0.00	0.83	0.71	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	11.246	2.131	0.000	0.103	77.054	0.000	0.000

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	136	66	138	0	84	85	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.53	1.11	0.00	0.68	0.69	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	10.086	1.576	0.000	0.100	12.547	0.000	0.000

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	97	113	119	0	69	85	0	0
N.S.	1	1.10	1.28	1.35	0.00	0.78	0.97	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.160	1.292	0.000	0.102	3.842	0.000	0.000

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	94	45	98	0	52	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.51	1.10	0.00	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.038	1.207	0.000	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	93	85	0	50	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.69	1.55	0.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.199	0.134	1.109	0.000	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	C	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	133	68	129	0	73	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.54	1.03	0.00	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.081	1.266	0.000	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	113	234	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	2.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	10.982	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	113	176	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	3.373	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	113	202	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.04	1.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.453	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	109	142	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.33	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.993	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	107	129	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.02	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.398	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	109	109	198	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.650	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	441	53	17	0	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	24.50	2.94	0.94	0.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	45.481	0.819	3.500	0.251	80.913	0.000	0.317

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	418	44	17	0	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	23.22	2.44	0.94	0.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	141.232	1.385	3.425	0.250	8.492	0.000	0.339

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	458	50	0	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	25.44	2.78	0.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	73.008	0.312	3.395	0.254	0.000	0.682	0.320

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	489	50	0	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	27.17	2.78	0.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	51.877	2.240	3.414	0.255	0.000	0.800	0.324

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	F(-2)	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	491	50	0	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	27.28	2.78	0.00	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	37.277	1.589	3.472	0.246	0.000	0.757	0.309

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	18	20	15	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	1.11	0.83	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.182	2.899	0.441	0.403	0.231	4.130	0.283	0.255

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	18	18	15	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	1.00	0.83	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.177	2.519	0.959	0.413	0.243	0.511	0.287	0.283

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	18	23	17	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	1.28	0.94	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.177	1.473	0.967	0.445	0.234	1.451	0.282	0.267

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	18	31	17	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	1.72	0.94	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	1.400	0.938	0.497	0.234	3.529	0.284	0.281

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	181	34	17	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	10.06	1.89	0.94	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.179	16.110	0.526	1.853	0.236	10.481	0.337	0.286

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	181	32	17	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	10.06	1.78	0.94	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.175	16.350	0.967	1.875	0.237	2.066	0.321	0.285

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	196	39	19	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	10.89	2.17	1.06	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.173	40.224	0.984	1.683	0.243	4.302	0.303	0.299

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Mupad
grade	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
verified	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	20	16	218	51	19	18	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.89	12.11	2.83	1.06	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.181	22.856	0.980	1.934	0.235	11.732	0.299	0.322

2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$ is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [22] had the largest ratio of [1.3999999999999999]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	5	4	1.05	8	0.500
2	A	4	4	1.20	8	0.500
3	A	5	4	1.07	8	0.500
4	A	3	3	1.13	6	0.500
5	A	2	2	1.00	4	0.500
6	A	7	6	1.16	8	0.750
7	A	5	4	1.00	8	0.500
8	A	2	2	1.00	8	0.250
9	A	6	5	1.02	8	0.625
10	A	3	3	1.09	8	0.375
11	A	7	6	1.08	8	0.750
12	A	7	7	1.18	10	0.700
13	A	6	6	1.17	10	0.600
14	A	5	5	1.16	10	0.500
15	A	4	4	1.10	8	0.500
16	A	3	3	1.20	6	0.500
17	A	8	7	1.23	10	0.700
18	A	7	6	1.01	10	0.600
19	A	3	3	1.07	10	0.300
20	A	9	8	0.97	10	0.800
21	A	5	5	1.02	10	0.500
22	A	15	14	1.51	10	1.400

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
23	A	11	11	1.47	10	1.100
24	A	10	9	1.29	10	0.900
25	A	6	6	1.18	8	0.750
26	A	4	4	1.15	6	0.667
27	A	9	8	1.22	10	0.800
28	A	8	7	1.04	10	0.700
29	A	9	8	1.05	10	0.800
30	A	13	12	1.01	10	1.200
31	A	12	11	1.07	10	1.100
32	A	13	13	1.77	10	1.300
33	A	14	14	1.66	10	1.400
34	A	10	10	1.47	10	1.000
35	A	11	11	1.39	10	1.100
36	A	7	7	1.18	8	0.875
37	A	5	5	1.23	6	0.833
38	A	10	9	1.29	10	0.900
39	A	9	8	1.05	10	0.800
40	A	10	9	1.12	10	0.900
41	A	13	12	1.00	10	1.200
42	A	4	3	0.87	10	0.300
43	A	4	3	0.91	10	0.300
44	A	4	3	0.90	10	0.300
45	A	4	3	0.97	10	0.300
46	A	4	3	0.96	10	0.300
47	A	6	5	1.00	8	0.625
48	A	4	3	1.00	6	0.500
49	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
50	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
51	A	3	2	0.91	10	0.200
52	A	3	2	0.94	10	0.200
53	A	3	2	0.94	10	0.200
54	A	3	2	0.98	10	0.200
55	A	3	2	0.98	10	0.200

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
56	A	5	4	1.00	8	0.500
57	A	5	4	1.00	6	0.667
58	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
59	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
60	A	6	5	1.35	10	0.500
61	A	9	8	1.30	10	0.800
62	A	9	8	1.24	10	0.800
63	A	9	8	1.10	8	1.000
64	A	6	5	1.06	6	0.833
65	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
66	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
67	A	5	4	1.32	10	0.400
68	A	8	7	1.24	10	0.700
69	A	9	8	1.23	10	0.800
70	A	8	7	1.10	8	0.875
71	A	7	6	1.15	6	1.000
72	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
73	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
74	A	6	5	0.99	12	0.417
75	A	6	5	0.99	12	0.417
76	A	6	5	1.02	12	0.417
77	A	6	5	0.97	10	0.500
78	A	6	5	1.00	8	0.625
79	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
80	A	15	14	1.20	12	1.167
81	A	14	13	1.28	12	1.083
82	A	11	10	1.31	12	0.833
83	A	10	9	1.07	10	0.900
84	A	7	6	1.01	8	0.750
85	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
86	A	14	13	1.35	12	1.083
87	A	11	10	1.33	12	0.833
88	A	12	11	1.32	12	0.917

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
89	A	9	8	1.10	10	0.800
90	A	8	7	1.08	8	0.875
91	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
92	A	4	3	0.96	12	0.250
93	A	4	3	0.98	12	0.250
94	A	4	3	0.99	12	0.250
95	A	7	6	1.00	10	0.600
96	A	5	4	1.00	8	0.500
97	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
98	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
99	A	3	2	0.96	12	0.167
100	A	3	2	0.99	12	0.167
101	A	3	2	0.98	12	0.167
102	A	3	2	1.04	12	0.167
103	A	3	2	1.04	12	0.167
104	A	6	5	1.00	10	0.500
105	A	6	5	1.00	8	0.625
106	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
107	A	6	5	1.07	12	0.417
108	A	10	9	1.33	12	0.750
109	A	10	9	1.41	12	0.750
110	A	10	9	1.06	10	0.900
111	A	7	6	1.07	8	0.750
112	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
113	A	5	4	1.24	12	0.333
114	A	9	8	1.30	12	0.667
115	A	10	9	1.32	12	0.750
116	A	9	8	1.11	10	0.800
117	A	8	7	1.12	8	0.875
118	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
119	N/A	2	0	1.00	12	0.000
120	N/A	2	0	1.00	12	0.000
121	A	2	2	0.98	12	0.167

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
122	A	2	2	1.00	10	0.200
123	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
124	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
125	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
126	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
127	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
128	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
129	N/A	1	0	1.00	12	0.000
130	A	4	3	0.98	10	0.300
131	A	4	3	0.96	10	0.300
132	A	7	6	1.04	8	0.750
133	A	5	4	0.99	6	0.667
134	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
135	N/A	1	0	1.00	10	0.000
136	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
137	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
138	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
139	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
140	A	4	4	1.16	12	0.333
141	A	5	4	1.05	12	0.333
142	A	3	3	1.10	10	0.300
143	A	1	1	1.00	8	0.125
144	A	7	6	1.13	12	0.500
145	A	5	4	1.00	12	0.333
146	A	2	2	1.00	12	0.167
147	A	6	5	1.00	12	0.417
148	A	5	5	1.08	14	0.357
149	A	4	4	1.09	12	0.333
150	A	3	3	1.11	10	0.300
151	A	8	7	1.16	14	0.500
152	A	7	6	0.97	14	0.429
153	A	9	8	1.13	14	0.571

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
154	A	6	6	1.11	12	0.500
155	A	3	3	1.02	10	0.300
156	A	9	8	1.14	14	0.571
157	A	8	7	0.98	14	0.500
158	A	5	4	0.87	14	0.286
159	A	11	10	0.89	12	0.833
160	A	9	8	0.93	10	0.800
161	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
162	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
163	A	3	2	0.90	14	0.143
164	A	9	8	0.96	12	0.667
165	A	9	8	0.94	10	0.800
166	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
167	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
168	A	15	14	1.26	14	1.000
169	A	14	13	1.04	12	1.083
170	A	11	10	1.00	10	1.000
171	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
172	N/A	1	0	1.00	14	0.000
173	A	6	5	0.98	16	0.312
174	A	6	5	0.96	14	0.357
175	A	11	10	0.97	12	0.833
176	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
177	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
178	A	18	17	1.35	16	1.062
179	A	16	15	1.03	14	1.071
180	A	13	12	0.98	12	1.000
181	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
182	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
183	A	17	16	1.32	16	1.000
184	A	9	8	1.03	14	0.571
185	A	13	12	0.99	12	1.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
186	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
187	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
188	A	5	4	0.98	16	0.250
189	A	13	12	0.99	14	0.857
190	A	11	10	1.02	12	0.833
191	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
192	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
193	A	3	2	1.02	16	0.125
194	A	11	10	1.02	14	0.714
195	A	11	10	1.01	12	0.833
196	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
197	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
198	A	17	16	1.46	16	1.000
199	A	16	15	1.04	14	1.071
200	A	13	12	1.05	12	1.000
201	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
202	N/A	1	0	1.00	16	0.000
203	A	6	5	1.14	16	0.312
204	A	9	8	1.10	16	0.500
205	A	5	4	1.10	16	0.250
206	A	8	7	1.06	16	0.438
207	A	4	3	1.00	16	0.188
208	A	9	8	1.06	16	0.500
209	A	2	2	1.04	18	0.111
210	A	2	2	1.04	18	0.111
211	A	2	2	1.04	18	0.111
212	A	2	2	1.02	18	0.111
213	A	2	2	1.02	18	0.111
214	A	2	2	1.00	18	0.111
215	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
216	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
217	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
218	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
219	N/A	2	0	1.00	18	0.000
220	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
221	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
222	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
223	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
224	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
225	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
226	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000
227	N/A	1	0	1.00	18	0.000

CHAPTER 3

LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx$	97
3.2	$\int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx$	102
3.3	$\int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx$	107
3.4	$\int x \arccos(ax) dx$	112
3.5	$\int \arccos(ax) dx$	117
3.6	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx$	121
3.7	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx$	126
3.8	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx$	131
3.9	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx$	135
3.10	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx$	141
3.11	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^6} dx$	146
3.12	$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx$	152
3.13	$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx$	159
3.14	$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx$	165
3.15	$\int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx$	171
3.16	$\int \arccos(ax)^2 dx$	176
3.17	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx$	181
3.18	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx$	187
3.19	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3} dx$	192
3.20	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx$	197
3.21	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^5} dx$	203
3.22	$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$	209
3.23	$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$	218
3.24	$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$	226
3.25	$\int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx$	234
3.26	$\int \arccos(ax)^3 dx$	240
3.27	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx$	245
3.28	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx$	251

3.29	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx$	257
3.30	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx$	263
3.31	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx$	271
3.32	$\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$	278
3.33	$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$	288
3.34	$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$	298
3.35	$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$	306
3.36	$\int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx$	314
3.37	$\int \arccos(ax)^4 dx$	320
3.38	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx$	325
3.39	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx$	332
3.40	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx$	339
3.41	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx$	346
3.42	$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx$	355
3.43	$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx$	360
3.44	$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx$	365
3.45	$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx$	369
3.46	$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx$	373
3.47	$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx$	377
3.48	$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx$	382
3.49	$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$	386
3.50	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$	390
3.51	$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$	394
3.52	$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$	399
3.53	$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$	403
3.54	$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$	407
3.55	$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$	411
3.56	$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$	415
3.57	$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$	420
3.58	$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx$	425
3.59	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx$	429
3.60	$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$	433
3.61	$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$	439
3.62	$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$	445
3.63	$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$	451
3.64	$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$	457
3.65	$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx$	462

3.66	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx$	466
3.67	$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$	470
3.68	$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$	476
3.69	$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$	483
3.70	$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$	490
3.71	$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$	496
3.72	$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx$	501
3.73	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx$	505
3.74	$\int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$	509
3.75	$\int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$	515
3.76	$\int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$	521
3.77	$\int x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$	527
3.78	$\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$	532
3.79	$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx$	537
3.80	$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$	541
3.81	$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$	552
3.82	$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$	561
3.83	$\int x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$	569
3.84	$\int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$	576
3.85	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	582
3.86	$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$	586
3.87	$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$	597
3.88	$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$	606
3.89	$\int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$	615
3.90	$\int \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$	622
3.91	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx$	628
3.92	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$	632
3.93	$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$	637
3.94	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$	642
3.95	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$	647
3.96	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$	652
3.97	$\int \frac{1}{x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$	657
3.98	$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$	661
3.99	$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	665
3.100	$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	670
3.101	$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	675
3.102	$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	680

3.103	$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	685
3.104	$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	690
3.105	$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	695
3.106	$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	700
3.107	$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	704
3.108	$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	710
3.109	$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	717
3.110	$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	724
3.111	$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	730
3.112	$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$	736
3.113	$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$	740
3.114	$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$	747
3.115	$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$	755
3.116	$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$	763
3.117	$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$	769
3.118	$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$	775
3.119	$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx$	779
3.120	$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx$	783
3.121	$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx$	787
3.122	$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx$	792
3.123	$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$	796
3.124	$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$	800
3.125	$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$	804
3.126	$\int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$	808
3.127	$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$	812
3.128	$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$	816
3.129	$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx$	820
3.130	$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx$	824
3.131	$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx$	829
3.132	$\int x \arccos(ax)^n dx$	834
3.133	$\int \arccos(ax)^n dx$	839
3.134	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx$	844
3.135	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx$	848
3.136	$\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx$	852
3.137	$\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx$	856
3.138	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx$	860
3.139	$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx$	864

3.140	$\int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$	868
3.141	$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$	873
3.142	$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$	878
3.143	$\int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$	883
3.144	$\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx$	887
3.145	$\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx$	892
3.146	$\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx$	898
3.147	$\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx$	903
3.148	$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$	909
3.149	$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$	915
3.150	$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$	920
3.151	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx$	925
3.152	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$	931
3.153	$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$	936
3.154	$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$	944
3.155	$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$	951
3.156	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx$	956
3.157	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$	963
3.158	$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$	969
3.159	$\int \frac{x}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$	974
3.160	$\int \frac{1}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$	980
3.161	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx$	985
3.162	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx$	989
3.163	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$	993
3.164	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$	999
3.165	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$	1006
3.166	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$	1012
3.167	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$	1016
3.168	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$	1020
3.169	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$	1029
3.170	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$	1037
3.171	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$	1045
3.172	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$	1049
3.173	$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$	1053
3.174	$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$	1059
3.175	$\int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$	1065
3.176	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx$	1072
3.177	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx$	1076

3.178	$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx$	1080
3.179	$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx$	1092
3.180	$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx$	1101
3.181	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx$	1109
3.182	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	1113
3.183	$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$	1117
3.184	$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$	1130
3.185	$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$	1138
3.186	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx$	1147
3.187	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$	1151
3.188	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$	1155
3.189	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$	1161
3.190	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$	1168
3.191	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$	1174
3.192	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$	1178
3.193	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$	1182
3.194	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$	1187
3.195	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$	1194
3.196	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$	1201
3.197	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$	1205
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3.204	$\int (dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$	1251
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3.207	$\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$	1270
3.208	$\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$	1275
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3.210	$\int (dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$	1287
3.211	$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$	1292
3.212	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$	1297
3.213	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$	1302
3.214	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$	1307

3.215	$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$	1312
3.216	$\int \sqrt{dx} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$	1317
3.217	$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$	1322
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3.220	$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$	1337
3.221	$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$	1341
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3.1 $\int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx$

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3.1.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a^5} + \frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{15a^5} - \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}}{25a^5} + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)$$

output `2/15*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/a^5-1/25*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2)/a^5+1/5*x^5*arccos(a*x)-1/5*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^5`

3.1.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(8+4a^2x^2+3a^4x^4)}{75a^5} + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-1/75*(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(8 + 4*a^2*x^2 + 3*a^4*x^4))/a^5 + (x^5*ArcCos[a*x])/5`

3.1.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 243, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{1}{5}a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{10}a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{1}{10}a \int \left(\frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4} + \frac{1}{a^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} \right) dx^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{10}a \left(-\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5a^6} + \frac{4(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^6} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4*ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `(a*((-2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/a^6 + (4*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*a^6) - (2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*a^6)))/10 + (x^5*ArcCos[a*x])/5`

3.1.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int [x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n / (d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2 *x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.1.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax) - a^4 x^4 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 4a^2 x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 8\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{5} - \frac{4a^2 x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 8\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75}}{a^5}$	72
default	$\frac{\frac{a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax) - a^4 x^4 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 4a^2 x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 8\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{5} - \frac{4a^2 x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 8\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75}}{a^5}$	72
parts	$\frac{x^5 \arccos(ax)}{5} + \frac{a \left(-\frac{x^4 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{5a^2} + \frac{-\frac{4x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{15a^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{15a^4}}{a^2} \right)}{5}$	78

input `int(x^4*arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^5*(1/5*a^5*x^5*arccos(a*x)-1/25*a^4*x^4*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/75*a^2*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-8/75*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

3.1.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{15 a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax) - (3 a^4 x^4 + 4 a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75 a^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/75*(15*a^5*x^5*arccos(a*x) - (3*a^4*x^4 + 4*a^2*x^2 + 8)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))/a^5`

3.1.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^5 \arccos(ax)}{5} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25a} - \frac{4x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75a^3} - \frac{8\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75a^5} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi x^5}{10} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**4*acos(a*x),x)`

output `Piecewise((x**5*acos(a*x)/5 - x**4*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(25*a) - 4*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*a**3) - 8*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(75*a**5), Ne(a, 0)), (pi*x**5/10, True))`

3.1.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{1}{5} x^5 \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{75} \left(\frac{3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^4}{a^2} + \frac{4 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{a^4} + \frac{8 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a^6} \right) a$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*x^5*arccos(a*x) - 1/75*(3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/a^2 + 4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/a^4 + 8*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^6)*a`

3.1.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{1}{5} x^5 \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^4}{25 a} - \frac{4 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{75 a^3} - \frac{8 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75 a^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/5*x^5*arccos(a*x) - 1/25*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/a - 4/75*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/a^3 - 8/75*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^5`

3.1.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx = \int x^4 \operatorname{acos}(ax) dx$$

input `int(x^4*acos(a*x),x)`

output `int(x^4*acos(a*x), x)`

3.2 $\int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx$

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3.2.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx = -\frac{3x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{32a^3} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{16a} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) + \frac{3 \arcsin(ax)}{32a^4}$$

output `1/4*x^4*arccos(a*x)+3/32*arcsin(a*x)/a^4-3/32*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-1/16*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.2.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{-ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3+2a^2x^2) + 8a^4x^4 \arccos(ax) + 3 \arcsin(ax)}{32a^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `(-(a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(3 + 2*a^2*x^2)) + 8*a^4*x^4*ArcCos[a*x] + 3*ArcSin[a*x])/(32*a^4)`

3.2.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 262, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arcsin(ax)}{2a^3} - \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^3*ArcCos [a*x] , x]`

output `(x^4*ArcCos [a*x])/4 + (a*(-1/4*(x^3*sqrt [1 - a^2*x^2]))/a^2 + (3*(-1/2*(x*sqrt [1 - a^2*x^2])/a^2 + ArcSin [a*x]/(2*a^3)))/(4*a^2))/4`

3.2.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.2.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax) - \frac{a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{16} - \frac{3ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{32} + \frac{3 \arcsin(ax)}{32}}{a^4}$	60
default	$\frac{a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax) - \frac{a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{16} - \frac{3ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{32} + \frac{3 \arcsin(ax)}{32}}{a^4}$	60
parts	$\frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)}{4} + \frac{a \left(-\frac{x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{4a^2} + \frac{-\frac{3x \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8a^2} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2} x}{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}\right)}{a^2}}{4} \right)}{4}$	89

input `int(x^3*arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^4*(1/4*a^4*x^4*arccos(a*x)-1/16*a^3*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/32*a*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/32*arcsin(a*x))`

3.2.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{(8a^4x^4 - 3) \arccos(ax) - (2a^3x^3 + 3ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{32a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/32*((8*a^4*x^4 - 3)*arccos(a*x) - (2*a^3*x^3 + 3*a*x)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))/a^4`**3.2.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)}{4} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{16a} - \frac{3x \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{32a^3} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)}{32a^4} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi x^4}{8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*acos(a*x),x)`output `Piecewise((x**4*acos(a*x)/4 - x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*a) - 3*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*a**3) - 3*acos(a*x)/(32*a**4), Ne(a, 0)), (pi*x**4/8, True))`**3.2.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{32} \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} x^3}{a^2} + \frac{3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} x}{a^4} - \frac{3 \arcsin(ax)}{a^5} \right) a$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*x^4*arccos(a*x) - 1/32*(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/a^2 + 3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x/a^4 - 3*arcsin(a*x)/a^5)*a`

3.2.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^3}{16a} - \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x}{32a^3} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)}{32a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*x^4*arccos(a*x) - 1/16*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/a - 3/32*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x/a^3 - 3/32*arccos(a*x)/a^4`

3.2.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{acos}(ax) dx$$

input `int(x^3*acos(a*x),x)`

output `int(x^3*acos(a*x), x)`

3.3 $\int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx$

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3.3.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^3} + \frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{9a^3} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)$$

output `1/9*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/a^3+1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)-1/3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3`

3.3.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(2+a^2x^2)}{9a^3} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-1/9*(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(2 + a^2*x^2))/a^3 + (x^3*ArcCos[a*x])/3`

3.3.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 243, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}a \int \left(\frac{1}{a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2} \right) dx^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^2*ArcCos [a*x] , x]`

output `(a*((-2*Sqrt [1 - a^2*x^2])/a^4 + (2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*a^4)))/6 + (x^3*ArcCos [a*x])/3`

3.3.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n / (d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2 *x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.3.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax) - a^2 x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9}}{a^3}$	52
default	$\frac{\frac{a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax) - a^2 x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9}}{a^3}$	52
parts	$\frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{3} + \frac{a \left(-\frac{x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3a^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3a^4} \right)}{3}$	52

input `int(x^2*arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^3*(1/3*a^3*x^3*arccos(a*x)-1/9*a^2*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/9*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

3.3.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{3a^3x^3 \arccos(ax) - (a^2x^2 + 2)\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{9a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/9*(3*a^3*x^3*arccos(a*x) - (a^2*x^2 + 2)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))/a^3`

3.3.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{3} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{9a} - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{9a^3} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi x^3}{6} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*acos(a*x),x)`

output `Piecewise((x**3*acos(a*x)/3 - x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*a) - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*a**3), Ne(a, 0)), (pi*x**3/6, True))`

3.3.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{9} a \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{a^4} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x) - 1/9*a*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/a^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^4)`

3.3.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{9a} - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x) - 1/9*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/a - 2/9*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^3`

3.3.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{a^2} - x^2} \left(\frac{2}{a^2} + x^2 \right)}{9} & \text{if } 0 < a \\ \int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx & \text{if } -0 < a \end{cases}$$

input `int(x^2*acos(a*x),x)`

output `piecewise(0 < a, - ((1/a^2 - x^2)^(1/2)*(2/a^2 + x^2))/9 + (x^3*acos(a*x))/3, ~0 < a, int(x^2*acos(a*x), x))`

3.4 $\int x \arccos(ax) dx$

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3.4.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int x \arccos(ax) dx = -\frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4a} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax) + \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{4a^2}$$

output `1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)+1/4*arcsin(a*x)/a^2-1/4*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.4.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{-ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + 2a^2x^2 \arccos(ax) + \arcsin(ax)}{4a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `(-(a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]) + 2*a^2*x^2*ArcCos[a*x] + ArcSin[a*x])/(4*a^2)`

3.4.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \arccos(ax) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\arcsin(ax)}{2a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*ArcCos[a*x], x]`

output `(x^2*ArcCos[a*x])/2 + (a*(-1/2*(x*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/a^2 + ArcSin[a*x]/(2*a^3)))/2`

3.4.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

3.4.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^2 x^2 \arccos(ax)}{2} - \frac{ax\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{4} + \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{4}}{a^2}$	40
default	$\frac{\frac{a^2 x^2 \arccos(ax)}{2} - \frac{ax\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{4} + \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{4}}{a^2}$	40
parts	$\frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{2} + \frac{a \left(-\frac{x\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{2a^2} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a^2} x}{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}\right)}{2a^2 \sqrt{a^2}} \right)}{2}$	63

```
input int(x*arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^2*(1/2*a^2*x^2*arccos(a*x)-1/4*a*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/4*arcsin(a*x))
```

3.4.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x \arccos(ax) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} ax - (2 a^2 x^2 - 1) \arccos(ax)}{4 a^2}$$

```
input integrate(x*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/4*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a*x - (2*a^2*x^2 - 1)*arccos(a*x))/a^2
```

3.4.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x \arccos(ax) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{2} - \frac{x\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{4a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{4a^2} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi x^2}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*acos(a*x),x)`output `Piecewise((x**2*acos(a*x)/2 - x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*a) - acos(a*x)/(4*a**2), Ne(a, 0)), (pi*x**2/4, True))`**3.4.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{4} a \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x}{a^2} - \frac{\arcsin(ax)}{a^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x) - 1/4*a*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x/a^2 - arcsin(a*x)/a^3)`**3.4.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x}{4a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{4a^2}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x) - 1/4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x/a - 1/4*arccos(a*x)/a^2`

3.4.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{\arccos(ax) (2a^2 x^2 - 1)}{4a^2} - \frac{x \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{4a}$$

input `int(x*acos(a*x),x)`

output `(acos(a*x)*(2*a^2*x^2 - 1))/(4*a^2) - (x*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2))/(4*a)`

3.5 $\int \arccos(ax) dx$

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3.5.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 4, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \arccos(ax) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} + x \arccos(ax)$$

output `x*arccos(a*x)-(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.5.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arccos(ax) dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} + x \arccos(ax)$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/a) + x*ArcCos[a*x]`

3.5.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5131, 241}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arccos(ax) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5131}$$

$$a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax)$$

$$\downarrow \text{241}$$

$$x \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x], x]`

output `-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/a) + x*ArcCos[a*x]`

3.5.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

3.5.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
parts	$x \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a}$	25
derivativedivides	$\frac{ax \arccos(ax) - \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a}$	27
default	$\frac{ax \arccos(ax) - \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a}$	27

input `int(arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*arccos(a*x)-(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.5.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{ax \arccos(ax) - \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*x*arccos(a*x) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))/a`

3.5.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \arccos(ax) dx = \begin{cases} x \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi x}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x),x)`

output `Piecewise((x*acos(a*x) - sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/a, Ne(a, 0)), (pi*x/2, True))`

3.5.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{ax \arccos(ax) - \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(a*x*arccos(a*x) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))/a`**3.5.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{ax \arccos(ax) - \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(a*x*arccos(a*x) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))/a`**3.5.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \arccos(ax) dx = x \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{a}$$

input `int(acos(a*x),x)`output `x*acos(a*x) - (1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)/a`

3.6 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx$

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3.6.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 + \arccos(ax) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

output `-1/2*I*arccos(a*x)^2+arccos(a*x)*ln(1+(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-1/2*I*polylog(2,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)`

3.6.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 + \arccos(ax) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}i \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]/x,x]`

output `(-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^2 + ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] - (I/2)*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]`

3.6.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {5137, 3042, 4202, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5137} \\
 & - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{ax} d \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \int \arccos(ax) \tan(\arccos(ax)) d \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4202} \\
 & 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)}{1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & 2i \left(\frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2i \arccos(ax)} \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) d e^{2i \arccos(ax)} - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
 & 2i \left(-\frac{1}{4} \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}\right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]/x,x]`

output `(-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^2 + (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]) - PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]/4)`

3.6.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_)]], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4202 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5137 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcCos[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

3.6.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{i \arccos(ax)^2}{2} + \arccos(ax) \ln \left(1 + (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2 \right) - \frac{i \operatorname{polylog} \left(2, -(i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2 \right)}{2}$
default	$-\frac{i \arccos(ax)^2}{2} + \arccos(ax) \ln \left(1 + (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2 \right) - \frac{i \operatorname{polylog} \left(2, -(i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2 \right)}{2}$

3.6. $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx$

input `int(arccos(a*x)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*I*arccos(a*x)^2+arccos(a*x)*ln(1+(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)-1/2*I*
polylog(2,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)`

3.6.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)/x, x)`

3.6.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)/x,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)/x, x)`

3.6.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x, x)`

3.6.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x, x)`

3.6.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)/x,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)/x, x)`

3.7 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx$

3.7.1	Optimal result	126
3.7.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	126
3.7.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	127
3.7.4	Maple [A] (verified)	128
3.7.5	Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	128
3.7.6	Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	129
3.7.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	129
3.7.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	130
3.7.9	Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	130

3.7.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} + a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2})$$

output `-arccos(a*x)/x+a*arctanh((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

3.7.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} - a \log(x) + a \log(1 + \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2})$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]/x^2,x]`

output `-(ArcCos[a*x]/x) - a*Log[x] + a*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]`

3.7.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{x^4}{a^2}} d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]/x^2,x]`

output `-(ArcCos[a*x]/x) + a*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]`

3.7.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
 d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.7.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} + a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)$	26
derivativedivides	$a\left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{ax} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)\right)$	29
default	$a\left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{ax} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)\right)$	29

input `int(arccos(a*x)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-arccos(a*x)/x+a*arctanh(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

3.7.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. $2(25) = 50$.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx = \frac{ax \log(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}+1) - ax \log(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1) + 2(x-1)\arccos(ax) - 2x \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}ax}{a^2x^2-1}\right)}{2x}$$

3.7. $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(a*x*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - a*x*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1) + 2*(x - 1)*arccos(a*x) - 2*x*arctan(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a*x/(a^2*x^2 - 1)))/x`

3.7.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx = -a \left(\begin{cases} -\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right) & \text{for } \frac{1}{|a^2x^2|} > 1 \\ i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) - \frac{\operatorname{acos}(ax)}{x}$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)/x**2,x)`

output `-a*Piecewise((-acosh(1/(a*x)), 1/Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (I*asin(1/(a*x)), True)) - acos(a*x)/x`

3.7.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx = a \log \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*log(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x)) - arccos(a*x)/x`

3.7.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} a \left(\log \left(\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 1 \right) - \log \left(-\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 1 \right) \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a*(log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - log(-sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1)) - arccos(a*x)/x`

3.7.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx = a \operatorname{atanh} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x}$$

input `int(acos(a*x)/x^2,x)`

output `a*atanh(1/(1 - a^2*x^2)^(1/2)) - acos(a*x)/x`

3.8 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx$

3.8.1	Optimal result	131
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3.8.5	Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	133
3.8.6	Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	133
3.8.7	Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	134
3.8.8	Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	134
3.8.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	134

3.8.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/2*arccos(a*x)/x^2+1/2*a*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x`

3.8.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx = \frac{ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - \arccos(ax)}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]/x^3,x]`

output `(a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - ArcCos[a*x])/(2*x^2)`

3.8.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {5139, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 5139

$$-\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}$$

↓ 242

$$\frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]/x^3,x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(2*x) - ArcCos[a*x]/(2*x^2)`

3.8.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.8.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2} + \frac{a\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2x}$	29
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2ax} \right)$	38
default	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2ax} \right)$	38

input `int(arccos(a*x)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*arccos(a*x)/x^2+1/2*a*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x`

3.8.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}ax - \arccos(ax)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a*x - arccos(a*x))/x^2`

3.8.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{i\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}}{x} & \text{for } |a^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)/x**3,x)`

output `-a*Piecewise((-I*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)/x, Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (-sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/x, True))/2 - acos(a*x)/(2*x**2)`

3.8.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}a}{2x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a/x - 1/2*arccos(a*x)/x^2`

3.8.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 68 vs. 2(28) = 56.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{a^4x}{(\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}|a| + a)|a|} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}|a| + a}{x|a|} \right) a - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(a^4*x/((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)*abs(a)) - (sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)/(x*abs(a)))*a - 1/2*arccos(a*x)/x^2`

3.8.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)/x^3,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)/x^3, x)`

3.9 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx$

3.9.1	Optimal result	135
3.9.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	135
3.9.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	136
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3.9.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	140
3.9.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	140

3.9.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{6x^2} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} + \frac{1}{6}a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$$

output $-1/3*\arccos(a*x)/x^3+1/6*a^3*\operatorname{arctanh}((-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})+1/6*a*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/x^2$

3.9.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{6x^2} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{6}a^3 \log(x) + \frac{1}{6}a^3 \log\left(1 + \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]/x^4,x]`

output $(a*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2])/(6*x^2) - \operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]/(3*x^3) - (a^3*\operatorname{Log}[x])/6 + (a^3*\operatorname{Log}[1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]])/6$

3.9.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {5139, 243, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -\frac{1}{3}a \int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & -\frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & -\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{1}{6}a \left(-\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{x^4}{a^2}} d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -\frac{1}{6}a \left(a^2 \left(-\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{3x^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*ArcCos[a*x]/x^3 - (a*(-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/x^2) - a^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]))/6`

3.9.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.9.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} - \frac{a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{2} \right)}{3}$	50
derivativedivides	$a^3 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{3a^3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{6a^2x^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{6} \right)$	53
default	$a^3 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{3a^3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{6a^2x^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{6} \right)$	53

input `int(arccos(a*x)/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*arccos(a*x)/x^3-1/3*a*(-1/2/x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-1/2*a^2*arctanh(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))`

3.9.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 110 vs. $2(46) = 92$.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx = \frac{a^3x^3 \log(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}+1) - a^3x^3 \log(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1) - 4x^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}ax}{a^2x^2-1}\right) + 2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}ax}{12x^3}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(a^3*x^3*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - a^3*x^3*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 1) - 4*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a*x/(a^2*x^2 - 1)) + 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a*x + 4*(x^3 - 1)*arccos(a*x))/x^3`

3.9.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{2} + \frac{a}{2x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} - \frac{1}{2ax^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{ia^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{2} - \frac{ia\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}}{2x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{3} - \frac{\operatorname{acos}(ax)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)/x**4,x)`

output `-a*Piecewise((-a**2*acosh(1/(a*x))/2 + a/(2*x*sqrt(-1 + 1/(a**2*x**2)))) - 1/(2*a*x**3*sqrt(-1 + 1/(a**2*x**2))), 1/Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (I*a**2*asin(1/(a*x))/2 - I*a*sqrt(1 - 1/(a**2*x**2))/(2*x), True))/3 - acos(a*x)/(3*x**3)`

3.9.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left(a^2 \log \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{x^2} \right) a - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(a^2*log(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x)) + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)*a - 1/3*arccos(a*x)/x^3`

3.9.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx = \frac{a^4 \log(\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + 1) - a^4 \log(-\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + 1) + \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}a^2}{x^2}}{12a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/12*(a^4*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - a^4*log(-sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) + 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2/x^2)/a - 1/3*arccos(a*x)/x^3`

3.9.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)/x^4,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)/x^4, x)`

3.10 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx$

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3.10.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{12x^3} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{6x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{4x^4}$$

output $-1/4*\arccos(a*x)/x^4+1/12*a*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^3+1/6*a^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x$

3.10.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx = \frac{ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(1+2a^2x^2) - 3\arccos(ax)}{12x^4}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]/x^5,x]`

output $(a*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]*(1 + 2*a^2*x^2) - 3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])/(12*x^4)$

3.10.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.375$, Rules used = {5139, 245, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{245} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{2}{3}a^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\
 & -\frac{1}{4}a \left(-\frac{2a^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3x} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{4x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*(a*(-1/3*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/x^3 - (2*a^2*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*x))) - ArcCos[a*x]/(4*x^4)`

3.10.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 245 `Int[(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/2 + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

3.10.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{4x^4} - \frac{a\left(-\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{3x^3} - \frac{2a^2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{3x}\right)}{4}$	52
derivativedivides	$a^4\left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{4a^4x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{12a^3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{6ax}\right)$	58
default	$a^4\left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{4a^4x^4} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{12a^3x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{6ax}\right)$	58

```
input int(arccos(a*x)/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*arccos(a*x)/x^4-1/4*a*(-1/3/x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/3*a^2/x*(-a^2*x^
2+1)^(1/2))
```

3.10.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx = \frac{(2a^3x^3 + ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} - 3\arccos(ax)}{12x^4}$$

```
input integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^5,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/12*((2*a^3*x^3 + a*x)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) - 3*arccos(a*x))/x^4
```


3.10.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{2ia^2\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}}{3x} - \frac{i\sqrt{a^2x^2-1}}{3x^3} & \text{for } |a^2x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{2a^2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{3x} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{3x^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{4} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)/x**5,x)`

output `-a*Piecewise((-2*I*a**2*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x) - I*sqrt(a**2*x**2 - 1)/(3*x**3), Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (-2*a**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x) - sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*x**3), True))/4 - acos(a*x)/(4*x**4)`

3.10.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{x^3} \right) a - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2/x + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/x^3)*a - 1/4*arccos(a*x)/x^4`

3.10.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 130 vs. 2(48) = 96.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{96} \left(\frac{\left(a^4 + \frac{9(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)^2}{x^2} \right) a^6 x^3}{(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)^3 |a|} - \frac{9(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a) a^4}{x} + \frac{(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)^3}{x^3} \right) a$$

$$- \frac{\arccos(ax)}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/96*((a^4 + 9*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)^2/x^2)*a^6*x^3/((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)^3*abs(a)) - (9*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)*a^4/x + (sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)^3/x^3)/(a^2*abs(a))*a - 1/4*arccos(a*x)/x^4`

3.10.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)/x^5,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)/x^5, x)`

3.11 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^6} dx$

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3.11.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^6} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{20x^4} + \frac{3a^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{40x^2} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5} + \frac{3}{40}a^5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right)$$

output `-1/5*arccos(a*x)/x^5+3/40*a^5*arctanh((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+1/20*a*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^4+3/40*a^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2`

3.11.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^6} dx = \frac{1}{40} \left(\frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(2+3a^2x^2)}{x^4} - \frac{8\arccos(ax)}{x^5} - 3a^5 \log(x) + 3a^5 \log\left(1 + \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]/x^6,x]`

output `((a*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(2 + 3*a^2*x^2))/x^4 - (8*ArcCos[a*x])/x^5 - 3*a^5*Log[x] + 3*a^5*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]])/40`

3.11.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {5139, 243, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -\frac{1}{5}a \int \frac{1}{x^5\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & -\frac{1}{10}a \int \frac{1}{x^6\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & -\frac{1}{10}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a^2 \int \frac{1}{x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & -\frac{1}{10}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}a^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{1}{10}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(-\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{x^4}{a^2}} d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -\frac{1}{10}a \left(\frac{3}{4}a^2 \left(a^2 \left(-\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x^4} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [ArcCos [a*x]/x^6, x]`

output `-1/5*ArcCos [a*x]/x^5 - (a*(-1/2*sqrt [1 - a^2*x^2]/x^4 + (3*a^2*(-(sqrt [1 - a^2*x^2]/x^2) - a^2*ArcTanh [sqrt [1 - a^2*x^2]]))/4))/10`

3.11.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.11.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$a^5 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{5a^5x^5} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{20a^4x^4} + \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{40a^2x^2} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{40} \right)$	73
default	$a^5 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{5a^5x^5} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{20a^4x^4} + \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{40a^2x^2} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{40} \right)$	73
parts	$-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5} - \frac{a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{4x^4} + \frac{3a^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2x^2} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}\right)}{2} \right)}{4} \right)}{5}$	73

input `int(arccos(a*x)/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^5*(-1/5/a^5/x^5*arccos(a*x)+1/20/a^4/x^4*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/40/a^2/x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/40*arctanh(1/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))`

3.11.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^6} dx = \frac{3a^5x^5 \log(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}+1) - 3a^5x^5 \log(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}-1) - 16x^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}ax}{a^2x^2-1}\right) + 16(x^5-1)a}{80x^5}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^6,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `1/80*(3*a^5*x^5*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2+1)+1)-3*a^5*x^5*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2+1)-1)-16*x^5*arctan(sqrt(-a^2*x^2+1)*a*x/(a^2*x^2-1))+16*(x^5-1)*arccos(a*x)+2*(3*a^3*x^3+2*a*x)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2+1))/x^5`

3.11.6 Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{a \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{3a^4 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{8} + \frac{3a^3}{8x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} - \frac{a}{8x^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} - \frac{1}{4ax^5\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} & \text{for } \left|\frac{1}{a^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \frac{3ia^4 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{ax}\right)}{8} - \frac{3ia^3}{8x\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} + \frac{ia}{8x^3\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} + \frac{i}{4ax^5\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{a^2x^2}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{5} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)/x**6,x)`

output `-a*Piecewise((-3*a**4*acosh(1/(a*x))/8 + 3*a**3/(8*x*sqrt(-1 + 1/(a**2*x**2))) - a/(8*x**3*sqrt(-1 + 1/(a**2*x**2))) - 1/(4*a*x**5*sqrt(-1 + 1/(a**2*x**2))), 1/Abs(a**2*x**2) > 1), (3*I*a**4*asin(1/(a*x))/8 - 3*I*a**3/(8*x*sqrt(1 - 1/(a**2*x**2))) + I*a/(8*x**3*sqrt(1 - 1/(a**2*x**2))) + I/(4*a*x**5*sqrt(1 - 1/(a**2*x**2))), True))/5 - acos(a*x)/(5*x**5)`

3.11.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{40} \left(3a^4 \log \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|} \right) + \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^2}{x^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{x^4} \right) a - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/40*(3*a^4*log(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x)) + 3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2/x^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/x^4)*a - 1/5*arccos(a*x)/x^5`

3.11.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^6 \log(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}+1) - 3a^6 \log(-\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}+1) - \frac{2\left(3(-a^2x^2+1)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^6 - 5\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^6\right)}{a^4x^4}}{80a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/80*(3*a^6*log(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - 3*a^6*log(-sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - 2*(3*(-a^2*x^2 + 1)^(3/2)*a^6 - 5*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^6)/(a^4*x^4))/a - 1/5*arccos(a*x)/x^5`**3.11.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^6} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acos}(ax)}{x^6} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)/x^6,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)/x^6, x)`

3.12 $\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx$

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3.12.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = -\frac{16x}{75a^4} - \frac{8x^3}{225a^2} - \frac{2x^5}{125} - \frac{16\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{75a^5} - \frac{8x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{75a^3} - \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{25a} + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2$$

output `-16/75*x/a^4-8/225*x^3/a^2-2/125*x^5+1/5*x^5*arccos(a*x)^2-16/75*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^5-8/75*x^2*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-2/25*x^4*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.12.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = -\frac{16x}{75a^4} - \frac{8x^3}{225a^2} - \frac{2x^5}{125} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(8+4a^2x^2+3a^4x^4) \arccos(ax)}{75a^5} + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2$$

input `Integrate[x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output $(-16*x)/(75*a^4) - (8*x^3)/(225*a^2) - (2*x^5)/125 - (2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]*(8 + 4*a^2*x^2 + 3*a^4*x^4)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])/(75*a^5) + (x^5*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2)/5$

3.12.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 15, 5211, 15, 5183, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{2}{5}a \int \frac{x^5 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\int x^4 dx}{5a} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{5a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & \frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^5}{25a} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\int x^2 dx}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^5}{25a} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^3}{9a} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^5}{25a} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & \frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{\int 1 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^3}{9a} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^5}{25a} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{2}{5}a \left(-\frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{5a^2} + \frac{4 \left(-\frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{x}{a} \right) - \frac{x^3}{9a} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^5}{25a} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^5*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/5 + (2*a*(-1/25*x^5/a - (x^4*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(5*a^2) + (4*(-1/9*x^3/a - (x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(3*a^2) + (2*(-(x/a) - (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/a^2))/(3*a^2)))/(5*a^2))/5`

3.12.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.12.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax)^2}{5} - \frac{2 \arccos(ax) (3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75 a^5} - \frac{2a^5 x^5}{125} - \frac{8a^3 x^3}{225} - \frac{16ax}{75}$	76
default	$\frac{a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax)^2}{5} - \frac{2 \arccos(ax) (3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75 a^5} - \frac{2a^5 x^5}{125} - \frac{8a^3 x^3}{225} - \frac{16ax}{75}$	76

```
input int(x^4*arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^5*(1/5*a^5*x^5*arccos(a*x)^2-2/75*arccos(a*x)*(3*a^4*x^4+4*a^2*x^2+8)*
(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/125*a^5*x^5-8/225*a^3*x^3-16/75*a*x)
```

3.12.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{225 a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 - 18 a^5 x^5 - 40 a^3 x^3 - 30 (3 a^4 x^4 + 4 a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax) - 240 a x}{1125 a^5}$$

```
input integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/1125*(225*a^5*x^5*arccos(a*x)^2 - 18*a^5*x^5 - 40*a^3*x^3 - 30*(3*a^4*x^
4 + 4*a^2*x^2 + 8)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x) - 240*a*x)/a^5
```

3.12.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^5 \arccos^2(ax)}{5} - \frac{2x^5}{125} - \frac{2x^4 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{25a} - \frac{8x^3}{225a^2} - \frac{8x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{75a^3} - \frac{16x}{75a^4} - \frac{16 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{75a^5} \\ \frac{\pi^2 x^5}{20} \end{cases} \quad \text{for } a \neq 0$$

otherwise

```
input integrate(x**4*acos(a*x)**2,x)
```

```
output Piecewise((x**5*acos(a*x)**2/5 - 2*x**5/125 - 2*x**4*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*
acos(a*x)/(25*a) - 8*x**3/(225*a**2) - 8*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*
x)/(75*a**3) - 16*x/(75*a**4) - 16*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(75*a**5
), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**2*x**5/20, True))
```

3.12.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx &= \frac{1}{5} x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 \\ &\quad - \frac{2}{75} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^4}{a^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2}{a^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^6} \right) a \arccos(ax) \\ &\quad - \frac{2(9a^4x^5 + 20a^2x^3 + 120x)}{1125a^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*x^5*arccos(a*x)^2 - 2/75*(3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/a^2 + 4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/a^4 + 8*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^6)*a*arccos(a*x) - 2/1125*(9*a^4*x^5 + 20*a^2*x^3 + 120*x)/a^4`**3.12.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx &= \frac{1}{5} x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{2}{125} x^5 - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^4 \arccos(ax)}{25a} - \frac{8x^3}{225a^2} \\ &\quad - \frac{8\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2 \arccos(ax)}{75a^3} - \frac{16x}{75a^4} - \frac{16\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{75a^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*x^5*arccos(a*x)^2 - 2/125*x^5 - 2/25*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4*arccos(a*x)/a - 8/225*x^3/a^2 - 8/75*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2*arccos(a*x)/a^3 - 16/75*x/a^4 - 16/75*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)/a^5`

3.12.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int x^4 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.13 $\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx$

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3.13.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = -\frac{3x^2}{32a^2} - \frac{x^4}{32} - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{16a^3} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{8a} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^2}{32a^4} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2$$

```
output -3/32*x^2/a^2-1/32*x^4-3/32*arccos(a*x)^2/a^4+1/4*x^4*arccos(a*x)^2-3/16*x
*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-1/8*x^3*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
/a
```

3.13.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \frac{-a^2x^2(3+a^2x^2) - 2ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3+2a^2x^2) \arccos(ax) + (-3+8a^4x^4) \arccos(ax)^2}{32a^4}$$

```
input Integrate[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]
```

```
output (-(a^2*x^2*(3+a^2*x^2)) - 2*a*x*Sqrt[1-a^2*x^2]*(3+2*a^2*x^2)*ArcCos
[a*x] + (-3+8*a^4*x^4)*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/(32*a^4)
```


3.13.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 15, 5211, 15, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\int x^3 dx}{4a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^4}{16a} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\int x dx}{2a} - \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^4}{16a} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^4}{16a} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5153}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{4a^2} + \frac{3\left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a}\right) - \frac{x^4}{16a}}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4\arccos(ax)^2$$

input `Int[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/4 + (a*(-1/16*x^4/a - (x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(4*a^2) + (3*(-1/4*x^2/a - (x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(2*a^2) - ArcCos[a*x]^2/(4*a^3)))/(4*a^2))/2`

3.13.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1))/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x)) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.13.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax)^2}{4} - \frac{\arccos(ax)(2a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 \arccos(ax))}{16} + \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^2}{32} - \frac{(2a^2 x^2 + 3)^2}{128}}{a^4}$	91
default	$\frac{\frac{a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax)^2}{4} - \frac{\arccos(ax)(2a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 \arccos(ax))}{16} + \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^2}{32} - \frac{(2a^2 x^2 + 3)^2}{128}}{a^4}$	91

input `int(x^3*arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{a^4} \left(\frac{1}{4} a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{1}{16} \arccos(ax) (2a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{3}{32} \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{1}{128} (2a^2 x^2 + 3)^2 \right)$$

3.13.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \frac{a^4 x^4 + 3a^2 x^2 - (8a^4 x^4 - 3) \arccos(ax)^2 + 2(2a^3 x^3 + 3ax) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{32a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\frac{-1/32*(a^4*x^4 + 3*a^2*x^2 - (8*a^4*x^4 - 3)*\arccos(a*x)^2 + 2*(2*a^3*x^3 + 3*a*x)*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*\arccos(a*x))}{a^4}$$

3.13.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^4 \arccos^2(ax)}{4} - \frac{x^4}{32} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{8a} - \frac{3x^2}{32a^2} - \frac{3x \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{16a^3} - \frac{3 \arccos^2(ax)}{32a^4} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi^2 x^4}{16} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**4*acos(a*x)**2/4 - x**4/32 - x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(8*a) - 3*x**2/(32*a**2) - 3*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(16*a**3) - 3*acos(a*x)**2/(32*a**4), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**2*x**4/16, True))`

3.13.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*x^4*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2 - a*integrate(1/2*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^4*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.13.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{1}{32} x^4 - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^3 \arccos(ax)}{8a} - \frac{3x^2}{32a^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x \arccos(ax)}{16a^3} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^2}{32a^4} + \frac{15}{256a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*x^4*arccos(a*x)^2 - 1/32*x^4 - 1/8*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3*arccos(a*x)/a - 3/32*x^2/a^2 - 3/16*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*arccos(a*x)/a^3 - 3/32*arccos(a*x)^2/a^4 + 15/256/a^4`

3.13.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.14 $\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx$

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3.14.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	170

3.14.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = -\frac{4x}{9a^2} - \frac{2x^3}{27} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{9a^3} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{9a} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2$$

output `-4/9*x/a^2-2/27*x^3+1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^2-4/9*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-2/9*x^2*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.14.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = -\frac{4x}{9a^2} - \frac{2x^3}{27} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(2+a^2x^2) \arccos(ax)}{9a^3} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2$$

input `Integrate[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `(-4*x)/(9*a^2) - (2*x^3)/27 - (2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(2 + a^2*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x])/(9*a^3) + (x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/3`

3.14.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 15, 5183, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\int x^2 dx}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^3}{9a} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{\int 1 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^3}{9a} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(-\frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{x}{a} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^3}{9a} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output $(x^3 \text{ArcCos}[a x]^2)/3 + (2 a (-1/9 x^3/a - (x^2 \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 x^2] \text{ArcCos}[a x])/(3 a^2) + (2(-x/a) - (\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 x^2] \text{ArcCos}[a x])/a^2))/(3 a^2)))/3$

3.14.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

- rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

- rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.14.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^2 a^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{2 \arccos(ax) (a^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{2a^3 x^3}{27} - \frac{4ax}{9}$	59
default	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^2 a^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{2 \arccos(ax) (a^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{2a^3 x^3}{27} - \frac{4ax}{9}$	59

input `int(x^2*arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{a^3} \left(\frac{1}{3} \arccos(ax)^2 a^3 x^3 - \frac{2}{9} \arccos(ax) (a^2 x^2 + 2) (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{2}{27} a^3 x^3 - \frac{4}{9} a x \right)$

3.14.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \frac{9a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 - 2a^3 x^3 - 6(a^2 x^2 + 2)\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax) - 12ax}{27a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{27} \left(9a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 - 2a^3 x^3 - 6(a^2 x^2 + 2)\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax) - 12ax \right) / a^3$

3.14.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 \arccos^2(ax)}{3} - \frac{2x^3}{27} - \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{9a} - \frac{4x}{9a^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{9a^3} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi^2 x^3}{12} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**3*acos(a*x)**2/3 - 2*x**3/27 - 2*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(9*a) - 4*x/(9*a**2) - 4*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(9*a**3), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**2*x**3/12, True))`

3.14.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{2}{9} a \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a^4} \right) \arccos(ax) - \frac{2(a^2 x^3 + 6x)}{27 a^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^2 - 2/9*a*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/a^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^4)*arccos(a*x) - 2/27*(a^2*x^3 + 6*x)/a^2`**3.14.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{2}{27} x^3 - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2 \arccos(ax)}{9a} - \frac{4x}{9a^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{9a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^2 - 2/27*x^3 - 2/9*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2*arccos(a*x)/a - 4/9*x/a^2 - 4/9*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)/a^3`

3.14.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.15 $\int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx$

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3.15.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx = -\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^2$$

output `-1/4*x^2-1/4*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2+1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^2-1/2*x*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.15.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx = -\frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a} + \frac{(-1+2a^2x^2) \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `-1/4*x^2 - (x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/(2*a) + ((-1 + 2*a^2*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/(4*a^2)`

3.15.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 15, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & a \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\int x dx}{2a} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5153} \\
 & a \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x*ArcCos [a*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^2*ArcCos [a*x]^2)/2 + a*(-1/4*x^2/a - (x*sqrt [1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos [a*x])/(2*a^2) - ArcCos [a*x]^2/(4*a^3))`

3.15.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.15.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{2} - \frac{\arccos(ax) (ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(ax))}{2} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4} - \frac{a^2 x^2}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$	63
default	$\frac{a^2 x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{2} - \frac{\arccos(ax) (ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(ax))}{2} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4} - \frac{a^2 x^2}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$	63

input `int(x*arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/a^2*(1/2*a^2*x^2*\arccos(ax)^2-1/2*\arccos(ax)*(a*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+\arccos(ax))+1/4*\arccos(ax)^2-1/4*a^2*x^2+1/4)$

3.15.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2 x^2 + 2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}ax \arccos(ax) - (2a^2 x^2 - 1) \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $-1/4*(a^2*x^2 + 2*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*a*x*\arccos(a*x) - (2*a^2*x^2 - 1)*\arccos(a*x)^2)/a^2$

3.15.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 \arccos^2(ax)}{2} - \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{2a} - \frac{\arccos^2(ax)}{4a^2} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi^2 x^2}{8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**2*acos(a*x)**2/2 - x**2/4 - x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(2*a) - acos(a*x)**2/(4*a**2), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**2*x**2/8, True))`

3.15.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2 - a*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.15.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{1}{4} x^2 - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x \arccos(ax)}{2a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{8a^2}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^2 - 1/4*x^2 - 1/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*arccos(a*x)/a - 1/4*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2 + 1/8/a^2`

3.15.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx$$

input `int(x*acos(a*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x*acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.16 $\int \arccos(ax)^2 dx$

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3.16.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \arccos(ax)^2 dx = -2x - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a} + x \arccos(ax)^2$$

output `-2*x+x*arccos(a*x)^2-2*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.16.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arccos(ax)^2 dx = -2x - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a} + x \arccos(ax)^2$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `-2*x - (2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/a + x*ArcCos[a*x]^2`

3.16.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5131, 5183, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \arccos(ax)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & 2a \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & 2a \left(-\frac{\int 1 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & 2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{x}{a} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `x*ArcCos[a*x]^2 + 2*a*(-(x/a) - (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/a^2)`

3.16.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

```
rule 5183 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

3.16.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^2 ax - 2ax - 2 \arccos(ax) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a}$	37
default	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^2 ax - 2ax - 2 \arccos(ax) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a}$	37

```
input int(arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a*(arccos(a*x)^2*a*x-2*a*x-2*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
```

3.16.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \frac{ax \arccos(ax)^2 - 2ax - 2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{a}$$

```
input integrate(arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output (a*x*arccos(a*x)^2 - 2*a*x - 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x))/a
```

3.16.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \begin{cases} x \arccos^2(ax) - 2x - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{a} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi^2 x}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((x*acos(a*x)**2 - 2*x - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/a, Ne(a, 0)), (pi**2*x/4, True))`**3.16.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \arccos(ax)^2 dx = x \arccos(ax)^2 - 2x - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `x*arccos(a*x)^2 - 2*x - 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)/a`**3.16.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \arccos(ax)^2 dx = x \arccos(ax)^2 - 2x - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `x*arccos(a*x)^2 - 2*x - 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)/a`

3.16.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x\pi^2}{4} & \text{if } a = 0 \\ x(\arccos(ax)^2 - 2) - \frac{2\arccos(ax)\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} & \text{if } a \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^2,x)`

output `piecewise(a == 0, (x*pi^2)/4, a ~= 0, x*(acos(a*x)^2 - 2) - (2*acos(a*x))*(- a^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2))/a)`

3.17 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx$

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3.17.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{3}i \arccos(ax)^3 + \arccos(ax)^2 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

output `-1/3*I*arccos(a*x)^3+arccos(a*x)^2*ln(1+(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-I*arccos(a*x)*polylog(2,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+1/2*polylog(3,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)`

3.17.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{3}i \arccos(ax)^3 + \arccos(ax)^2 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^2/x,x]`

output `(-1/3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^3 + ArcCos[a*x]^2*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] - I*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] + PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]/2`

3.17.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$, Rules used = {5137, 3042, 4202, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5137} \\
 & - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{ax} d \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \int \arccos(ax)^2 \tan(\arccos(ax)) d \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4202} \\
 & 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)^2}{1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{3} i \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2i \left(i \int \arccos(ax) \log \left(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax)^2 \log \left(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3} i \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & 2i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \int \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3} i \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & 2i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2i \arccos(ax)} \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) de^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3} i \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{4} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax)^2 \log \left(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3} i \arccos(ax)^3$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^2/x,x]`

output `(-1/3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^3 + (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] + I*((I/2)*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] - PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]/4))`

3.17.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))* (F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`


```
rule 4202 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(
e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGt
Q[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5137 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[
(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcCos[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0
]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.17.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{i \arccos(ax)^3}{3} + \arccos(ax)^2 \ln\left(1 + (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2\right) - i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\left(1 + (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2\right)\right)$
default	$-\frac{i \arccos(ax)^3}{3} + \arccos(ax)^2 \ln\left(1 + (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2\right) - i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -\left(1 + (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2\right)\right)$

```
input int(arccos(a*x)^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*I*arccos(a*x)^3+arccos(a*x)^2*ln(1+(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)-I*ar
ccos(a*x)*polylog(2,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)+1/2*polylog(3,-(I*(-a^2
*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)
```

3.17.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^2/x, x)`

3.17.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^2(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**2/x,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**2/x, x)`

3.17.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x, x)`

3.17.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x, x)`

3.17.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^2/x,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^2/x, x)`

3.18 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx$

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3.18.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} - 4ia \arccos(ax) \arctan(e^{i \arccos(ax)}) + 2ia \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - 2ia \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

output `-arccos(a*x)^2/x-4*I*a*arccos(a*x)*arctan(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+2*I*a*polylog(2,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-2*I*a*polylog(2,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))`

3.18.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arccos(ax) (\arccos(ax) + 2ax(-\log(1 - ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) + \log(1 + ie^{i \arccos(ax)})))}{x} + 2ia \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - 2ia \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^2,x]`

output `-((ArcCos[a*x]*(ArcCos[a*x] + 2*a*x*(-Log[1 - I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]]) + Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]])))/x) + (2*I)*a*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - (2*I)*a*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]`

3.18.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {5139, 5219, 3042, 4669, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -2a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5219} \\
 & 2a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{ax} d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2a \int \arccos(ax) \csc\left(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4669} \\
 & -\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} + \\
 & 2a \left(- \int \log\left(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) d\arccos(ax) + \int \log\left(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) d\arccos(ax) - 2i \arccos(ax) \arctan\left(e^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & -\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} + \\
 & 2a \left(i \int e^{-i\arccos(ax)} \log\left(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) de^{i\arccos(ax)} - i \int e^{-i\arccos(ax)} \log\left(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) de^{i\arccos(ax)} - 2i \arccos(ax) \arctan\left(e^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
 & -\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} + \\
 & 2a \left(-2i \arccos(ax) \arctan\left(e^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) + i \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) - i \text{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^2,x]`

output $-(\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2/x) + 2*a*((-2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{ArcTan}[E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}] + I*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-I)*E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}] - I*\text{PolyLog}[2, I*E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}])$

3.18.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2715 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^{((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)))})^{(n_)}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(d*e*n*\text{Log}[F]) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Log}[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^{(e*(c + d*x))})^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 2838 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^{(n_)})]/(x_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-\text{PolyLog}[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, n\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d, 1]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4669 $\text{Int}[\text{csc}[(e_) + \text{Pi}*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(\text{ArcTanh}[E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}]/f), x] + (-\text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1 - E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}], x], x] + \text{Simp}[d*(m/f) \text{ Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1 + E^{(I*k*Pi)}*E^{(I*(e + f*x))}], x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[2*k] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 5139 $\text{Int}[((a_) + \text{ArcCos}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^n/(d*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(d*(m+1))) \text{ Int}[(d*x)^{(m+1)}*((a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^{(n-1)})/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 5219 $\text{Int}[(((a_) + \text{ArcCos}[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^{(n_)*}(x_)^{(m_)})/\text{Sqrt}[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-c^{(m+1)})^{(-1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]] \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n*\text{Cos}[x]^m, x], x, \text{ArcCos}[c*x]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m]$

3.18.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$a \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{ax} - 2 \arccos(ax) \ln(1 + i(i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)) + 2 \arccos(ax) \ln(1 - i(i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)) \right)$
default	$a \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{ax} - 2 \arccos(ax) \ln(1 + i(i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)) + 2 \arccos(ax) \ln(1 - i(i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)) \right)$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*(-arccos(a*x)^2/a/x-2*arccos(a*x)*ln(1+I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))+2*arccos(a*x)*ln(1-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))+2*I*dilog(1+I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))-2*I*dilog(1-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)))`

3.18.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^2/x^2, x)`

3.18.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^2(ax)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**2/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**2/x**2, x)`

3.18.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(2*a*x*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)/(a^2*x^3 - x), x) - arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)/x`

3.18.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^2, x)`

3.18.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^2/x^2,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^2/x^2, x)`

3.19 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3} dx$

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3.19.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} + a^2 \log(x)$$

output `-1/2*arccos(a*x)^2/x^2+a^2*ln(x)+a*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x`

3.19.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} + a^2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^3,x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/x - ArcCos[a*x]^2/(2*x^2) + a^2*Log[x]`

3.19.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5139, 5187, 14}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5187} \\
 & -a \left(-a \int \frac{1}{x} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{x} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{14} \\
 & -a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{x} - a \log(x) \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^2 - a*(-((Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/x) - a*Log[x])`

3.19.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5187 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.
)*(x_.^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x
^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*Ar
cCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c^
2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

3.19.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{\arccos(ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{xa} + \ln(ax) \right)$	47
default	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{\arccos(ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{xa} + \ln(ax) \right)$	47

```
input int(arccos(a*x)^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^2*(-1/2*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2/x^2+arccos(a*x)/x/a*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+ln(a*x)
)
```

3.19.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{2a^2x^2 \log(x) + 2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}ax \arccos(ax) - \arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2}$$

```
input integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/2*(2*a^2*x^2*log(x) + 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a*x*arccos(a*x) - arccos(a*x)
^2)/x^2
```

3.19.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^2(ax)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**2/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**2/x**3, x)`

3.19.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3} dx = a^2 \log(x) + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}a \arccos(ax)}{x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*log(x) + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a*arccos(a*x)/x - 1/2*arccos(a*x)^2/x^2`

3.19.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. 2(39) = 78.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3} dx \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{a^4x}{(\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}|a| + a)|a|} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}|a| + a}{x|a|} \right) \arccos(ax) - 2a \log(|x|) \right) a \\ & \quad - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*((a^4*x/((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)*abs(a)) - (sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)/(x*abs(a)))*arccos(a*x) - 2*a*log(abs(x)))*a - 1/2*arccos(a*x)^2/x^2`

3.19.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^2/x^3,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^2/x^3, x)`

3.20 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx$

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3.20.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	202

3.20.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2}{3x} + \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{3x^2} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}ia^3\arccos(ax)\arctan(e^{i\arccos(ax)}) + \frac{1}{3}ia^3\text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - \frac{1}{3}ia^3\text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)})$$

output

```
-1/3*a^2/x-1/3*arccos(a*x)^2/x^3-2/3*I*a^3*arccos(a*x)*arctan(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+1/3*I*a^3*polylog(2,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-1/3*I*a^3*polylog(2,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+1/3*a*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2
```

3.20.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{a^2x^2 - ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax) + \arccos(ax)^2 - a^3x^3\arccos(ax)\log(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) + a^3x^3\arccos(ax)}{3x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^4,x]
```

output
$$-1/3*(a^2*x^2 - a*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] + \text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2 - a^3*x^3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{Log}[1 - I*E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}] + a^3*x^3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{Log}[1 + I*E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}] - I*a^3*x^3*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-I)*E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}] + I*a^3*x^3*\text{PolyLog}[2, I*E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}])/x^3$$

3.20.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5139, 5205, 15, 5219, 3042, 4669, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\ & -\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5205} \\ & -\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{x^2} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\ & -\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2x^2} + \frac{a}{2x} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5219} \\ & -\frac{2}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{ax} d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2x^2} + \frac{a}{2x} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & -\frac{2}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \int \arccos(ax) \csc \left(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2x^2} + \frac{a}{2x} \right) - \\ & \quad \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4669} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(-\int \log(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) + \int \log(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) - 2i\arccos(ax) \arctan(e^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) \right)$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(i \int e^{-i\arccos(ax)} \log(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) de^{i\arccos(ax)} - i \int e^{-i\arccos(ax)} \log(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) de^{i\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} - \frac{2}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(-2i\arccos(ax) \arctan(e^{i\arccos(ax)}) + i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3}a^3 \arctan(e^{i\arccos(ax)})$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^3 - (2*a*(a/(2*x) - (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(2*x^2) - (a^2*((-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]) + I*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]) - I*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]))/2)/3`

3.20.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`


```
rule 4669 Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f)
Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f)
Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5205 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)
*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Simp[c^2*((m + 2*p + 3)/(f^2*(m + 1))
) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*
c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(
1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5219 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*
(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[
d + e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]^m, x], x, ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

3.20.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
derivativedivides	$a^3 \left(-\frac{-\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)ax + \arccos(ax)^2 + a^2x^2}{3a^3x^3} - \frac{\arccos(ax) \ln \left(1 + i \left(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} + ax \right) \right)}{3} + \frac{\arccos(ax) \ln \left(1 - i \left(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} + ax \right) \right)}{3} \right)$
default	$a^3 \left(-\frac{-\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)ax + \arccos(ax)^2 + a^2x^2}{3a^3x^3} - \frac{\arccos(ax) \ln \left(1 + i \left(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} + ax \right) \right)}{3} + \frac{\arccos(ax) \ln \left(1 - i \left(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} + ax \right) \right)}{3} \right)$

```
input int(arccos(a*x)^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $a^3(-1/3*(-(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\arccos(a*x)*a*x+\arccos(a*x)^2+a^2*x^2)/a^3/x^3-1/3*\arccos(a*x)*\ln(1+I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+a*x))+1/3*\arccos(a*x)*\ln(1-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+a*x))+1/3*I*\operatorname{dilog}(1+I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+a*x))-1/3*I*\operatorname{dilog}(1-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+a*x)))$

3.20.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^2/x^4, x)`

3.20.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^2(ax)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**2/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**2/x**4, x)`

3.20.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/3*(6*a*x^3*\operatorname{integrate}(1/3*\sqrt{a*x+1}*\sqrt{-a*x+1}*\arctan2(\sqrt{a*x+1}*\sqrt{-a*x+1}, a*x)/(a^2*x^5-x^3), x) - \arctan2(\sqrt{a*x+1}*\sqrt{-a*x+1}, a*x)^2)/x^3$

3.20.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^4, x)`

3.20.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^2/x^4,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^2/x^4, x)`

3.21 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^5} dx$

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3.21.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^2}{12x^2} + \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{6x^3} + \frac{a^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{3x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4x^4} + \frac{1}{3}a^4\log(x)$$

output `-1/12*a^2/x^2-1/4*arccos(a*x)^2/x^4+1/3*a^4*ln(x)+1/6*a*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^3+1/3*a^3*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x`

3.21.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^2}{12x^2} + \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(1+2a^2x^2)\arccos(ax)}{6x^3} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4x^4} + \frac{1}{3}a^4\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^5,x]`

output `-1/12*a^2/x^2 + (a*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(1 + 2*a^2*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x])/(6*x^3) - ArcCos[a*x]^2/(4*x^4) + (a^4*Log[x])/3`

3.21.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 5205, 15, 5187, 14}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5205} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2}{3}a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{1}{3}a \int \frac{1}{x^3} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2}{3}a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} + \frac{a}{6x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5187} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2}{3}a^2 \left(-a \int \frac{1}{x} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} + \frac{a}{6x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{14} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2}{3}a^2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{x} - a \log(x) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{3x^3} + \frac{a}{6x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4x^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*ArcCos[a*x]^2/x^4 - (a*(a/(6*x^2) - (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(3*x^3) + (2*a^2*(-((Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/x) - a*Log[x]))/3)/2`

3.21.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5187 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5205 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Simp[c^2*((m + 2*p + 3)/(f^2*(m + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1]`

3.21.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$a^4 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4a^4x^4} + \frac{\arccos(ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{6a^3x^3} - \frac{1}{12a^2x^2} + \frac{\arccos(ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{3xa} + \frac{\ln(ax)}{3} \right)$	82
default	$a^4 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4a^4x^4} + \frac{\arccos(ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{6a^3x^3} - \frac{1}{12a^2x^2} + \frac{\arccos(ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{3xa} + \frac{\ln(ax)}{3} \right)$	82

input `int(arccos(a*x)^2/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $a^4*(-1/4*\arccos(ax)^2/a^4/x^4+1/6*\arccos(ax)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/a^3/x^3$
 $-1/12/a^2/x^2+1/3*\arccos(ax)/x/a*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+1/3*\ln(ax))$

3.21.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{4a^4x^4 \log(x) - a^2x^2 + 2(2a^3x^3 + ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax) - 3 \arccos(ax)^2}{12x^4}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/12*(4*a^4*x^4*\log(x) - a^2*x^2 + 2*(2*a^3*x^3 + a*x)*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*$
 $\arccos(a*x) - 3*\arccos(a*x)^2)/x^4$

3.21.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^2(ax)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**2/x**5,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**2/x**5, x)`

3.21.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^5} dx = \frac{1}{12} \left(4a^2 \log(x) - \frac{1}{x^2} \right) a^2 + \frac{1}{6} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^2}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{x^3} \right) a \arccos(ax) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/12*(4*a^2*log(x) - 1/x^2)*a^2 + 1/6*(2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2/x + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/x^3)*a*arccos(a*x) - 1/4*arccos(a*x)^2/x^4`

3.21.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{1}{48} \left(\left(\frac{a^4 + \frac{9(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)^2}{x^2}}{(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)^3|a|} \right) a^6 x^3 - \frac{9(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)a^4}{x} + \frac{(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}|a|+a)^3}{x^3} \right) \arccos(ax) - \frac{4(2a^4 \arccos(ax)^2)}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^2/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/48*(((a^4 + 9*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)^2/x^2)*a^6*x^3/((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)^3*abs(a)) - (9*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)*a^4/x + (sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*abs(a) + a)^3/x^3)/(a^2*abs(a)))*arccos(a*x) - 4*(2*a^4*log(a^2*x^2) - (2*(a^2*x^2 - 1)*a^4 + 3*a^4)/(a^2*x^2))/a)*a - 1/4*a*arccos(a*x)^2/x^4`

3.21.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^2}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^2/x^5,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^2/x^5, x)`

3.22 $\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$

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3.22.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{298\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{375a^5} - \frac{76(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{1125a^5} + \frac{6(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}}{625a^5} - \frac{16x \arccos(ax)}{25a^4} - \frac{8x^3 \arccos(ax)}{75a^2} - \frac{6}{125}x^5 \arccos(ax) - \frac{8\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{25a^5} - \frac{4x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{25a^3} - \frac{3x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{25a} + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3$$

```
output -76/1125*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/a^5+6/625*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(5/2)/a^5-16/25*x*arcco
s(a*x)/a^4-8/75*x^3*arccos(a*x)/a^2-6/125*x^5*arccos(a*x)+1/5*x^5*arccos(a
*x)^3+298/375*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^5-8/25*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
/a^5-4/25*x^2*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-3/25*x^4*arccos(a*x)^2*
(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a
```

3.22.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(2072+136a^2x^2+27a^4x^4) - 30ax(120+20a^2x^2+9a^4x^4)\arccos(ax) - 225\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(8+4a^2x^2+3a^4x^4)\arccos(ax)^2 + 1125a^5x^5\arccos(ax)^3}{5625a^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(2072 + 136*a^2*x^2 + 27*a^4*x^4) - 30*a*x*(120 + 20*a^2*x^2 + 9*a^4*x^4)*ArcCos[a*x] - 225*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(8 + 4*a^2*x^2 + 3*a^4*x^4)*ArcCos[a*x]^2 + 1125*a^5*x^5*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/(5625*a^5)`

3.22.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 303, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.400$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 243, 53, 2009, 5211, 5139, 243, 53, 2009, 5183, 5131, 241}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5139$$

$$\frac{3}{5}a \int \frac{x^5 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3$$

$$\downarrow 5211$$

$$\frac{3}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{2 \int x^4 \arccos(ax) dx}{5a} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3$$

$$\downarrow 5139$$

$$\frac{3}{5}a \left(-\frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{5}a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax) \right)}{5a} + \frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 243 \\
& \frac{3}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax) \right)}{5a} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
& \downarrow 53 \\
& \frac{3}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \int \left(\frac{(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4} + \frac{1}{a^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} \right) dx^2 + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax) \right)}{5a} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{3}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \left(-\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5a^6} + \frac{4(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^6} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax) \right)}{5a} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
& \downarrow 5211 \\
& \frac{3}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \left(-\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5a^6} + \frac{4(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^6} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax) \right)}{5a} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
& \downarrow 5139 \\
& \frac{3}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{3}a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \left(-\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5a^6} + \frac{4(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^6} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax) \right)}{5a} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
& \downarrow 243
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 53

$$\frac{3}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6}a \int \left(\frac{1}{a^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2} \right) dx^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 5183

$$\frac{3}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{2 \int \arccos(ax) dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 5131 \\ \left(\frac{3}{5}a \right) \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{a^2} \right) - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6}a \left(\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4} \right) + \frac{1}{3} \right)}{3a}}{5a^2} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3$$

\downarrow 241

$$\left(\frac{3}{5}a \right) \left(\frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{5a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \left(-\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{5/2}}{5a^6} + \frac{4(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^6} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^6} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax) \right)}{5a} + \frac{4 \left(- \right)}{5} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3$$

input `Int[x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `(x^5*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/5 + (3*a*(-1/5*(x^4*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/a^2 - (2*((a*((-2*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/a^6 + (4*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*a^6) - (2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(5/2))/(5*a^6)))/10 + (x^5*ArcCos[a*x])/5))/(5*a) + (4*(-1/3*(x^2*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/a^2 - (2*((a*((-2*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/a^4 + (2*(1 - a^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*a^4)))/6 + (x^3*ArcCos[a*x])/3))/(3*a) + (2*(-((sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/a^2) - (2*(-(sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/a) + x*ArcCos[a*x]))/a))/(3*a^2)))/(5*a^2))/5`

3.22.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 5211 Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.22.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3 a^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 (3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25} - \frac{6a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax)}{125} + \frac{2(3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{625} - \frac{8a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)}{75}$
default	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3 a^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 (3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{25} - \frac{6a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax)}{125} + \frac{2(3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{625} - \frac{8a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)}{75}$

```
input int(x^4*arccos(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^5*(1/5*arccos(a*x)^3*a^5*x^5-1/25*arccos(a*x)^2*(3*a^4*x^4+4*a^2*x^2+8)
)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6/125*a^5*x^5*arccos(a*x)+2/625*(3*a^4*x^4+4*a^2*x^2+8)
*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-8/75*a^3*x^3*arccos(a*x)+8/225*(a^2*x^2+2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+16/25*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-16/25*a*x*arccos(a*x))
```

3.22.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{1125 a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax)^3 - 30(9 a^5 x^5 + 20 a^3 x^3 + 120 ax) \arccos(ax) + (54 a^4 x^4 + 272 a^2 x^2 - 225(3 a^4 x^4 + 20 a^2 x^2 - 225)) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{5625 a^5}$$

```
input integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```


output $1/5625*(1125*a^5*x^5*\arccos(ax)^3 - 30*(9*a^5*x^5 + 20*a^3*x^3 + 120*a*x)*\arccos(ax) + (54*a^4*x^4 + 272*a^2*x^2 - 225*(3*a^4*x^4 + 4*a^2*x^2 + 8)*\arccos(ax)^2 + 4144)*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1})/a^5$

3.22.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{x^5 \arccos^3(ax)}{5} - \frac{6x^5 \arccos(ax)}{125} - \frac{3x^4 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^2(ax)}{25a} + \frac{6x^4 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{625a} - \frac{8x^3 \arccos(ax)}{75a^2} - \frac{4x^2 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^2(ax)}{25a^3} + \frac{272x^2}{5} \\ \frac{\pi^3 x^5}{40} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**4*acos(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**5*acos(a*x)**3/5 - 6*x**5*acos(a*x)/125 - 3*x**4*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**2/(25*a) + 6*x**4*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(625*a) - 8*x**3*acos(a*x)/(75*a**2) - 4*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**2/(25*a**3) + 272*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(5625*a**3) - 16*x*acos(a*x)/(25*a**4) - 8*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**2/(25*a**5) + 4144*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(5625*a**5), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**3*x**5/40, True))`

3.22.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{1}{5} x^5 \arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{1}{25} \left(\frac{3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} x^4}{a^2} + \frac{4 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} x^2}{a^4} + \frac{8 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^6} \right) a \arccos(ax)^2 + \frac{2}{5625} a \left(\frac{27 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} a^2 x^4 + 136 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} x^2 + \frac{2072 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^2}}{a^4} - \frac{15 (9 a^4 x^5 + 20 a^2 x^3 + 120 x) \arccos(ax)}{a^5} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/5*x^5*\arccos(a*x)^3 - 1/25*(3*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1})*x^4/a^2 + 4*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*x^2/a^4 + 8*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}/a^6)*a*\arccos(a*x)^2 + 2/5625*a*((27*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1})*a^2*x^4 + 136*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*x^2 + 2072*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1})/a^2)/a^4 - 15*(9*a^4*x^5 + 20*a^2*x^3 + 120*x)*\arccos(a*x)/a^5)$

3.22.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{1}{5} x^5 \arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{6}{125} x^5 \arccos(ax) - \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2}{25a} + \frac{6\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^4}{625a} - \frac{8x^3 \arccos(ax)}{75a^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{25a^3} + \frac{272\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2}{5625a^3} - \frac{16x \arccos(ax)}{25a^4} - \frac{8\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)^2}{25a^5} + \frac{4144\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{5625a^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/5*x^5*\arccos(a*x)^3 - 6/125*x^5*\arccos(a*x) - 3/25*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*x^4*\arccos(a*x)^2/a + 6/625*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*x^4/a - 8/75*x^3*\arccos(a*x)/a^2 - 4/25*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*x^2*\arccos(a*x)^2/a^3 + 272/5625*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*x^2/a^3 - 16/25*x*\arccos(a*x)/a^4 - 8/25*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*\arccos(a*x)^2/a^5 + 4144/5625*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}/a^5)$

3.22.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int x^4 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.23 $\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$

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3.23.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{45x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{256a^3} + \frac{3x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{128a} - \frac{9x^2 \arccos(ax)}{32a^2} - \frac{3}{32}x^4 \arccos(ax) - \frac{9x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{32a^3} - \frac{3x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{16a} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^3}{32a^4} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{45 \arcsin(ax)}{256a^4}$$

```
output -9/32*x^2*arccos(a*x)/a^2-3/32*x^4*arccos(a*x)-3/32*arccos(a*x)^3/a^4+1/4*x^4*arccos(a*x)^3-45/256*arcsin(a*x)/a^4+45/256*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3+3/128*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-9/32*x*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-3/16*x^3*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a
```

3.23.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{3ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(15+2a^2x^2) - 24a^2x^2(3+a^2x^2) \arccos(ax) - 24ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3+2a^2x^2) \arccos(ax)^2 + 8}{256a^4}$$

```
input Integrate[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]
```

output $(3ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(15+2a^2x^2) - 24a^2x^2(3+a^2x^2)\text{ArcCos}[ax] - 24a^2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3+2a^2x^2)\text{ArcCos}[ax]^2 + 8(-3+8a^4x^4)\text{ArcCos}[ax]^3 - 45\text{ArcSin}[ax]) / (256a^4)$

3.23.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.100$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 262, 262, 223, 5211, 5139, 262, 223, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}a \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\int x^3 \arccos(ax) dx}{2a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)}{2a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)}{2a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4a^2}}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) \right)}{2a}}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arcsin(ax)}{2a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4a^2}}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) \right)}{2a}}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 5211

$$\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\int x \arccos(ax) dx}{a} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arcsin(ax)}{2a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4a^2}}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) \right)}{2a}}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 5139

$$\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)}{a} + \frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arcsin(ax)}{2a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4a^2}}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) \right)}{2a}}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 262

$$\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)}{a} + \frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\arcsin(ax)}{2a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)}{a}}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 5153

$$\frac{3}{4}a \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} + \frac{3 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{6a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\arcsin(ax)}{2a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)}{a}}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3$$

input `Int[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output $(x^4 \arccos(ax)^3)/4 + (3a(-1/4(x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \arccos(ax)^2)/a^2 - ((x^4 \arccos(ax))/4 + (a(-1/4(x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}))/a^2 + (3(-1/2(x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}))/a^2 + \arcsin(ax)/(2a^3)))/(4a^2)))/4)/(2a) + (3(-1/2(x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \arccos(ax)^2)/a^2 - \arccos(ax)^3/(6a^3) - ((x^2 \arccos(ax))/2 + (a(-1/2(x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}))/a^2 + \arcsin(ax)/(2a^3)))/2)/a)/(4a^2))/4$

3.23.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((f_)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x)) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.23.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^2 (2a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 \arccos(ax))}{32} - \frac{3a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax)}{32} + \frac{3ax(2a^2 x^2 + 3) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{256 a^4}$
default	$\frac{a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax)^3}{4} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^2 (2a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 \arccos(ax))}{32} - \frac{3a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax)}{32} + \frac{3ax(2a^2 x^2 + 3) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{256 a^4}$

input `int(x^3*arccos(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{a^4} \left(\frac{1}{4} a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{3}{32} \arccos(ax)^2 (2a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 3 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{3}{32} a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax) + \frac{3}{256} a x (2a^2 x^2 + 3) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \frac{45}{256} \arccos(ax) - \frac{9}{32} a^2 x^2 \arccos(ax) + \frac{9}{64} a x \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \frac{3}{16} \arccos(ax)^3 \right)$$

3.23.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{8(8a^4 x^4 - 3) \arccos(ax)^3 - 3(8a^4 x^4 + 24a^2 x^2 - 15) \arccos(ax) + 3(2a^3 x^3 - 8(2a^3 x^3 + 3ax) \arccos(ax))}{256 a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{256} (8(8a^4 x^4 - 3) \arccos(ax)^3 - 3(8a^4 x^4 + 24a^2 x^2 - 15) \arccos(ax) + 3(2a^3 x^3 - 8(2a^3 x^3 + 3ax) \arccos(ax)) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}) / a^4$$

3.23.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^4 \arccos^3(ax)}{4} - \frac{3x^4 \arccos(ax)}{32} - \frac{3x^3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^2(ax)}{16a} + \frac{3x^3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{128a} - \frac{9x^2 \arccos(ax)}{32a^2} - \frac{9x \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^2(ax)}{32a^3} + \frac{45x \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{256a^3} \\ \frac{\pi^3 x^4}{32} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*acos(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**4*acos(a*x)**3/4 - 3*x**4*acos(a*x)/32 - 3*x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**2/(16*a) + 3*x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(128*a) - 9*x**2*acos(a*x)/(32*a**2) - 9*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**2/(32*a**3) + 45*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(256*a**3) - 3*acos(a*x)**3/(32*a**4) + 45*acos(a*x)/(256*a**4), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**3*x**4/32, True))`

3.23.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*x^4*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3 - 3*a*integrate(1/4*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^4*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.23.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{3}{32} x^4 \arccos(ax) - \frac{3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{16a} + \frac{3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} x^3}{128a} - \frac{9 x^2 \arccos(ax)}{32 a^2} - \frac{9 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} x \arccos(ax)^2}{32 a^3} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^3}{32 a^4} + \frac{45 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} x}{256 a^3} + \frac{45 \arccos(ax)}{256 a^4}$$

3.23. $\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4}x^4\arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{3}{32}x^4\arccos(ax) - \frac{3}{16}\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^3\arccos(ax)^2/a + \frac{3}{128}\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^3/a - \frac{9}{32}x^2\arccos(ax)/a^2 - \frac{9}{32}\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x\arccos(ax)^2/a^3 - \frac{3}{32}\arccos(ax)^3/a^4 + \frac{45}{256}\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x/a^3 + \frac{45}{256}\arccos(ax)/a^4$

3.23.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.24 $\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$

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3.24.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{14\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{9a^3} - \frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{27a^3} - \frac{4x \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{2}{9}x^3 \arccos(ax) - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^3} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^3$$

output

```
-2/27*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/a^3-4/3*x*arccos(a*x)/a^2-2/9*x^3*arccos(a*x)+1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^3+14/9*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-2/3*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-1/3*x^2*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a
```

3.24.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(20+a^2x^2) - 6ax(6+a^2x^2) \arccos(ax) - 9\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(2+a^2x^2) \arccos(ax)^2 + 9a^3x^3 \arccos(ax)^3}{27a^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]
```

output $(2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]*(20 + a^2*x^2) - 6*a*x*(6 + a^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] - 9*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]*(2 + a^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2 + 9*a^3*x^3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^3)/(27*a^3)$

3.24.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.900$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 243, 53, 2009, 5183, 5131, 241}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \int x^2 \arccos(ax) dx}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{3} a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6} a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6} a \int \left(\frac{1}{a^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2} \right) dx^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 2009

$$a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6} a \left(\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 5183

$$a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{2 \int \arccos(ax) dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6} a \left(\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 5131

$$a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{2 \left(a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax) \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6} a \left(\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3$$

↓ 241

$$a \left(-\frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{a^2} - \frac{2 \left(x \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} \right)}{a} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{1}{6} a \left(\frac{2(1-a^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^4} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3$$

input `Int[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output
$$\frac{(x^3 \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]^3)/3 + a(-1/3(x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}) \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]^2)/a^2 - (2((a(-2\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2})/a^4 + (2(1 - a^2 x^2)^{3/2})/(3a^4)))/6 + (x^3 \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x])/3)/(3a) + (2(-((\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}) \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]^2)/a^2) - (2(-(\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2})/a) + x \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]))/a)/(3a^2)}$$

3.24.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5183 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 5211 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.24.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)^3}{3} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 (a^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} - \frac{4ax \arccos(ax)}{3} - \frac{2a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)}{9} + \frac{2(a^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{27}$
default	$\frac{a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)^3}{3} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 (a^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} - \frac{4ax \arccos(ax)}{3} - \frac{2a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)}{9} + \frac{2(a^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{27}$

```
input int(x^2*arccos(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^3*(1/3*a^3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^3-1/3*arccos(a*x)^2*(a^2*x^2+2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+4/3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-4/3*a*x*arccos(a*x)-2/9*a^3*x^3*arccos(a*x)+2/27*(a^2*x^2+2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
```

3.24.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{9a^3x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 - 6(a^3x^3 + 6ax) \arccos(ax) + (2a^2x^2 - 9(a^2x^2 + 2) \arccos(ax)^2 + 40)\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{27a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/27*(9*a^3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^3 - 6*(a^3*x^3 + 6*a*x)*arccos(a*x) + (2*a^2*x^2 - 9*(a^2*x^2 + 2)*arccos(a*x)^2 + 40)*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))/a^3`**3.24.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 \arccos^3(ax)}{3} - \frac{2x^3 \arccos(ax)}{9} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^2(ax)}{3a} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{27a} - \frac{4x \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^2(ax)}{3a^3} + \frac{40\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{27a^3} \\ \frac{\pi^3 x^3}{24} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*acos(a*x)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((x**3*acos(a*x)**3/3 - 2*x**3*acos(a*x)/9 - x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**2/(3*a) + 2*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(27*a) - 4*x*acos(a*x)/(3*a**2) - 2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**2/(3*a**3) + 40*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(27*a**3), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**3*x**3/24, True))`

3.24.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{1}{3} a \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{a^2} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a^4} \right) \arccos(ax)^2 + \frac{2}{27} a \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2 + \frac{20 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{a^2}}{a^2} - \frac{3(a^2 x^3 + 6x) \arccos(ax)}{a^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^3 - 1/3*a*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/a^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^4)*arccos(a*x)^2 + 2/27*a*((sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2 + 20*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^2)/a^2 - 3*(a^2*x^3 + 6*x)*arccos(a*x)/a^3)`**3.24.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{2}{9} x^3 \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{3a} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{27a} - \frac{4x \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^3} + \frac{40 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{27a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^3 - 2/9*x^3*arccos(a*x) - 1/3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2*a*arccos(a*x)^2/a + 2/27*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/a - 4/3*x*arccos(a*x)/a^2 - 2/3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)^2/a^3 + 40/27*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^3`

3.24.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^3,x)`output `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.25 $\int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx$

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3.25.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{3x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{8a} - \frac{3}{4}x^2 \arccos(ax) - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{4a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{3 \arcsin(ax)}{8a^2}$$

```
output -3/4*x^2*arccos(a*x)-1/4*arccos(a*x)^3/a^2+1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^3-3/8*arcsin(a*x)/a^2+3/8*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-3/4*x*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a
```

3.25.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{3ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 6a^2x^2 \arccos(ax) - 6ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2 + (-2 + 4a^2x^2) \arccos(ax)^3 - 3 \arcsin(ax)}{8a^2}$$

```
input Integrate[x*ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]
```

```
output (3*a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - 6*a^2*x^2*ArcCos[a*x] - 6*a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2 + (-2 + 4*a^2*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x]^3 - 3*ArcSin[a*x])/(8*a^2)
```

3.25.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 262, 223, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\int x \arccos(ax) dx}{a} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)}{a} + \frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)}{a} + \frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\arcsin(ax)}{2a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)}{a} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5153}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}a \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{6a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\arcsin(ax)}{2a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)}{a} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^3$$

input `Int[x*ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/2 + (3*a*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/a^2 - ArcCos[a*x]^3/(6*a^3) - ((x^2*ArcCos[a*x])/2 + (a*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/a^2 + ArcSin[a*x]/(2*a^3)))/2)/a))/2`

3.25.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*(m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m+1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m+1))) Int[(d*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n+1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n+1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5211 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.25.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\arccos(ax)^3 a^2 x^2}{2} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^2 (ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(ax))}{4} - \frac{3 a^2 x^2 \arccos(ax)}{4} + \frac{3 a x \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8} + \frac{3 \arccos(ax)}{8} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{2}}{a^2}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\arccos(ax)^3 a^2 x^2}{2} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^2 (ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(ax))}{4} - \frac{3 a^2 x^2 \arccos(ax)}{4} + \frac{3 a x \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8} + \frac{3 \arccos(ax)}{8} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{2}}{a^2}$

```
input int(x*arccos(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^2*(1/2*arccos(a*x)^3*a^2*x^2-3/4*arccos(a*x)^2*(a*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)
+arccos(a*x))-3/4*a^2*x^2*arccos(a*x)+3/8*a*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*arcco
s(a*x)+1/2*arccos(a*x)^3)
```

3.25.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^2x^2 - 1) \arccos(ax)^3 - 3(2a^2x^2 - 1) \arccos(ax) - 3\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}(2ax \arccos(ax)^2 - ax)}{8a^2}$$

```
input integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 1/8*(2*(2*a^2*x^2 - 1)*arccos(a*x)^3 - 3*(2*a^2*x^2 - 1)*arccos(a*x) - 3*s
qrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(2*a*x*arccos(a*x)^2 - a*x))/a^2
```

3.25.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 \arccos^3(ax)}{2} - \frac{3x^2 \arccos(ax)}{4} - \frac{3x\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^2(ax)}{4a} + \frac{3x\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{8a} - \frac{\arccos^3(ax)}{4a^2} + \frac{3 \arccos(ax)}{8a^2} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi^3 x^2}{16} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*acos(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**2*acos(a*x)**3/2 - 3*x**2*acos(a*x)/4 - 3*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**2/(4*a) + 3*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*a) - acos(a*x)**3/(4*a**2) + 3*acos(a*x)/(8*a**2), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**3*x**2/16, True))`

3.25.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3 - 3*a*integrate(1/2*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.25.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{3}{4} x^2 \arccos(ax) - \frac{3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)^2}{4a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4a^2} + \frac{3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} x}{8a} + \frac{3 \arccos(ax)}{8a^2}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^3 - 3/4*x^2*arccos(a*x) - 3/4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*arccos(a*x)^2/a - 1/4*arccos(a*x)^3/a^2 + 3/8*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x/a + 3/8*arccos(a*x)/a^2`

3.25.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int x \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

input `int(x*acos(a*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x*acos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.26 $\int \arccos(ax)^3 dx$

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3.26.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{6\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} - 6x \arccos(ax) - \frac{3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{a} + x \arccos(ax)^3$$

output `-6*x*arccos(a*x)+x*arccos(a*x)^3+6*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-3*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.26.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{6\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} - 6x \arccos(ax) - \frac{3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{a} + x \arccos(ax)^3$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `(6*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/a - 6*x*ArcCos[a*x] - (3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/a + x*ArcCos[a*x]^3`

3.26.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {5131, 5183, 5131, 241}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \arccos(ax)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & 3a \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & 3a \left(-\frac{2 \int \arccos(ax) dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & 3a \left(-\frac{2 \left(a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax) \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{241} \\
 & 3a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{a^2} - \frac{2 \left(x \arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} \right)}{a} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^3
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `x*ArcCos[a*x]^3 + 3*a*(-((Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/a^2) - (2*(-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/a) + x*ArcCos[a*x]))/a)`

3.26.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 241 `Int[(x_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

3.26.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3 ax - 3 \arccos(ax)^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 6 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 6 ax \arccos(ax)}{a}$	57
default	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3 ax - 3 \arccos(ax)^2 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 6 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 6 ax \arccos(ax)}{a}$	57

input `int(arccos(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a*(arccos(a*x)^3*a*x-3*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+6*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*a*x*arccos(a*x))`

3.26.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{ax \arccos(ax)^3 - 6ax \arccos(ax) - 3\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}(\arccos(ax)^2 - 2)}{a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `(a*x*arccos(a*x)^3 - 6*a*x*arccos(a*x) - 3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(arccos(a*x)^2 - 2))/a`**3.26.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \begin{cases} x \arccos^3(ax) - 6x \arccos(ax) - \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^2(ax)}{a} + \frac{6\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi^3 x}{8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((x*acos(a*x)**3 - 6*x*acos(a*x) - 3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**2/a + 6*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)/a, Ne(a, 0)), (pi**3*x/8, True))`**3.26.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \arccos(ax)^3 dx = x \arccos(ax)^3 - \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{6(ax \arccos(ax) - \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1})}{a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x*arccos(a*x)^3 - 3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)^2/a - 6*(a*x*arccos(a*x) - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1))/a`

3.26.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \arccos(ax)^3 dx = x \arccos(ax)^3 - 6x \arccos(ax) - \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)^2}{a} + \frac{6\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x*arccos(a*x)^3 - 6*x*arccos(a*x) - 3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)^2/a + 6*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a`

3.26.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x\pi^3}{8} & \text{if } a = 0 \\ -x(6\arccos(ax) - \arccos(ax)^3) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(3\arccos(ax)^2-6)}{a} & \text{if } a \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^3,x)`

output `piecewise(a == 0, (x*pi^3)/8, a ~= 0, - x*(6*acos(a*x) - acos(a*x)^3) - ((- a^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2)*(3*acos(a*x)^2 - 6))/a)`

3.27 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx$

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3.27.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{4}i \arccos(ax)^4 + \arccos(ax)^3 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{3}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + \frac{3}{2} \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + \frac{3}{4}i \text{PolyLog}(4, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

output `-1/4*I*arccos(a*x)^4+arccos(a*x)^3*ln(1+(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-3/2*I*arccos(a*x)^2*polylog(2,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+3/2*arccos(a*x)*polylog(3,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+3/4*I*polylog(4,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)`

3.27.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{4}i \arccos(ax)^4 + \arccos(ax)^3 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{3}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + \frac{3}{2} \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + \frac{3}{4}i \text{PolyLog}(4, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^3/x,x]`

output `(-1/4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^4 + ArcCos[a*x]^3*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] - ((3*I)/2)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] + (3*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])])/2 + ((3*I)/4)*PolyLog[4, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]`

3.27.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5137, 3042, 4202, 2620, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5137} \\
 & - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{ax} d \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \int \arccos(ax)^3 \tan(\arccos(ax)) d \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4202} \\
 & 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)^3}{1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{4} i \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2i \left(\frac{3}{2} i \int \arccos(ax)^2 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax)^3 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4} i \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & 2i \left(\frac{3}{2} i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - i \int \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) d \arccos(ax) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{1}{4} i \arccos(ax)^4 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 7163

$$2i \left(\frac{3}{2}i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax) \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{1}{4}i \arccos(ax)^4 \right) \right.$$

↓ 2720

$$2i \left(\frac{3}{2}i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - i \left(\frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2i \arccos(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) de^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{1}{4}i \arccos(ax)^4 \right) \right.$$

↓ 7143

$$2i \left(\frac{3}{2}i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - i \left(\frac{1}{4} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(4, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \frac{1}{4}i \arccos(ax)^4 \right) \right) \right.$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^3/x,x]`

output `(-1/4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^4 + (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^3*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] + ((3*I)/2)*((I/2)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]) - I*(-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] + PolyLog[4, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]/4))`

3.27.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x)) *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4202 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5137 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcCos[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^(m_)*PolyLog[n_, (d_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(p_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.27.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{i \arccos(ax)^4}{4} + \arccos(ax)^3 \ln\left(1 + (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2\right) - \frac{3i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -(i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)\right)}{2}$
default	$-\frac{i \arccos(ax)^4}{4} + \arccos(ax)^3 \ln\left(1 + (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2\right) - \frac{3i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{polylog}\left(2, -(i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)\right)}{2}$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*I*arccos(a*x)^4+arccos(a*x)^3*ln(1+(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)-3/2*I*arccos(a*x)^2*polylog(2,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)+3/2*arccos(a*x)*polylog(3,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)+3/4*I*polylog(4,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)`

3.27.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^3/x, x)`

3.27.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^3(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**3/x,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**3/x, x)`

3.27.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x, x)`

3.27.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x, x)`

3.27.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} dx$$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^3/x,x)`

output `int(arccos(a*x)^3/x, x)`

3.28 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx$

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3.28.8	Giac [F]	256
3.28.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	256

3.28.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} - 6ia \arccos(ax)^2 \arctan(e^{i \arccos(ax)}) + 6ia \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - 6ia \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - 6a \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) + 6a \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

output

```
-arccos(a*x)^3/x-6*I*a*arccos(a*x)^2*arctan(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+6*I*a*arccos(a*x)*polylog(2,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-6*I*a*arccos(a*x)*polylog(2,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-6*a*polylog(3,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+6*a*polylog(3,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

3.28.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} + 3a(\arccos(ax))^2 (\log(1 - ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - \log(1 + ie^{i \arccos(ax)})) + 2i \arccos(ax) (\text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})) - 2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) + 2 \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^2,x]`

output `-(ArcCos[a*x]^3/x) + 3*a*(ArcCos[a*x]^2*(Log[1 - I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]) + (2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]*(PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]) - 2*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + 2*PolyLog[3, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])])`

3.28.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$, Rules used = {5139, 5219, 3042, 4669, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -3a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5219} \\
 & 3a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{ax} d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 3a \int \arccos(ax)^2 \csc\left(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4669} \\
 & -\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} + \\
 & 3a \left(-2 \int \arccos(ax) \log\left(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) d\arccos(ax) + 2 \int \arccos(ax) \log\left(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) d\arccos(ax) - 2i \int \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) d\arccos(ax) + 2i \int \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) d\arccos(ax) \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & -\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} + \\
 & 3a \left(2 \left(i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) - i \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) d\arccos(ax) \right) - 2 \left(i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) - i \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\right) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 2720 \\
-\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} + \\
3a \left(2 \left(i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \int e^{-i \arccos(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)} \right) de^{i \arccos(ax)} \right) - 2 \left(i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \int e^{-i \arccos(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)} \right) de^{i \arccos(ax)} \right) \right) \\
\downarrow 7143 \\
-\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x} + \\
3a \left(-2i \arccos(ax)^2 \arctan \left(e^{i \arccos(ax)} \right) + 2 \left(i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)} \right) \right) \right)
\end{array}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^2,x]`

output `-(ArcCos[a*x]^3/x) + 3*a*((-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]) + 2*(I*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]) - 2*(I*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - PolyLog[3, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])])`

3.28.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x)) *(F_) [v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`

rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(- (f + g*x)^m)*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 4669 Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f)
  Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f)
  Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
  && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
  /((d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
  *x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5219 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*
  (x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d
  + e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]^m, x], x, ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
  && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n, p}, x]
  && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.28.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx$$

```
input int(arccos(a*x)^3/x^2,x)
```

```
output int(arccos(a*x)^3/x^2,x)
```

3.28.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^3/x^2, x)`

3.28.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^3(ax)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**3/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**3/x**2, x)`

3.28.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3 - 3*a*x*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2/(a^2*x^3 - x), x))/x`

3.28.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^2, x)`

3.28.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^3/x^2,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^3/x^2, x)`

3.29 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx$

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3.29.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3}{2}ia^2 \arccos(ax)^2 + \frac{3a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} + 3a^2 \arccos(ax) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{3}{2}ia^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

```
output -3/2*I*a^2*arccos(a*x)^2-1/2*arccos(a*x)^3/x^2+3*a^2*arccos(a*x)*ln(1+(a*x
+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-3/2*I*a^2*polylog(2,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^
2)+3/2*a*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x
```

3.29.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{3a(-iax + \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \arccos(ax)^2}{x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2} + 6a^2 \arccos(ax) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - 3ia^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) \right)$$

```
input Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^3,x]
```

```
output ((3*a*((-I)*a*x + Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/x - ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^2
+ 6*a^2*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] - (3*I)*a^2*PolyLog[2,
-E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])])/2
```

3.29.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5139, 5187, 5137, 3042, 4202, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5187} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}a \left(-2a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{x} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5137} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}a \left(2a \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{ax} d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{x} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{3}{2}a \left(2a \int \arccos(ax) \tan(\arccos(ax)) d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{x} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4202} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{x} + 2a \left(\frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 - 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)}{1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{x} + 2a \left(\frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 - 2i \left(\frac{1}{2}i \int \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{x} + 2a \left(\frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 - 2i \left(\frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2i \arccos(ax)} \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) de^{2i \arccos(ax)} - \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} - \frac{3}{2}a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{x} + 2a \left(\frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax)^2 - 2i \left(-\frac{1}{4} \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}i \arccos(ax) \log(1 + \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^2 - (3*a*(-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/x) + 2*a*((I/2)*ArcCos[a*x]^2 - (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]) - PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]/4)))/2`

3.29.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4202 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5137 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcCos[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5187 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.29.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2(-3ia^2x^2 - 3ax\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + \arccos(ax))}{2a^2x^2} - 3i \arccos(ax)^2 + 3 \arccos(ax) \ln(1 + \dots) \right)$
default	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2(-3ia^2x^2 - 3ax\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + \arccos(ax))}{2a^2x^2} - 3i \arccos(ax)^2 + 3 \arccos(ax) \ln(1 + \dots) \right)$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*(-1/2*arccos(a*x)^2*(-3*I*a^2*x^2-3*a*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+arccos(a*x)))/a^2/x^2-3*I*arccos(a*x)^2+3*arccos(a*x)*ln(1+(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)-3/2*I*polylog(2,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)`

3.29.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^3/x^3, x)`

3.29.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^3(ax)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**3/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**3/x**3, x)`

3.29.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(6*a*x^2*integrate(1/2*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2/(a^2*x^4 - x^2), x) - arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3)/x^2`

3.29.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^3, x)`

3.29.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^3/x^3,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^3/x^3, x)`

3.30 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx$

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3.30.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	270

3.30.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 192

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2 \arccos(ax)}{x} + \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3} - ia^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \arctan(e^{i \arccos(ax)}) + a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) + ia^3 \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - ia^3 \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - a^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) + a^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

output

```
-a^2*arccos(a*x)/x-1/3*arccos(a*x)^3/x^3-I*a^3*arccos(a*x)^2*arctan(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+a^3*arctanh((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+I*a^3*arccos(a*x)*polylog(2,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-I*a^3*arccos(a*x)*polylog(2,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-a^3*polylog(3,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+a^3*polylog(3,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+1/2*a*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2
```


3.30.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx = a^3 \left(-i \arccos(ax)^2 \arctan(e^{i \arccos(ax)}) + \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \right. \\ \left. + i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. - i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. + \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right) \\ - \frac{\arccos(ax) (12a^2x^2 + 4 \arccos(ax)^2 - 3 \arccos(ax) \sin(2 \arccos(ax)))}{12x^3}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^4,x]`

output `a^3*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]] + I*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - I*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + PolyLog[3, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]) - (ArcCos[a*x]*(12*a^2*x^2 + 4*ArcCos[a*x]^2 - 3*ArcCos[a*x]*Sin[2*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(12*x^3)`

3.30.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.200$, Rules used = {5139, 5205, 5139, 243, 73, 221, 5219, 3042, 4669, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx \\ \downarrow 5139 \\ -a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3} \\ \downarrow 5205 \\ -a \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^2} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3}$$

↓ 5139

$$-a \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - a \left(-a \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3}$$

↓ 243

$$-a \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - a \left(-\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3}$$

↓ 73

$$-a \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - a \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{a^2} - \frac{x^4}{a^2}} d\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3}$$

↓ 221

$$-a \left(\frac{1}{2} a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - a \left(a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3}$$

↓ 5219

$$-a \left(-\frac{1}{2} a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{ax} d \arccos(ax) - a \left(a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3}$$

↓ 3042

$$-a \left(-\frac{1}{2} a^2 \int \arccos(ax)^2 \csc \left(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \arccos(ax) - a \left(a \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3}$$

↓ 4669

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3} - \\
& a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(-2 \int \arccos(ax) \log(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) + 2 \int \arccos(ax) \log(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
& \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3} - \\
& a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(2 \left(i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) - i \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) - 2 \left(i \arccos(ax) \right. \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
& \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3} - \\
& a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(2 \left(i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) - \int e^{-i\arccos(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) de^{i\arccos(ax)} \right) \right) - \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
& \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3} - \\
& a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(-2i \arccos(ax)^2 \arctan(e^{i\arccos(ax)}) + 2 \left(i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) - \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^3 - a*(-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/x^2 - a*(-(ArcCos[a*x]/x) + a*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]]) - (a^2*((-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + 2*(I*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]]) - PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]])] - 2*(I*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - PolyLog[3, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])])))/2)`

3.30.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`
- rule 3011 `Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 4669 `Int[csc[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x]) /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

```
rule 5205 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Simp[c^2*((m + 2*p + 3)/(f^2*(m + 1))
) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*
c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(
1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5219 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*
(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[
d + e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*cos[x]^m, x], x, ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.30.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 256, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
derivativedivides	$a^3 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax) \left(-3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)ax+2\arccos(ax)^2+6a^2x^2 \right)}{6a^3x^3} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 \ln \left(1+i \left(i\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}+ax \right) \right)}{2} \right)$
default	$a^3 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax) \left(-3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)ax+2\arccos(ax)^2+6a^2x^2 \right)}{6a^3x^3} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 \ln \left(1+i \left(i\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}+ax \right) \right)}{2} \right)$

```
input int(arccos(a*x)^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^3*(-1/6/a^3/x^3*arccos(a*x)*(-3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)*a*x+2*arc
cos(a*x)^2+6*a^2*x^2)-1/2*arccos(a*x)^2*ln(1+I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))
+I*arccos(a*x)*polylog(2,-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))-polylog(3,-I*(I*(-
a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))+1/2*arccos(a*x)^2*ln(1-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x
))-I*arccos(a*x)*polylog(2,I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))+polylog(3,I*(I*(-a
^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))-2*I*arctan(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))
```

3.30.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^3/x^4, x)`

3.30.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^3(ax)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**3/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**3/x**4, x)`

3.30.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(3*a*x^3*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2/(a^2*x^5 - x^3), x) - arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3)/x^3`

3.30.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^4, x)`

3.30.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^3/x^4,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^3/x^4, x)`

3.31 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx$

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3.31.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx = \frac{a^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4x} - \frac{a^2 \arccos(ax)}{4x^2} - \frac{1}{2}ia^4 \arccos(ax)^2 + \frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{4x^3} + \frac{a^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{2x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4} + a^4 \arccos(ax) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}ia^4 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

output

```
-1/4*a^2*arccos(a*x)/x^2-1/2*I*a^4*arccos(a*x)^2-1/4*arccos(a*x)^3/x^4+a^4*arccos(a*x)*ln(1+(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-1/2*I*a^4*polylog(2,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+1/4*a^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x+1/4*a*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^3+1/2*a^3*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x
```

3.31.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx = \frac{a^3x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + ax(-2ia^3x^3 + \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + 2a^2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \arccos(ax)^2 - \arccos(ax)^3 + a^2x^2 \arccos(ax)}{4x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^5,x]
```


output $(a^3 x^3 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} + a x ((-2I) a^3 x^3 + \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} + 2 a^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}) \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]^2 - \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]^3 + a^2 x^2 \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x] * (-1 + 4 a^2 x^2 \operatorname{Log}[1 + E^{((2I) \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x])}]) - (2I) a^4 x^4 \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -E^{((2I) \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x])}]) / (4 x^4)$

3.31.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.100$, Rules used = {5139, 5205, 5139, 242, 5187, 5137, 3042, 4202, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^4 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5205} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} a \left(\frac{2}{3} a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{2}{3} a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x^3} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} a \left(\frac{2}{3} a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{2}{3} a \left(-\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{242} \\
 & -\frac{3}{4} a \left(\frac{2}{3} a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{2}{3} a \left(\frac{a \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{2x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{3x^3} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5187}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\frac{3}{4}a\left(\frac{2}{3}a^2\left(-2a\int\frac{\arccos(ax)}{x}dx-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^2}{x}\right)-\frac{2}{3}a\left(\frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x}-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}\right)-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^3}{3x^3}\right)$$

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4}$$

↓ 5137

$$-\frac{3}{4}a\left(\frac{2}{3}a^2\left(2a\int\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{ax}d\arccos(ax)-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^2}{x}\right)-\frac{2}{3}a\left(\frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x}-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}\right)\right)$$

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4}$$

↓ 3042

$$-\frac{3}{4}a\left(\frac{2}{3}a^2\left(2a\int\arccos(ax)\tan(\arccos(ax))d\arccos(ax)-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^2}{x}\right)-\frac{2}{3}a\left(\frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x}-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}\right)\right)$$

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4}$$

↓ 4202

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4}-$$

$$\frac{3}{4}a\left(\frac{2}{3}a^2\left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^2}{x}+2a\left(\frac{1}{2}i\arccos(ax)^2-2i\int\frac{e^{2i\arccos(ax)}\arccos(ax)}{1+e^{2i\arccos(ax)}}d\arccos(ax)\right)\right)-\frac{2}{3}a\left(\frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x}-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}\right)\right)$$

↓ 2620

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4}-$$

$$\frac{3}{4}a\left(\frac{2}{3}a^2\left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^2}{x}+2a\left(\frac{1}{2}i\arccos(ax)^2-2i\left(\frac{1}{2}i\int\log(1+e^{2i\arccos(ax)})d\arccos(ax)-\frac{1}{2}i\arccos(ax)\log(1+e^{2i\arccos(ax)})\right)\right)\right)-\frac{2}{3}a\left(\frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x}-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}\right)\right)$$

↓ 2715

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4}-$$

$$\frac{3}{4}a\left(\frac{2}{3}a^2\left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^2}{x}+2a\left(\frac{1}{2}i\arccos(ax)^2-2i\left(\frac{1}{4}\int e^{-2i\arccos(ax)}\log(1+e^{2i\arccos(ax)})de^{2i\arccos(ax)}-\frac{1}{4}\arccos(ax)\log(1+e^{2i\arccos(ax)})\right)\right)\right)-\frac{2}{3}a\left(\frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x}-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}\right)\right)$$

↓ 2838

$$\frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{4x^4}-$$

$$\frac{3}{4}a\left(\frac{2}{3}a^2\left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^2}{x}+2a\left(\frac{1}{2}i\arccos(ax)^2-2i\left(-\frac{1}{4}\text{PolyLog}\left(2,-e^{2i\arccos(ax)}\right)-\frac{1}{2}i\arccos(ax)\log(1+e^{2i\arccos(ax)})\right)\right)\right)-\frac{2}{3}a\left(\frac{a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2x}-\frac{\arccos(ax)}{2x^2}\right)\right)$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^5,x]`

output `-1/4*ArcCos[a*x]^3/x^4 - (3*a*(-1/3*(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/x^3 - (2*a*((a*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(2*x) - ArcCos[a*x]/(2*x^2)))/3 + (2*a^2*(-(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/x) + 2*a*((I/2)*ArcCos[a*x]^2 - (2*I)*(-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]) - PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]/4)))/3)/4`

3.31.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2715 `Int[Log[(a_) + (b_.)*((F_)^((e_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 2838 `Int[Log[(c_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(n_.))]/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 4202 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5137 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcCos[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5187 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5205 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Simp[c^2*((m + 2*p + 3)/(f^2*(m + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1]`

3.31.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
derivativedivides	$a^4 \left(-\frac{-2i \arccos(ax)^2 a^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)^2 a^3 x^3 - ia^4 x^4 - \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)^2 ax - a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + a^4}{4a^4 x^4} \right)$
default	$a^4 \left(-\frac{-2i \arccos(ax)^2 a^4 x^4 - 2\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)^2 a^3 x^3 - ia^4 x^4 - \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)^2 ax - a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + a^4}{4a^4 x^4} \right)$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^3/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.31. $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx$

output $a^4*(-1/4*(-2*I*\arccos(ax)^2*a^4*x^4-2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\arccos(ax)^2*a^3*x^3-I*a^4*x^4-(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\arccos(ax)^2*a*x-a^3*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+\arccos(ax)^3+a^2*x^2*\arccos(ax))/a^4/x^4-I*\arccos(ax)^2+\arccos(ax)*\ln(1+(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+a*x)^2)-1/2*I*\text{polylog}(2,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+a*x)^2))$

3.31.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^3/x^5, x)`

3.31.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^3(ax)}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**3/x**5,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**3/x**5, x)`

3.31.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/4*(12*a*x^4*\text{integrate}(1/4*\text{sqrt}(a*x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(-a*x + 1)*\text{arctan2}(\text{sqrt}(a*x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2/(a^2*x^6 - x^4), x) - \text{arctan2}(\text{sqrt}(a*x + 1)*\text{sqrt}(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3)/x^4$

3.31.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^3/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.31.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^5} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^3/x^5,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^3/x^5, x)`

3.32 $\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$

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3.32.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{245x^2}{1152a^4} + \frac{65x^4}{3456a^2} + \frac{x^6}{324} + \frac{245x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{576a^5}$$

$$+ \frac{65x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{864a^3} + \frac{x^5\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{54a}$$

$$+ \frac{245 \arccos(ax)^2}{1152a^6} - \frac{5x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{16a^4} - \frac{5x^4 \arccos(ax)^2}{48a^2}$$

$$- \frac{1}{18}x^6 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{5x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{24a^5}$$

$$- \frac{5x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{36a^3} - \frac{x^5\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{9a}$$

$$- \frac{5 \arccos(ax)^4}{96a^6} + \frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4$$

output `245/1152*x^2/a^4+65/3456*x^4/a^2+1/324*x^6+245/1152*arccos(a*x)^2/a^6-5/16*x^2*arccos(a*x)^2/a^4-5/48*x^4*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2-1/18*x^6*arccos(a*x)^2-5/96*arccos(a*x)^4/a^6+1/6*x^6*arccos(a*x)^4+245/576*x*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^5+65/864*x^3*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3+1/54*x^5*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-5/24*x*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^5-5/36*x^3*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-1/9*x^5*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.32.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 x^2 (2205 + 195 a^2 x^2 + 32 a^4 x^4) + 6 a x \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} (735 + 130 a^2 x^2 + 32 a^4 x^4) \arccos(ax) - 9(-245 + 360 a^2 x^2 + 120 a^4 x^4 + 64 a^6 x^6) \arccos(ax)^2 - 144 a x \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} (15 + 10 a^2 x^2 + 8 a^4 x^4) \arccos(ax)^3 + 108(-5 + 16 a^6 x^6) \arccos(ax)^4}{10368 a^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^5*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output $(a^2 x^2 (2205 + 195 a^2 x^2 + 32 a^4 x^4) + 6 a x \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} (735 + 130 a^2 x^2 + 32 a^4 x^4) \arccos(ax) - 9(-245 + 360 a^2 x^2 + 120 a^4 x^4 + 64 a^6 x^6) \arccos(ax)^2 - 144 a x \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} (15 + 10 a^2 x^2 + 8 a^4 x^4) \arccos(ax)^3 + 108(-5 + 16 a^6 x^6) \arccos(ax)^4) / (10368 a^6)$

3.32.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 2.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.300$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 5211, 15, 5139, 5211, 15, 5139, 5153, 5211, 15, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5139$$

$$\frac{2}{3} a \int \frac{x^6 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{6} x^6 \arccos(ax)^4$$

$$\downarrow 5211$$

$$\frac{2}{3} a \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}} dx}{6 a^2} - \frac{\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{2 a} - \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{6 a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{6} x^6 \arccos(ax)^4$$

$$\downarrow 5139$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2}{3}a \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{3}a \int \frac{x^6 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^2}{2a} + \frac{5 \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{6a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
& \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{4a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{4a^2} \right)}{6a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{3}a \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{\int x^5 dx}{6a} - \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{6a^2} \right)}{2a} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{15} \\
& \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{4a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{4a^2} \right)}{6a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{3}a \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{6a^2} \right)}{2a} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
& \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{4a^2} \right)}{6a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{3}a \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{6a^2} - \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{6a^2} \right)}{2a} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{5211}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}a \left(5 \frac{\left(3 \frac{\left(\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - 3 \int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - 3 \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\int x^3 dx}{4a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) \right)}{4a} \right)}{6a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{2}{3}a \left(5 \frac{\left(3 \frac{\left(\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - 3 \int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - 3 \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^4}{16a} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) \right)}{4a} \right)}{6a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5139

$$\frac{2}{3}a \left(5 \frac{\left(3 \frac{\left(-\frac{3 \left(a \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - 3 \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax) \right)}{4a} \right)}{6a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5153

$$\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{\frac{1}{3}a \left(5 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax) dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^4}{16a} \right)}{6a^2} - \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{6a^2} - \frac{x^6}{36a} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^2}{2a} + \frac{3}{5} \left(\dots \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5211

$$\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{\frac{1}{3}a \left(5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \arccos(ax) dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} - \frac{\int x dx}{2a} - \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^4}{16a} \right)}{6a^2} - \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{6a^2} - \frac{x^6}{36a} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^2}{2a} + \frac{3}{5} \left(\dots \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 15

$$\left(\frac{2}{3}a \left[\frac{\frac{1}{3}a \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^4}{16a} \right)}{6a^2} - \frac{x^5\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{6a^2} - \frac{x^6}{36a} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)}{2a} \right] \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5153

$$\left(\frac{2}{3}a \left[-\frac{x^5\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{6a^2} + \frac{5 \left(-\frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{4a^2} + \frac{3 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{8a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} - 3 \left(a \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \right) \right)}{4a^2} \right)}{4a^2} \right] \right.$$

$$\frac{1}{6}x^6 \arccos(ax)^4$$

input `Int[x^5*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

```
output (x^6*ArcCos[a*x]^4)/6 + (2*a*(-1/6*(x^5*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/a
^2 - ((x^6*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/6 + (a*(-1/36*x^6/a - (x^5*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Arc
Cos[a*x]))/(6*a^2) + (5*(-1/16*x^4/a - (x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/
(4*a^2) + (3*(-1/4*x^2/a - (x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(2*a^2) - Arc
Cos[a*x]^2/(4*a^3)))/(4*a^2)))/(6*a^2))/3)/(2*a) + (5*(-1/4*(x^3*Sqrt[1 -
a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/a^2 - (3*((x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/4 + (a*(-1/16*x^4/a
- (x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(4*a^2) + (3*(-1/4*x^2/a - (x*Sqrt[
1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(2*a^2) - ArcCos[a*x]^2/(4*a^3)))/(4*a^2)))/2)/
(4*a) + (3*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/a^2 - ArcCos[a*x]^4/(
8*a^3) - (3*((x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/2 + a*(-1/4*x^2/a - (x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*
ArcCos[a*x]))/(2*a^2) - ArcCos[a*x]^2/(4*a^3)))/(2*a)))/(4*a^2)))/(6*a^2)
)/3
```

3.32.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 15 Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[
{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5153 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]
]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^
2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5211 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.32.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^4 a^6 x^6}{6} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3 (8\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} a^5 x^5 + 10a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 15ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 15 \arccos(ax))}{72} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 a^6 x^6}{18} + \dots$
default	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^4 a^6 x^6}{6} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^3 (8\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} a^5 x^5 + 10a^3 x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 15ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 15 \arccos(ax))}{72} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 a^6 x^6}{18} + \dots$

input `int(x^5*arccos(a*x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{a^6} \left(\frac{1}{6} \arccos(ax)^4 a^6 x^6 - \frac{1}{72} \arccos(ax)^3 (8(-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} a^5 x^5 + 10a^3 x^3 (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + 15a^2 x^2 (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + 15 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{1}{18} \arccos(ax)^2 a^6 x^6 + \frac{1}{432} \arccos(ax) (8(-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} a^5 x^5 + 10a^3 x^3 (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + 15a^2 x^2 (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + 15 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{245}{1152} \arccos(ax)^2 + \frac{1}{324} a^6 x^6 + \frac{5}{864} a^4 x^4 + \frac{25}{144} a^2 x^2 - \frac{5}{4} 8a^4 x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 + \frac{5}{192} \arccos(ax) (2a^3 x^3 (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + 3a^2 x^2 (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + 3 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{5}{1536} (2a^2 x^2 + 3)^2 - \frac{5}{16} a^2 x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 + \frac{5}{16} \arccos(ax) (a^2 x^2 (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + \arccos(ax)) - \frac{5}{32} + \frac{5}{32} \arccos(ax)^4 \right)$$

3.32.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{32 a^6 x^6 + 195 a^4 x^4 + 108 (16 a^6 x^6 - 5) \arccos(ax)^4 + 2205 a^2 x^2 - 9 (64 a^6 x^6 + 120 a^4 x^4 + 360 a^2 x^2 - 245) \arccos(ax)^2 - 6 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} (24 (8 a^5 x^5 + 10 a^3 x^3 + 15 a^2 x^2) \arccos(ax)^3 - (32 a^5 x^5 + 130 a^3 x^3 + 735 a^2 x^2) \arccos(ax))}{a^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{10368} (32 a^6 x^6 + 195 a^4 x^4 + 108 (16 a^6 x^6 - 5) \arccos(ax)^4 + 2205 a^2 x^2 - 9 (64 a^6 x^6 + 120 a^4 x^4 + 360 a^2 x^2 - 245) \arccos(ax)^2 - 6 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} (24 (8 a^5 x^5 + 10 a^3 x^3 + 15 a^2 x^2) \arccos(ax)^3 - (32 a^5 x^5 + 130 a^3 x^3 + 735 a^2 x^2) \arccos(ax))) / a^6$$

3.32.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^6 \arccos^4(ax)}{6} - \frac{x^6 \arccos^2(ax)}{18} + \frac{x^6}{324} - \frac{x^5 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos^3(ax)}{9a} + \frac{x^5 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{54a} - \frac{5x^4 \arccos^2(ax)}{48a^2} + \frac{65x^4}{3456a^2} - \frac{5x^3 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3456a^2} \\ \frac{\pi^4 x^6}{96} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**5*acos(a*x)**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**6*acos(a*x)**4/6 - x**6*acos(a*x)**2/18 + x**6/324 - x**5*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/(9*a) + x**5*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(54*a) - 5*x**4*acos(a*x)**2/(48*a**2) + 65*x**4/(3456*a**2) - 5*x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/(36*a**3) + 65*x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(864*a**3) - 5*x**2*acos(a*x)**2/(16*a**4) + 245*x**2/(1152*a**4) - 5*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/(24*a**5) + 245*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(576*a**5) - 5*acos(a*x)**4/(96*a**6) + 245*acos(a*x)**2/(1152*a**6), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**4*x**6/96, True))`

3.32.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^5*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*x^6*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^4 - 2*a*integrate(1/3*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^6*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.32.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{1}{6} x^6 \arccos(ax)^4 - \frac{1}{18} x^6 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^5 \arccos(ax)^3}{9a} + \frac{1}{324} x^6 + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^5 \arccos(ax)}{54a} - \frac{5x^4 \arccos(ax)^2}{48a^2} - \frac{5\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^3 \arccos(ax)^3}{36a^3} + \frac{65x^4}{3456a^2} + \frac{65\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^3 \arccos(ax)}{864a^3} - \frac{5x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{16a^4} - \frac{5\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x \arccos(ax)^3}{24a^5} + \frac{245x^2}{1152a^4} - \frac{5 \arccos(ax)^4}{96a^6} + \frac{245\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x \arccos(ax)}{576a^5} + \frac{245 \arccos(ax)^2}{1152a^6} - \frac{9485}{82944a^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*x^6*arccos(a*x)^4 - 1/18*x^6*arccos(a*x)^2 - 1/9*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5*arccos(a*x)^3/a + 1/324*x^6 + 1/54*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5*arccos(a*x)/a - 5/48*x^4*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2 - 5/36*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3*arccos(a*x)^3/a^3 + 65/3456*x^4/a^2 + 65/864*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3*arccos(a*x)/a^3 - 5/16*x^2*arccos(a*x)^2/a^4 - 5/24*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*arccos(a*x)^3/a^5 + 245/1152*x^2/a^4 - 5/96*arccos(a*x)^4/a^6 + 245/576*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*arccos(a*x)/a^5 + 245/1152*arccos(a*x)^2/a^6 - 9485/82944/a^6`**3.32.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int x^5 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^4 dx$$

input `int(x^5*acos(a*x)^4,x)`output `int(x^5*acos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.33 $\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$

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3.33.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{16576x}{5625a^4} + \frac{1088x^3}{16875a^2} + \frac{24x^5}{3125} + \frac{16576\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{5625a^5}$$

$$+ \frac{1088x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{5625a^3} + \frac{24x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{625a}$$

$$- \frac{32x \arccos(ax)^2}{25a^4} - \frac{16x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{75a^2} - \frac{12}{125}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2$$

$$- \frac{32\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{75a^5} - \frac{16x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{75a^3}$$

$$- \frac{4x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{25a} + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

output `16576/5625*x/a^4+1088/16875*x^3/a^2+24/3125*x^5-32/25*x*arccos(a*x)^2/a^4-16/75*x^3*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2-12/125*x^5*arccos(a*x)^2+1/5*x^5*arccos(a*x)^4+16576/5625*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^5+1088/5625*x^2*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3+24/625*x^4*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-32/75*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^5-16/75*x^2*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-4/25*x^4*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.33.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{8ax(31080 + 680a^2x^2 + 81a^4x^4) + 120\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}(2072 + 136a^2x^2 + 27a^4x^4) \arccos(ax) - 900ax(120 + 20a^2x^2 + 9a^4x^4) \arccos(ax)^2 - 4500\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}(8 + 4a^2x^2 + 3a^4x^4) \arccos(ax)^3 + 16875a^5x^5 \arccos(ax)^4}{84375a^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`output `(8*a*x*(31080 + 680*a^2*x^2 + 81*a^4*x^4) + 120*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(2072 + 136*a^2*x^2 + 27*a^4*x^4)*ArcCos[a*x] - 900*a*x*(120 + 20*a^2*x^2 + 9*a^4*x^4)*ArcCos[a*x]^2 - 4500*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(8 + 4*a^2*x^2 + 3*a^4*x^4)*ArcCos[a*x]^3 + 16875*a^5*x^5*ArcCos[a*x]^4)/(84375*a^5)`**3.33.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 416, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.400$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 5211, 15, 5139, 5183, 5131, 5183, 24, 5211, 15, 5183, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}a \int \frac{x^5 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

$$\downarrow \text{5211}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{3 \int x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{5a} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{5a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{2}{5}a \int \frac{x^5 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{5a} + \frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{5a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5211

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\int x^4 dx}{5a} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a} \right) \right)}{5a} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{5a^2} \right) \right)}{5a} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5139

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a} \right) \right)}{5a} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5183

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a} \right) \right)}{5a} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5131

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(2a \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5183

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(2a \left(-\frac{\int 1 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{4 \left(-\frac{\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} - \frac{3 \left(2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{x}{a} \right) \right)}{a} \right)}{3a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5211

$$\left(\frac{4}{5}a \right) \left(\frac{4}{\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\int x^2 dx}{3a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{5a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 15

$$\left(\frac{4}{5}a \right) \left(\frac{4}{\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^3}{9a} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right)}{5a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5183

$$\left(\frac{4}{5}a \right) \left(\frac{4}{\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{\int 1 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^3}{9a} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^2} \right)}{5a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(-\frac{x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^3}{5a^2} + \frac{4 \left(-\frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} - \frac{3 \left(2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{x}{a} \right) + x \arccos(ax)}{a} \right)}{3a^2} \right)}{5a} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5\arccos(ax)^4$$

input `Int[x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output `(x^5*ArcCos[a*x]^4)/5 + (4*a*(-1/5*(x^4*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/a^2 - (3*((x^5*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/5 + (2*a*(-1/25*x^5/a - (x^4*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(5*a^2) + (4*(-1/9*x^3/a - (x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(3*a^2) + (2*(-(x/a) - (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/a^2))/(3*a^2)))/(5*a^2)))/5)/(5*a) + (4*(-1/3*(x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/a^2 - ((x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/3 + (2*a*(-1/9*x^3/a - (x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(3*a^2) + (2*(-(x/a) - (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/a^2))/(3*a^2)))/3)/a + (2*(-((Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/a^2) - (3*(x*ArcCos[a*x]^2 + 2*a*(-(x/a) - (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/a^2)))/a))/(3*a^2)))/(5*a^2))/5`

3.33.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_
.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p +
1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] I
nt[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x
)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.33.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^4 a^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{4 \arccos(ax)^3 (3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75} - \frac{12 \arccos(ax)^2 a^5 x^5}{125} + \frac{8 \arccos(ax) (3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{625}$
default	$\frac{\arccos(ax)^4 a^5 x^5}{5} - \frac{4 \arccos(ax)^3 (3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{75} - \frac{12 \arccos(ax)^2 a^5 x^5}{125} + \frac{8 \arccos(ax) (3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{625}$

input `int(x^4*arccos(a*x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{a^5} \left(\frac{1}{5} \arccos(ax)^4 a^5 x^5 - \frac{4}{75} \arccos(ax)^3 (3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - \frac{12}{125} \arccos(ax)^2 a^5 x^5 + \frac{8}{625} \arccos(ax) (3a^4 x^4 + 4a^2 x^2 + 8) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \right) + \frac{24}{3125} a^5 x^5 + \frac{1088}{16875} a^3 x^3 + \frac{16576}{5625} a x - \frac{16}{75} \arccos(ax)^2 a^3 x^3 + \frac{32}{225} \arccos(ax) (a^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - \frac{32}{25} \arccos(ax)^2 a x + \frac{64}{25} \arccos(ax) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \frac{1}{2}$$

3.33.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{16875 a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 + 648 a^5 x^5 + 5440 a^3 x^3 - 900 (9 a^5 x^5 + 20 a^3 x^3 + 120 ax) \arccos(ax)^2 + 248640 a^5 x^5}{84375}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/84375*(16875*a^5*x^5*arccos(a*x)^4 + 648*a^5*x^5 + 5440*a^3*x^3 - 900*(9*a^5*x^5 + 20*a^3*x^3 + 120*a*x)*arccos(a*x)^2 + 248640*a*x - 60*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*(75*(3*a^4*x^4 + 4*a^2*x^2 + 8)*arccos(a*x)^3 - 2*(27*a^4*x^4 + 136*a^2*x^2 + 2072)*arccos(a*x)))/a^5`**3.33.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^5 \arccos^4(ax)}{5} - \frac{12x^5 \arccos^2(ax)}{125} + \frac{24x^5}{3125} - \frac{4x^4 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^3(ax)}{25a} + \frac{24x^4 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{625a} - \frac{16x^3 \arccos^2(ax)}{75a^2} + \frac{1088x^3}{16875a^2} - \\ \frac{\pi^4 x^5}{80} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**4*acos(a*x)**4,x)`output `Piecewise((x**5*acos(a*x)**4/5 - 12*x**5*acos(a*x)**2/125 + 24*x**5/3125 - 4*x**4*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/(25*a) + 24*x**4*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(625*a) - 16*x**3*acos(a*x)**2/(75*a**2) + 1088*x**3/(16875*a**2) - 16*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/(75*a**3) + 1088*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(5625*a**3) - 32*x*acos(a*x)**2/(25*a**4) + 16576*x/(5625*a**4) - 32*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/(75*a**5) + 16576*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(5625*a**5), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**4*x**5/80, True))`

3.33.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{1}{5} x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 - \frac{4}{75} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^4}{a^2} + \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2}{a^4} + \frac{8\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^6} \right) a \arccos(ax)^3 + \frac{4}{84375} \left(2a \left(\frac{15 \left(27\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}a^2x^4 + 136\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2 + \frac{2072\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^2} \right) \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{81a^4x^5 + 680a^2x^3 + 31080x}{a^6} \right) - 225(9a^4x^5 + 20a^2x^3 + 120x) \arccos(ax)^2/a^5 \right) a$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*x^5*arccos(a*x)^4 - 4/75*(3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/a^2 + 4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/a^4 + 8*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^6)*a*arccos(a*x)^3 + 4/84375*(2*a*(15*(27*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*x^4 + 136*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2 + 2072*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^2)*arccos(a*x)/a^5 + (81*a^4*x^5 + 680*a^2*x^3 + 31080*x)/a^6) - 225*(9*a^4*x^5 + 20*a^2*x^3 + 120*x)*arccos(a*x)^2/a^5)*a`**3.33.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{1}{5} x^5 \arccos(ax)^4 - \frac{12}{125} x^5 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^4 \arccos(ax)^3}{25a} + \frac{24}{3125} x^5 + \frac{24\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^4 \arccos(ax)}{625a} - \frac{16x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{75a^2} - \frac{16\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2 \arccos(ax)^3}{75a^3} + \frac{1088x^3}{16875a^2} + \frac{1088\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2 \arccos(ax)}{5625a^3} - \frac{32x \arccos(ax)^2}{25a^4} - \frac{32\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)^3}{75a^5} + \frac{16576x}{5625a^4} + \frac{16576\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{5625a^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/5*x^5*\arccos(a*x)^4 - 12/125*x^5*\arccos(a*x)^2 - 4/25*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1} *x^4*\arccos(a*x)^3/a + 24/3125*x^5 + 24/625*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*x^4*\arccos(a*x)/a - 16/75*x^3*\arccos(a*x)^2/a^2 - 16/75*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*x^2*\arccos(a*x)^3/a^3 + 1088/16875*x^3/a^2 + 1088/5625*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*x^2*\arccos(a*x)/a^3 - 32/25*x*\arccos(a*x)^2/a^4 - 32/75*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*\arccos(a*x)^3/a^5 + 16576/5625*x/a^4 + 16576/5625*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1}*\arccos(a*x)/a^5$

3.33.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int x^4 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^4 dx$$

input `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^4,x)`

output `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.34 $\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$

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3.34.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{45x^2}{128a^2} + \frac{3x^4}{128} + \frac{45x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{64a^3} + \frac{3x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{32a} + \frac{45 \arccos(ax)^2}{128a^4} - \frac{9x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{16a^2} - \frac{3}{16}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{3x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{8a^3} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{4a} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^4}{32a^4} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^4$$

output $45/128*x^2/a^2+3/128*x^4+45/128*\arccos(a*x)^2/a^4-9/16*x^2*\arccos(a*x)^2/a^2-3/16*x^4*\arccos(a*x)^2-3/32*\arccos(a*x)^4/a^4+1/4*x^4*\arccos(a*x)^4+45/64*x*\arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3+3/32*x^3*\arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-3/8*x*\arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-1/4*x^3*\arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a$

3.34.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{3a^2x^2(15 + a^2x^2) + 6ax\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}(15 + 2a^2x^2) \arccos(ax) - 3(-15 + 24a^2x^2 + 8a^4x^4) \arccos(ax)^2 - 16a^4x^4 \arccos(ax)^3}{128a^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`output `(3*a^2*x^2*(15 + a^2*x^2) + 6*a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(15 + 2*a^2*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x] - 3*(-15 + 24*a^2*x^2 + 8*a^4*x^4)*ArcCos[a*x]^2 - 16*a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(3 + 2*a^2*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x]^3 + 4*(-3 + 8*a^4*x^4)*ArcCos[a*x]^4)/(128*a^4)`**3.34.3 Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 291, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 5211, 15, 5139, 5153, 5211, 15, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$a \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^4$$

$$\downarrow \text{5211}$$

$$a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{4a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^4$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3 dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} a \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{4a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
& a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3 dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}}{2a^2} - \frac{3 \int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{2a} - \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\int x^3 dx}{4a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{4a} \right)}{4a} \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{15} \\
& a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3 dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}}{2a^2} - \frac{3 \int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{2a} - \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{16a} \right)}{4a} \right)}{4a} \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
& a \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{3 \left(a \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3 dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}}{2a^2} - \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{16a} \right)}{4a} \right)}{4a} \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{5153} \\
& a \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^4}{16a} \right) + \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{4a} + \frac{3 \left(-\frac{3 \left(a \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{2a} \right)}{4a} \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^4
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 5211 \\ & a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \arccos(ax) dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} - \frac{\int x dx}{2a} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \right) - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^4}{16a} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{4a^2} \right)}{4a} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \arccos(ax)^4 \right)}{4a} \right) \\ & \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 15 \\ & a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2} a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \arccos(ax) dx}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right) - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{4a^2} - \frac{x^4}{16a} + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{4a^2} \right)}{4a} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{3}{4} \arccos(ax)^4 \right)}{4a} \right) \\ & \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 5153 \\ & a \left(\frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{4a^2} + \frac{3 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{8a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} - \frac{3 \left(a \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \right)}{4a^2} \right)}{4a^2} \right) \\ & \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

```
output (x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^4)/4 + a*(-1/4*(x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/a^2
- (3*((x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/4 + (a*(-1/16*x^4/a - (x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Arc
Cos[a*x]))/(4*a^2) + (3*(-1/4*x^2/a - (x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(2*
a^2) - ArcCos[a*x]^2/(4*a^3)))/(4*a^2)))/(4*a) + (3*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[1 -
a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/a^2 - ArcCos[a*x]^4/(8*a^3) - (3*((x^2*ArcCos[a*x]
^2)/2 + a*(-1/4*x^2/a - (x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]))/(2*a^2) - ArcCos
[a*x]^2/(4*a^3)))/(2*a)))/(4*a^2))
```

3.34.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 15 Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[
{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5153 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]
]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^
2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5211 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x
)^m - 1*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```


3.34.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^4 \arccos^4(ax)}{4} - \frac{3x^4 \arccos^2(ax)}{16} + \frac{3x^4}{128} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^3(ax)}{4a} + \frac{3x^3 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{32a} - \frac{9x^2 \arccos^2(ax)}{16a^2} + \frac{45x^2}{128a^2} - \frac{3x \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{128a^2} \\ \frac{\pi^4 x^4}{64} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*acos(a*x)**4,x)`output `Piecewise((x**4*acos(a*x)**4/4 - 3*x**4*acos(a*x)**2/16 + 3*x**4/128 - x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/(4*a) + 3*x**3*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(32*a) - 9*x**2*acos(a*x)**2/(16*a**2) + 45*x**2/(128*a**2) - 3*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/(8*a**3) + 45*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(64*a**3) - 3*acos(a*x)**4/(32*a**4) + 45*acos(a*x)**2/(128*a**4), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**4*x**4/64, True))`**3.34.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*x^4*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^4 - a*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^4*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.34.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^4 - \frac{3}{16} x^4 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^3 \arccos(ax)^3}{4a} + \frac{3}{128} x^4 + \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^3 \arccos(ax)}{32a} - \frac{9x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{16a^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x \arccos(ax)^3}{8a^3} + \frac{45x^2}{128a^2} - \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^4}{32a^4} + \frac{45\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x \arccos(ax)}{64a^3} + \frac{45 \arccos(ax)^2}{128a^4} - \frac{189}{1024a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*x^4*arccos(a*x)^4 - 3/16*x^4*arccos(a*x)^2 - 1/4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3*arccos(a*x)^3/a + 3/128*x^4 + 3/32*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3*arccos(a*x)/a - 9/16*x^2*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2 - 3/8*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*arccos(a*x)^3/a^3 + 45/128*x^2/a^2 - 3/32*arccos(a*x)^4/a^4 + 45/64*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*arccos(a*x)/a^3 + 45/128*arccos(a*x)^2/a^4 - 189/1024/a^4`**3.34.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^4 dx$$

input `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^4,x)`output `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.35 $\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$

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3.35.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{160x}{27a^2} + \frac{8x^3}{81} + \frac{160\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{27a^3} + \frac{8x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{27a}$$

$$- \frac{8x \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} - \frac{4}{9}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{8\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{9a^3}$$

$$- \frac{4x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{9a} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

output `160/27*x/a^2+8/81*x^3-8/3*x*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2-4/9*x^3*arccos(a*x)^2+1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^4+160/27*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3+8/27*x^2*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-8/9*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-4/9*x^2*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.35.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{8ax(60 + a^2x^2) + 24\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(20 + a^2x^2) \arccos(ax) - 36ax(6 + a^2x^2) \arccos(ax)^2 - 36\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(2 + a^2x^2) \arccos(ax)^3 + 81a^3 \arccos(ax)^4}{81a^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output $(8*a*x*(60 + a^2*x^2) + 24*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]*(20 + a^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] - 36*a*x*(6 + a^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2 - 36*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]*(2 + a^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^3 + 27*a^3*x^3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^4)/(81*a^3)$

3.35.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.100$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 5183, 5131, 5183, 24, 5211, 15, 5183, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$\downarrow 5139$$

$$\frac{4}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

$$\downarrow 5211$$

$$\frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

$$\downarrow 5139$$

$$\frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

$$\downarrow 5183$$

$$\frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

$$\downarrow 5131$$

$$\frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(2a \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 - x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5183

$$\frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(2a \left(-\frac{\int 1 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 - x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{\frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 - x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} - \frac{3 \left(2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5211

$$\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\int x^2 dx}{3a} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 - x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} - \frac{3 \left(2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 15

$$\frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^3}{9a} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \right)}{3a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5183

$$\frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{\int 1 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{3a^2} - \frac{x^3}{9a} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 24

$$\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3a^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} - \frac{3 \left(2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{x}{a} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{a} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{2}{3}a \left(-\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \right) \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^4$$

input `Int[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output $(x^3 \arccos(ax)^4)/3 + (4a(-1/3(x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \arccos(ax)^3)/a^2 - ((x^3 \arccos(ax)^2)/3 + (2a(-1/9x^3/a - (x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \arccos(ax))/(3a^2) + (2(-x/a) - (\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \arccos(ax))/a^2))/(3a^2))/3/a + (2(-((\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \arccos(ax)^3)/a^2) - (3(x \arccos(ax)^2 + 2a(-x/a) - (\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) \arccos(ax))/a^2))/a)/(3a^2))/3$

3.35.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_) * ((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.35.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)^4}{3} - \frac{4 \arccos(ax)^3 (a^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{8 \arccos(ax)^2 ax}{3} + \frac{160ax}{27} + \frac{16 \arccos(ax) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} - \frac{4 \arccos(ax)^2 a^3 x^3}{9}$
default	$\frac{a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)^4}{3} - \frac{4 \arccos(ax)^3 (a^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{8 \arccos(ax)^2 ax}{3} + \frac{160ax}{27} + \frac{16 \arccos(ax) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} - \frac{4 \arccos(ax)^2 a^3 x^3}{9}$

input `int(x^2*arccos(a*x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output
$$\frac{1}{a^3} \left(\frac{1}{3} a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 - \frac{4}{9} \arccos(ax)^3 (a^2 x^2 + 2) (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} - \frac{8}{3} \arccos(ax)^2 a x + \frac{160}{27} a x + \frac{16}{3} \arccos(ax) (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} - \frac{4}{9} \arccos(ax)^2 a^3 x^3 + \frac{8}{27} \arccos(ax) (a^2 x^2 + 2) (-a^2 x^2 + 1)^{1/2} + \frac{8}{81} a^3 x^3 \right)$$
3.35.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{27 a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 + 8 a^3 x^3 - 36 (a^3 x^3 + 6 ax) \arccos(ax)^2 + 480 ax - 12 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} (3 (a^2 x^2 + 2) \arccos(ax)^3 - 2 (a^2 x^2 + 20) \arccos(ax))}{81 a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output
$$\frac{1}{81} \left(27 a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 + 8 a^3 x^3 - 36 (a^3 x^3 + 6 a x) \arccos(ax)^2 + 480 a x - 12 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} (3 (a^2 x^2 + 2) \arccos(ax)^3 - 2 (a^2 x^2 + 20) \arccos(ax)) \right) / a^3$$

3.35.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^3 \arccos^4(ax)}{3} - \frac{4x^3 \arccos^2(ax)}{9} + \frac{8x^3}{81} - \frac{4x^2 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^3(ax)}{9a} + \frac{8x^2 \sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{27a} - \frac{8x \arccos^2(ax)}{3a^2} + \frac{160x}{27a^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{27a^2} \\ \frac{\pi^4 x^3}{48} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*acos(a*x)**4,x)`output `Piecewise((x**3*acos(a*x)**4/3 - 4*x**3*acos(a*x)**2/9 + 8*x**3/81 - 4*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/(9*a) + 8*x**2*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(27*a) - 8*x*acos(a*x)**2/(3*a**2) + 160*x/(27*a**2) - 8*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/(9*a**3) + 160*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(27*a**3), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**4*x**3/48, True))`**3.35.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 - \frac{4}{9} a \left(\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2}{a^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^4} \right) \arccos(ax)^3$$

$$+ \frac{4}{81} \left(2a \left(\frac{3 \left(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2 + \frac{20\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a^2} \right) \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{a^2x^3+60x}{a^4} \right) - \frac{9(a^2x^3+6x)\arccos(ax)^2}{a^3} \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^4 - 4/9*a*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/a^2 + 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^4)*arccos(a*x)^3 + 4/81*(2*a*(3*(sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2 + 20*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/a^2)*arccos(a*x)/a^3 + (a^2*x^3 + 60*x)/a^4) - 9*(a^2*x^3 + 6*x)*arccos(a*x)^2/a^3)*a`

3.35.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^4 - \frac{4}{9} x^3 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{4 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2 \arccos(ax)^3}{9a} + \frac{8}{81} x^3 + \frac{8 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} x^2 \arccos(ax)}{27a} - \frac{8 x \arccos(ax)^2}{3a^2} - \frac{8 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)^3}{9a^3} + \frac{160 x}{27a^2} + \frac{160 \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(ax)}{27a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^4 - 4/9*x^3*arccos(a*x)^2 - 4/9*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2*arccos(a*x)^3/a + 8/81*x^3 + 8/27*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2*arccos(a*x)/a - 8/3*x*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2 - 8/9*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)^3/a^3 + 160/27*x/a^2 + 160/27*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)/a^3`**3.35.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^4 dx$$

input `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^4,x)`output `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.36 $\int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx$

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3.36.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{3x^2}{4} + \frac{3x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a} + \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} - \frac{3}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^4$$

```
output 3/4*x^2+3/4*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2-3/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^2-1/4*arccos(a*x)^4/a^2+
1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^4+3/2*x*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-x*arccos(a*x)
^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a
```

3.36.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{3a^2x^2 + 6ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) + (3 - 6a^2x^2) \arccos(ax)^2 - 4ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3 + (-1 + 2a^2x^2) \arccos(ax)^4}{4a^2}$$

```
input Integrate[x*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]
```

```
output (3*a^2*x^2 + 6*a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x] + (3 - 6*a^2*x^2)*ArcCos[
a*x]^2 - 4*a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3 + (-1 + 2*a^2*x^2)*ArcCos[a
*x]^4)/(4*a^2)
```

3.36.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 5153, 5211, 15, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & 2a \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & 2a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{3 \int x \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{2a} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & 2a \left(-\frac{3 \left(a \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{2a} + \frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5153} \\
 & 2a \left(-\frac{3 \left(a \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{2a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{8a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & 2a \left(-\frac{3 \left(a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\int x dx}{2a} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{2a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{8a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2a \left(\frac{3 \left(a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{2a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{8a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^4$$

↓ 5153

$$2a \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{8a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2a^2} - \frac{3 \left(a \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{4a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{x^2}{4a} \right) + \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{2a} - \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 \right)$$

input `Int[x*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output $(x^2 \cdot \text{ArcCos}[a \cdot x]^4) / 2 + 2 \cdot a \cdot (-1/2 \cdot (x \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{ArcCos}[a \cdot x]^3) / a^2 - \text{ArcCos}[a \cdot x]^4 / (8 \cdot a^3) - (3 \cdot ((x^2 \cdot \text{ArcCos}[a \cdot x]^2) / 2 + a \cdot (-1/4 \cdot x^2 / a - (x \cdot \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 \cdot x^2] \cdot \text{ArcCos}[a \cdot x]) / (2 \cdot a^2) - \text{ArcCos}[a \cdot x]^2 / (4 \cdot a^3)))) / (2 \cdot a))$

3.36.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1))/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c*(n + 1))^(n - 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5211 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.36.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\arccos(ax)^4 a^2 x^2}{2} - \arccos(ax)^3 \left(ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(ax) \right) - \frac{3a^2 x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{2} + \frac{3 \arccos(ax) \left(ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(ax) \right)}{2}}{a^2}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\arccos(ax)^4 a^2 x^2}{2} - \arccos(ax)^3 \left(ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(ax) \right) - \frac{3a^2 x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{2} + \frac{3 \arccos(ax) \left(ax \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(ax) \right)}{2}}{a^2}$

```
input int(x*arccos(a*x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^2*(1/2*arccos(a*x)^4*a^2*x^2-arccos(a*x)^3*(a*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+arc
cos(a*x))-3/2*a^2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^2+3/2*arccos(a*x)*(a*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
))+arccos(a*x))-3/4*arccos(a*x)^2+3/4*a^2*x^2-3/4+3/4*arccos(a*x)^4)
```

3.36.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{(2a^2x^2 - 1) \arccos(ax)^4 + 3a^2x^2 - 3(2a^2x^2 - 1) \arccos(ax)^2 - 2(2ax \arccos(ax))^3 - 3ax \arccos(ax)}{4a^2}$$

```
input integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

output $1/4*((2*a^2*x^2 - 1)*\arccos(a*x)^4 + 3*a^2*x^2 - 3*(2*a^2*x^2 - 1)*\arccos(a*x)^2 - 2*(2*a*x*\arccos(a*x)^3 - 3*a*x*\arccos(a*x))*\sqrt{-a^2*x^2 + 1})/a^2$

3.36.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 \arccos^4(ax)}{2} - \frac{3x^2 \arccos^2(ax)}{2} + \frac{3x^2}{4} - \frac{x\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^3(ax)}{a} + \frac{3x\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{2a} - \frac{\arccos^4(ax)}{4a^2} + \frac{3 \arccos^2(ax)}{4a^2} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi^4 x^2}{32} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*acos(a*x)**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**2*acos(a*x)**4/2 - 3*x**2*acos(a*x)**2/2 + 3*x**2/4 - x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)**3/a + 3*x*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/(2*a) - acos(a*x)**4/(4*a**2) + 3*acos(a*x)**2/(4*a**2), Ne(a, 0)), (pi**4*x**2/32, True))`

3.36.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^4 - 2*a*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3/(a^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.36.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^4 - \frac{3}{2} x^2 \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} x \arccos(ax)^3}{a} + \frac{3}{4} x^2 - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{4a^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} x \arccos(ax)}{2a} + \frac{3 \arccos(ax)^2}{4a^2} - \frac{3}{8a^2}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^4 - 3/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^2 - sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*arccos(a*x)^3/a + 3/4*x^2 - 1/4*arccos(a*x)^4/a^2 + 3/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x*arccos(a*x)/a + 3/4*arccos(a*x)^2/a^2 - 3/8/a^2`**3.36.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int x \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

input `int(x*acos(a*x)^4,x)`output `int(x*acos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.37 $\int \arccos(ax)^4 dx$

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3.37.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \arccos(ax)^4 dx = 24x + \frac{24\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a} - 12x \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{4\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a} + x \arccos(ax)^4$$

output `24*x-12*x*arccos(a*x)^2+x*arccos(a*x)^4+24*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-4*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a`

3.37.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \arccos(ax)^4 dx = 24x + \frac{24\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a} - 12x \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{4\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a} + x \arccos(ax)^4$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output `24*x + (24*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/a - 12*x*ArcCos[a*x]^2 - (4*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/a + x*ArcCos[a*x]^4`

3.37.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {5131, 5183, 5131, 5183, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \arccos(ax)^4 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & 4a \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & 4a \left(-\frac{3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & 4a \left(-\frac{3 \left(2a \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & 4a \left(-\frac{3 \left(2a \left(-\frac{\int 1 dx}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \quad \quad x \arccos(ax)^4 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & 4a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{a^2} - \frac{3 \left(2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{x}{a} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^2 \right)}{a} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^4
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [ArcCos [a*x]^4, x]`

output `x*ArcCos[a*x]^4 + 4*a*(-((Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/a^2) - (3*(x*ArcCos[a*x]^2 + 2*a*(-(x/a) - (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/a^2)))/a)`

3.37.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

3.37.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{ax \arccos(ax)^4 - 4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)^3 - 12 \arccos(ax)^2 ax + 24ax + 24 \arccos(ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a}$	67
default	$\frac{ax \arccos(ax)^4 - 4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)^3 - 12 \arccos(ax)^2 ax + 24ax + 24 \arccos(ax)\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{a}$	67

input `int(arccos(a*x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a*(a*x*arccos(a*x)^4-4*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^3-12*arccos(a*x)^2*a*x+24*a*x+24*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

3.37.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{ax \arccos(ax)^4 - 12ax \arccos(ax)^2 + 24ax - 4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}(\arccos(ax)^3 - 6\arccos(ax))}{a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*x*arccos(a*x)^4 - 12*a*x*arccos(a*x)^2 + 24*a*x - 4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*
(arccos(a*x)^3 - 6*arccos(a*x)))/a`

3.37.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \begin{cases} x \arccos^4(ax) - 12x \arccos^2(ax) + 24x - \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos^3(ax)}{a} + \frac{24\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{a} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi^4 x}{16} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((x*acos(a*x)**4 - 12*x*acos(a*x)**2 + 24*x - 4*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 +
1)*acos(a*x)**3/a + 24*sqrt(-a**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(a*x)/a, Ne(a, 0)), (pi**
4*x/16, True))`

3.37.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \arccos(ax)^4 dx = x \arccos(ax)^4 - \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)^3}{a} - 12 \left(\frac{x \arccos(ax)^2}{a} - \frac{2 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{a} \right)}{a} \right) a$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x*arccos(a*x)^4 - 4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)^3/a - 12*(x*arccos(a*x)
^2/a - 2*(x + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)/a)/a)*a`

3.37.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \arccos(ax)^4 dx = x \arccos(ax)^4 - 12x \arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{4\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)^3}{a} + 24x + \frac{24\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)}{a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `x*arccos(a*x)^4 - 12*x*arccos(a*x)^2 - 4*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)^3/a + 24*x + 24*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(a*x)/a`**3.37.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x\pi^4}{16} & \text{if } a = 0 \\ x(\arccos(ax)^4 - 12\arccos(ax)^2 + 24) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(24\arccos(ax) - 4\arccos(ax)^3)}{a} & \text{if } a \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^4,x)`output `piecewise(a == 0, (x*pi^4)/16, a ~= 0, x*(- 12*acos(a*x)^2 + acos(a*x)^4 + 24) + ((- a^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2)*(24*acos(a*x) - 4*acos(a*x)^3))/a)`

3.38 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx$

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3.38.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{5}i \arccos(ax)^5 + \arccos(ax)^4 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - 2i \arccos(ax)^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + 3 \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + 3i \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(4, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{3}{2} \text{PolyLog}(5, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

output `-1/5*I*arccos(a*x)^5+arccos(a*x)^4*ln(1+(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-2*I*arccos(a*x)^3*polylog(2,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+3*arccos(a*x)^2*polylog(3,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+3*I*arccos(a*x)*polylog(4,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-3/2*polylog(5,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)`

3.38.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{5}i \arccos(ax)^5 + \arccos(ax)^4 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - 2i \arccos(ax)^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + 3 \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + 3i \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(4, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{3}{2} \text{PolyLog}(5, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^4/x,x]`

output `(-1/5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^5 + ArcCos[a*x]^4*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] - (2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^3*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] + 3*ArcCos[a*x]^2*PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] + (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[4, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] - (3*PolyLog[5, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])])/2`

3.38.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.900$, Rules used = {5137, 3042, 4202, 2620, 3011, 7163, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5137} \\
 & - \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^4}{ax} d \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \int \arccos(ax)^4 \tan(\arccos(ax)) d \arccos(ax) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4202} \\
 & 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)^4}{1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{5} i \arccos(ax)^5 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2i \left(2i \int \arccos(ax)^3 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax)^4 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{5} i \arccos(ax)^5 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & 2i \left(2i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax)^3 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}\right) - \frac{3}{2} i \int \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}\right) d \arccos(ax) \right) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{1}{5} i \arccos(ax)^5 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 7163

$$2i \left(2i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \right)^3 \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{3}{2} i \left(i \int \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog} \left(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{5} i \arccos(ax)^5 \right) \right)$$

↓ 7163

$$2i \left(2i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \right)^3 \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{3}{2} i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \int \text{PolyLog} \left(4, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \right) - \frac{1}{5} i \arccos(ax)^5 \right) \right)$$

↓ 2720

$$2i \left(2i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \right)^3 \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{3}{2} i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2i \arccos(ax)} \text{PolyLog} \left(4, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) d e^{2i \arccos(ax)} - \frac{1}{5} i \arccos(ax)^5 \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 7143

$$2i \left(2i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \right)^3 \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{3}{2} i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{4} \text{PolyLog} \left(5, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog} \left(4, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{5} i \arccos(ax)^5 \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int [ArcCos [a*x]^4/x, x]`

output `(-1/5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^5 + (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^4*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] + (2*I)*((I/2)*ArcCos[a*x]^3*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] - ((3*I)/2)*((-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] + I*((-1/2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[4, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])] + PolyLog[5, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]])/4))`

3.38.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))))^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
))))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)
*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4202 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(
e + f*x))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGt
Q[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5137 Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/(x_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[
(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcCos[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0
]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

```
rule 7163 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.
)*(x_)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
+ b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.38.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{i \arccos(ax)^5}{5} + \arccos(ax)^4 \ln\left(1 + (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2\right) - 2i \arccos(ax)^3 \operatorname{polylog}(2, (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2)$
default	$-\frac{i \arccos(ax)^5}{5} + \arccos(ax)^4 \ln\left(1 + (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2\right) - 2i \arccos(ax)^3 \operatorname{polylog}(2, (i\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1} + ax)^2)$

```
input int(arccos(a*x)^4/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*I*arccos(a*x)^5+arccos(a*x)^4*ln(1+(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)-2*I*
arccos(a*x)^3*polylog(2,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)+3*arccos(a*x)^2*pol
ylog(3,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)+3*I*arccos(a*x)*polylog(4,-(I*(-a^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)-3/2*polylog(5,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)
```

3.38.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx$$

```
input integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral(arccos(a*x)^4/x, x)
```

3.38.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^4(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**4/x,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**4/x, x)`

3.38.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x, x)`

3.38.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x, x)`

3.38.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^4}{x} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^4/x,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^4/x, x)`

3.39 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx$

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3.39.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} - 8ia \arccos(ax)^3 \arctan(e^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

$$+ 12ia \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

$$- 12ia \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

$$- 24a \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

$$+ 24a \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

$$- 24ia \text{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) + 24ia \text{PolyLog}(4, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

output

```
-arccos(a*x)^4/x-8*I*a*arccos(a*x)^3*arctan(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+12*I
*a*arccos(a*x)^2*polylog(2,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-12*I*a*arccos(a*
x)^2*polylog(2,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-24*a*arccos(a*x)*polylog(3,-I
*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+24*a*arccos(a*x)*polylog(3,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)))-24*I*a*polylog(4,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+24*I*a*polylog
(4,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

3.39.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 549 vs. $2(176) = 352$.

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 549, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx = a \left(-\frac{7i\pi^4}{16} - \frac{1}{2}i\pi^3 \arccos(ax) + \frac{3}{2}i\pi^2 \arccos(ax)^2 - 2i\pi \arccos(ax)^3 \right. \\ \left. + i \arccos(ax)^4 - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{ax} + 3\pi^2 \arccos(ax) \log(1 - ie^{-i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. - 6\pi \arccos(ax)^2 \log(1 - ie^{-i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2}\pi^3 \log(1 + ie^{-i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. + 4 \arccos(ax)^3 \log(1 + ie^{-i \arccos(ax)}) + \frac{1}{2}\pi^3 \log(1 + ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. - 3\pi^2 \arccos(ax) \log(1 + ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. + 6\pi \arccos(ax)^2 \log(1 + ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. - 4 \arccos(ax)^3 \log(1 + ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2}\pi^3 \log\left(\tan\left(\frac{1}{4}(\pi + 2 \arccos(ax))\right)\right) \right. \\ \left. + 12i \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{-i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. + 3i\pi(\pi - 4 \arccos(ax)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{-i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. + 3i\pi^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. - 12i\pi \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. + 12i \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. + 24 \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{-i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. - 12\pi \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{-i \arccos(ax)}) + 12\pi \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. - 24 \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right. \\ \left. - 24i \text{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{-i \arccos(ax)}) - 24i \text{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) \right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^4/x^2,x]`

output

```

a*(((7*I)/16)*Pi^4 - (I/2)*Pi^3*ArcCos[a*x] + ((3*I)/2)*Pi^2*ArcCos[a*x]^
2 - (2*I)*Pi*ArcCos[a*x]^3 + I*ArcCos[a*x]^4 - ArcCos[a*x]^4/(a*x) + 3*Pi^
2*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 - I/E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - 6*Pi*ArcCos[a*x]^2*Log[1 - I/
E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - (Pi^3*Log[1 + I/E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])])/2 + 4*ArcCos[a*x]
^3*Log[1 + I/E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + (Pi^3*Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])])/2 -
3*Pi^2*ArcCos[a*x]*Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + 6*Pi*ArcCos[a*x]^2*Log[1
+ I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - 4*ArcCos[a*x]^3*Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + (
Pi^3*Log[Tan[(Pi + 2*ArcCos[a*x])/4]])/2 + (12*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*PolyLog[2,
(-I)/E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + (3*I)*Pi*(Pi - 4*ArcCos[a*x])*PolyLog[2, I/E^(I
*ArcCos[a*x])] + (3*I)*Pi^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - (12*I)*Pi
*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + (12*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^2*Pol
yLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + 24*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[3, (-I)/E^(I*ArcC
os[a*x])] - 12*Pi*PolyLog[3, I/E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + 12*Pi*PolyLog[3, (-I)*
E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - 24*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - (
24*I)*PolyLog[4, (-I)/E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - (24*I)*PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(I*Arc
Cos[a*x])])

```

3.39.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5139, 5219, 3042, 4669, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -4a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5219} \\
 & 4a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{ax} d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 4a \int \arccos(ax)^3 \csc\left(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4669}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} + \\
 4a & \left(-3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 \log(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) + 3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 \log(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) - 2 \int \arccos(ax) \log(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) + 2 \int \arccos(ax) \log(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
 & -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} + \\
 4a & \left(3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - 2i \int \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) - 3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - 2i \int \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7163} \\
 & -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} + \\
 4a & \left(3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - 2i \left(i \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) - i \arccos(ax) \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) - 3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - 2i \int \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
 & -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} + \\
 4a & \left(3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - 2i \left(\int e^{-i\arccos(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) de^{i\arccos(ax)} - i \arccos(ax) \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) - 3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - 2i \int \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
 & -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x} + \\
 4a & \left(-2i \arccos(ax)^3 \arctan(e^{i\arccos(ax)}) + 3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - 2i \left(\operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - i \arccos(ax) \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) - 3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - 2i \left(\operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) - i \arccos(ax) \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^4/x^2,x]`

output `-(ArcCos[a*x]^4/x) + 4*a*((-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^3*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]) + 3*(I*ArcCos[a*x]^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - (2*I)*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])])) - 3*(I*ArcCos[a*x]^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - (2*I)*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[3, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] + PolyLog[4, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])]))))`

3.39.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
  Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; Funct
  ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
  [{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
  *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)
  *(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
  b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
  m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
  , f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
  Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4669 Int[csc[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol
  ] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Si
  mp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x],
  x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)
  )]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
  /((d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
  *x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5219 Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)
  *(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[
  d + e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*cos[x]^m, x], x, ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; Fr
  eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_S
  ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
  , e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

```
rule 7163 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.
)*(x_)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
+ b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.39.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx$$

```
input int(arccos(a*x)^4/x^2,x)
```

```
output int(arccos(a*x)^4/x^2,x)
```

3.39.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(arccos(a*x)^4/x^2, x)
```

3.39.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^4(ax)}{x^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(acos(a*x)**4/x**2,x)
```

```
output Integral(acos(a*x)**4/x**2, x)
```

3.39.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^4 - 4*a*x*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3/(a^2*x^3 - x), x))/x`

3.39.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^2, x)`

3.39.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^4/x^2,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^4/x^2, x)`

3.40 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx$

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3.40.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx = -2ia^2 \arccos(ax)^3 + \frac{2a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{x} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} + 6a^2 \arccos(ax)^2 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - 6ia^2 \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) + 3a^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)})$$

```
output -2*I*a^2*arccos(a*x)^3-1/2*arccos(a*x)^4/x^2+6*a^2*arccos(a*x)^2*ln(1+(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-6*I*a^2*arccos(a*x)*polylog(2,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+3*a^2*polylog(3,-(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+2*a*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x
```

3.40.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} - a^2 \left(-2 \arccos(ax)^2 \left(-i \arccos(ax) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)}{ax} + 3 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) \right) + 6i \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - 3 \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) \right)$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^4/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*ArcCos[a*x]^4/x^2 - a^2*(-2*ArcCos[a*x]^2*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x] + (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x])/(a*x) + 3*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]) + (6*I)*ArcCos[a*x]*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])]) - 3*PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x])])`

3.40.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.900$, Rules used = {5139, 5187, 5137, 3042, 4202, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\ & -2a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5187} \\ & -2a \left(-3a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{x} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 5137 \\
& -2a \left(3a \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2}{ax} d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{x} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& -2a \left(3a \int \arccos(ax)^2 \tan(\arccos(ax)) d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{x} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} \\
& \downarrow 4202 \\
& \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} - \\
& 2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{x} + 3a \left(\frac{1}{3} i \arccos(ax)^3 - 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)^2}{1+e^{2i \arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 2620 \\
& \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} - \\
& 2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{x} + 3a \left(\frac{1}{3} i \arccos(ax)^3 - 2i \left(i \int \arccos(ax) \log(1+e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2} i \int \right) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 3011 \\
& \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} - \\
& 2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{x} + 3a \left(\frac{1}{3} i \arccos(ax)^3 - 2i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{1}{2} i \int \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 2720 \\
& \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} - \\
& 2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{x} + 3a \left(\frac{1}{3} i \arccos(ax)^3 - 2i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{1}{4} \int e^{-2i \arccos(ax)} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 7143 \\
& \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{2x^2} - \\
& 2a \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{x} + 3a \left(\frac{1}{3} i \arccos(ax)^3 - 2i \left(i \left(\frac{1}{2} i \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{1}{4} \text{PolyLog} \right) \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^4/x^3,x]`

output $-1/2*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^4/x^2 - 2*a*(-(\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^3)/x) + 3*a*((I/3)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^3 - (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2*\text{Log}[1 + E^{((2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}] + I*((I/2)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{PolyLog}[2, -E^{((2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}] - \text{PolyLog}[3, -E^{((2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}]/4))$

3.40.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 $\text{Int}[\frac{((F_)^{((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))})^{(n_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)})}{((a_.) + (b_.)*((F_)^{((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)))})^{(n_.)})}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[\frac{(c + d*x)^m}{(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])}*\text{Log}[1 + b*((F^{(g*(e + f*x)))})^n/a], x] - \text{Simp}[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{Log}[1 + b*((F^{(g*(e + f*x)))})^n/a], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 2720 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] := \text{With}\{v = \text{FunctionOfExponential}[u, x]\}, \text{Simp}[v/D[v, x] \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{FunctionOfExponentialFunction}[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; \text{FunctionOfExponentialQ}[u, x] \&\& !\text{MatchQ}[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^{(n_)})^{(m_)} /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, m, n\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[m*n] \&\& !\text{MatchQ}[u, E^{((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))}*(F_)[v_] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \&\& \text{InverseFunctionQ}[F[x]]]$

rule 3011 $\text{Int}[\text{Log}[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^{((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))})^{(n_.)}]*((f_.) + (g_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(-f + g*x)^m*(\text{PolyLog}[2, (-e)*(F^{(c*(a + b*x)))})^n]/(b*c*n*\text{Log}[F])), x] + \text{Simp}[g*(m/(b*c*n*\text{Log}[F])) \text{Int}[(f + g*x)^{(m-1)}*\text{PolyLog}[2, (-e)*(F^{(c*(a + b*x)))})^n], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{F, a, b, c, e, f, g, n\}, x \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] := \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /; \text{FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 4202 $\text{Int}[\frac{((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(m_.)}*\tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]}{(c + d*x)^{(m+1)}/(d*(m+1))}, x_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[I*((c + d*x)^{(m+1)}/(d*(m+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[2*I \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^m*(E^{(2*I*(e + f*x))}/(1 + E^{(2*I*(e + f*x))})], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

rule 5137 $\text{Int}[\frac{((a_.) + \text{ArcCos}[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)}}{(x_)}, x_Symbol] := -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^n*\text{Tan}[x], x], x, \text{ArcCos}[c*x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5187 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x
^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*A
rcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[c^
2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

3.40.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
derivativedivides	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^3 (-4ia^2x^2 - 4ax\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} + \arccos(ax))}{2a^2x^2} - 4i \arccos(ax)^3 + 6 \arccos(ax)^2 \ln(1 + \dots) \right)$
default	$a^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^3 (-4ia^2x^2 - 4ax\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} + \arccos(ax))}{2a^2x^2} - 4i \arccos(ax)^3 + 6 \arccos(ax)^2 \ln(1 + \dots) \right)$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^4/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*(-1/2*arccos(a*x)^3*(-4*I*a^2*x^2-4*a*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+arccos(a*x)
)/a^2/x^2-4*I*arccos(a*x)^3+6*arccos(a*x)^2*ln(1+(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x
)^2)-6*I*arccos(a*x)*polylog(2,-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2)+3*polylog(3,
-(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)^2))`

3.40.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^4/x^3, x)`

3.40.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^4(ax)}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**4/x**3,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**4/x**3, x)`

3.40.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^4 - 4*a*x^2*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3/(a^2*x^4 - x^2), x))/x^2`

3.40.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^3, x)`

3.40.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^3} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^4/x^3,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^4/x^3, x)`

3.41 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx$

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3.41.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 304

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx = -\frac{2a^2 \arccos(ax)^2}{x} + \frac{2a\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{3x^2} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} - 8ia^3 \arccos(ax) \arctan(e^{i \arccos(ax)}) - \frac{4}{3}ia^3 \arccos(ax)^3 \arctan(e^{i \arccos(ax)}) + 4ia^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) + 2ia^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - 4ia^3 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - 2ia^3 \arccos(ax)^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - 4a^3 \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) + 4a^3 \arccos(ax) \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) - 4ia^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{i \arccos(ax)}) + 4ia^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, ie^{i \arccos(ax)})$$

output

```
-2*a^2*arccos(a*x)^2/x-1/3*arccos(a*x)^4/x^3-8*I*a^3*arccos(a*x)*arctan(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))-4/3*I*a^3*arccos(a*x)^3*arctan(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+4*I*a^3*polylog(2,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+2*I*a^3*arccos(a*x)^2*polylog(2,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-4*I*a^3*polylog(2,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-2*I*a^3*arccos(a*x)^2*polylog(2,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-4*a^3*arccos(a*x)*polylog(3,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+4*a^3*arccos(a*x)*polylog(3,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-4*I*a^3*polylog(4,-I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+4*I*a^3*polylog(4,I*(a*x+I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+2/3*a*arccos(a*x)^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x^2
```

3.41.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1475 vs. $2(304) = 608$.

Time = 12.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1475, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.85

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^4/x^4,x]`

output

```
a^3*(-1/6*(ArcCos[a*x]^2*(12 + ArcCos[a*x]^2)) + 4*(ArcCos[a*x]*(Log[1 - I
 *E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])] - Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]])) + I*(PolyLog[2, (-I)*E
^(I*ArcCos[a*x]] - PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]]))) + (2*((Pi^3*Log[Cot[
(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x])/2])))/8 + (3*Pi^2*((Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x])*(Log[1 - E^(I*
(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x]))] - Log[1 + E^(I*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x]))]) + I*(PolyLog
[2, -E^(I*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x]))] - PolyLog[2, E^(I*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x]))]
))/4 - (3*Pi*((Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x])^2*(Log[1 - E^(I*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x]))]
 - Log[1 + E^(I*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x]))]) + (2*I)*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x])*(PolyL
og[2, -E^(I*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x]))] - PolyLog[2, E^(I*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x]))
]) + 2*(-PolyLog[3, -E^(I*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x]))] + PolyLog[3, E^(I*(Pi/2 -
ArcCos[a*x]))])))/2 + 8*((I/64)*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x])^4 + (I/4)*(Pi/2 + (-
1/2*Pi + ArcCos[a*x])/2)^4 - ((Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x])^3*Log[1 + E^(I*(Pi/2 -
ArcCos[a*x]))])/8 - (Pi^3*(I*(Pi/2 + (-1/2*Pi + ArcCos[a*x])/2) - Log[1 +
E^((2*I)*(Pi/2 + (-1/2*Pi + ArcCos[a*x])/2)])))/8 - (Pi/2 + (-1/2*Pi + Arc
Cos[a*x])/2)^3*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(Pi/2 + (-1/2*Pi + ArcCos[a*x])/2))] + ((3
*I)/8)*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x])^2*PolyLog[2, -E^(I*(Pi/2 - ArcCos[a*x]))] + (3
*Pi^2*((I/2)*(Pi/2 + (-1/2*Pi + ArcCos[a*x])/2)^2 - (Pi/2 + (-1/2*Pi + Arc
Cos[a*x])/2)*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*(Pi/2 + (-1/2*Pi + ArcCos[a*x])/2)])) + (I/2)
*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*(Pi/2 + (-1/2*Pi + ArcCos[a*x])/2))])/4 + ((3*I)/2)
*(Pi/2 + (-1/2*Pi + ArcCos[a*x])/2)^2*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*(Pi/2 + (-1/...
```

3.41.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.200$, Rules used = {5139, 5205, 5139, 5219, 3042, 4669, 2715, 2838, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

3.41. $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
& -\frac{4}{3}a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5205} \\
& -\frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{1}{2}a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{3}{2}a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x^2} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
& -\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{3}{2}a \left(-2a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2}a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5219} \\
& -\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^3}{ax} d\arccos(ax) - \frac{3}{2}a \left(2a \int \frac{\arccos(ax)}{ax} d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3}{2x^2} \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& -\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \int \arccos(ax)^3 \csc \left(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d\arccos(ax) - \frac{3}{2}a \left(2a \int \arccos(ax) \csc \left(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d\arccos(ax) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^2}{x} \right) \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4669} \\
& -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} - \\
& \frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(-3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 \log \left(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)} \right) d\arccos(ax) + 3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 \log \left(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)} \right) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
& -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} - \\
& \frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(-3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 \log \left(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)} \right) d\arccos(ax) + 3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 \log \left(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)} \right) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right) - \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 2838 \\
& -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} - \\
\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(-3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 \log(1 - ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) + 3 \int \arccos(ax)^2 \log(1 + ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right. \\
& \downarrow 3011 \\
& -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} - \\
\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) - 2i \int \arccos(ax) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) \right) \right. \\
& \downarrow 7163 \\
& -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} - \\
\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) - 2i \left(i \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) d\arccos(ax) - i \arccos(ax) \right) \right) \right. \\
& \downarrow 2720 \\
& -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} - \\
\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) - 2i \left(\int e^{-i\arccos(ax)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) de^{i\arccos(ax)} \right) \right) \right. \\
& \downarrow 7143 \\
& -\frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{3x^3} - \\
\frac{4}{3}a \left(-\frac{1}{2}a^2 \left(-2i \arccos(ax)^3 \arctan(e^{i\arccos(ax)}) + 3 \left(i \arccos(ax)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) - 2i \left(\operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -ie^{i\arccos(ax)}) \right) \right) \right.
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^4/x^4,x]`

```
output -1/3*ArcCos[a*x]^4/x^3 - (4*a*(-1/2*(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3)/x^2
- (3*a*(-(ArcCos[a*x]^2/x) + 2*a*(-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcCos[a*
x]] + I*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]]) - I*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a
*x]]))))/2 - (a^2*((-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]^3*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]]) + 3*(I*A
rcCos[a*x]^2*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]]) - (2*I)*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x]*
PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]]) + PolyLog[4, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]])))
- 3*(I*ArcCos[a*x]^2*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]]) - (2*I)*((-I)*ArcCos[
a*x]*PolyLog[3, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]]) + PolyLog[4, I*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]]))))
/2)/3
```

3.41.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2715 Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)
))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]
```

```
rule 2838 Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2
, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)
*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

rule 4669 `Int[csc[(e_.) + Pi*(k_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f)
Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f)
Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x]
&& IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5205 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)
*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(f*x)^(m + 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*f*(m + 1))), x] + (Simp[c^2*((m + 2*p + 3)/(f^2*(m + 1))
) Int[(f*x)^(m + 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] + Simp[b*
c*(n/(f*(m + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m + 1)*
(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b,
c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[m, -1]`

rule 5219 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*
(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d
+ e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]^m, x], x, ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]`

rule 7143 `Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)), x_S
ymbol] :> Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]`

rule 7163 `Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)
*(x_.)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
+ b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]`

3.41.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 419, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
derivativedivides	$a^3 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2 (-2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)ax + \arccos(ax)^2 + 6a^2x^2)}{3a^3x^3} - \frac{2 \arccos(ax)^3 \ln(1+i(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}+ax))}{3} \right)$
default	$a^3 \left(-\frac{\arccos(ax)^2 (-2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1} \arccos(ax)ax + \arccos(ax)^2 + 6a^2x^2)}{3a^3x^3} - \frac{2 \arccos(ax)^3 \ln(1+i(\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}+ax))}{3} \right)$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^4/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^3*(-1/3/a^3/x^3*arccos(a*x)^2*(-2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)*a*x+arccos(a*x)^2+6*a^2*x^2)-2/3*arccos(a*x)^3*ln(1+I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))+2*I*polylog(2,-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))*arccos(a*x)^2-4*arccos(a*x)*polylog(3,-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))-4*I*polylog(4,-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))+2/3*arccos(a*x)^3*ln(1-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))-2*I*polylog(2,I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))*arccos(a*x)^2+4*arccos(a*x)*polylog(3,I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))+4*I*polylog(4,I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))-4*arccos(a*x)*ln(1+I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))+4*arccos(a*x)*ln(1-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))+4*I*dilog(1+I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x))-4*I*dilog(1-I*(I*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+a*x)))`

3.41.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^4/x^4, x)`

3.41.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^4(ax)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**4/x**4,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**4/x**4, x)`

3.41.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^4(ax)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(12*a*x^3*integrate(1/3*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3/(a^2*x^5 - x^3), x) - arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^4)/x^3`

3.41.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^4(ax)}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^4/x^4, x)`

3.41.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^4}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^4}{x^4} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^4/x^4,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^4/x^4, x)`

3.42 $\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.42.1	Optimal result	355
3.42.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	355
3.42.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	356
3.42.4	Maple [A] (verified)	357
3.42.5	Fricas [F]	357
3.42.6	Sympy [F]	358
3.42.7	Maxima [F]	358
3.42.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	358
3.42.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	359

3.42.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{5\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{64a^7} - \frac{9\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{64a^7} - \frac{5\text{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{64a^7} - \frac{\text{Si}(7 \arccos(ax))}{64a^7}$$

output `-5/64*Si(arccos(a*x))/a^7-9/64*Si(3*arccos(a*x))/a^7-5/64*Si(5*arccos(a*x))/a^7-1/64*Si(7*arccos(a*x))/a^7`

3.42.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{5\text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + 9\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) + 5\text{Si}(5 \arccos(ax)) + \text{Si}(7 \arccos(ax))}{64a^7}$$

input `Integrate[x^6/ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-1/64*(5*SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]] + 9*SinIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]] + 5*SinIntegral[5*ArcCos[a*x]] + SinIntegral[7*ArcCos[a*x]])/a^7`

3.42.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{a^6 x^6 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{9 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{5 \sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(7 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{5\sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{64 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^7} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{5}{64} \text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + \frac{9}{64} \text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{5}{64} \text{Si}(5 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{64} \text{Si}(7 \arccos(ax))}{a^7}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^6/ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-((5*SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]])/64 + (9*SinIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]])/64 + (5*SinIntegral[5*ArcCos[a*x]])/64 + SinIntegral[7*ArcCos[a*x]]/64)/a^7`

3.42.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.42.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{9}{64} \operatorname{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{5}{64} \operatorname{Si}(5 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(7 \arccos(ax))}{64} - \frac{5}{64} \operatorname{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a^7}$	40
default	$\frac{-\frac{9}{64} \operatorname{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{5}{64} \operatorname{Si}(5 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(7 \arccos(ax))}{64} - \frac{5}{64} \operatorname{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a^7}$	40

```
input int(x^6/arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^7*(-9/64*Si(3*arccos(a*x))-5/64*Si(5*arccos(a*x))-1/64*Si(7*arccos(a*x)
))-5/64*Si(arccos(a*x)))
```

3.42.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(x^6/arccos(a*x), x)
```

3.42.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\cos^{-1}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**6/acos(a*x),x)`

output `Integral(x**6/acos(a*x), x)`

3.42.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\cos^{-1}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.42.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(7 \arccos(ax))}{64 a^7} - \frac{5 \text{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{64 a^7} - \frac{9 \text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{64 a^7} - \frac{5 \text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{64 a^7}$$

input `integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/64*sin_integral(7*arccos(a*x))/a^7 - 5/64*sin_integral(5*arccos(a*x))/a^7 - 9/64*sin_integral(3*arccos(a*x))/a^7 - 5/64*sin_integral(arccos(a*x))/a^7`

3.42.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x^6/acos(a*x),x)`output `int(x^6/acos(a*x), x)`

3.43 $\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.43.1	Optimal result	360
3.43.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	360
3.43.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	361
3.43.4	Maple [A] (verified)	362
3.43.5	Fricas [F]	362
3.43.6	Sympy [F]	363
3.43.7	Maxima [F]	363
3.43.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	363
3.43.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	364

3.43.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{5\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{32a^6} - \frac{\text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8a^6} - \frac{\text{Si}(6 \arccos(ax))}{32a^6}$$

output `-5/32*Si(2*arccos(a*x))/a^6-1/8*Si(4*arccos(a*x))/a^6-1/32*Si(6*arccos(a*x))/a^6`

3.43.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{5\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax)) + 4\text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax)) + \text{Si}(6 \arccos(ax))}{32a^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-1/32*(5*SinIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]] + 4*SinIntegral[4*ArcCos[a*x]] + SinIntegral[6*ArcCos[a*x]])/a^6`

3.43.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{a^5 x^5 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{5 \sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(6 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^6} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{5}{32} \text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{32} \text{Si}(6 \arccos(ax))}{a^6}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^5/ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-((5*SinIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]]/32 + SinIntegral[4*ArcCos[a*x]]/8 + SinIntegral[6*ArcCos[a*x]]/32)/a^6)`

3.43.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.43.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{5}{32} \operatorname{Si}(2 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(6 \arccos(ax))}{32}}{a^6}$	33
default	$\frac{-\frac{5}{32} \operatorname{Si}(2 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(6 \arccos(ax))}{32}}{a^6}$	33

```
input int(x^5/arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^6*(-5/32*Si(2*arccos(a*x))-1/8*Si(4*arccos(a*x))-1/32*Si(6*arccos(a*x)
))
```

3.43.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^5/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(x^5/arccos(a*x), x)
```

3.43.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\cos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/acos(a*x),x)`

output `Integral(x**5/acos(a*x), x)`

3.43.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^5/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.43.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(6 \arccos(ax))}{32 a^6} - \frac{\text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8 a^6} - \frac{5 \text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{32 a^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/32*sin_integral(6*arccos(a*x))/a^6 - 1/8*sin_integral(4*arccos(a*x))/a^6 - 5/32*sin_integral(2*arccos(a*x))/a^6`

3.43.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x^5/acos(a*x),x)`output `int(x^5/acos(a*x), x)`

3.44 $\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.44.1	Optimal result	365
3.44.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	365
3.44.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	366
3.44.4	Maple [A] (verified)	367
3.44.5	Fricas [F]	367
3.44.6	Sympy [F]	367
3.44.7	Maxima [F]	368
3.44.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	368
3.44.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	368

3.44.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 41

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{8a^5} - \frac{3\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{16a^5} - \frac{\text{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{16a^5}$$

output
$$-1/8*\text{Si}(\arccos(a*x))/a^5-3/16*\text{Si}(3*\arccos(a*x))/a^5-1/16*\text{Si}(5*\arccos(a*x))/a^5$$

3.44.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{2\text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + 3\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) + \text{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{16a^5}$$

input
$$\text{Integrate}[x^4/\text{ArcCos}[a*x], x]$$

output
$$-1/16*(2*\text{SinIntegral}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + 3*\text{SinIntegral}[3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + \text{SinIntegral}[5*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/a^5$$

3.44.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{a^4 x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{8 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + \frac{3}{16} \text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{16} \text{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{a^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-((SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/8 + (3*SinIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]])/16 + SinIntegral[5*ArcCos[a*x]]/16)/a^5)`

3.44.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.44.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{3}{16} \operatorname{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{16} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{8}}{a^5}$	31
default	$\frac{-\frac{3}{16} \operatorname{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{16} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{8}}{a^5}$	31

```
input int(x^4/arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^5*(-3/16*Si(3*arccos(a*x))-1/16*Si(5*arccos(a*x))-1/8*Si(arccos(a*x)))
```

3.44.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(x^4/arccos(a*x), x)
```

3.44.6 SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**4/acos(a*x),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**4/acos(a*x), x)
```


3.44.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.44.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{16 a^5} - \frac{3 \text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 a^5} - \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{8 a^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/16*sin_integral(5*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 3/16*sin_integral(3*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 1/8*sin_integral(arccos(a*x))/a^5`

3.44.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x^4/acos(a*x),x)`

output `int(x^4/acos(a*x), x)`

3.45 $\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.45.1	Optimal result	369
3.45.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	369
3.45.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	370
3.45.4	Maple [A] (verified)	371
3.45.5	Fricas [F]	371
3.45.6	Sympy [F]	371
3.45.7	Maxima [F]	372
3.45.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	372
3.45.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	372

3.45.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{4a^4} - \frac{\text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8a^4}$$

output `-1/4*Si(2*arccos(a*x))/a^4-1/8*Si(4*arccos(a*x))/a^4`

3.45.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{2\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax)) + \text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8a^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-1/8*(2*SinIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]] + SinIntegral[4*ArcCos[a*x]])/a^4`

3.45.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx \\
 \downarrow 5147 \\
 - \frac{\int \frac{a^3 x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} \\
 \downarrow 4906 \\
 - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{a^4}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^3/ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-((SinIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]]/4 + SinIntegral[4*ArcCos[a*x]]/8)/a^4)`

3.45.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.45.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{4} - \frac{\text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8}}{a^4}$	24
default	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{4} - \frac{\text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8}}{a^4}$	24

```
input int(x^3/arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^4*(-1/4*Si(2*arccos(a*x))-1/8*Si(4*arccos(a*x)))
```

3.45.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(x^3/arccos(a*x), x)
```

3.45.6 SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**3/acos(a*x),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**3/acos(a*x), x)
```

3.45.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.45.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8a^4} - \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{4a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/8*sin_integral(4*arccos(a*x))/a^4 - 1/4*sin_integral(2*arccos(a*x))/a^4`

3.45.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x^3/acos(a*x),x)`

output `int(x^3/acos(a*x), x)`

3.46 $\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.46.1	Optimal result	373
3.46.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	373
3.46.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	374
3.46.4	Maple [A] (verified)	375
3.46.5	Fricas [F]	375
3.46.6	Sympy [F]	375
3.46.7	Maxima [F]	376
3.46.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	376
3.46.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	376

3.46.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{4a^3} - \frac{\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{4a^3}$$

output `-1/4*Si(arccos(a*x))/a^3-1/4*Si(3*arccos(a*x))/a^3`

3.46.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + \text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{4a^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-1/4*(SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]] + SinIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]])/a^3`

3.46.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{a^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{4 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{a^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-((SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/4 + SinIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]]/4)/a^3)`

3.46.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.46.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{4} - \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{4}}{a^3}$	22
default	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{4} - \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{4}}{a^3}$	22

```
input int(x^2/arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^3*(-1/4*Si(3*arccos(a*x))-1/4*Si(arccos(a*x)))
```

3.46.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(x^2/arccos(a*x), x)
```

3.46.6 SymPy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**2/acos(a*x),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**2/acos(a*x), x)
```


3.46.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.46.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{4a^3} - \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{4a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*sin_integral(3*arccos(a*x))/a^3 - 1/4*sin_integral(arccos(a*x))/a^3`

3.46.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/acos(a*x),x)`

output `int(x^2/acos(a*x), x)`

3.47 $\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.47.1 Optimal result	377
3.47.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	377
3.47.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	378
3.47.4 Maple [A] (verified)	379
3.47.5 Fricas [F]	380
3.47.6 Sympy [F]	380
3.47.7 Maxima [F]	380
3.47.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	381
3.47.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	381

3.47.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{2a^2}$$

output `-1/2*Si(2*arccos(a*x))/a^2`

3.47.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{2a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `-1/2*SinIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]]/a^2`

3.47.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 27, 3042, 3780}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx \\
 \downarrow 5147 \\
 -\frac{\int \frac{ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d\arccos(ax)}{a^2} \\
 \downarrow 4906 \\
 -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{2\arccos(ax)} d\arccos(ax)}{a^2} \\
 \downarrow 27 \\
 -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d\arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d\arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \\
 \downarrow 3780 \\
 -\frac{\text{Si}(2\arccos(ax))}{2a^2}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int [x/ArcCos [a*x] , x]`

output `-1/2*SinIntegral [2*ArcCos [a*x]]/a^2`

3.47.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 5147 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(n_)*Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.47.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{2a^2}$	13
default	$-\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{2a^2}$	13

input `int(x/arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*Si(2*arccos(a*x))/a^2`

3.47.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.47.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/acsc(a*x),x)`

output `Integral(x/acsc(a*x), x)`

3.47.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.47.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{2a^2}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*sin_integral(2*arccos(a*x))/a^2`

3.47.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\text{acos}(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x/acos(a*x),x)`

output `int(x/acos(a*x), x)`

3.48 $\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.48.1	Optimal result	382
3.48.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	382
3.48.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	383
3.48.4	Maple [A] (verified)	384
3.48.5	Fricas [F]	384
3.48.6	Sympy [F]	384
3.48.7	Maxima [F]	385
3.48.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	385
3.48.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	385

3.48.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a}$$

output `-Si(arccos(a*x))/a`

3.48.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(-1),x]`

output `-(SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/a)`

3.48.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5135, 3042, 3780}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\ & - \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(-1),x]`

output `-(SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/a)`

3.48.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(-n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

3.48.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a}$	11
default	$-\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a}$	11

input `int(1/arccos(a*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-Si(arccos(a*x))/a`**3.48.5 Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/arccos(a*x), x)`**3.48.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/acos(a*x),x)`output `Integral(1/acos(a*x), x)`

3.48.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.48.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-sin_integral(arccos(a*x))/a`

3.48.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(1/acos(a*x),x)`

output `int(1/acos(a*x), x)`

3.49 $\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$

3.49.1	Optimal result	386
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3.49.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	387
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3.49.6	Sympy [N/A]	388
3.49.7	Maxima [N/A]	388
3.49.8	Giac [N/A]	389
3.49.9	Mupad [N/A]	389

3.49.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.49.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]), x]`

3.49.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.49.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.49.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 3.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arccos(a*x),x)`

output `int(1/x/arccos(a*x),x)`

3.49.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(x*arccos(a*x)), x)`**3.49.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/acos(a*x),x)`output `Integral(1/(x*acos(a*x)), x)`**3.49.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(x*arccos(a*x)), x)`

3.49.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x*arccos(a*x)), x)`**3.49.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*acos(a*x)),x)`output `int(1/(x*acos(a*x)), x)`

3.50 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$

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3.50.6	Sympy [N/A]	392
3.50.7	Maxima [N/A]	392
3.50.8	Giac [N/A]	393
3.50.9	Mupad [N/A]	393

3.50.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.50.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]), x]`

3.50.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.50.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.50.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/arccos(a*x),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/arccos(a*x),x)`

3.50.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(x^2*arccos(a*x)), x)`**3.50.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/acos(a*x),x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*acos(a*x)), x)`**3.50.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/(x^2*arccos(a*x)), x)`

3.50.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x^2*arccos(a*x)), x)`**3.50.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*acos(a*x)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*acos(a*x)), x)`

3.51 $\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$

3.51.1	Optimal result	394
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3.51.7	Maxima [F]	397
3.51.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	397
3.51.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	398

3.51.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{x^6 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{5 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{64a^7} - \frac{27 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{64a^7} - \frac{25 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(5 \arccos(ax))}{64a^7} - \frac{7 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(7 \arccos(ax))}{64a^7}$$

output `-5/64*Ci(arccos(a*x))/a^7-27/64*Ci(3*arccos(a*x))/a^7-25/64*Ci(5*arccos(a*x))/a^7-7/64*Ci(7*arccos(a*x))/a^7+x^6*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)`

3.51.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{-64a^6 x^6 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} + 5 \arccos(ax) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) + 27 \arccos(ax) \operatorname{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{64a^7 \arccos(ax)}$$

input `Integrate[x^6/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output $-1/64*(-64*a^6*x^6*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2] + 5*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{CosIntegral}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + 27*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{CosIntegral}[3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + 25*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{CosIntegral}[5*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + 7*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{CosIntegral}[7*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(a^7*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])$

3.51.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

↓ 5143

$$\frac{\int \left(-\frac{5ax}{64 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{27 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{25 \cos(5 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{7 \cos(7 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax) + \frac{x^6 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}}{a^7}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{5}{64} \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) - \frac{27}{64} \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{25}{64} \text{CosIntegral}(5 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{7}{64} \text{CosIntegral}(7 \arccos(ax))}{a^7} + \frac{x^6 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}$$

input `Int[x^6/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output $(x^6*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]) + ((-5*\text{CosIntegral}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/64 - (27*\text{CosIntegral}[3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/64 - (25*\text{CosIntegral}[5*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/64 - (7*\text{CosIntegral}[7*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/64)/a^7$

3.51.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.51.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{9 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{27 \text{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{64} + \frac{5 \sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{25 \text{Ci}(5 \arccos(ax))}{64} + \frac{\sin(7 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{7 \text{Ci}(7 \arccos(ax))}{64} + \frac{5\sqrt{-a^2}}{64 \arccos(ax)}}{a^7}$
default	$\frac{\frac{9 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{27 \text{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{64} + \frac{5 \sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{25 \text{Ci}(5 \arccos(ax))}{64} + \frac{\sin(7 \arccos(ax))}{64 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{7 \text{Ci}(7 \arccos(ax))}{64} + \frac{5\sqrt{-a^2}}{64 \arccos(ax)}}{a^7}$

input `int(x^6/arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^7*(9/64/arccos(a*x)*sin(3*arccos(a*x))-27/64*Ci(3*arccos(a*x))+5/64/arccos(a*x)*sin(5*arccos(a*x))-25/64*Ci(5*arccos(a*x))+1/64*sin(7*arccos(a*x))/arccos(a*x)-7/64*Ci(7*arccos(a*x))+5/64*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)-5/64*Ci(arccos(a*x)))`

3.51.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^6/arccos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.51.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**6/acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**6/acos(a*x)**2, x)`

3.51.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^6 - a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*integrate((7*a^2*x^7 - 6*x^5)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^3*x^2 - a)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x))/(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))`

3.51.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^6}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{7 \operatorname{Ci}(7 \arccos(ax))}{64 a^7} - \frac{25 \operatorname{Ci}(5 \arccos(ax))}{64 a^7} - \frac{27 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{64 a^7} - \frac{5 \operatorname{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{64 a^7}$$

input `integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^6/(a*arccos(a*x)) - 7/64*cos_integral(7*arccos(a*x))/a^7 - 25/64*cos_integral(5*arccos(a*x))/a^7 - 27/64*cos_integral(3*arccos(a*x))/a^7 - 5/64*cos_integral(arccos(a*x))/a^7`

3.51.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^6/acos(a*x)^2,x)`output `int(x^6/acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.52 $\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$

3.52.1	Optimal result	399
3.52.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	399
3.52.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	400
3.52.4	Maple [A] (verified)	401
3.52.5	Fricas [F]	401
3.52.6	Sympy [F]	401
3.52.7	Maxima [F]	402
3.52.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	402
3.52.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	402

3.52.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{5 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax))}{16a^6} - \frac{\operatorname{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax))}{2a^6} - \frac{3 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(6 \arccos(ax))}{16a^6}$$

output `-5/16*Ci(2*arccos(a*x))/a^6-1/2*Ci(4*arccos(a*x))/a^6-3/16*Ci(6*arccos(a*x))/a^6+x^5*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)`

3.52.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{16a^5x^5\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} + 5 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax)) + 8 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax)) + 3 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(6 \arccos(ax))}{16a^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `-1/16*((-16*a^5*x^5*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/ArcCos[a*x] + 5*CosIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]] + 8*CosIntegral[4*ArcCos[a*x]] + 3*CosIntegral[6*ArcCos[a*x]])/a^6`

3.52.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

↓ 5143

$$\frac{\int \left(-\frac{5 \cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \cos(6 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^6} + \frac{x^5 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{5}{16} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{3}{16} \text{CosIntegral}(6 \arccos(ax))}{\frac{x^5 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}} +$$

input `Int[x^5/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output $(x^5 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}) / (a \text{ArcCos}[a x]) + ((-5 \text{CosIntegral}[2 \text{ArcCos}[a x]]) / 16 - \text{CosIntegral}[4 \text{ArcCos}[a x]] / 2 - (3 \text{CosIntegral}[6 \text{ArcCos}[a x]]) / 16) / a^6$

3.52.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^ (m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.52.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{5 \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) - 5 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax)) - \operatorname{Ci}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(6 \arccos(ax)) - 3 \operatorname{Ci}(6 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)}}{a^6}$	78
default	$\frac{\frac{5 \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) - 5 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax)) - \operatorname{Ci}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(6 \arccos(ax)) - 3 \operatorname{Ci}(6 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)}}{a^6}$	78

input `int(x^5/arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^6*(5/32/arccos(a*x)*sin(2*arccos(a*x))-5/16*Ci(2*arccos(a*x))+1/8/arccos(a*x)*sin(4*arccos(a*x))-1/2*Ci(4*arccos(a*x))+1/32/arccos(a*x)*sin(6*arccos(a*x))-3/16*Ci(6*arccos(a*x)))`

3.52.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^5/arccos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.52.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\operatorname{acos}^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**5/acos(a*x)**2, x)`

3.52.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^5/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^5 - a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*integrate((6*a^2*x^6 - 5*x^4)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^3*x^2 - a)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x))/(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))`

3.52.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^5}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Ci}(6 \arccos(ax))}{16 a^6} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(4 \arccos(ax))}{2 a^6} - \frac{5 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{16 a^6}$$

input `integrate(x^5/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^5/(a*arccos(a*x)) - 3/16*cos_integral(6*arccos(a*x))/a^6 - 1/2*cos_integral(4*arccos(a*x))/a^6 - 5/16*cos_integral(2*arccos(a*x))/a^6`

3.52.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^5/acos(a*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^5/acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.53 $\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$

3.53.1	Optimal result	403
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3.53.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	404
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3.53.6	Sympy [F]	405
3.53.7	Maxima [F]	406
3.53.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	406
3.53.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	406

3.53.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{8a^5} - \frac{9 \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{16a^5} - \frac{5 \text{CosIntegral}(5 \arccos(ax))}{16a^5}$$

```
output -1/8*Ci(arccos(a*x))/a^5-9/16*Ci(3*arccos(a*x))/a^5-5/16*Ci(5*arccos(a*x))
/a^5+x^4*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)
```

3.53.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{16a^4x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} + 2 \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) + 9 \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax)) + 5 \text{CosIntegral}(5 \arccos(ax))}{16a^5}$$

```
input Integrate[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]
```

```
output -1/16*((-16*a^4*x^4*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/ArcCos[a*x] + 2*CosIntegral[ArcCos[
a*x]] + 9*CosIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]] + 5*CosIntegral[5*ArcCos[a*x]])/a^5
```

3.53.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

↓ 5143

$$\frac{\int \left(-\frac{ax}{8 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{9 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{5 \cos(5 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{8} \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) - \frac{9}{16} \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{5}{16} \text{CosIntegral}(5 \arccos(ax))}{\frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}} +$$

input `Int[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output $(x^4 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}) / (a \text{ArcCos}[a x]) + (-1/8 \text{CosIntegral}[\text{ArcCos}[a x]] - (9 \text{CosIntegral}[3 \text{ArcCos}[a x]]) / 16 - (5 \text{CosIntegral}[5 \text{ArcCos}[a x]]) / 16) / a^5$

3.53.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2], x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.53.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{9 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{16} + \frac{\sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{5 \operatorname{Ci}(5 \arccos(ax))}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{8}}{a^5}$	81
default	$\frac{\frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{9 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{16} + \frac{\sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{5 \operatorname{Ci}(5 \arccos(ax))}{16} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{8}}{a^5}$	81

input `int(x^4/arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^5*(3/16/arccos(a*x)*sin(3*arccos(a*x))-9/16*Ci(3*arccos(a*x))+1/16/arccos(a*x)*sin(5*arccos(a*x))-5/16*Ci(5*arccos(a*x))+1/8*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)-1/8*Ci(arccos(a*x)))`

3.53.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^4/arccos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.53.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acos}^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**4/acos(a*x)**2, x)`

3.53.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^4 - a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*integrate((5*a^2*x^5 - 4*x^3)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^3*x^2 - a)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x))/(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))`

3.53.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^4}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{5 \operatorname{Ci}(5 \arccos(ax))}{16 a^5} - \frac{9 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 a^5} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{8 a^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/(a*arccos(a*x)) - 5/16*cos_integral(5*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 9/16*cos_integral(3*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 1/8*cos_integral(arccos(a*x))/a^5`

3.53.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.54 $\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$

3.54.1	Optimal result	407
3.54.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	407
3.54.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	408
3.54.4	Maple [A] (verified)	409
3.54.5	Fricas [F]	409
3.54.6	Sympy [F]	409
3.54.7	Maxima [F]	410
3.54.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	410
3.54.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	410

3.54.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax))}{2a^4} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax))}{2a^4}$$

output `-1/2*Ci(2*arccos(a*x))/a^4-1/2*Ci(4*arccos(a*x))/a^4+x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)`

3.54.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = -\frac{-\frac{2a^3x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} + \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax)) + \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax))}{2a^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `-1/2*((-2*a^3*x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/ArcCos[a*x] + CosIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]]) + CosIntegral[4*ArcCos[a*x]]/a^4`

3.54.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

↓ 5143

$$\frac{\int \left(-\frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax))}{a^4} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}$$

input `Int[x^3/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) + (-1/2*CosIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]] - CosIntegral[4*ArcCos[a*x]]/2)/a^4`

3.54.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.54.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax)) - \text{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax)) - \text{Ci}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)}}{a^4}$	54
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax)) - \text{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax)) - \text{Ci}(4 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)}}{a^4}$	54

input `int(x^3/arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^4*(1/4/arccos(a*x)*sin(2*arccos(a*x))-1/2*Ci(2*arccos(a*x))+1/8/arccos(a*x)*sin(4*arccos(a*x))-1/2*Ci(4*arccos(a*x)))`

3.54.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^3/arccos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.54.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**3/acos(a*x)**2, x)`

3.54.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^3 - a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*integrate((4*a^2*x^4 - 3*x^2)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^3*x^2 - a)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x))/(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))`

3.54.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{Ci}(4 \arccos(ax))}{2a^4} - \frac{\text{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{2a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/(a*arccos(a*x)) - 1/2*cos_integral(4*arccos(a*x))/a^4 - 1/2*cos_integral(2*arccos(a*x))/a^4`

3.54.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.55 $\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$

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3.55.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	411
3.55.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	412
3.55.4	Maple [A] (verified)	413
3.55.5	Fricas [F]	413
3.55.6	Sympy [F]	413
3.55.7	Maxima [F]	414
3.55.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	414
3.55.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	414

3.55.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{4a^3} - \frac{3 \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{4a^3}$$

output
$$-1/4 * \text{Ci}(\arccos(a*x)) / a^3 - 3/4 * \text{Ci}(3 * \arccos(a*x)) / a^3 + x^2 * (-a^2 * x^2 + 1)^{(1/2)} / a / \arccos(a*x)$$

3.55.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = -\frac{-\frac{4a^2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} + \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) + 3 \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{4a^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output
$$-1/4 * ((-4 * a^2 * x^2 * \text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 * x^2]) / \text{ArcCos}[a * x] + \text{CosIntegral}[\text{ArcCos}[a * x]] + 3 * \text{CosIntegral}[3 * \text{ArcCos}[a * x]]) / a^3$$

3.55.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

↓ 5143

$$\frac{\int \left(-\frac{ax}{4\arccos(ax)} - \frac{3\cos(3\arccos(ax))}{4\arccos(ax)} \right) d\arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\arccos(ax)}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4}\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) - \frac{3}{4}\text{CosIntegral}(3\arccos(ax))}{a^3} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\arccos(ax)}$$

input `Int[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) + (-1/4*CosIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]] - (3*CosIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]])/4)/a^3`

3.55.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.55.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{4 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{4}}{a^3}$	57
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{4 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{4}}{a^3}$	57

input `int(x^2/arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^3*(1/4/arccos(a*x)*sin(3*arccos(a*x))-3/4*Ci(3*arccos(a*x))+1/4*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)-1/4*Ci(arccos(a*x)))`

3.55.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2/arccos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.55.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acos}^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2/acos(a*x)**2, x)`

3.55.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^2 - a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*integrate((3*a^2*x^3 - 2*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^3*x^2 - a)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x))/(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))`

3.55.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{4a^3} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{4a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/(a*arccos(a*x)) - 3/4*cos_integral(3*arccos(a*x))/a^3 - 1/4*cos_integral(arccos(a*x))/a^3`

3.55.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^2,x)`

output `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.56 $\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$

3.56.1	Optimal result	415
3.56.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	415
3.56.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	416
3.56.4	Maple [A] (verified)	417
3.56.5	Fricas [F]	418
3.56.6	Sympy [F]	418
3.56.7	Maxima [F]	418
3.56.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	419
3.56.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	419

3.56.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}$$

output `-Ci(2*arccos(a*x))/a^2+x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)`

3.56.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} - \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `((a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/ArcCos[a*x] - CosIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]])/a^2`

3.56.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5143, 25, 3042, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5143} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x/ArcCos [a*x]^2 ,x]`

output `(x*sqrt [1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*ArcCos [a*x]) - CosIntegral [2*ArcCos [a*x]]/a^2`

3.56.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`
- rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.56.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} - \text{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}$	30
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} - \text{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}$	30

input `int(x/arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^2*(1/2/arccos(a*x)*sin(2*arccos(a*x))-Ci(2*arccos(a*x)))`

3.56.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/arccos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.56.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x/acos(a*x)**2, x)`

3.56.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*integrate((2*a^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^3*x^2 - a)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x/(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))`

3.56.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x/(a*arccos(a*x)) - cos_integral(2*arccos(a*x))/a^2`**3.56.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{\text{acos}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(x/acos(a*x)^2,x)`output `int(x/acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.57 $\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$

3.57.1	Optimal result	420
3.57.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	420
3.57.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	421
3.57.4	Maple [A] (verified)	422
3.57.5	Fricas [F]	423
3.57.6	Sympy [F]	423
3.57.7	Maxima [F]	423
3.57.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	424
3.57.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	424

3.57.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{a}$$

output `-Ci(arccos(a*x))/a+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)`

3.57.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{a}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(-2),x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) - CosIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/a`

3.57.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {5133, 5225, 3042, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5133} \\
 & a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{ax}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(-2),x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) - CosIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/a`

3.57.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 5133 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1))] Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.57.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{\arccos(ax)} - \text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))$ a	32
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{\arccos(ax)} - \text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))$ a	32

input `int(1/arccos(a*x)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a*((-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)-Ci(arccos(a*x)))`

3.57.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^(-2), x)`

3.57.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**(-2), x)`

3.57.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(a^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x/((a^2*x^2 - 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1))/(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))`

3.57.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = -\frac{\text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{a \arccos(ax)}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-cos_integral(arccos(a*x))/a + sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a*arccos(a*x))`

3.57.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\text{acos}(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/acos(a*x)^2,x)`

output `int(1/acos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.58 $\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx$

3.58.1	Optimal result	425
3.58.2	Mathematica [N/A]	425
3.58.3	Rubi [N/A]	426
3.58.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	426
3.58.5	Fricas [N/A]	427
3.58.6	Sympy [N/A]	427
3.58.7	Maxima [N/A]	427
3.58.8	Giac [N/A]	428
3.58.9	Mupad [N/A]	428

3.58.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arccos(a*x)^2,x)`

3.58.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^2), x]`

3.58.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.58.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.)*(x_))^m_., x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.58.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 4.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^2,x)`

output `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^2,x)`

3.58.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^2), x)`**3.58.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/acos(a*x)**2,x)`output `Integral(1/(x*acos(a*x)**2), x)`**3.58.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.70

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(a*x*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^3*x^4 - a*x^2)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/(a*x*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))`

3.58.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^2), x)`**3.58.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^2), x)`output `int(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^2), x)`

3.59 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx$

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3.59.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^2,x)`

3.59.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 14.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^2), x]`

3.59.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.59.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^m_.], x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.59.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^2,x)`

output `int(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^2,x)`

3.59.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(x^2*arccos(a*x)^2), x)`**3.59.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/acos(a*x)**2,x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*acos(a*x)**2), x)`**3.59.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.60

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(a*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*integrate((a^2*x^2 - 2)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^3*x^5 - a*x^3)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1))/(a*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))`

3.59.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x^2*arccos(a*x)^2), x)`**3.59.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*acos(a*x)^2),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*acos(a*x)^2), x)`

3.60 $\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$

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3.60.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	437
3.60.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	438

3.60.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2x^3}{a^2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{5x^5}{2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{16a^5} + \frac{27\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{32a^5} + \frac{25\text{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{32a^5}$$

```
output -2*x^3/a^2/arccos(a*x)+5/2*x^5/arccos(a*x)+1/16*Si(arccos(a*x))/a^5+27/32*
Si(3*arccos(a*x))/a^5+25/32*Si(5*arccos(a*x))/a^5+1/2*x^4*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2)/a/arccos(a*x)^2
```

3.60.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{16a^4 x^4 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2} - 64a^3 x^3 \arccos(ax) + 80a^5 x^5 \arccos(ax) + 2 \arccos(ax)^2 \text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + 27 \arccos(ax)}{32a^5 \arccos(ax)^2}$$

```
input Integrate[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]
```

output $(16*a^4*x^4*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2] - 64*a^3*x^3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] + 80*a^5*x^5*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] + 2*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2*\text{SinIntegral}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + 27*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2*\text{SinIntegral}[3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + 25*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2*\text{SinIntegral}[5*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(32*a^5*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2)$

3.60.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5145 \\
 & \frac{5}{2}a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2} dx - \frac{2 \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2} dx}{a} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5223 \\
 & \frac{5}{2}a \left(\frac{x^5}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{5 \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a} \right) - \frac{2 \left(\frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a} \right)}{a} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5147 \\
 & - \frac{2 \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{a^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{a} + \\
 & \frac{5}{2}a \left(\frac{5 \int \frac{a^4 x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^6} + \frac{x^5}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4906
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5}{2}a \left(\frac{5 \int \left(\frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{8 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^6} + \frac{x^5}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{2 \left(\frac{3 \int \left(\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{a} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{5}{2}a \left(\frac{5 \left(\frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + \frac{3}{16} \text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{16} \text{Si}(5 \arccos(ax)) \right)}{a^6} + \frac{x^5}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{2 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) \right)}{a^4} + \frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{a} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2}$$

input `Int[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `(x^4*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2) - (2*(x^3/(a*ArcCos[a*x])) + (3*(SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/4 + SinIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]]/4))/a^4)/a + (5*a*(x^5/(a*ArcCos[a*x])) + (5*(SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/8 + (3*SinIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]]/16 + SinIntegral[5*ArcCos[a*x]]/16))/a^6))/2`

3.60.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5145 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^( -1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5223 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.60.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{9 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{27 \operatorname{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{32} + \frac{\sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{5 \cos(5 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{25 \operatorname{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{32} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2}}{16 \arccos(ax)}$
default	$\frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{9 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{27 \operatorname{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{32} + \frac{\sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{5 \cos(5 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{25 \operatorname{Si}(5 \arccos(ax))}{32} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2}}{16 \arccos(ax)}$

```
input int(x^4/arccos(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^5*(3/32/arccos(a*x)^2*sin(3*arccos(a*x))+9/32/arccos(a*x)*cos(3*arccos
(a*x))+27/32*Si(3*arccos(a*x))+1/32/arccos(a*x)^2*sin(5*arccos(a*x))+5/32/
arccos(a*x)*cos(5*arccos(a*x))+25/32*Si(5*arccos(a*x))+1/16*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(
1/2)/arccos(a*x)^2+1/16/arccos(a*x)*a*x+1/16*Si(arccos(a*x)))
```

3.60.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral(x^4/arccos(a*x)^3, x)
```

3.60.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/acos(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**4/acos(a*x)**3, x)`

3.60.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a*x^4 - arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2*integrate((25*a^2*x^4 - 12*x^2)/arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x), x) + (5*a^2*x^5 - 4*x^3)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))/(a^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)`

3.60.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{5x^5}{2\arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^4}{2a\arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2x^3}{a^2\arccos(ax)} + \frac{25\operatorname{Si}(5\arccos(ax))}{32a^5} + \frac{27\operatorname{Si}(3\arccos(ax))}{32a^5} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{16a^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/2*x^5/arccos(a*x) + 1/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/(a*arccos(a*x)^2) - 2*x^3/(a^2*arccos(a*x)) + 25/32*sin_integral(5*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 27/32*sin_integral(3*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/16*sin_integral(arccos(a*x))/a^5`

3.60.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^3,x)`output `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.61 $\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$

3.61.1	Optimal result	439
3.61.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	439
3.61.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	440
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3.61.7	Maxima [F]	443
3.61.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	444
3.61.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	444

3.61.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{3x^2}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{2x^4}{\arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{2a^4} + \frac{\text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{a^4}$$

output $-3/2*x^2/a^2/\arccos(a*x)+2*x^4/\arccos(a*x)+1/2*Si(2*\arccos(a*x))/a^4+Si(4*\arccos(a*x))/a^4+1/2*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/\arccos(a*x)^2$

3.61.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{a^2x^2(ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}+(-3+4a^2x^2)\arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax)) + 2\text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{2a^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output $((a^2x^2(a*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2] + (-3 + 4*a^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]))/\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2 + \text{SinIntegral}[2*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + 2*\text{SinIntegral}[4*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(2*a^4)$

3.61.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5147, 4906, 27, 2009, 3042, 3780}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\
 & -\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2} dx}{2a} + 2a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2} dx + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & -\frac{3 \left(\frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a} \right)}{2a} + 2a \left(\frac{x^4}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{4 \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & -\frac{3 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{ax \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} + 2a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{a^3 x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{x^4}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & 2a \left(\frac{4 \int \left(\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{x^4}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{3 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & 2a \left(\frac{4 \int \left(\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{x^4}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} + \\
 2a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax)) \right)}{a^5} + \frac{x^4}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} + \\
 2a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax)) \right)}{a^5} + \frac{x^4}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 \downarrow \text{3780} \\
 2a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{8} \text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax)) \right)}{a^5} + \frac{x^4}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{3 \left(\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} + \\
 \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^3/ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `(x^3*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2) - (3*(x^2/(a*ArcCos[a*x])) + SinIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]]/a^3)/(2*a) + 2*a*(x^4/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) + (4*(SinIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]]/4 + SinIntegral[4*ArcCos[a*x]]/8))/a^5)`

3.61.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5145 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(n - 1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5223 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.61.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{2} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{a^4}$	82
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{2} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \text{Si}(4 \arccos(ax))}{a^4}$	82

input `int(x^3/arccos(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.61. \quad \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

output `1/a^4*(1/8/arccos(a*x)^2*sin(2*arccos(a*x))+1/4/arccos(a*x)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))+1/2*Si(2*arccos(a*x))+1/16/arccos(a*x)^2*sin(4*arccos(a*x))+1/4/arccos(a*x)*cos(4*arccos(a*x))+Si(4*arccos(a*x)))`

3.61.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^3/arccos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.61.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/acos(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**3/acos(a*x)**3, x)`

3.61.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a*x^3 - 2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2*integrate((8*a^2*x^3 - 3*x)/arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x), x) + (4*a^2*x^4 - 3*x^2)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))/(a^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)`

3.61.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{2x^4}{\arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^3}{2a\arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{3x^2}{2a^2\arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(4\arccos(ax))}{a^4} + \frac{\text{Si}(2\arccos(ax))}{2a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*x^4/arccos(a*x) + 1/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/(a*arccos(a*x)^2) - 3/2*x^2/(a^2*arccos(a*x)) + sin_integral(4*arccos(a*x))/a^4 + 1/2*sin_integral(2*arccos(a*x))/a^4`**3.61.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\text{acos}(ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^3,x)`output `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.62 $\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$

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3.62.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{x}{a^2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{3x^3}{2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{8a^3} + \frac{9\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{8a^3}$$

output `-x/a^2/arccos(a*x)+3/2*x^3/arccos(a*x)+1/8*Si(arccos(a*x))/a^3+9/8*Si(3*arccos(a*x))/a^3+1/2*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^2`

3.62.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{4ax(ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}+(-2+3a^2x^2)\arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + 9\text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{8a^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `((4*a*x*(a*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] + (-2 + 3*a^2*x^2)*ArcCos[a*x]))/ArcCos[a*x]^2 + SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]] + 9*SinIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]])/(8*a^3)`

3.62.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5135, 3042, 3780, 5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2} dx}{a} + \frac{3}{2}a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2} dx + \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a} \right) - \frac{\frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a}}{a} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)}}{a} + \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)}}{a} + \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a} \right) - \frac{\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a^2} + \frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)}}{a} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{a^2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a^2} + \frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)}}{a} + \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \int \left(\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a^2} + \frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(\arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{4} \text{Si}(3 \arccos(ax)) \right)}{a^4} + \frac{x^3}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a^2} + \frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2}$$

input `Int[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `(x^2*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2) - (x/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) + SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/a^2)/a + (3*a*(x^3/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) + (3*(SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/4 + SinIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]]/4))/a^4))/2`

3.62.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`


```
rule 5145 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (
-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/
Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*A
rcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5223 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.62.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{3 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{9 \operatorname{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{ax}{8 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{8}}{a^3}$	82
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{3 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{9 \operatorname{Si}(3 \arccos(ax))}{8} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{8 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{ax}{8 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{8}}{a^3}$	82

```
input int(x^2/arccos(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^3*(1/8/arccos(a*x)^2*sin(3*arccos(a*x))+3/8/arccos(a*x)*cos(3*arccos(a
*x))+9/8*Si(3*arccos(a*x))+1/8*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)^2+1/8/arccos
(a*x)*a*x+1/8*Si(arccos(a*x)))
```

3.62.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2/arccos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.62.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/acos(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**2/acos(a*x)**3, x)`

3.62.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a*x^2 - arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2*integrate((9*a^2*x^2 - 2)/arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x), x) + (3*a^2*x^3 - 2*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))/(a^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)`

3.62.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{3x^3}{2\arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2}{2a\arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{x}{a^2\arccos(ax)} + \frac{9\operatorname{Si}(3\arccos(ax))}{8a^3} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{8a^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/2*x^3/arccos(a*x) + 1/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/(a*arccos(a*x)^2) - x/(a^2*arccos(a*x)) + 9/8*sin_integral(3*arccos(a*x))/a^3 + 1/8*sin_integral(arccos(a*x))/a^3`**3.62.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^3,x)`output `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.63 $\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$

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3.63.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{1}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}$$

output $-1/2/a^2/\arccos(a*x)+x^2/\arccos(a*x)+\text{Si}(2*\arccos(a*x))/a^2+1/2*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/a/\arccos(a*x)^2$

3.63.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{-1+2a^2x^2}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output $(x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2])/(2*a*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2) + (-1 + 2*a^2*x^2)/(2*a^2*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]) + \text{SinIntegral}[2*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]/a^2$

3.63.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {5145, 5153, 5223, 5147, 4906, 27, 3042, 3780}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2} dx}{2a} + a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5153} \\
 & a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{1}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & a \left(\frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{1}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{1}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{1}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{1}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{1}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a \left(\frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^3} + \frac{x^2}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{1}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)}$$

input `Int[x/ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2) - 1/(2*a^2*ArcCos[a*x]) + a*(x^2 / (a*ArcCos[a*x]) + SinIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]]/a^3)`

3.63.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n * Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5145 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^{(m_)}, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(−1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[−a/b + x/b]^m*sin[−a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c*(n + 1))^(−1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, −1]`

rule 5223 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, −1]`

3.63.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} + \text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}$	43
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} + \text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}$	43

input `int(x/arccos(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^2*(1/4/arccos(a*x)^2*sin(2*arccos(a*x))+1/2/arccos(a*x)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))+Si(2*arccos(a*x)))`

3.63.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/arccos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.63.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/acos(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Integral(x/acos(a*x)**3, x)`

3.63.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(4*a^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2*integrate(x/arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x), x) - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a*x - (2*a^2*x^2 - 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))/(a^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)`

3.63.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{1}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x^2/arccos(a*x) + sin_integral(2*arccos(a*x))/a^2 + 1/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x/(a*arccos(a*x)^2) - 1/2/(a^2*arccos(a*x))`

3.63.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{\text{acos}(ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(x/acos(a*x)^3,x)`

output `int(x/acos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.64 $\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$

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3.64.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{x}{2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{2a}$$

output `1/2*x/arccos(a*x)+1/2*Si(arccos(a*x))/a+1/2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^2`

3.64.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + ax \arccos(ax) + \arccos(ax)^2 \text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{2a \arccos(ax)^2}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(-3),x]`

output `(Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] + a*x*ArcCos[a*x] + ArcCos[a*x]^2*SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]])/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2)`

3.64.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {5133, 5223, 5135, 3042, 3780}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5133} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{a^2} + \frac{x}{a \arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(-3),x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2) + (a*(x/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) + SinIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/a^2))/2`

3.64.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5133 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5223 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.64.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{ax}{2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{2}}{a}$	43
default	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{2 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{ax}{2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{2}}{a}$	43

input `int(1/arccos(a*x)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a*(1/2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)^2+1/2/arccos(a*x)*a*x+1/2*Si(arccos(a*x)))`

3.64.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^(-3), x)`

3.64.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/acos(a*x)**3,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**(-3), x)`

3.64.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2*integrate(1/arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x), x) - a*x*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x) - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1))/(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)`

3.64.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \frac{x}{2 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Si}(\arccos(ax))}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{2a \arccos(ax)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*x/arccos(a*x) + 1/2*sin_integral(arccos(a*x))/a + 1/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a*arccos(a*x)^2)`

3.64.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\text{acos}(ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/acos(a*x)^3,x)`

output `int(1/acos(a*x)^3, x)`

3.65 $\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx$

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3.65.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arccos(a*x)^3,x)`

3.65.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^3),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^3), x]`

3.65.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^3),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.65.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.65.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 3.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^3,x)`

output `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^3,x)`

3.65.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^3), x)`**3.65.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/acos(a*x)**3,x)`output `Integral(1/(x*acos(a*x)**3), x)`**3.65.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.40

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(2*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2*integrate(1/(x^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) + sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a*x + arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))/(a^2*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)`

3.65.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^3), x)`**3.65.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^3),x)`output `int(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^3), x)`

3.66 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx$

3.66.1	Optimal result	466
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3.66.6	Sympy [N/A]	468
3.66.7	Maxima [N/A]	468
3.66.8	Giac [N/A]	469
3.66.9	Mupad [N/A]	469

3.66.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^3,x)`

3.66.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^3),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^3), x]`

3.66.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^3),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.66.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.66.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^3,x)`

output `int(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^3,x)`

3.66.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(x^2*arccos(a*x)^3), x)`**3.66.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos^3(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/arccos(a*x)**3,x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*arccos(a*x)**3), x)`**3.66.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.30

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(x^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2*integrate((a^2*x^2 - 6)/(x^4*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*a*x + (a^2*x^2 - 2)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))/(a^2*x^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)`

3.66.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x^2*arccos(a*x)^3), x)`**3.66.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*acos(a*x)^3),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*acos(a*x)^3), x)`

3.67 $\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$

3.67.1	Optimal result	470
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3.67.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	471
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3.67.5	Fricas [F]	473
3.67.6	Sympy [F]	474
3.67.7	Maxima [F]	474
3.67.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	474
3.67.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	475

3.67.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{2x^3}{3a^2 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{5x^5}{6 \arccos(ax)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{25x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{6a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{48a^5}$$

$$+ \frac{27 \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{32a^5} + \frac{125 \text{CosIntegral}(5 \arccos(ax))}{96a^5}$$

output

```
-2/3*x^3/a^2/arccos(a*x)^2+5/6*x^5/arccos(a*x)^2+1/48*Ci(arccos(a*x))/a^5+
27/32*Ci(3*arccos(a*x))/a^5+125/96*Ci(5*arccos(a*x))/a^5+1/3*x^4*(-a^2*x^2
+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^3+2*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3/arccos(a*x)-25/6*x^
4*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)
```

3.67.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{32a^4x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 64a^3x^3 \arccos(ax) + 80a^5x^5 \arccos(ax) + 192a^2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2 - 400a^4x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{96a^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output `(32*a^4*x^4*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - 64*a^3*x^3*ArcCos[a*x] + 80*a^5*x^5*ArcCos[a*x] + 192*a^2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2 - 400*a^4*x^4*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^2 + 2*ArcCos[a*x]^3*CosIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]] + 81*ArcCos[a*x]^3*CosIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]] + 125*ArcCos[a*x]^3*CosIntegral[5*ArcCos[a*x]])/(96*a^5*ArcCos[a*x]^3)`

3.67.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\
 & \frac{5}{3}a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3} dx - \frac{4 \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3} dx}{3a} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & \frac{5}{3}a \left(\frac{x^5}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{5 \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx}{2a} \right) - \frac{4 \left(\frac{x^3}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx}{2a} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5143} \\
 & \frac{5}{3}a \left(\frac{x^5}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{5 \left(\frac{\int \left(-\frac{ax}{8 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{9 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{5 \cos(5 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} \right) - \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{x^3}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \left(-\frac{ax}{4 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{4 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \text{2009} \\ \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} + \\ \frac{5}{3} a \left(\frac{x^5}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{5 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{8} \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) - \frac{9}{16} \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{5}{16} \text{CosIntegral}(5 \arccos(ax))}{a^5} + \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} \right) \\ \frac{4 \left(\frac{x^3}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{4} \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) - \frac{3}{4} \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{a^3} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} \right)}{3a} \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output $(x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) / (3a \arccos(ax)^3) - (4(x^3 / (2a \arccos(ax)^2) - (3((x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) / (a \arccos(ax))) + (-1/4 \text{CosIntegral}[\arccos(ax)] - (3 \text{CosIntegral}[3 \arccos(ax)]) / 4) / a^3)) / (2a)) / (3a) + (5a(x^5 / (2a \arccos(ax)^2) - (5((x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}) / (a \arccos(ax))) + (-1/8 \text{CosIntegral}[\arccos(ax)] - (9 \text{CosIntegral}[3 \arccos(ax)]) / 16 - (5 \text{CosIntegral}[5 \arccos(ax)]) / 16) / a^5)) / (2a)) / 3$

3.67.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5145 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

```
rule 5223 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.67.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{24 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{ax}{48 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{48 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{48} + \frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{3 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{9 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{27 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{a^5}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{24 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{ax}{48 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{48 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{48} + \frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{3 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{9 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{32 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{27 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{a^5}$

```
input int(x^4/arccos(a*x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^5*(1/24*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)^3+1/48/arccos(a*x)^2*a*x-1/48*(
-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)+1/48*Ci(arccos(a*x))+1/16/arccos(a*x)^3*sin(
3*arccos(a*x))+3/32/arccos(a*x)^2*cos(3*arccos(a*x))-9/32/arccos(a*x)*sin(
3*arccos(a*x))+27/32*Ci(3*arccos(a*x))+1/48/arccos(a*x)^3*sin(5*arccos(a*x
))+5/96/arccos(a*x)^2*cos(5*arccos(a*x))-25/96/arccos(a*x)*sin(5*arccos(a*
x))+125/96*Ci(5*arccos(a*x)))
```

3.67.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(x^4/arccos(a*x)^4, x)
```

3.67.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos^4(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/acos(a*x)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**4/acos(a*x)**4, x)`

3.67.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos^4(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(6*a^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3*integrate(1/6*(125*a^4*x^5 - 136*a^2*x^3 + 24*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^5*x^2 - a^3)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) + (2*a^2*x^4 - (25*a^2*x^4 - 12*x^2)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1) + (5*a^3*x^5 - 4*a*x^3)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))/(a^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3)`

3.67.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx &= \frac{5x^5}{6 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{25\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^4}{6a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^4}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\ &\quad - \frac{2x^3}{3a^2 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2}{a^3 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{125 \operatorname{Ci}(5 \arccos(ax))}{96a^5} \\ &\quad + \frac{27 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{32a^5} + \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{48a^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/6*x^5/arccos(a*x)^2 - 25/6*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/(a*arccos(a*x)) + 1/3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^4/(a*arccos(a*x)^3) - 2/3*x^3/(a^2*arccos(a*x)^2) + 2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/(a^3*arccos(a*x)) + 125/96*cos_integral(5*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 27/32*cos_integral(3*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/48*cos_integral(arccos(a*x))/a^5`

3.67.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^4} dx$$

input `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^4,x)`

output `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.68 $\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$

3.68.1	Optimal result	476
3.68.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	476
3.68.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	477
3.68.4	Maple [A] (verified)	480
3.68.5	Fricas [F]	480
3.68.6	Sympy [F]	481
3.68.7	Maxima [F]	481
3.68.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	481
3.68.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	482

3.68.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{x^2}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{2x^4}{3 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a^3 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{8x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax))}{3a^4} + \frac{4 \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax))}{3a^4}$$

output `-1/2*x^2/a^2/arccos(a*x)^2+2/3*x^4/arccos(a*x)^2+1/3*Ci(2*arccos(a*x))/a^4+4/3*Ci(4*arccos(a*x))/a^4+1/3*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^3+x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3/arccos(a*x)-8/3*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)`

3.68.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{a x (2a^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2} + a x (-3+4a^2 x^2) \arccos(ax) - 2\sqrt{1-a^2 x^2} (-3+8a^2 x^2) \arccos(ax)^2)}{\arccos(ax)^3} + 2 \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax)) + 8 \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax))$$

$6a^4$

input `Integrate[x^3/ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output $((a*x*(2*a^2*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2] + a*x*(-3 + 4*a^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] - 2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]*(-3 + 8*a^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2))/\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^3 + 2*\text{CosIntegral}[2*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + 8*\text{CosIntegral}[4*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(6*a^4)$

3.68.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.700$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5143, 25, 2009, 3042, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5145 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3} dx}{a} + \frac{4}{3}a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3} dx + \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5223 \\
 & -\frac{\frac{x^2}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx}{a}}{a} + \frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{x^4}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5143 \\
 & -\frac{\frac{x^2}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}}{a}}{a} + \\
 & \frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{x^4}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \left(-\frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax) + \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}}{a^4} \right)}{a} + \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\frac{x^2}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2}}{a} + \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \left(\frac{x^4}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \left(-\frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{2 \arccos(ax)} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{a} \right) + \\
 & \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & -\frac{x^2}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2}}{a} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} + \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \left(\frac{x^4}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax))}{a^4} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{x^2}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(2 \arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2}}{a} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} + \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \left(\frac{x^4}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax))}{a^4} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
 & -\frac{x^2}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}}{a} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} + \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \left(\frac{x^4}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{1}{2} \text{CosIntegral}(4 \arccos(ax))}{a^4} + \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^3/ArcCos [a*x]^4, x]`

```
output (x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^3) - (x^2/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2) - (
(x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) - CosIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]]/a^2)/a
/a + (4*a*(x^4/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2) - (2*((x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*ArcCos
[a*x])) + (-1/2*CosIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]] - CosIntegral[4*ArcCos[a*x]]/2)/
a^4))/a))/3
```

3.68.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3783 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosInte
gral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) -
c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 5143 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(x_)^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - S
imp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-
a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos
[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5145 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(x_)^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (
-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/
Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*A
rcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```



```
rule 5223 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.68.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{12 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{12 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{6 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{3} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{24 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{12 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{3 \arccos(ax)}}{a^4}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{12 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{12 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{6 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{3} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{24 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{12 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{3 \arccos(ax)}}{a^4}$

```
input int(x^3/arccos(a*x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^4*(1/12/arccos(a*x)^3*sin(2*arccos(a*x))+1/12/arccos(a*x)^2*cos(2*arcc
os(a*x))-1/6/arccos(a*x)*sin(2*arccos(a*x))+1/3*Ci(2*arccos(a*x))+1/24/arc
cos(a*x)^3*sin(4*arccos(a*x))+1/12/arccos(a*x)^2*cos(4*arccos(a*x))-1/3/ar
ccos(a*x)*sin(4*arccos(a*x))+4/3*Ci(4*arccos(a*x)))
```

3.68.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral(x^3/arccos(a*x)^4, x)
```

3.68.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos^4(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/acos(a*x)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**3/acos(a*x)**4, x)`

3.68.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos^4(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(6*a^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3*integrate(1/3*(32*a^4*x^4 - 30*a^2*x^2 + 3)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^5*x^2 - a^3)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) + 2*(a^2*x^3 - (8*a^2*x^3 - 3*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1) + (4*a^3*x^4 - 3*a*x^2)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))/ (a^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3)`

3.68.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{2x^4}{3 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{x^2}{2a^2 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x}{a^3 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{4 \operatorname{Ci}(4 \arccos(ax))}{3a^4} + \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{3a^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{2}{3}x^4/\arccos(ax)^2 - \frac{8}{3}\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^3/(a\arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x^3/(a\arccos(ax)^3) - \frac{1}{2}x^2/(a^2\arccos(ax)^2) + \sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}x/(a^3\arccos(ax)) + \frac{4}{3}\cos_integral(4\arccos(ax))/a^4 + \frac{1}{3}\cos_integral(2\arccos(ax))/a^4$

3.68.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^4} dx$$

input `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^4,x)`

output `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.69 $\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$

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3.69.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 141

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{x}{3a^2 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{x^3}{2 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^3 \arccos(ax)} - \frac{3x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{2a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{24a^3} + \frac{9 \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{8a^3}$$

output `-1/3*x/a^2/arccos(a*x)^2+1/2*x^3/arccos(a*x)^2+1/24*Ci(arccos(a*x))/a^3+9/8*Ci(3*arccos(a*x))/a^3+1/3*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^3+1/3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3/arccos(a*x)-3/2*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)`

3.69.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{8a^2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{4ax(-2+3a^2x^2)}{\arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}(-2+9a^2x^2)}{\arccos(ax)} - 80 \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) + 27(3 \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)))$$

$24a^3$

input `Integrate[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output $((8*a^2*x^2*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/ArcCos[a*x]^3 + (4*a*x*(-2 + 3*a^2*x^2))/ArcCos[a*x]^2 - (4*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*(-2 + 9*a^2*x^2))/ArcCos[a*x] - 80*CosIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]] + 27*(3*CosIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]] + CosIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(24*a^3)$

3.69.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5133, 5143, 2009, 5225, 3042, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5145}$$

$$-\frac{2 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3} dx}{3a} + a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3} dx + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5223}$$

$$a \left(\frac{x^3}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx}{2a} \right) - \frac{2 \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx}{2a} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5133}$$

$$-\frac{2 \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}}{2a} \right)}{3a} + a \left(\frac{x^3}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx}{2a} \right) +$$

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5143}$$

$$a \left(\frac{x^3}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}}{3a} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$a \left(\frac{x^3}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}}{3a} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{4} \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) - \frac{3}{4} \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{a^3} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} \right)$$

↓ 5225

$$a \left(\frac{x^3}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{ax}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{2a}}{3a} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{4} \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) - \frac{3}{4} \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{a^3} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} \right)$$

↓ 3042

$$a \left(\frac{x^3}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{2a}}{3a} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{4} \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) - \frac{3}{4} \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{a^3} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} \right)$$

↓ 3783

$$a \left(\frac{x^3}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{a}}{2a} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{4} \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax)) - \frac{3}{4} \text{CosIntegral}(3 \arccos(ax))}{a^3} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^3) - (2*(x/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2) - (Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) - CosIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]]/a)/(2*a)))/(3*a) + a*(x^3/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2) - (3*((x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) + (-1/4*CosIntegral[ArcCos[a*x]] - (3*CosIntegral[3*ArcCos[a*x]])/4)/a^3))/(2*a))`

3.69.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 5133 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*(x_)^m_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5145 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5223 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5225 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)*((d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.69.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{12 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{ax}{24 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{24 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{24} + \frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{12 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{\cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{9 \text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{a^3}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{12 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{ax}{24 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{24 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{24} + \frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{12 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{\cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{8 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{9 \text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{a^3}$

```
input int(x^2/arccos(a*x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^3*(1/12*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)^3+1/24/arccos(a*x)^2*a*x-1/24*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)+1/24*Ci(arccos(a*x))+1/12/arccos(a*x)^3*sin(3*arccos(a*x))+1/8/arccos(a*x)^2*cos(3*arccos(a*x))-3/8/arccos(a*x)*sin(3*arccos(a*x))+9/8*Ci(3*arccos(a*x)))
```


3.69.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2/arccos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.69.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos^4(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/acos(a*x)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x**2/acos(a*x)**4, x)`

3.69.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(6*a^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3*integrate(1/6*(27*a^2*x^3 - 20*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^3*x^2 - a)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) + (2*a^2*x^2 - (9*a^2*x^2 - 2)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1) + (3*a^3*x^3 - 2*a*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)/(a^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3)`

3.69.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{x^3}{2 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{3\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2}{2a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{9 \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(ax))}{8a^3} + \frac{\operatorname{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{24a^3} - \frac{x}{3a^2 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{3a^3 \arccos(ax)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*x^3/arccos(a*x)^2 - 3/2*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/(a*arccos(a*x)) + 1/3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/(a*arccos(a*x)^3) + 9/8*cos_integral(3*arccos(a*x))/a^3 + 1/24*cos_integral(arccos(a*x))/a^3 - 1/3*x/(a^2*arccos(a*x)^2) + 1/3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a^3*arccos(a*x))`**3.69.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^4} dx$$

input `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^4,x)`output `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.70 $\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$

3.70.1 Optimal result	490
3.70.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	490
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3.70.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	495
3.70.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	495

3.70.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{1}{6a^2 \arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{x^2}{3 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{2 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax))}{3a^2}$$

output `-1/6/a^2/arccos(a*x)^2+1/3*x^2/arccos(a*x)^2+2/3*Ci(2*arccos(a*x))/a^2+1/3*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^3-2/3*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)`

3.70.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{2ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + (-1 + 2a^2x^2) \arccos(ax) - 4ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2 + 4 \arccos(ax)^3 \operatorname{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax))}{6a^2 \arccos(ax)^3}$$

input `Integrate[x/ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output $(2ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + (-1+2a^2x^2)\text{ArcCos}[ax] - 4ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\text{ArcCos}[ax]^2 + 4\text{ArcCos}[ax]^3\text{CosIntegral}[2\text{ArcCos}[ax]])/(6a^2\text{ArcCos}[ax]^3)$

3.70.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$, Rules used = {5145, 5153, 5223, 5143, 25, 3042, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5145 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^3} dx}{3a} + \frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^3} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a\arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5153 \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^3} dx + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a\arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{1}{6a^2\arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5223 \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2a\arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a\arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{1}{6a^2\arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5143 \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2a\arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{-\frac{\cos(2\arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d\arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\arccos(ax)}}{a} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a\arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{1}{6a^2\arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2a\arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos(2\arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)} d\arccos(ax)}{a^2}}{a} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a\arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{1}{6a^2\arccos(ax)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2}}{a} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{1}{6a^2 \arccos(ax)^2}$$

↓ 3783

$$\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{x^2}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(2 \arccos(ax))}{a^2}}{a} \right) + \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{1}{6a^2 \arccos(ax)^2}$$

input `Int[x/ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output `(x*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^3) - 1/(6*a^2*ArcCos[a*x]^2) + (2*a*(x^2/(2*a*ArcCos[a*x]^2) - ((x*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*ArcCos[a*x]) - CosIntegral[2*ArcCos[a*x]]/a^2)/a))/3`

3.70.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_) *(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^ (m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5145 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && I GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5153 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5223 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.70.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{6 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{6 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{3 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{2 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{3}}{a^2}$	60
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{6 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{6 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{3 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{2 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{3}}{a^2}$	60

```
input int(x/arccos(a*x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^2*(1/6/arccos(a*x)^3*sin(2*arccos(a*x))+1/6/arccos(a*x)^2*cos(2*arccos(a*x))-1/3/arccos(a*x)*sin(2*arccos(a*x))+2/3*Ci(2*arccos(a*x)))
```

3.70.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/arccos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.70.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos^4(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/acos(a*x)**4,x)`

output `Integral(x/acos(a*x)**4, x)`

3.70.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(6*a^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3*integrate(2/3*(2*a^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^3*x^2 - a)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) - 2*(2*a*x*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2 - a*x)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1) + (2*a^2*x^2 - 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))/(a^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3)`

3.70.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{x^2}{3 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x}{3a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{2 \operatorname{Ci}(2 \arccos(ax))}{3a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}x}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{1}{6a^2 \arccos(ax)^2}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*x^2/arccos(a*x)^2 - 2/3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x/(a*arccos(a*x)) + 2/3*cos
_integral(2*arccos(a*x))/a^2 + 1/3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)*x/(a*arccos(a*x)^3)
- 1/6/(a^2*arccos(a*x)^2)`**3.70.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^4} dx$$

input `int(x/acos(a*x)^4,x)`output `int(x/acos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.71 $\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$

3.71.1	Optimal result	496
3.71.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	496
3.71.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	497
3.71.4	Maple [A] (verified)	499
3.71.5	Fricas [F]	499
3.71.6	Sympy [F]	499
3.71.7	Maxima [F]	500
3.71.8	Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	500
3.71.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	500

3.71.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{x}{6 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{6a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{6a}$$

output $\frac{1}{6} \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^2} + \frac{1}{6} \text{Ci}(\arccos(ax)) / a + \frac{1}{3} \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)^3} - \frac{1}{6} \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}$

3.71.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + ax \arccos(ax) - \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^2 + \arccos(ax)^3 \text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{6a \arccos(ax)^3}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(-4), x]`

output $(2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + a*x*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] - \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2 + \text{ArcCos}[a*x]^3*\text{CosIntegral}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]) / (6*a*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^3)$

3.71.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {5133, 5223, 5133, 5225, 3042, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5133} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^3} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}a \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx}{2a} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5133} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}a \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)} dx + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)}}{2a} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}a \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{ax}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{2a}}{2a} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}a \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\arccos(ax)} d \arccos(ax)}{2a}}{2a} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}a \left(\frac{x}{2a \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \arccos(ax)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\arccos(ax))}{a}}{2a} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(-4), x]`

output $\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]/(3*a*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^3) + (a*(x/(2*a*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2) - (\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2]/(a*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]) - \text{CosIntegral}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]/a)/(2*a)))/3$

3.71.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear } Q[u, x]$

rule 3783 $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{CosIntegral}[e - \text{Pi}/2 + f*x]/d, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[d*(e - \text{Pi}/2) - c*f, 0]$

rule 5133 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + \text{ArcCos}[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^{n+1}/(b*c*(n+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[c/(b*(n+1))] \text{ Int}[x*((a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^{n+1}/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5223 $\text{Int}[(((a_.) + \text{ArcCos}[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n)*((f_.)*(x_.))^m/\text{Sqrt}[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n+1)))*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^{n+1}, x] + \text{Simp}[f*(m/(b*c*(n+1)))*\text{Simp}[\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]/\text{Sqrt}[d + e*x^2]] \text{ Int}[(f*x)^{m-1}*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^{n+1}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5225 $\text{Int}[((a_.) + \text{ArcCos}[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m*((d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(b*c^{m+1})^{-1})*\text{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Cos}[-a/b + x/b]^m*\text{Sin}[-a/b + x/b]^{2*p+1}, x], x, a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[2*p + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$

3.71.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{3 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{ax}{6 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{6 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{6}}{a}$	63
default	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{3 \arccos(ax)^3} + \frac{ax}{6 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}}{6 \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{6}}{a}$	63

input `int(1/arccos(a*x)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a*(1/3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)^3+1/6/arccos(a*x)^2*a*x-1/6*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)+1/6*Ci(arccos(a*x)))`

3.71.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^(-4), x)`

3.71.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{\text{acos}^4(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/acos(a*x)**4,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**(-4), x)`

3.71.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(6*a^2*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3*integrate(1/6*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x/((a^2*x^2 - 1)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) + a*x*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x) - sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*(arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2 - 2))/(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3)`

3.71.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \frac{\text{Ci}(\arccos(ax))}{6a} + \frac{x}{6 \arccos(ax)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{6a \arccos(ax)} + \frac{\sqrt{-a^2x^2 + 1}}{3a \arccos(ax)^3}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*cos_integral(arccos(a*x))/a + 1/6*x/arccos(a*x)^2 - 1/6*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a*arccos(a*x)) + 1/3*sqrt(-a^2*x^2 + 1)/(a*arccos(a*x)^3)`

3.71.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{\text{acos}(ax)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/acos(a*x)^4,x)`

output `int(1/acos(a*x)^4, x)`

3.72 $\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx$

3.72.1	Optimal result	501
3.72.2	Mathematica [N/A]	501
3.72.3	Rubi [N/A]	502
3.72.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	502
3.72.5	Fricas [N/A]	503
3.72.6	Sympy [N/A]	503
3.72.7	Maxima [N/A]	503
3.72.8	Giac [N/A]	504
3.72.9	Mupad [N/A]	504

3.72.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arccos(a*x)^4,x)`

3.72.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^4),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^4), x]`

3.72.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^4),x]`output `$Aborted`**3.72.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.72.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 3.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^4,x)`output `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^4,x)`

3.72.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^4), x)`**3.72.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos^4(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/acos(a*x)**4,x)`output `Integral(1/(x*acos(a*x)**4), x)`**3.72.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(6*a^3*x^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3*integrate(1/3*(2*a^2*x^2 - 3)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^5*x^6 - a^3*x^4)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) + a*x*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x) + 2*(a^2*x^2 + arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1))/(a^3*x^3*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3)`

3.72.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^4), x)`

3.72.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*acos(a*x)^4),x)`

output `int(1/(x*acos(a*x)^4), x)`

3.73 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx$

3.73.1	Optimal result	505
3.73.2	Mathematica [N/A]	505
3.73.3	Rubi [N/A]	506
3.73.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	506
3.73.5	Fricas [N/A]	507
3.73.6	Sympy [N/A]	507
3.73.7	Maxima [N/A]	507
3.73.8	Giac [N/A]	508
3.73.9	Mupad [N/A]	508

3.73.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^4,x)`

3.73.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 17.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^4),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^4), x]`

3.73.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^4),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.73.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^m_.], x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.73.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^4,x)`

output `int(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^4,x)`

3.73.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(x^2*arccos(a*x)^4), x)`**3.73.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos^4(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/acos(a*x)**4,x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*acos(a*x)**4), x)`**3.73.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 5.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.90

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*(6*a^3*x^4*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3*integrate(1/6*(a^4*x^4 - 20*a^2*x^2 + 24)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)/((a^5*x^7 - a^3*x^5)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x) - (2*a^2*x^2 - (a^2*x^2 - 6)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1) + (a^3*x^3 - 2*a*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))/(a^3*x^4*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3)`

3.73.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(x^2*arccos(a*x)^4), x)`

3.73.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \arccos(ax)^4} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*acos(a*x)^4), x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*acos(a*x)^4), x)`

3.74 $\int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.74.1	Optimal result	509
3.74.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	509
3.74.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	510
3.74.4	Maple [A] (verified)	512
3.74.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	512
3.74.6	Sympy [F]	512
3.74.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	513
3.74.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	513
3.74.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	514

3.74.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{8a^5} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a^5} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{80a^5}$$

```
output -1/800*FresnelC(10^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*10^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5
-1/96*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5-1/
16*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5+1/5*x
^5*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.74.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \frac{i\left(150\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) - 150\sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right) + 25\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\right)}{=}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `((I/2400)*(150*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 150*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]] + 25*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 25*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + 3*Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (-5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 3*Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(a^5*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.74.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {5141, 5225, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{1}{10} a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^5 x^5}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{10a^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^5}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{10a^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{1}{5} x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{5ax}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{5 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{16\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\cos(5 \arccos(ax))}{16\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{10a^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5}x^5\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{5}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{5}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{10a^5}$$

input `Int[x^4*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]],x]`

output `(x^5*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/5 - ((5*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/4 + (5*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelC[Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/8 + (Sqrt[Pi/10]*FresnelC[Sqrt[10/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/8)/(10*a^5)`

3.74.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.74.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
default	$\frac{-3\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)-25\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)-150\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2400a^5\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$

input `int(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{2400}a^{-5}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\left(-3\cdot 5^{(1/2)}\cdot 2^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\pi^{(1/2)}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}\cdot 5^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\right)-25\cdot 3^{(1/2)}\cdot 2^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\pi^{(1/2)}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}\cdot 3^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\right)-150\cdot 2^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\pi^{(1/2)}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\right)+300\arccos(ax)\cdot ax+150\arccos(ax)\cdot \cos(3\arccos(ax))+30\arccos(ax)\cdot \cos(5\arccos(ax))\right)$$

3.74.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.74.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4*acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4*sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.74.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.

3.74.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = & \frac{(i+1) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{3200 a^5} \\ & - \frac{(i-1) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{3200 a^5} \\ & + \frac{(i+1) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{384 a^5} \\ & - \frac{(i-1) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{384 a^5} \\ & + \frac{(i+1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64 a^5} \\ & - \frac{(i-1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64 a^5} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{5i \arccos(ax)}}{160 a^5} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{3i \arccos(ax)}}{32 a^5} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{i \arccos(ax)}}{16 a^5} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-i \arccos(ax)}}{16 a^5} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-3i \arccos(ax)}}{32 a^5} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-5i \arccos(ax)}}{160 a^5} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(1/3200*I + 1/3200)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 - (1/3200*I - 1/3200)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 + (1/384*I + 1/384)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 - (1/384*I - 1/384)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 + (1/64*I + 1/64)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 - (1/64*I - 1/64)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 + 1/160*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(5*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/32*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(3*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/16*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/16*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/32*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-3*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/160*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-5*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5`

3.74.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.75 $\int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.75.1	Optimal result	515
3.75.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	515
3.75.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	516
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3.75.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	519
3.75.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	520

3.75.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{32a^4} + \frac{1}{4}x^4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{16a^4}$$

output `-1/128*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^4 -1/16*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4-3/32*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a^4+1/4*x^4*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.75.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \frac{i\left(4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -2i\arccos(ax)\right) - 4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2i\arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -2i\arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2i\arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{128a^4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output $((I/128)*(4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[3/2, (-2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - 4*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[3/2, (2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + \text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[3/2, (-4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - \text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[3/2, (4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(a^4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])$

3.75.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {5141, 5225, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5141$$

$$\frac{1}{8}a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}$$

$$\downarrow 5225$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^4x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{8a^4}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax)+\frac{\pi}{2})^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{8a^4}$$

$$\downarrow 3793$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\cos(2\arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\cos(4\arccos(ax))}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{3}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d\arccos(ax)}{8a^4}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}x^4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{8a^4}$$

input $\text{Int}[x^3*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]], x]$

```
output (x^4*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/4 - ((3*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/4 + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*Fresnel
C[2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/8 + (Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a
*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]])/2)/(8*a^4)
```

3.75.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3793 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := In
t[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))
```

```
rule 5141 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x
^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

```
rule 5225 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c^(m + 1))^(n-1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c
^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x],
x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e
, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.75.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + 16 \arccos(ax) \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) + 4 \arccos(ax) \cos(4 \arccos(ax)) - 8 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{128a^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$

input `int(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/128/a^4/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*(-2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))+16*arccos(a*x)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))+4*arccos(a*x)*cos(4*arccos(a*x))-8*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))`

3.75.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.75.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.75.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.

3.75.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = & \frac{(i+1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left((i-1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{512 a^4} \\ & - \frac{(i-1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-(i+1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{512 a^4} \\ & + \frac{(i+1) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left((i-1) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64 a^4} \\ & - \frac{(i-1) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-(i+1) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64 a^4} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{4i \arccos(ax)}}{64 a^4} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{2i \arccos(ax)}}{16 a^4} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-2i \arccos(ax)}}{16 a^4} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-4i \arccos(ax)}}{64 a^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $(1/512*I + 1/512)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\text{erf}((I - 1)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)})/a^4 - (1/512*I - 1/512)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\text{erf}(-(I + 1)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)})/a^4 + (1/64*I + 1/64)*\sqrt{\pi}*\text{erf}((I - 1)*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)})/a^4 - (1/64*I - 1/64)*\sqrt{\pi}*\text{erf}(-(I + 1)*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)})/a^4 + 1/64*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)}*e^{(4*I*\arccos(a*x))}/a^4 + 1/16*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)}*e^{(2*I*\arccos(a*x))}/a^4 + 1/16*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)}*e^{(-2*I*\arccos(a*x))}/a^4 + 1/64*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)}*e^{(-4*I*\arccos(a*x))}/a^4$

3.75.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.76 $\int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.76.1	Optimal result	521
3.76.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	521
3.76.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	522
3.76.4	Maple [A] (verified)	524
3.76.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	524
3.76.6	Sympy [F]	524
3.76.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	525
3.76.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	525
3.76.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	526

3.76.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{4a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{12a^3}$$

output

```
-1/72*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3-1/8*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3+1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.76.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \frac{i\left(9\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) - 9\sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{3}\left(\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{72a^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `((I/72)*(9*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 9*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[3]*(Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]))/ (a^3*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.76.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {5141, 5225, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^3 x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{6a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax)+\frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{6a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{3ax}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{6a^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{6a^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]],x]`

output `(x^3*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/3 - ((3*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/2 + (Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelC[Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/2)/(6*a^3)`

3.76.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.76.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)-9\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)+18\arccos(ax)ax+6\arccos(ax)}{72a^3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$

input `int(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/72/a^3/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*(-3^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-9*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))+18*arccos(a*x)*a*x+6*arccos(a*x)*cos(3*arccos(a*x))`

3.76.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.76.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.76.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.

3.76.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = & \frac{(i+1) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{288 a^3} \\ & - \frac{(i-1) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{288 a^3} \\ & + \frac{(i+1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32 a^3} \\ & - \frac{(i-1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32 a^3} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{3i \arccos(ax)}}{24 a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{i \arccos(ax)}}{8 a^3} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-i \arccos(ax)}}{8 a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-3i \arccos(ax)}}{24 a^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $(1/288*I + 1/288)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}((1/2*I - 1/2)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^3 - (1/288*I - 1/288)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^3 + (1/32*I + 1/32)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}((1/2*I - 1/2)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^3 - (1/32*I - 1/32)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^3 + 1/24*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}*e^{(3*I*\arccos(ax))}/a^3 + 1/8*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}*e^{(I*\arccos(ax))}/a^3 + 1/8*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}*e^{(-I*\arccos(ax))}/a^3 + 1/24*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}*e^{(-3*I*\arccos(ax))}/a^3$

3.76.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{\operatorname{acos}(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.77 $\int x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.77.1	Optimal result	527
3.77.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	527
3.77.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	528
3.77.4	Maple [A] (verified)	529
3.77.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	530
3.77.6	Sympy [F]	530
3.77.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	530
3.77.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	531
3.77.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	531

3.77.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8a^2}$$

output `-1/8*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^2-1/4*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a^2+1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.77.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \frac{\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) - \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]],x]`

output `((Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]*Cos[2*ArcCos[a*x]])/4 - (Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]])/8)/a^2`

3.77.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5141, 5225, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\cos(2\arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d\arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x*sqrt [ArcCos [a*x]] , x]`

output `(x^2*sqrt [ArcCos [a*x]])/2 - (sqrt [ArcCos [a*x]] + (sqrt [Pi]*FresnelC [(2*sqrt [ArcCos [a*x]])/sqrt [Pi]])/2)/(4*a^2)`

3.77.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.77.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
default	$\frac{2 \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} - \pi \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8a^2\sqrt{\pi}}$	43

input `int(x*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{8}a^{-2}(2\cos(2\arccos(ax))\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\pi^{(1/2)}-\pi\operatorname{FresnelC}(2\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}))/\pi^{(1/2)}$

3.77.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.77.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int x\sqrt{\arcsin(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x*acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.77.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.77.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \frac{(i+1) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left((i-1) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32 a^2} - \frac{(i-1) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-(i+1) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32 a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(2i \arccos(ax))}}{8 a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-2i \arccos(ax))}}{8 a^2}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(1/32*I + 1/32)*sqrt(pi)*erf((I - 1)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^2 - (1/32*I - 1/32)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(I + 1)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^2 + 1/8*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2 + 1/8*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2`

3.77.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int x \sqrt{\operatorname{acos}(ax)} dx$$

input `int(x*acos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*acos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.78 $\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.78.1	Optimal result	532
3.78.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	532
3.78.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	533
3.78.4	Maple [A] (verified)	534
3.78.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	535
3.78.6	Sympy [F]	535
3.78.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	535
3.78.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	536
3.78.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	536

3.78.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a}$$

output `-1/2*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a+x*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.78.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \frac{i\left(\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) - \sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `((I/2)*(Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[3/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.78.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {5131, 5225, 3042, 3785, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{ax}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3785} \\
 & x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int ax d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3833} \\
 & x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `x*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]] - (Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/a`

3.78.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.78.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + 2 \arccos(ax) ax}{2a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$	49

input `int(arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*(-2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))+2*arccos(a*x)*a*x`

3.78.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.78.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \sqrt{\arcsin(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.78.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.78.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \frac{(i+1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{8a} - \frac{(i-1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{8a} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{i \arccos(ax)}}{2a} + \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-i \arccos(ax)}}{2a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(1/8*I + 1/8)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a - (1/8*I - 1/8)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a + 1/2*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(I*arccos(a*x))/a + 1/2*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-I*arccos(a*x))/a`

3.78.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.79 $\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx$

3.79.1	Optimal result	537
3.79.2	Mathematica [N/A]	537
3.79.3	Rubi [N/A]	538
3.79.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	538
3.79.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	539
3.79.6	Sympy [N/A]	539
3.79.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	539
3.79.8	Giac [N/A]	540
3.79.9	Mupad [N/A]	540

3.79.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/x,x)`

3.79.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]/x,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]/x, x]`

3.79.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]/x,x]`output `$Aborted`**3.79.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.79.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx$$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `int(arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/x,x)`

3.79.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.79.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(acos(a*x))/x, x)`

3.79.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.79.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(arccos(a*x))/x, x)`**3.79.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{x} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^(1/2)/x, x)`

3.80 $\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$

3.80.1	Optimal result	541
3.80.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	542
3.80.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	542
3.80.4	Maple [A] (verified)	547
3.80.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	548
3.80.6	Sympy [F]	548
3.80.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	549
3.80.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	549
3.80.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	551

3.80.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 282

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{25a^5} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{25a^3} - \frac{3x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{50a} + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} + \frac{11\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{400a^5} + \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{25a^5} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{50a^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{800a^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{800a^5}$$

output $1/5*x^5*\arccos(a*x)^{(3/2)}+3/8000*\operatorname{FresnelS}(10^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}*\arccos(a*x)^{(1/2)})*10^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/a^5+1/192*\operatorname{FresnelS}(6^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}*\arccos(a*x)^{(1/2)})*6^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/a^5+3/32*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2^{(1/2)}/\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}*\arccos(a*x)^{(1/2)})*2^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{Pi}^{(1/2)}/a^5-4/25*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\arccos(a*x)^{(1/2)}/a^5-2/25*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\arccos(a*x)^{(1/2)}/a^3-3/50*x^4*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}*\arccos(a*x)^{(1/2)}/a$

3.80.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2250 \left(\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{i \arccos(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right) \right) + 125\sqrt{3} \left(\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}$$

input `Integrate[x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/36000*(2250*(Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]]) + 125*Sqrt[3]*(Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]) + 9*Sqrt[5]*(Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (-5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(a^5*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.80.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.167$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5147, 4906, 2009, 5211, 5147, 4906, 2009, 5183, 5135, 3042, 3786, 3832}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\ & \frac{3}{10} a \int \frac{x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\ & \frac{3}{10} a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{10a} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{5a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5} x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 5147 \\
& \frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{\int \frac{a^4 x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{10a^6} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{5a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 4906 \\
& \frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{\int \left(\frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{16 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{8 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{10a^6} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{5a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{10a^6} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{5a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 5211 \\
& \frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{6a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{10a^6} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{5a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 5147 \\
& \frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{\int \frac{a^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{10a^6} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{5a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 4906
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \right)}{1} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \right)}{1} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 5183

$$\frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \right)}{1} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 5135

$$\frac{3}{10}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \right)}{1} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 3042 \\ \left(\frac{3}{10}a \right) \left(4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{6a^4} \right) \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\ \downarrow 3786 \\ \left(\frac{3}{10}a \right) \left(4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d\arccos(ax)}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{6a^4} - x^5 \right) \right) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\ \downarrow 3832 \\ \left(\frac{3}{10}a \right) \left(\frac{\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{10a^6} \right) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

```
output (x^5*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2))/5 + (3*a*(-1/5*(x^4*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCos[
a*x]])/a^2 + (4*(-1/3*(x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/a^2 + (2*(
-((Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/a^2) + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2
/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/a^2))/(3*a^2) + ((Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*
Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/2 + (Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]]
)/2)/(6*a^4))/(5*a^2) + ((Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]
]])/4 + (Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/8 + (Sqrt[
Pi/10]*FresnelS[Sqrt[10/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/8)/(10*a^6))/10
```

3.80.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3832 Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 4906 Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b
_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x
]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IG
tQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 5135 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1)
Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, n}, x]
```

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(n - 1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.80.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result
default	$9 \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}+125 \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}+3000 \arccos(ax)$

input `int(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

```
output 1/24000/a^5*(9*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*5^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*5^(1/2)
)*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)+125*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)
)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)+3000*arccos
(a*x)^2*a*x+2250*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*arcc
os(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)+1500*arccos(a*x)^2*cos(3*arccos(a*x))+300*arccos(a*
x)^2*cos(5*arccos(a*x))-4500*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-750*arccos(a*x
)*sin(3*arccos(a*x))-90*arccos(a*x)*sin(5*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.80.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.80.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int x^4 \operatorname{acos}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax) dx$$

```
input integrate(x**4*acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**4*acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)
```

3.80.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.80.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = & \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(5i \arccos(ax))}}{160 a^5} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(3i \arccos(ax))}}{32 a^5} \\
 & + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(i \arccos(ax))}}{16 a^5} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(-i \arccos(ax))}}{16 a^5} \\
 & + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(-3i \arccos(ax))}}{32 a^5} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(-5i \arccos(ax))}}{160 a^5} \\
 & + \frac{(3i - 3) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32000 a^5} \\
 & - \frac{(3i + 3) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{10} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32000 a^5} \\
 & + \frac{(i - 1) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{768 a^5} \\
 & - \frac{(i + 1) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{768 a^5} \\
 & + \frac{(3i - 3) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{128 a^5} \\
 & - \frac{(3i + 3) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{128 a^5} \\
 & + \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(5i \arccos(ax))}}{1600 a^5} + \frac{i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(3i \arccos(ax))}}{64 a^5} \\
 & + \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(i \arccos(ax))}}{32 a^5} - \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-i \arccos(ax))}}{32 a^5} \\
 & - \frac{i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-3i \arccos(ax))}}{64 a^5} - \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-5i \arccos(ax))}}{1600 a^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $1/160*\arccos(ax)^{(3/2)}*e^{(5*I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} + 1/32*\arccos(ax)^{(3/2)}*e^{(3*I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} + 1/16*\arccos(ax)^{(3/2)}*e^{(I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} + 1/16*\arccos(ax)^{(3/2)}*e^{(-I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} + 1/32*\arccos(ax)^{(3/2)}*e^{(-3*I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} + 1/160*\arccos(ax)^{(3/2)}*e^{(-5*I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} + (3/32000*I - 3/32000)*\sqrt{10}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}((1/2*I - 1/2)*\sqrt{10}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^5 - (3/32000*I + 3/32000)*\sqrt{10}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*\sqrt{10}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^5 + (1/768*I - 1/768)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}((1/2*I - 1/2)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^5 - (1/768*I + 1/768)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^5 + (3/128*I - 3/128)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}((1/2*I - 1/2)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^5 - (3/128*I + 3/128)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^5 + 3/1600*I*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}*e^{(5*I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} + 1/64*I*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}*e^{(3*I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} + 3/32*I*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}*e^{(I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} - 3/32*I*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}*e^{(-I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} - 1/64*I*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}*e^{(-3*I*\arccos(ax))/a^5} - 3/1600*I*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}*e^{(-5*I*\arccos(ax))/a^5}$

3.80.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int x^4 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.81 $\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$

3.81.1	Optimal result	552
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3.81.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{9x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{64a^3} - \frac{3x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{32a} - \frac{3\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{32a^4} + \frac{1}{4}x^4\arccos(ax)^{3/2} + \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelS}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{512a^4} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{64a^4}$$

output

```
-3/32*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)/a^4+1/4*x^4*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+3/1024*FresnelS(2*^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^4+3/64*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4-9/64*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a^3-3/32*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a
```

3.81.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -2i\arccos(ax)\right) + 8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, 2i\arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)}{512a^4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/512*(8*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + 8*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (-4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]])/(a^4*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.81.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.083$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5147, 4906, 2009, 5211, 5147, 4906, 27, 3042, 3786, 3832, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{3}{8}a \int \frac{x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{8a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & \frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{\int \frac{a^3 x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{8a^5} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{\int \left(\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{8a^5} + \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow 2009 \\
\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{8a^5} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} \right) \\
\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
\downarrow 5211 \\
\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{4a} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{8a^5} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} \right) \\
\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
\downarrow 5147 \\
\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\int \frac{ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{4a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{8a^5} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} \right) \\
\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
\downarrow 4906 \\
\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{4a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{8a^5} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} \right) \\
\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
\downarrow 27 \\
\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{8a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{8a^5} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} \right) \\
\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{8a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{8a^5} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{8a^5} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{8a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{8a^5} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{3}{8}a \left(\frac{\frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{8a^5} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{8a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 5153

input `Int [x^3*ArcCos [a*x]^(3/2) , x]`

```
output (x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*(-1/4*(x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCos[
a*x]]))/a^2 + ((Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/8 + (S
qrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]]/4)/(8*a^5) + (3*(-1/2*(x
*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/a^2 - ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)/(3*a^3) + (S
qrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]]/(8*a^3)))/(4*a^2))/8
```

3.81.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3832 Int[Sin[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 4906 Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b
_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x
]^n*cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IG
tQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 5141 Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x
^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]
```

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(−1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[−a/b + x/b]^m*sin[−a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c*(n + 1))^(−1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, −1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.81.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
default	$\frac{128 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\pi} \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) + 32 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\pi} \cos(4 \arccos(ax)) + 3\pi\sqrt{2} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 96 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi}}{1024a^4 \sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/1024/a^4/Pi^(1/2)*(128*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))+32*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*Pi^(1/2)*cos(4*arccos(a*x))+3*Pi*2^(1/2)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-96*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*sin(2*arccos(a*x))-12*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*sin(4*arccos(a*x))+48*Pi*FresnelS(2*a*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))`

3.81.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.81.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{acos}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.81.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.81.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(4i \arccos(ax))}}{64 a^4} \\ &+ \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(2i \arccos(ax))}}{16 a^4} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(-2i \arccos(ax))}}{16 a^4} \\ &+ \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(-4i \arccos(ax))}}{64 a^4} + \frac{(3i - 3) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left((i - 1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{4096 a^4} \\ &- \frac{(3i + 3) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-(i + 1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{4096 a^4} \\ &+ \frac{(3i - 3) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left((i - 1) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{256 a^4} \\ &- \frac{(3i + 3) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-(i + 1) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{256 a^4} \\ &+ \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(4i \arccos(ax))}}{512 a^4} + \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(2i \arccos(ax))}}{64 a^4} \\ &- \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-2i \arccos(ax))}}{64 a^4} - \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-4i \arccos(ax))}}{512 a^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/64*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(4*I*arccos(a*x))/a^4 + 1/16*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^4 + 1/16*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(-2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^4 + 1/64*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(-4*I*arccos(a*x))/a^4 + (3/4096*I - 3/4096)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf((I - 1)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^4 - (3/4096*I + 3/4096)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(I + 1)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^4 + (3/256*I - 3/256)*sqrt(pi)*erf((I - 1)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^4 - (3/256*I + 3/256)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(I + 1)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^4 + 3/512*I*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(4*I*arccos(a*x))/a^4 + 3/64*I*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^4 - 3/64*I*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^4 - 3/512*I*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-4*I*arccos(a*x))/a^4`

3.81.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.82 $\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$

3.82.1	Optimal result	561
3.82.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	561
3.82.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	562
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3.82.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{3a^3} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{6a} + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} + \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{8a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{24a^3}$$

output `1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+1/144*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3+3/16*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3-1/3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a^3-1/6*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a`

3.82.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \frac{27\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) + 27\sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{3}\left(\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{216a^3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/216*(27*sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + 27*sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]] + sqrt[3]*(sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(a^3*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.82.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5147, 4906, 2009, 5183, 5135, 3042, 3786, 3832}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{6a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{3a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{\int \frac{a^2x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{3a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{3a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 5183

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 5135

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{6a^4} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{6a^4} + \frac{2\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^2}\right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{3} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2))/3 + (a*(-1/3*(x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/a^2 + (2*(-((Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/a^2) + (Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/a^2))/(3*a^2) + ((Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/2 + (Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/2)/(6*a^4))/2`

3.82.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.82.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
default	$\frac{36 \arccos(ax)^2 ax + \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi} + 12 \arccos(ax)^2 \cos(3 \arccos(ax)) + 27 \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{144a^3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$

input `int(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/144/a^3*(36*arccos(a*x)^2*a*x+FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)+12*arccos(a*x)^2*cos(3*arccos(a*x))+27*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)-54*arccos(a*x)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*arccos(a*x)*sin(3*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.82.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.82.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{acos}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.82.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.

3.82.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(3i \arccos(ax))}}{24 a^3} \\ &+ \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(i \arccos(ax))}}{8 a^3} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(-i \arccos(ax))}}{8 a^3} \\ &+ \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(-3i \arccos(ax))}}{24 a^3} + \frac{(i-1) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{576 a^3} \\ &- \frac{(i+1) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{576 a^3} \\ &+ \frac{(3i-3) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64 a^3} \\ &- \frac{(3i+3) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64 a^3} \\ &+ \frac{i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(3i \arccos(ax))}}{48 a^3} + \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(i \arccos(ax))}}{16 a^3} \\ &- \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-i \arccos(ax))}}{16 a^3} - \frac{i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-3i \arccos(ax))}}{48 a^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{24}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{(3I\arccos(ax))/a^3} + \frac{1}{8}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{(I\arccos(ax))/a^3} + \frac{1}{8}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{(-I\arccos(ax))/a^3} + \frac{1}{24}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{(-3I\arccos(ax))/a^3} + \frac{(1/576I - 1/576)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}((1/2I - 1/2)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^3} - \frac{(1/576I + 1/576)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2I + 1/2)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^3} + \frac{(3/64I - 3/64)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}((1/2I - 1/2)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^3} - \frac{(3/64I + 3/64)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2I + 1/2)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^3} + \frac{1}{48}I\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{(3I\arccos(ax))/a^3} + \frac{3}{16}I\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{(I\arccos(ax))/a^3} - \frac{3}{16}I\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{(-I\arccos(ax))/a^3} - \frac{1}{48}I\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{(-3I\arccos(ax))/a^3}$

3.82.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.83 $\int x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$

3.83.1	Optimal result	569
3.83.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	569
3.83.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	570
3.83.4	Maple [A] (verified)	573
3.83.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	573
3.83.6	Sympy [F]	573
3.83.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	574
3.83.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	574
3.83.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	575

3.83.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{8a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{32a^2}$$

output `-1/4*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)/a^2+1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+3/32*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^2-3/8*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a`

3.83.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}(-4 \arccos(ax) \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) + 3 \sin(2 \arccos(ax)))}{32a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(3*sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/sqrt[Pi]] - 2*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]*(-4*ArcCos[a*x]*Cos[2*ArcCos[a*x]] + 3*Sin[2*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(32*a^2)`

3.83.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.900$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5147, 4906, 27, 3042, 3786, 3832, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}a \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{4a} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\int \frac{ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{4a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{4a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{8a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{8a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 3786 \\
& \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\int \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 3832 \\
& \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
& \downarrow 5153 \\
& \frac{3}{4}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8a^3} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{3a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2))/2 + (3*a*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]))/a^2 - ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)/(3*a^3) + (Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]])/(8*a^3))/4`

3.83.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)](p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)](n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)m, Sin[a + b*x]n*Cos[a + b*x]p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_.)*(x_)(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])n - 1/Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_.)*(x_)(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c(m + 1))(-1) Subst[Int[xn*Cos[-a/b + x/b]m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c*(n + 1))(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]/Sqrt[d + e*x2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)2)(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)(m - 1)*((d + e*x2)(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f2*((m - 1)/(c2*m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)(m - 2)*((d + e*x2)p*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])n), x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x2)p/(1 - c2*x2)p], x] Int[(f*x)(m - 1)*((1 - c2*x2)(p + 1/2)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])(n - 1)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.83.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
default	$\frac{8 \arccos(ax)^2 \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) + 3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 6 \arccos(ax) \sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{32a^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$	64

input `int(x*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/32/a^2*(8*arccos(a*x)^2*cos(2*arccos(a*x))+3*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))-6*arccos(a*x)*sin(2*arccos(a*x)))/a*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`**3.83.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`**3.83.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int x \operatorname{acos}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(x*acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)`output `Integral(x*acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.83.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.

3.83.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned} \int x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{2i \arccos(ax)}}{8a^2} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{-2i \arccos(ax)}}{8a^2} \\ &+ \frac{(3i-3)\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left((i-1)\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{128a^2} - \frac{(3i+3)\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-(i+1)\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{128a^2} \\ &+ \frac{3i\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{2i \arccos(ax)}}{32a^2} - \frac{3i\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{-2i \arccos(ax)}}{32a^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2 + 1/8*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(-2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2 + (3/128*I - 3/128)*sqrt(pi)*erf((I - 1)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^2 - (3/128*I + 3/128)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(I + 1)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^2 + 3/32*I*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2 - 3/32*I*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2`

3.83.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int x \cos(ax)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*cos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x*cos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.84 $\int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$

3.84.1	Optimal result	576
3.84.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	576
3.84.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	577
3.84.4	Maple [A] (verified)	579
3.84.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	579
3.84.6	Sympy [F]	579
3.84.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	580
3.84.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	580
3.84.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	581

3.84.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a} + x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} + \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{2a}$$

output `x*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+3/4*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a-3/2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a`

3.84.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right)}{2a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[5/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.84.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {5131, 5183, 5135, 3042, 3786, 3832}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \int \frac{x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(-\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3786} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{\int \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3832} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output $x \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]^{3/2} + (3 a (-(\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - a^2 x^2] \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]])/a^2) + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi/2] \operatorname{FresnelS}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\pi] \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]]]))/a^2)/2$

3.84.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 $\operatorname{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Int}[\operatorname{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear } Q[u, x]$

rule 3786 $\operatorname{Int}[\sin[(e.) + (f.)*(x_)]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[(c.) + (d.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[2/d \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[\sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, \operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{ComplexFreeQ}[f] \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

rule 3832 $\operatorname{Int}[\sin[(d.)*((e.) + (f.)*(x_))^{2}], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi/2]/(f*\operatorname{Rt}[d, 2]))*\operatorname{FresnelS}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\pi]*\operatorname{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 5131 $\operatorname{Int}[(a.) + \operatorname{ArcCos}[(c.)*(x_)]*(b.)^{(n.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[x*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCos}[c*x])^n, x] + \operatorname{Simp}[b*c*n \operatorname{Int}[x*((a + b*\operatorname{ArcCos}[c*x])^{(n-1)}/\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 5135 $\operatorname{Int}[(a.) + \operatorname{ArcCos}[(c.)*(x_)]*(b.)^{(n.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[-(b*c)^{-1} \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^n*\sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*\operatorname{ArcCos}[c*x]], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, n\}, x]$

rule 5183 $\operatorname{Int}[(a.) + \operatorname{ArcCos}[(c.)*(x_)]*(b.)^{(n.)}*(x_)*((d.) + (e.)*(x_)^2)^{(p.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^{(p+1)}*((a + b*\operatorname{ArcCos}[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p+1))), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[b*(n/(2*c*(p+1)))*\operatorname{Simp}[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] \operatorname{Int}[(1 - c^2*x^2)^{(p+1/2)}*(a + b*\operatorname{ArcCos}[c*x])^{(n-1)}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, p\}, x \ \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[p, -1]$

3.84.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(-2 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} ax + 3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} - 3 \pi \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{4a\sqrt{\pi}}$	72

input `int(arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$-1/4/a*2^{(1/2)}*(-2*\arccos(a*x)^{(3/2)}*2^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}*a*x+3*2^{(1/2)}*\arccos(a*x)^{(1/2)}*\pi^{(1/2)}*(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}-3*\pi*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}*\arccos(a*x)^{(1/2)}))/\pi^{(1/2)}$$

3.84.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.84.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int \operatorname{acos}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.84.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.

3.84.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\begin{aligned} \int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx &= \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{i \arccos(ax)}}{2a} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{-i \arccos(ax)}}{2a} \\ &+ \frac{(3i - 3) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a} \\ &- \frac{(3i + 3) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a} \\ &+ \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{i \arccos(ax)}}{4a} - \frac{3i \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-i \arccos(ax)}}{4a} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(I*arccos(a*x))/a + 1/2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(-I*arccos(a*x))/a + (3/16*I - 3/16)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a - (3/16*I + 3/16)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a + 3/4*I*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(I*arccos(a*x))/a - 3/4*I*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-I*arccos(a*x))/a`

3.84.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int \operatorname{acos}(ax)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.85 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

3.85.1	Optimal result	582
3.85.2	Mathematica [N/A]	582
3.85.3	Rubi [N/A]	583
3.85.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	583
3.85.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	584
3.85.6	Sympy [N/A]	584
3.85.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	584
3.85.8	Giac [N/A]	585
3.85.9	Mupad [N/A]	585

3.85.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(arccos(a*x)^(3/2)/x,x)`

3.85.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)/x, x]`

3.85.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)/x,x]`output `$Aborted`**3.85.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.85.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int(arccos(a*x)^(3/2)/x,x)`

3.85.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.85.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**(3/2)/x, x)`

3.85.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.85.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(3/2)/x, x)`**3.85.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^(3/2)/x, x)`

3.86 $\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$

3.86.1	Optimal result	586
3.86.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	587
3.86.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	587
3.86.4	Maple [A] (verified)	594
3.86.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	595
3.86.6	Sympy [F(-1)]	595
3.86.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	595
3.86.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	596
3.86.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	596

3.86.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 298

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{2x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{5a^4} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{15a^2} - \frac{3}{100}x^5\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}$$

$$- \frac{4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{15a^5} - \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{15a^3} - \frac{x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{10a}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{5}x^5\arccos(ax)^{5/2} + \frac{15\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32a^5} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{60a^5} + \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)$$

output

```
1/5*x^5*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+3/16000*FresnelC(10^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*10^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5+5/1152*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5+15/64*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5-4/15*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^5-2/15*x^2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-1/10*x^4*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^2-5*x*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a^4-1/15*x^3*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a^2-3/100*x^5*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.86.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx =$$

$$i \left(33750 \sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) - 33750 \sqrt{i \arccos(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right) + 625 \sqrt{3} \sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((-1/540000*I)*(33750*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 33750*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]] + 625*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 625*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + 27*Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (-5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 27*Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(a^5*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.86.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 402, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.083$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5141, 5211, 5141, 5183, 5131, 5225, 3042, 3785, 3793, 2009, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5141}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x^5 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5211}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{3 \int x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx}{10a} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{5a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5141

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{10a} + \frac{4 \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{5a^2} - \frac{x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{5a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5211

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx}{2a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{3a^2} \right)}{5a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{10a} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5141

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{10a} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a} \right)}{5a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5183

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{10a} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a} \right)}{5a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5131

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{10}a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{10a} + \frac{4 \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5225

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^5x^5}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{10a^5} \right)}{10a} + \frac{4 \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^3x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{6a^3}}{2a} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3 \left(x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{3} \right)}{3} \right)}{3a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^5}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{10a^5} \right)}{10a} + \frac{4 \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{6a^3}}{2a} + \frac{2 \left(\dots \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^5}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{10a^5} \right)}{10a} + \frac{4 \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{6a^3}}{2a} + \frac{2 \left(\dots \right)}{\dots} \right)}{\dots} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{5ax}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{5 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{16\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\cos(5 \arccos(ax))}{16\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{10a^5} \right)}{10a} + \frac{4 \left(-\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{4\sqrt{a}}{3} \right)}{10a^5} \right)}{10a} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int axd\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{2a}}{5a^2} \right)}{5a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{1}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{5}x^5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{5}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{5}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{10a} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{5}x^5 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[x^4*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output $(x^5 \operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]^{5/2})/5 + (a*(-1/5*(x^4*\sqrt{1-a^2*x^2})*\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]^{3/2})/a^2 + (4*(-1/3*(x^2*\sqrt{1-a^2*x^2})*\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]^{3/2})/a^2 + (2*(-(\sqrt{1-a^2*x^2})*\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]^{3/2})/a^2 - (3*(x*\sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]}) - (\sqrt{\pi/2}*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{2/\pi}*\sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]}]))/a)/(2*a)))/(3*a^2) - ((x^3*\sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]})/3 - ((3*\sqrt{\pi/2}*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{2/\pi}*\sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]}]))/2 + (\sqrt{\pi/6}*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{6/\pi}*\sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]}]))/2)/(6*a^3))/(2*a))/(5*a^2) - (3*((x^5*\sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]})/5 - ((5*\sqrt{\pi/2}*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{2/\pi}*\sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]}]))/4 + (5*\sqrt{\pi/6}*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{6/\pi}*\sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]}]))/8 + (\sqrt{\pi/10}*\operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{10/\pi}*\sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]}]))/8)/(10*a^5)))/(10*a))/2$

3.86.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

```
rule 5211 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a +
b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

```
rule 5225 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c^(m + 1))^( -1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c
^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x],
x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e
, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.86.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
default	$18000 \arccos(ax)^3 ax + 9000 \arccos(ax)^3 \cos(3 \arccos(ax)) + 1800 \arccos(ax)^3 \cos(5 \arccos(ax)) + 27\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}$

```
input int(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/144000/a^5*(18000*arccos(a*x)^3*a*x+9000*arccos(a*x)^3*cos(3*arccos(a*x)
)+1800*arccos(a*x)^3*cos(5*arccos(a*x))+27*5^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/
2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*5^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))+625*3^(1/
2)*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*ar
ccos(a*x)^(1/2))-45000*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-7500*arccos(a*x)^2
*sin(3*arccos(a*x))-900*arccos(a*x)^2*sin(5*arccos(a*x))+33750*2^(1/2)*arc
cos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-67500
*arccos(a*x)*a*x-3750*arccos(a*x)*cos(3*arccos(a*x))-270*arccos(a*x)*cos(5
*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.86.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.86.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**4*acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Timed out`

3.86.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.86.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^4*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/160*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*e^(5*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/32*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*e^(3*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/16*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*e^(I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/16*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*e^(-I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/32*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*e^(-3*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/160*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*e^(-5*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 1/320*I*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(5*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 5/192*I*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(3*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 + 5/32*I*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 5/32*I*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(-I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 5/192*I*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(-3*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 1/320*I*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(-5*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - (3/64000*I + 3/64000)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 + (3/64000*I - 3/64000)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 - (5/4608*I + 5/4608)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 + (5/4608*I - 5/4608)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 - (15/256*I + 15/256)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 + (15/256*I - 15/256)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 - 3/3200*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(5*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 5/384*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(3*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 15/64*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 15/64*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 5/384*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-3*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5 - 3/3200*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-5*I*arccos(a*x))/a^5
```

3.86.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int x^4 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^4*acos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.87 $\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$

3.87.1	Optimal result	597
3.87.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	598
3.87.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	598
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3.87.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	604
3.87.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	605

3.87.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \frac{225\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2048a^4} - \frac{45x^2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{256a^2} - \frac{15}{256}x^4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}$$

$$- \frac{15x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{64a^3} - \frac{5x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{32a} - \frac{3\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{32a^4}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4}x^4\arccos(ax)^{5/2} + \frac{15\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{4096a^4} + \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{256a^4}$$

output

```
-3/32*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)/a^4+1/4*x^4*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+15/8192*FresnelC(2*2
^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^4+15/256*FresnelC(2*
arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4-15/64*x*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*(-a^2*x
^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-5/32*x^3*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a+225/2048*a
rccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a^4-45/256*x^2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a^2-15/256*x^4*arccos(a*
x)^(1/2)
```

3.87.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \frac{i \left(16\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -2i \arccos(ax)\right) - 16\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, 2i \arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)} \right)}{2048a^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2), x]`

output `((-1/2048*I)*(16*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 16*Sqrt[2]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (-4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(a^4*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.87.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5141, 5211, 5141, 5153, 5225, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\ & \frac{5}{8}a \int \frac{x^4 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\ & \frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \int x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx}{8a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{4a^2} \right) + \\ & \quad \frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{8}a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{8a} - \frac{x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{4a^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5211

$$\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{3 \int x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx}{4a} - \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{8}a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{8a} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5141

$$\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{8}a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{8a} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5153

$$\frac{5}{8}a \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{8}a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{8a} + \frac{3 \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2} \right)}{4a^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5225

$$\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{4}x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^4 x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{8a^4} \right)}{8a} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2 x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{4a^2}}{4a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{5a^3} \right)}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{4}x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{8a^4} \right)}{8a} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{4a^2}}{4a} \right)}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{5}{8}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{4}x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\cos(2\arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\cos(4\arccos(ax))}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{3}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d\arccos(ax)}{8a^4} \right)}{8a} + \frac{3 \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\cos(\arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d\arccos(ax)}{4a^2}}{4a} \right)}{4a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{5}{8} a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{4} x^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(2 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) + \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{8a^4} \right)}{8a} - x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{4} x^4 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output $(x^4 \operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]^{5/2})/4 + (5*a*(-1/4*(x^3 \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2] \operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]^{3/2})/a^2 - (3*((x^4 \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]])/4 - ((3 \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]])/4 + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi/2] \operatorname{FresnelC}[2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[2/\pi] \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]])]) / 8 + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi] \operatorname{FresnelC}[(2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi]])/2)/(8*a^4)))/(8*a) + (3*(-1/2*(x \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2] \operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]^{3/2})/a^2 - \operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]^{5/2})/(5*a^3) - (3*((x^2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]])/2 - (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]] + (\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi] \operatorname{FresnelC}[(2 \operatorname{Sqrt}[\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]])/\operatorname{Sqrt}[\pi]])/2)/(4*a^2)))/(4*a)))/(4*a^2)))/8$

3.87.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m+1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m+1)) Int[x^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.87.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
default	$\frac{1024 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) \sqrt{\pi} + 256 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(4 \arccos(ax)) \sqrt{\pi} - 1280 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) \sqrt{\pi} - 160 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(4 \arccos(ax)) \sqrt{\pi} + 15 \pi \operatorname{FresnelC}(2 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \arccos(ax)^{\frac{1}{2}}) 2^{\frac{1}{2}} - 960 \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) \arccos(ax)^{\frac{1}{2}} \pi^{\frac{1}{2}} + 480 \pi \operatorname{FresnelC}(2 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{1}{2}}) \pi^{\frac{1}{2}} - 60 \cos(4 \arccos(ax)) \arccos(ax)^{\frac{1}{2}} \pi^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(a^4 \pi^{\frac{1}{2}})}$

input `int(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8192/a^4/Pi^(1/2)*(1024*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)+256*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*cos(4*arccos(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)-1280*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*sin(2*arccos(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)-160*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*sin(4*arccos(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)+15*Pi*FresnelC(2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)-960*cos(2*arccos(a*x))*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)+480*Pi*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))-60*cos(4*arccos(a*x))*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)`

3.87.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.87.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{acos}^{\frac{5}{2}}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3*acos(a*x)**(5/2), x)`

3.87.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.87.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = & \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2} e^{4i \arccos(ax)}}{64 a^4} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2} e^{2i \arccos(ax)}}{16 a^4} \\
 & + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2} e^{-2i \arccos(ax)}}{16 a^4} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2} e^{-4i \arccos(ax)}}{64 a^4} \\
 & + \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{3/2} e^{4i \arccos(ax)}}{512 a^4} + \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{3/2} e^{2i \arccos(ax)}}{64 a^4} \\
 & - \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{3/2} e^{-2i \arccos(ax)}}{64 a^4} - \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{3/2} e^{-4i \arccos(ax)}}{512 a^4} \\
 & - \frac{(15i + 15) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left((i - 1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32768 a^4} \\
 & + \frac{(15i - 15) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-(i + 1) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32768 a^4} \\
 & - \frac{(15i + 15) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left((i - 1) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{1024 a^4} \\
 & + \frac{(15i - 15) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-(i + 1) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{1024 a^4} \\
 & - \frac{15 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{4i \arccos(ax)}}{4096 a^4} - \frac{15 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{2i \arccos(ax)}}{256 a^4} \\
 & - \frac{15 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-2i \arccos(ax)}}{256 a^4} - \frac{15 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-4i \arccos(ax)}}{4096 a^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{64}\arccos(ax)^{5/2}e^{4I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4} + \frac{1}{16}\arccos(ax)^{5/2}e^{(2I\arccos(ax))}a^{-4} + \frac{1}{16}\arccos(ax)^{5/2}e^{-2I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4} + \frac{1}{64}\arccos(ax)^{5/2}e^{-4I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4} + \frac{5}{512}I\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{4I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4} + \frac{5}{64}I\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{2I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4} - \frac{5}{64}I\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{-2I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4} - \frac{5}{512}I\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{-4I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4} - \frac{(15/32768I + 15/32768)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}((I - 1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^4} + \frac{(15/32768I - 15/32768)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(-(I + 1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^4} - \frac{(15/1024I + 15/1024)\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}((I - 1)\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^4} + \frac{(15/1024I - 15/1024)\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(-(I + 1)\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^4} - \frac{15}{4096}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{4I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4} - \frac{15}{256}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{2I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4} - \frac{15}{256}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{-2I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4} - \frac{15}{4096}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{-4I\arccos(ax)}a^{-4}$

3.87.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^3*acos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.88 $\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$

3.88.1	Optimal result	606
3.88.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	606
3.88.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	607
3.88.4	Maple [A] (verified)	611
3.88.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	612
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3.88.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	614

3.88.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{5x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{6a^2} - \frac{5}{36}x^3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{5\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{9a^3} - \frac{5x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{18a} + \frac{1}{3}x^3\arccos(ax)^{5/2} + \frac{15\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a^3} + \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{144a^3}$$

```
output 1/3*x^3*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+5/864*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))
)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3+15/32*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))
)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3-5/9*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3-5/18*x^
2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-5/6*x*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a^2-5/36*
x^3*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.88.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \frac{i\left(81\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -i\arccos(ax)\right) - 81\sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, i\arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{3}\left(\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -i\arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{3}\sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, i\arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{648a^3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `((-1/648*I)*(81*sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 81*sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]] + sqrt[3]*(sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]])))/(a^3*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.88.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.917$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5141, 5183, 5131, 5225, 3042, 3785, 3793, 2009, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{5}{6}a \int \frac{x^3 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\int x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx}{2a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{3a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{3a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5131

$$\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{6}a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{2a} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 5225

$$\frac{5}{6}a \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^3x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{6a^3}}{2a} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{ax}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{2a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{6}a \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{6a^3}}{2a} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{2a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{5}{6}a \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{2a} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int ax d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{5}{6}a \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \int \left(\frac{3ax}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\cos(3\arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d\arccos(ax)}{2a} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int ax d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{5}{6}a \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3 \left(x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int ax d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} - \frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{2a} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{5}{6}a \left(-\frac{\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{2a} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right)}{3a^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output $(x^3 \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]^{5/2})/3 + (5 a (-1/3 (x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}) \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]^{3/2})/a^2 + (2 (-((\sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}) \operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]^{3/2})/a^2) - (3 (x \sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]}) - (\sqrt{\pi/2}) \operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{2/\pi}] \sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]}]))/a)/(2 a)))/(3 a^2) - ((x^3 \sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]})/3 - ((3 \sqrt{\pi/2}) \operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{2/\pi}] \sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]}])/2 + (\sqrt{\pi/6}) \operatorname{FresnelC}[\sqrt{6/\pi}] \sqrt{\operatorname{ArcCos}[a x]}])/2)/(6 a^3)/(2 a))/6$

3.88.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.88.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
default	$\frac{216 \arccos(ax)^3 ax + 72 \arccos(ax)^3 \cos(3 \arccos(ax)) + 5\sqrt{3} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{3} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 540 \arccos(ax)^2 \sqrt{\dots}}{8}$

input `int(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/864/a^3*(216*arccos(a*x)^3*a*x+72*arccos(a*x)^3*cos(3*arccos(a*x))+5*3^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-540*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-60*arccos(a*x)^2*sin(3*arccos(a*x))+405*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-810*arccos(a*x)*a*x-30*arccos(a*x)*cos(3*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.88.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.88.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{acos}^{\frac{5}{2}}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*acos(a*x)**(5/2), x)`

3.88.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.88.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2} e^{(3i \arccos(ax))}}{24 a^3} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2} e^{(i \arccos(ax))}}{8 a^3} \\ &+ \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2} e^{(-i \arccos(ax))}}{8 a^3} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2} e^{(-3i \arccos(ax))}}{24 a^3} \\ &+ \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{3/2} e^{(3i \arccos(ax))}}{144 a^3} + \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{3/2} e^{(i \arccos(ax))}}{16 a^3} \\ &- \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{3/2} e^{(-i \arccos(ax))}}{16 a^3} - \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{3/2} e^{(-3i \arccos(ax))}}{144 a^3} \\ &- \frac{(5i + 5) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{3456 a^3} \\ &+ \frac{(5i - 5) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{6} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{3456 a^3} \\ &- \frac{(15i + 15) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{128 a^3} \\ &+ \frac{(15i - 15) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{128 a^3} \\ &- \frac{5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(3i \arccos(ax))}}{288 a^3} - \frac{15 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(i \arccos(ax))}}{32 a^3} \\ &- \frac{15 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-i \arccos(ax))}}{32 a^3} - \frac{5 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-3i \arccos(ax))}}{288 a^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{24}\arccos(ax)^{5/2}e^{(3I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 + \frac{1}{8}\arccos(ax)^{5/2}e^{(I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 + \frac{1}{8}\arccos(ax)^{5/2}e^{(-I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 + \frac{1}{24}\arccos(ax)^{5/2}e^{(-3I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 + \frac{5}{144}I\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{(3I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 + \frac{5}{16}I\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{(I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 - \frac{5}{16}I\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{(-I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 - \frac{5}{144}I\arccos(ax)^{3/2}e^{(-3I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 - \frac{(5/3456I + 5/3456)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}((1/2I - 1/2)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^3} + \frac{(5/3456I - 5/3456)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2I + 1/2)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^3} - \frac{(15/128I + 15/128)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}((1/2I - 1/2)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^3} + \frac{(15/128I - 15/128)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2I + 1/2)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})}{a^3} - \frac{5}{288}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{(3I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 - \frac{15}{32}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{(I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 - \frac{15}{32}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{(-I\arccos(ax))}/a^3 - \frac{5}{288}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}e^{(-3I\arccos(ax))}/a^3$

3.88.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.89 $\int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$

3.89.1	Optimal result	615
3.89.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	615
3.89.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	616
3.89.4	Maple [A] (verified)	619
3.89.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	619
3.89.6	Sympy [F]	620
3.89.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	620
3.89.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	620
3.89.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	621

3.89.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{64a^2} - \frac{15}{32}x^2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{5x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{8a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{4a^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2\arccos(ax)^{5/2} + \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{128a^2}$$

output

```
-1/4*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)/a^2+1/2*x^2*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+15/128*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^2-5/8*x*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a+15/64*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/a^2-15/32*x^2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.89.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \frac{15\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}((15 - 16\arccos(ax))^2)\cos(2\arccos(ax))}{128a^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2), x]
```



```
output (15*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]] - 2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]
)*((15 - 16*ArcCos[a*x]^2)*Cos[2*ArcCos[a*x]] + 20*ArcCos[a*x]*Sin[2*ArcCo
s[a*x]]))/(128*a^2)
```

3.89.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5141, 5153, 5225, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5141$$

$$\frac{5}{4}a \int \frac{x^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 5211$$

$$\frac{5}{4}a \left(\frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{3 \int x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx}{4a} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 5141$$

$$\frac{5}{4}a \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{2a^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 5153$$

$$\frac{5}{4}a \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{4}a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{5a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow 5225$$

$$\frac{5}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{a^2 x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{5a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{5a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{5}{4}a \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\cos(2\arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d\arccos(ax)}{4a^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{5a^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{5}{4}a \left(\frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{5a^3} - \frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{4a^2} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \arccos(ax)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[x*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output $(x^2 \arccos[ax]^{5/2})/2 + (5a(-1/2(x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2})\arccos[ax]^{3/2})/a^2 - \arccos[ax]^{5/2}/(5a^3) - (3((x^2\sqrt{\arccos[ax]})/2 - (\sqrt{\arccos[ax]} + (\sqrt{\pi})\text{FresnelC}[(2\sqrt{\arccos[ax]})/\sqrt{\pi}])/2)/(4a^2)))/(4a))/4$

3.89.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m+1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m+1)) Int[x^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c*(n+1))^(-1))*Simp[Sqrt[1-c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n+1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m-1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m+2*p+1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m-1)/(c^2*(m+2*p+1))) Int[(f*x)^(m-2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m+2*p+1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1-c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m-1)*(1-c^2*x^2)^(p+1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n-1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

```
rule 5225 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c^(m + 1))^(1)) * Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c
^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n * Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m * Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x],
x, a + b * ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e
, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.89.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
default	$\frac{32 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) \sqrt{\pi} - 40 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) \sqrt{\pi} - 30 \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} + 15\pi \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2 \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{128a^2 \sqrt{\pi}}$

```
input int(x*arccos(a*x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/128/a^2/Pi^(1/2)*(32*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)-40*ar
ccos(a*x)^(3/2)*sin(2*arccos(a*x))*Pi^(1/2)-30*cos(2*arccos(a*x))*arccos(a
*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)+15*Pi*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))
```

3.89.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.89.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int x \operatorname{acos}^{\frac{5}{2}}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(x*acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*acos(a*x)**(5/2), x)`

3.89.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.89.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\begin{aligned} \int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx &= \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{(2i \arccos(ax))}}{8 a^2} \\ &+ \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} e^{(-2i \arccos(ax))}}{8 a^2} + \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(2i \arccos(ax))}}{32 a^2} \\ &- \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{(-2i \arccos(ax))}}{32 a^2} - \frac{(15i + 15) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left((i - 1) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{512 a^2} \\ &+ \frac{(15i - 15) \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-(i + 1) \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{512 a^2} \\ &- \frac{15 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(2i \arccos(ax))}}{128 a^2} - \frac{15 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{(-2i \arccos(ax))}}{128 a^2} \end{aligned}$$

3.89. $\int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*e^(2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2 + 1/8*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*e^(-2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2 + 5/32*I*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2 - 5/32*I*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(-2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2 - (15/512*I + 15/512)*sqrt(pi)*erf((I - 1)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^2 + (15/512*I - 15/512)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(I + 1)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^2 - 15/128*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2 - 15/128*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^2`

3.89.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int x \operatorname{acos}(ax)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x*acos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x*acos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.90 $\int \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx$

3.90.1	Optimal result	622
3.90.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	622
3.90.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	623
3.90.4	Maple [A] (verified)	625
3.90.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	626
3.90.6	Sympy [F]	626
3.90.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	626
3.90.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	627
3.90.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	627

3.90.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{15}{4}x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{5\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{2a} + x\arccos(ax)^{5/2} + \frac{15\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{4a}$$

```
output x*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+15/8*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a-5/2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a-15/4*x*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.90.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \frac{i\left(\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, -i\arccos(ax)\right) - \sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{2}, i\arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{2a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

```
input Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2), x]
```

output $((-1/2*I)*(Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[7/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])$

3.90.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$, Rules used = {5131, 5183, 5131, 5225, 3042, 3785, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & \frac{5}{2}a \int \frac{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx + x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & \frac{5}{2}a \left(-\frac{3 \int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & \frac{5}{2}a \left(-\frac{3 \left(\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \quad \quad x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & \frac{5}{2}a \left(-\frac{3 \left(x \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{ax}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{2a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{2a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3785} \\
& \frac{5}{2}a \left(\frac{3 \left(x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\int axd\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a} \right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} \right) + x \arccos(ax)^{5/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3833} \\
& \frac{5}{2}a \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}{a^2} - \frac{3 \left(x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a} \right)}{2a} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `x*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2) + (5*a*(-((Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2))/a^2) - (3*(x*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]] - (Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/a))/(2*a)))/2`

3.90.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.90.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(-4 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} ax + 10 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 15 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} ax - 15 \pi \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{8a\sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/8/a*2^(1/2)*(-4*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*a*x+10*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+15*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*a*x-15*Pi*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))/Pi^(1/2)`

3.90.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.90.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int \arccos^{5/2}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**(5/2), x)`

3.90.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.90.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2} e^{i \arccos(ax)}}{2a} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2} e^{-i \arccos(ax)}}{2a}$$

$$+ \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{3/2} e^{i \arccos(ax)}}{4a} - \frac{5i \arccos(ax)^{3/2} e^{-i \arccos(ax)}}{4a}$$

$$- \frac{(15i + 15) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32a}$$

$$+ \frac{(15i - 15) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32a}$$

$$- \frac{15 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{i \arccos(ax)}}{8a} - \frac{15 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} e^{-i \arccos(ax)}}{8a}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*e^(I*arccos(a*x))/a + 1/2*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*e^(-I*arccos(a*x))/a + 5/4*I*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(I*arccos(a*x))/a - 5/4*I*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*e^(-I*arccos(a*x))/a - (15/32*I + 15/32)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a + (15/32*I - 15/32)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a - 15/8*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(I*arccos(a*x))/a - 15/8*sqrt(arccos(a*x))*e^(-I*arccos(a*x))/a`

3.90.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{5/2} dx = \int \operatorname{acos}(ax)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.91 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

3.91.1	Optimal result	628
3.91.2	Mathematica [N/A]	628
3.91.3	Rubi [N/A]	629
3.91.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	629
3.91.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	630
3.91.6	Sympy [N/A]	630
3.91.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	630
3.91.8	Giac [N/A]	631
3.91.9	Mupad [N/A]	631

3.91.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(arccos(a*x)^(5/2)/x,x)`

3.91.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2)/x,x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2)/x, x]`

3.91.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2)/x,x]`output `$Aborted`**3.91.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.91.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^(5/2)/x,x)`output `int(arccos(a*x)^(5/2)/x,x)`

3.91.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.91.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 19.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^{5/2}(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**(5/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**(5/2)/x, x)`

3.91.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.91.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(5/2)/x, x)`**3.91.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^(5/2)/x,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^(5/2)/x, x)`

3.92 $\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.92.1	Optimal result	632
3.92.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	632
3.92.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	633
3.92.4	Maple [A] (verified)	634
3.92.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	634
3.92.6	Sympy [F]	635
3.92.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	635
3.92.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	635
3.92.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	636

3.92.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{4a^5} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{8a^5} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{8a^5}$$

output `-1/80*FresnelS(10^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*10^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5-1/8*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5-1/16*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5`

3.92.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{-10\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) - 10\sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right) - 5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) - 5\sqrt{3}\sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right)}{8a^5}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `-1/160*(-10*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 10*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]] - 5*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 5*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]])/(a^5*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.92.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{a^4 x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{16 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{16 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{8 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \text{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{a^5}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `-(((Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/4 + (Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/8 + (Sqrt[Pi/10]*FresnelS[Sqrt[10/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/8)/a^5)`

3.92. $\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.92.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(−1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.92.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\sqrt{5}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)+5\sqrt{3}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)+10\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)}{80a^5}$	72

input `int(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/80/a^5*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(5^(1/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*5^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))+5*3^(1/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))+10*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))`

3.92.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

3.92.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\cos^{-1}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/acos(a*x)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**4/sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.92.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.

3.92.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{(i-1)\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i-\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{320a^5}$$

$$+\frac{(i+1)\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{320a^5}$$

$$-\frac{(i-1)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i-\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64a^5}$$

$$+\frac{(i+1)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64a^5}$$

$$-\frac{(i-1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i-\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32a^5}$$

$$+\frac{(i+1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{32a^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(1/320*I - 1/320)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 + (1/320*I + 1/320)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(10)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 - (1/64*I - 1/64)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 + (1/64*I + 1/64)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(6)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 - (1/32*I - 1/32)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5 + (1/32*I + 1/32)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^5`

3.92.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acos}(ax)}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.93 $\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.93.1	Optimal result	637
3.93.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	637
3.93.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	638
3.93.4	Maple [A] (verified)	639
3.93.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	639
3.93.6	Sympy [F]	640
3.93.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	640
3.93.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	640
3.93.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	641

3.93.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{8a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{4a^4}$$

output `-1/16*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^4-1/4*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4`

3.93.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -2i \arccos(ax)\right) - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2i \arccos(ax)\right) - \sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}}{32a^4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output
$$\frac{-1/32*(-2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(-1)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - 2*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - \text{Sqrt}[(-1)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - \text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])}{(a^4*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])}$$

3.93.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\ & \int \frac{a^3 x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\ & \int \left(\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{a^4} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[x^3/\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]], x]$

output
$$-\left(\left(\text{Sqrt}[\pi/2]*\text{FresnelS}[2*\text{Sqrt}[2/\pi]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]]\right)/8 + \left(\text{Sqrt}[\pi]*\text{FresnelS}[(2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[\pi]]\right)/4\right)/a^4$$

3.93.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.93.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left(\sqrt{2} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) + 4 \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{16a^4}$	43

input `int(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/16/a^4*Pi^(1/2)*(2^(1/2)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))+4*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)))`

3.93.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.93.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\cos^{-1}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/acos(a*x)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**3/sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.93.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.93.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = & -\frac{(i-1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left((i-1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64a^4} \\ & + \frac{(i+1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-(i+1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{64a^4} \\ & - \frac{(i-1)\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left((i-1)\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a^4} \\ & + \frac{(i+1)\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-(i+1)\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$-(1/64*I - 1/64)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}((I - 1)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)})/a^4 + (1/64*I + 1/64)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(-(I + 1)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)})/a^4 - (1/16*I - 1/16)*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}((I - 1)*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)})/a^4 + (1/16*I + 1/16)*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(-(I + 1)*\sqrt{\arccos(a*x)})/a^4$$

3.93.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acos}(ax)}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.94 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.94.1	Optimal result	642
3.94.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	642
3.94.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	643
3.94.4	Maple [A] (verified)	644
3.94.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	644
3.94.6	Sympy [F]	645
3.94.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	645
3.94.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	645
3.94.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	646

3.94.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{2a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{2a^3}$$

output

```
-1/12*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3-1/4*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3
```

3.94.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) - 3\sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right) - \sqrt{3}\left(\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{i \arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{24a^3 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]
```

output
$$\frac{-1/24*(-3*\text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - 3*\text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - \text{Sqrt}[3]*(\text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-3*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + \text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (3*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]))}{a^3*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]}$$

3.94.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{a^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\ & \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2 x^2}}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^3} \end{aligned}$$

input $\text{Int}[x^2/\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]], x]$

output
$$-\left(\left(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]*\text{FresnelS}[\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]]\right)/2 + \left(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/6]*\text{FresnelS}[\text{Sqrt}[6/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]]\right)/2\right)/a^3$$

3.94.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.94.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\left(\sqrt{3}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)+3\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\right)}{12a^3}$	50

input `int(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/12/a^3*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(3^(1/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))+3*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))`

3.94.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.94.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\cos(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/acos(a*x)**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**2/sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.94.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.94.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = & -\frac{(i-1)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i-\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{48a^3} \\ & +\frac{(i+1)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{48a^3} \\ & -\frac{(i-1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i-\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a^3} \\ & +\frac{(i+1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $-(1/48*I - 1/48)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}((1/2*I - 1/2)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^3 + (1/48*I + 1/48)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*\sqrt{6}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^3 - (1/16*I - 1/16)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}((1/2*I - 1/2)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^3 + (1/16*I + 1/16)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\pi}*\operatorname{erf}(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*\sqrt{2}*\sqrt{\arccos(ax)})/a^3$

3.94.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acos}(ax)}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.95 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.95.1	Optimal result	647
3.95.2	Mathematica [A] (verified)	647
3.95.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	648
3.95.4	Maple [A] (verified)	649
3.95.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	650
3.95.6	Sympy [F]	650
3.95.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	650
3.95.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	651
3.95.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	651

3.95.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2a^2}$$

output `-1/2*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^2`

3.95.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]])/a^2`

3.95.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.600$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 27, 3042, 3786, 3832}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3786} \\
 & -\frac{\int \sin(2\arccos(ax)) d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3832} \\
 & -\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x/Sqrt [ArcCos [a*x]] , x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt [Pi]*FresnelS [(2*Sqrt [ArcCos [a*x]])/Sqrt [Pi]])/a^2`

3.95. $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.95.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 5147 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(1/2) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.95.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sqrt{\pi}}{2a^2}$	21

input `int(x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^2`

3.95. $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.95.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.95.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.95.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.95.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{(i-1)\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left((i-1)\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{8a^2} + \frac{(i+1)\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-(i+1)\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{8a^2}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(1/8*I - 1/8)*sqrt(pi)*erf((I - 1)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^2 + (1/8*I + 1/8)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(I + 1)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a^2`

3.95.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acos}(ax)}} dx$$

input `int(x/acos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/acos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.96 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.96.1	Optimal result	652
3.96.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	652
3.96.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	653
3.96.4	Maple [A] (verified)	654
3.96.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	654
3.96.6	Sympy [F]	655
3.96.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	655
3.96.8	Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	655
3.96.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	656

3.96.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a}$$

output `-FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a`

3.96.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{-\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) - \sqrt{i \arccos(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right)}{2a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `-1/2*(-(Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]) - Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.96.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5135, 3042, 3786, 3832}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx \\
 \downarrow 5135 \\
 \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax) \\
 \frac{}{a} \\
 \downarrow 3042 \\
 \int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax) \\
 \frac{}{a} \\
 \downarrow 3786 \\
 \frac{2 \int \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a} \\
 \downarrow 3832 \\
 \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]],x]`

output `-((Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/a)`

3.96.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
  Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3832 Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 5135 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1)
  Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, n}, x]
```

3.96.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}}{a}$	26

```
input int(1/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a
```

3.96.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.96.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\operatorname{acos}(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.96.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.96.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = -\frac{(i-1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}i - \frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{4a} + \frac{(i+1)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-\left(\frac{1}{2}i + \frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{4a}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(1/4*I - 1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf((1/2*I - 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a + (1/4*I + 1/4)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*erf(-(1/2*I + 1/2)*sqrt(2)*sqrt(arccos(a*x)))/a`

3.96.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos(ax)}} dx$$

input `int(1/acos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/acos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.97 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.97.1	Optimal result	657
3.97.2	Mathematica [N/A]	657
3.97.3	Rubi [N/A]	658
3.97.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	658
3.97.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	659
3.97.6	Sympy [N/A]	659
3.97.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	659
3.97.8	Giac [N/A]	660
3.97.9	Mupad [N/A]	660

3.97.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.97.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]), x]`

3.97.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `Int [1/(x*sqrt [ArcCos [a*x]]), x]`output `$Aborted`**3.97.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.97.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.97.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.97.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(acos(a*x))), x)`

3.97.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.97.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x*sqrt(arccos(a*x))), x)`**3.97.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*acos(a*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*acos(a*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.98 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.98.1	Optimal result	661
3.98.2	Mathematica [N/A]	661
3.98.3	Rubi [N/A]	662
3.98.4	Maple [N/A] (verified)	662
3.98.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	663
3.98.6	Sympy [N/A]	663
3.98.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	663
3.98.8	Giac [N/A]	664
3.98.9	Mupad [N/A]	664

3.98.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.98.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]), x]`

3.98.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.98.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.98.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`

3.98.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.98.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(acos(a*x))), x)`

3.98.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.98.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x^2*sqrt(arccos(a*x))), x)`**3.98.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*acos(a*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*acos(a*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.99 $\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

3.99.1	Optimal result	665
3.99.2	Mathematica [C] (verified)	666
3.99.3	Rubi [A] (verified)	666
3.99.4	Maple [A] (verified)	667
3.99.5	Fricas [F(-2)]	668
3.99.6	Sympy [F]	668
3.99.7	Maxima [F(-2)]	669
3.99.8	Giac [F]	669
3.99.9	Mupad [F(-1)]	669

3.99.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^6\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a^7} - \frac{9\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a^7} - \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{5\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a^7} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{7\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{14}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{16a^7}$$

```
output -5/32*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^7-9/
32*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^7-5/32*
FresnelC(10^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*10^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^7-1/32*F
resnelC(14^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*14^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^7+2*x^6*(
-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.99.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 306, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{i \left(-10i\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + 5\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i\arccos(ax)\right) - 5\sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i\arccos(ax)\right) \right)}{a^7\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^6/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `((I/64)*((-10*I)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] + 5*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 5*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]] + 9*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 9*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + 5*Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 5*Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[7]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-7*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - Sqrt[7]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (7*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - (18*I)*Sin[3*ArcCos[a*x]] - (10*I)*Sin[5*ArcCos[a*x]] - (2*I)*Sin[7*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(a^7*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.99.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5143

$$\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{5ax}{64\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{27 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{64\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{25 \cos(5 \arccos(ax))}{64\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{7 \cos(7 \arccos(ax))}{64\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax) + \frac{a^7}{2x^6\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2\left(-\frac{5}{32}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) - \frac{9}{32}\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right) - \frac{5}{32}\sqrt{\frac{5\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)\right)}{a^7 \frac{2x^6\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Int[x^6/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*x^6*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) + (2*((-5*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/32 - (9*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/32 - (5*Sqrt[(5*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[10/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/32 - (Sqrt[(7*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[14/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/32))/a^7`

3.99.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.99.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{7}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{7}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} - 9\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 5\sqrt{5}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^7}$

input `int(x^6/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{32}a^{-7}(-2^{(1/2)}\pi^{(1/2)}7^{(1/2)}\text{FresnelC}(2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}7^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)})\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}-9\cdot 3^{(1/2)}\cdot 2^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\pi^{(1/2)}\text{FresnelC}(2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}\cdot 3^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)})-5\cdot 5^{(1/2)}\cdot 2^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\pi^{(1/2)}\text{FresnelC}(2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}\cdot 5^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)})-5\cdot 2^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}\pi^{(1/2)}\text{FresnelC}(2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)})+5(-a^2x^2+1)^{(1/2)}+9\sin(3\arccos(ax))+5\sin(5\arccos(ax))+\sin(7\arccos(ax)))/\arccos(ax)^{(1/2)}$

3.99.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.99.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\text{acos}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**6/acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**6/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.99.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`**3.99.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^6/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`**3.99.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^6}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^6/acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^6/acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.100 $\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.100.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^5\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^6} - \frac{\sqrt{3\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{3}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{8a^6} - \frac{5\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8a^6}$$

```
output -1/2*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^6-5/8*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^6-1/8*FresnelC(2*3^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*3^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^6+2*x^5*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.100.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{i\left(5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -2i\arccos(ax)\right) - 5\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2i\arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{8a^6}$$

```
input Integrate[x^5/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2), x]
```

output $((I/32)*(5*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - 5*\text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + 8*\text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - 8*\text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + \text{Sqrt}[6]*\text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-6*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - \text{Sqrt}[6]*\text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (6*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - (10*I)*\text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - (8*I)*\text{Sin}[4*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - (2*I)*\text{Sin}[6*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]))/(a^6*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])$

3.100.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5143

$$\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{5 \cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{16 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{3 \cos(6 \arccos(ax))}{16 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^6} + \frac{2x^5 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(2 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{16} \sqrt{3\pi} \text{FresnelC} \left(2 \sqrt{\frac{3}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{5}{16} \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC} \left(\frac{2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{a^6} + \frac{2x^5 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Int[x^5/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output $(2*x^5*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]) + (2*(-1/2*(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]*\text{FresnelC}[2*\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])] - (\text{Sqrt}[3*\text{Pi}]*\text{FresnelC}[2*\text{Sqrt}[3/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])]/16 - (5*\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}]*\text{FresnelC}[(2*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}])/16))/a^6$

3.100.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.100.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
default	$\frac{-8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)-2\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}-10\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{6}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{16a^6\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$

input `int(x^5/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16/a^6/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*(-8*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-2*Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)-10*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+5*sin(2*arccos(a*x))+4*sin(4*arccos(a*x))+sin(6*arccos(a*x)))`

3.100.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^5/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.100.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\arccos^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**5/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**5/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.100.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^5/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.100.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^5/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.100.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^5/acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.101 $\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

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3.101.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	679

3.101.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{2a^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{4a^5} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{5\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{4a^5}$$

```
output -1/4*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5-3/8
*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5-1/8*Fre
snelC(10^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*10^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5+2*x^4*(-a
^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.101.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{i\left(-4i\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + 2\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i\arccos(ax)\right) - 2\sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i\arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2), x]
```

```
output ((I/16)*((-4*I)*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] + 2*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-
I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 2*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]] + 3*Sqrt
[3]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 3*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt
[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a
*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/
2, (5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - (6*I)*Sin[3*ArcCos[a*x]] - (2*I)*Sin[5*ArcCos[a*x]
]))/(a^5*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])
```

3.101.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5143

$$\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{ax}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{9 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{16\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{5 \cos(5 \arccos(ax))}{16\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{2x^4 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{5\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^5} + \frac{2x^4 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

```
input Int[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]
```

```
output (2*x^4*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) + (2*(-1/4*(Sqrt[Pi/2]*Fre
snelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]]) - (3*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[6/P
i]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/8 - (Sqrt[(5*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[10/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCo
s[a*x]]])/8))/a^5
```

3.101.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.101.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
default	$\frac{-3\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{5}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{8a^5\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$

input `int(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/a^5*(-3*3^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-5^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*5^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-2*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))+2*(-a^2*x^(2+1)^(1/2)+3*sin(3*arccos(a*x))+sin(5*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.101.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.101.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**4/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.101.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.101.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.101.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.102 $\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

3.102.1 Optimal result	680
3.102.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	680
3.102.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	681
3.102.4 Maple [A] (verified)	682
3.102.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	682
3.102.6 Sympy [F]	683
3.102.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	683
3.102.8 Giac [F(-2)]	683
3.102.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	684

3.102.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^4} - \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{a^4}$$

```
output -1/2*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^4-F
resnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4+2*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.102.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -2i\arccos(ax)\right) - i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2i\arccos(ax)\right) + \dots}{\dots}$$

```
input Integrate[x^3/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2), x]
```

output $(I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{(-I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]}\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-2*I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{I\text{ArcCos}[a*x]}\text{Gamma}[1/2, (2*I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + I\sqrt{(-I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]}\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-4*I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - I\sqrt{I\text{ArcCos}[a*x]}\text{Gamma}[1/2, (4*I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + 2\text{Sin}[2\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + \text{Sin}[4\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(4*a^4\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[a*x]})$

3.102.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5143}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input $\text{Int}[x^3/\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^{(3/2)}, x]$

output $(2*x^3\sqrt{1 - a^2*x^2})/(a*\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[a*x]}) + (2*(-1/2*(\sqrt{\text{Pi}/2}*\text{FresnelC}[2*\sqrt{2/\text{Pi}}*\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[a*x]})] - (\sqrt{\text{Pi}}*\text{FresnelC}[(2*\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[a*x]})/\sqrt{\text{Pi}}])/2))/a^4$

3.102.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.102.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
default	$\frac{-2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + 2\sin(2\arccos(ax)) + \sin(4\arccos(ax))}{4a^4 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$

input `int(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/a^4/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*(-2*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-4*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+2*sin(2*arccos(a*x))+sin(4*arccos(a*x)))`

3.102.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.102.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\operatorname{acos}^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**3/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.102.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.102.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.102.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.103 $\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

3.103.1 Optimal result	685
3.103.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	685
3.103.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	686
3.103.4 Maple [A] (verified)	687
3.103.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	687
3.103.6 Sympy [F]	688
3.103.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	688
3.103.8 Giac [F]	688
3.103.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	689

3.103.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^3}$$

output `-1/2*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3-1/2*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3+2*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.103.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{i\left(-2i\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} + \sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i\arccos(ax)\right) - \sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i\arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2), x]`

output $((I/4)*((-2*I)*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2] + \text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - \text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + \text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-3*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - \text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (3*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - (2*I)*\text{Sin}[3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]))/(a^3*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])$

3.103.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5143

$$\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{ax}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{3 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Int[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output $(2*x^2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]) + (2*(-1/2*(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]*\text{FresnelC}[\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])] - (\text{Sqrt}[(3*\text{Pi})/2]*\text{FresnelC}[\text{Sqrt}[6/\text{Pi}]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]])/2))/a^3$

3.103.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.103.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{3}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)-\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)+\sqrt{-a^2x^2+1}+\sin(3\arccos(ax))}{2a^3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$

input `int(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/a^3*(-3^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+sin(3*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.103.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.103.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos^{\frac{3}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**2/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.103.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.103.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.103.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.104 $\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

3.104.1 Optimal result	690
3.104.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	690
3.104.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	691
3.104.4 Maple [A] (verified)	692
3.104.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	693
3.104.6 Sympy [F]	693
3.104.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	693
3.104.8 Giac [F]	694
3.104.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	694

3.104.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{a^2}$$

output `-2*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^2+2*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.104.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]] + Sin[2*ArcCos[a*x]]/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/a^2`

3.104.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5143, 25, 3042, 3785, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5143} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3785} \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{4 \int \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3833} \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x/ArcCos [a*x]^(3/2) , x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) - (2*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]])/a^2`

3.104.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.104.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
default	$\frac{-2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)+\sin(2\arccos(ax))}{a^2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$	42

input `int(x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*(-2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))+sin(2*arccos(a*x)))`

3.104.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.104.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos^{3/2}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.104.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.104.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.104.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x/acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.105 $\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

3.105.1 Optimal result	695
3.105.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	695
3.105.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	696
3.105.4 Maple [A] (verified)	697
3.105.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	698
3.105.6 Sympy [F]	698
3.105.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	698
3.105.8 Giac [F]	699
3.105.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	699

3.105.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a}$$

output `-2*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a+2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.105.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - i\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i\arccos(ax)\right) + i\sqrt{i\arccos(ax)}\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i\arccos(ax)\right)}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(-3/2), x]`

output `-((-2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - I*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + I*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])`

3.105.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.625$, Rules used = {5133, 5225, 3042, 3785, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5133} \\
 & 2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{ax}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax)+\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3785} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{4 \int ax d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3833} \\
 & \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(-3/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) - (2*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/a`

3.105.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5133 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*(x_)^m_.*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.105.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(2 \arccos(ax) \pi \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) - \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{a \sqrt{\pi} \arccos(ax)}$	66

input `int(1/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/a*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/arccos(a*x)*(2*arccos(a*x)*Pi*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

3.105.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.105.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos^{3/2}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**(-3/2), x)`

3.105.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.105.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(-3/2), x)`

3.105.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/acos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/acos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.106 $\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

3.106.1 Optimal result	700
3.106.2 Mathematica [N/A]	700
3.106.3 Rubi [N/A]	701
3.106.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	701
3.106.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	702
3.106.6 Sympy [N/A]	702
3.106.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	702
3.106.8 Giac [N/A]	703
3.106.9 Mupad [N/A]	703

3.106.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.106.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)), x]`

3.106.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)),x]`output `$Aborted`**3.106.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.106.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

3.106.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.106.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos^{3/2}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*acos(a*x)**(3/2)), x)`

3.106.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.106.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)), x)`**3.106.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)), x)`

3.107 $\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$

3.107.1 Optimal result	704
3.107.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	705
3.107.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	705
3.107.4 Maple [A] (verified)	707
3.107.5 Fracas [F(-2)]	708
3.107.6 Sympy [F]	708
3.107.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	709
3.107.8 Giac [F]	709
3.107.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	709

3.107.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 235

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{16x^3}{3a^2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{20x^5}{3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{25\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{3a^5} - \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi}\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^5} + \frac{25\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{2a^5} - \frac{4\sqrt{\frac{2\pi}{3}}\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^5} + \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{5\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{6a^5}$$

output

```
3/4*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5+1/6*
FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5+5/12*Fre
snelS(10^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*10^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5+2/3*x^4*(
-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)-16/3*x^3/a^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)+20/3*
x^5/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.107.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = 2\left(-\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - e^{-i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) - e^{i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) + \sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right)\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `-1/24*(2*(-Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - ArcCos[a*x]/E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]) - E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])*ArcCos[a*x] + Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*ArcCos[a*x]*Gamma[1/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*ArcCos[a*x]*Gamma[1/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]]) - 5*ArcCos[a*x]*(E^((-5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) + E^((5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) - Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - Sqrt[5]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]) - 3*(3*ArcCos[a*x]*(E^((-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) + E^((3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) - Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[I*ArcCos[a*x]]*Gamma[1/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]) + Sin[3*ArcCos[a*x]]) - Sin[5*ArcCos[a*x]])/(a^5*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2))`

3.107.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx \xrightarrow{5145} \frac{10}{3}a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx - \frac{8 \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{2x^4 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \xrightarrow{5223}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{10}{3}a \left(\frac{2x^5}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{10 \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right) - \frac{8 \left(\frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 5147 \\
& \frac{8 \left(\frac{6 \int \frac{a^2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} + \\
& \frac{10}{3}a \left(\frac{10 \int \frac{a^4x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{a^6} + \frac{2x^5}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 4906 \\
& \frac{10}{3}a \left(\frac{10 \int \left(\frac{3 \sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{16\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sin(5 \arccos(ax))}{16\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d\arccos(ax)}{a^6} + \frac{2x^5}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) - \\
& \frac{8 \left(\frac{6 \int \left(\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d\arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
& \frac{10}{3}a \left(\frac{10 \left(\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{8}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{10}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^6} \right. \\
& \left. 8 \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) \right) + \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*x^4*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) - (8*((2*x^3)/(a*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])) + (6*((sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/2 + (sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[Sqrt[6/Pi]*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/2))/a^4)/(3*a) + (10*a*((2*x^5)/(a*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])) + (10*((sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/4 + (sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[6/Pi]*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/8 + (sqrt[Pi/10]*FresnelS[Sqrt[10/Pi]*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/8))/a^6)/3`

3.107.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5145 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5223 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.107.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
default	$10\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{5}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}+18\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}+4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}+4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}$

input `int(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

$$3.107. \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

output $\frac{1}{24}a^{-5}(10\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{5}\operatorname{FresnelS}(\sqrt{2}/\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{5}\arccos(ax)^{1/2})\arccos(ax)^{3/2}+18\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{FresnelS}(\sqrt{2}/\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3}\arccos(ax)^{1/2})\arccos(ax)^{3/2}+4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelS}(\sqrt{2}/\sqrt{\pi}\arccos(ax)^{1/2})\arccos(ax)^{3/2}+4\arccos(ax)*ax+10\arccos(ax)*\cos(5\arccos(ax))+18\arccos(ax)*\cos(3\arccos(ax))+2*(-a^2x^2+1)^{1/2}+3\sin(3\arccos(ax))+\sin(5\arccos(ax)))/\arccos(ax)^{3/2}$

3.107.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.107.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acos}^{\frac{5}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**4/acos(a*x)**(5/2), x)`

3.107.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`**3.107.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`**3.107.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.108 $\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$

3.108.1 Optimal result	710
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3.108.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 126

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4x^2}{a^2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{16x^4}{3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{3a^4} + \frac{4\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{3a^4}$$

```
output 4/3*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4+4/3*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^4+2/3*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)-4*x^2/a^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)+16/3*x^4/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.108.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-4 \arccos(ax) \left(e^{-4i \arccos(ax)} + e^{4i \arccos(ax)} - 2\sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -4i \arccos(ax)\right) - 2\sqrt{i \arccos(ax)} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, 4i \arccos(ax)\right) \right)}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2), x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/12*(-4*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*(E^{((-4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])} + E^{((4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}) - 2* \\ & \text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - 2*\text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a* \\ & x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]) - 2*(2*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*(E^{((-2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a* \\ & x])} + E^{((2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}) - \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (- \\ & 2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - \text{Sqrt}[2]*\text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a* \\ & x]]) + \text{Sin}[2*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]) - \text{Sin}[4*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(a^4*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^(3/2)) \end{aligned}$$

3.108.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5147, 4906, 27, 2009, 3042, 3786, 3832}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\ & -\frac{2 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{8}{3} a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\ & -\frac{2 \left(\frac{2x^2}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{4 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right)}{a} + \frac{8}{3} a \left(\frac{2x^4}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{8 \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{2x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\ & -\frac{2 \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{ax \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} + \\ & \frac{8}{3} a \left(\frac{8 \int \frac{a^3 x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{2x^4}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{8}{3}a \left(\frac{8 \int \left(\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{2x^4}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) - \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{8}{3}a \left(\frac{8 \int \left(\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{2x^4}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) - \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} + \\
 & \frac{8}{3}a \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{a^5} + \frac{2x^4}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} + \\
 & \frac{8}{3}a \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{a^5} + \frac{2x^4}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \\
 & \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3786}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{2 \left(\frac{4 \int \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} + \\
& \frac{8}{3} a \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{a^5} + \frac{2x^4}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \\
& \frac{2x^3 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3832} \\
& \frac{8}{3} a \left(\frac{8 \left(\frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{a^5} + \frac{2x^4}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) - \\
& \frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} + \frac{2x^3 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*x^3*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) - (2*((2*x^2)/(a*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) + (2*sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/sqrt[Pi]])/a^3))/a + (8*a*((2*x^4)/(a*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) + (8*((sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[2*sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])]/8 + (sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/sqrt[Pi]])/4))/a^5))/3`

3.108.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b
.)*(x)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x
]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IG
tQ[p, 0]`

rule 5145 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (
-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/
Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*A
rcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^(n) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5223 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.108.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
default	$\frac{16\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 16\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 8 \arccos(ax) \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) + 8 \arccos(ax) \cos(4 \arccos(ax)) + 2 \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) + \sin(4 \arccos(ax))}{12a^4 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/12/a^4*(16*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))
*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+16*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*ar
ccos(a*x)^(3/2)+8*arccos(a*x)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))+8*arccos(a*x)*cos(4*arcco
s(a*x))+2*sin(2*arccos(a*x))+sin(4*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)
```

3.108.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.108.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\operatorname{acos}^{\frac{5}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**3/acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**3/acos(a*x)**(5/2), x)
```

3.108.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.
```

3.108.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vector & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

3.108.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input int(x^3/acos(a*x)^(5/2),x)
```

```
output int(x^3/acos(a*x)^(5/2), x)
```

3.109 $\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$

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3.109.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{8x}{3a^2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{4x^3}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{3a^3} + \frac{\sqrt{6\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^3}$$

```
output 1/3*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3+FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^3+2/3*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)-8/3*x/a^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)+4*x^3/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.109.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = -\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - e^{-i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) - e^{i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) + \sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6*(-\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2] - \text{ArcCos}[a*x]/E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])} - E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])} \\ &]*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] + \text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-I)*\text{ArcCos} \\ & [a*x]] + \text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - 3*\text{Arc} \\ & \text{Cos}[a*x]*(E^{((-3*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])} + E^{((3*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])} - \text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[(- \\ & I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-3*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] - \text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] \\ &]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (3*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]) - \text{Sin}[3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(a^3*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^(\\ & 3/2)) \end{aligned}$$

3.109.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5135, 3042, 3786, 3832, 5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\ & -\frac{4 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + 2a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\ & 2a \left(\frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right) - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\ & -\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} + 2a \left(\frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right) + \\ & \quad \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} + 2a \left(\frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3786} \\
& - \frac{4 \left(\frac{4 \int \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} + 2a \left(\frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right) + \\
& \quad \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3832} \\
& 2a \left(\frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right) - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} + \\
& \quad \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
& 2a \left(\frac{6 \int \frac{a^2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d\arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{4 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
& 2a \left(\frac{6 \int \left(\frac{\sin(3\arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d\arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{4 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
\end{aligned}$$

$$2a \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) + \frac{2x}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1 - a^2 x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) - (4*((2*x)/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) + (2*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/a^2))/(3*a) + 2*a*((2*x^3)/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) + (6*((Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/2 + (Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/2))/a^4)`

3.109.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

```
rule 5135 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1)
  Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
  b, c, n}, x]
```

```
rule 5145 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(
  -x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (
  -Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/
  Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*A
  rcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && I
  GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
  (b*c^(m + 1))^(n_ - 1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
  , a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5223 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_)
  + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
  ^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
  n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
  *ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
  *d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.109.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
default	$\frac{6\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}+2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}+2\arccos(ax)ax+6\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6a^3\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

```
input int(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6/a^3*(6*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*arcc
  os(a*x)^(1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+2*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1
  /2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+2*arccos(a*x)*a*x+6*arccos(a*x)*c
  os(3*arccos(a*x))+(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+sin(3*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)
```

3.109. $\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$

3.109.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.109.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\text{acos}^{\frac{5}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/acos(a*x)**(5/2), x)`

3.109.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.109.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.109.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/acos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.110 $\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$

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3.110.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	725
3.110.4 Maple [A] (verified)	727
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3.110.6 Sympy [F]	728
3.110.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	728
3.110.8 Giac [F]	729
3.110.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	729

3.110.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3a^2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{8x^2}{3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{8\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{3a^2}$$

output `8/3*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^2+2/3*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)-4/3/a^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)+8/3*x^2/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.110.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{4 \arccos(ax) \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) + \sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}}{3a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(8*sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/sqrt[Pi]] + (4*ArcCos[a*x]*Cos[2*ArcCos[a*x]] + Sin[2*ArcCos[a*x]])/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2))/(3*a^2)`

3.110.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.900$, Rules used = {5145, 5153, 5223, 5147, 4906, 27, 3042, 3786, 3832}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{4}{3} a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5153} \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3a^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \left(\frac{2x^2}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{4 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3a^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3a^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \left(\frac{4 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3a^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3a^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4}{3} a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3a^2 \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{4 \int \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3a^2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3786} \\
& \frac{4}{3}a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3a^2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3832}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) - 4/(3*a^2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) + (4*a*((2*x^2)/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) + (2*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]])/a^3))/3`

3.110.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

```
rule 5145 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^( -1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5153 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^( -1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5223 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.110.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
default	$\frac{8\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4 \arccos(ax) \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) + \sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{3a^2 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	56

```
input int(x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3/a^2*(8*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelS(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+4*arccos(a*x)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))+sin(2*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)
```


3.110.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.110.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos^{5/2}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x/acos(a*x)**(5/2), x)`

3.110.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.110.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.110.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x/acos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x/acos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.111 $\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$

3.111.1 Optimal result	730
3.111.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	730
3.111.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	731
3.111.4 Maple [A] (verified)	733
3.111.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	733
3.111.6 Sympy [F]	734
3.111.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	734
3.111.8 Giac [F]	734
3.111.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	735

3.111.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} + \frac{4x}{3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{3a}$$

output `4/3*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a+2/3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+4/3*x/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.111.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\left(-\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - e^{-i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) - e^{i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) + \sqrt{-i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i \arccos(ax)\right) + \sqrt{i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, i \arccos(ax)\right)\right)}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(-5/2), x]`

output $(-2*(-\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2] - \text{ArcCos}[a*x])/E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])} - E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])})*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] + \text{Sqrt}[(-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + \text{Sqrt}[I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(3*a*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^{(3/2)})$

3.111.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {5133, 5223, 5135, 3042, 3786, 3832}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5133} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3786} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{4 \int \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3832}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}a \left(\frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{a^2} + \frac{2x}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(-5/2),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) + (2*a*((2*x)/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])) + (2*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/a^2))/3`

3.111.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5133 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

```
rule 5223 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.))*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)]/Sqrt[(d_)
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.111.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(4 \arccos(ax)^2 \pi \operatorname{FresnelS} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) + 2 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} ax + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} \right)}{3a \sqrt{\pi} \arccos(ax)^2}$	83

```
input int(1/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3/a*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(4*arccos(a*x)^2*Pi*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arcco
s(a*x)^(1/2))+2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*a*x+2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)
^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/arccos(a*x)^2
```

3.111.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.111.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos^{\frac{5}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**(-5/2), x)`

3.111.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.111.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)**(-5/2), x)`

3.111.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/acos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int(1/acos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.112 $\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$

3.112.1 Optimal result	736
3.112.2 Mathematica [N/A]	736
3.112.3 Rubi [N/A]	737
3.112.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	737
3.112.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	738
3.112.6 Sympy [N/A]	738
3.112.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	738
3.112.8 Giac [N/A]	739
3.112.9 Mupad [N/A]	739

3.112.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.112.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2)), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2)), x]`

3.112.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2)),x]`output `$Aborted`**3.112.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.112.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x)`

3.112.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.112.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos^{5/2}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/acos(a*x)**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*acos(a*x)**(5/2)), x)`

3.112.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.112.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)), x)`**3.112.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)), x)`

3.113 $\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$

3.113.1 Optimal result	740
3.113.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	741
3.113.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	741
3.113.4 Maple [A] (verified)	744
3.113.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	744
3.113.6 Sympy [F]	745
3.113.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	745
3.113.8 Giac [F]	745
3.113.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	746

3.113.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} - \frac{16x^3}{15a^2\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} + \frac{4x^5}{3\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} + \frac{32x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a^3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{40x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{3a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{15a^5} + \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a^5} - \frac{8\sqrt{6\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{5a^5} + \frac{5\sqrt{\frac{5\pi}{2}}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{3a^5}$$

output `-16/15*x^3/a^2/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+4/3*x^5/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+9/10*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5+1/15*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5+5/6*FresnelC(10^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*10^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^5+2/5*x^4*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+32/5*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)-40/3*x^4*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.113.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2(-6\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 2ie^{i\arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)(-i + 2\arccos(ax)) - 4(-i\arccos(ax))^{3/2} \arccos(ax)\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, -i\arccos(ax))}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^(7/2),x]`

output

```
-1/240*(2*(-6*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - (2*I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])*ArcCos[a*x]*(-I
+ 2*ArcCos[a*x]) - 4*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*ArcCos[a*x]*Gamma[1/2, (-I)*
ArcCos[a*x]] + (ArcCos[a*x]*(-2 + (4*I)*ArcCos[a*x] - 4*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])*
(I*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]]))/E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])) - 5*A
rcCos[a*x]*(2*E^((5*I)*ArcCos[a*x])*(1 + (10*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) + 20*Sqrt[5]*
((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (-5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + (2 - (20*I)*ArcC
os[a*x] + 20*Sqrt[5]*E^((5*I)*ArcCos[a*x])*(I*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2
, (5*I)*ArcCos[a*x]])/E^((5*I)*ArcCos[a*x])) + 9*(-2*ArcCos[a*x]*(E^((3*I)
*ArcCos[a*x])*(1 + (6*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) + 6*Sqrt[3]*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)
*Gamma[1/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + (1 - (6*I)*ArcCos[a*x] + 6*Sqrt[3]*E^((3
*I)*ArcCos[a*x])*(I*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]))/E^((
3*I)*ArcCos[a*x])) - 2*Sin[3*ArcCos[a*x]]) - 6*Sin[5*ArcCos[a*x]])/(a^5*Ar
cCos[a*x]^(5/2))
```

3.113.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 5145

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2a \int \frac{x^5}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx - \frac{8 \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx}{5a} + \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & 2a \left(\frac{2x^5}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{10 \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} \right) - \frac{8 \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{a} \right)}{5a} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5143} \\
 & 2a \left(\frac{2x^5}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{10 \left(\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{ax}{8\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{9 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{16\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{5 \cos(5 \arccos(ax))}{16\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^5} + \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right) - \\
 & 8 \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{ax}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{3 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \\
 & 2a \left(\frac{2x^5}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{10 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{3}{8} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{8} \sqrt{\frac{5\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{10}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^5}}{3a} \right) \right) - \\
 & 8 \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \frac{2x^4\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^4/ArcCos[a*x]^(7/2),x]`

output $(2x^4\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2})/(5a\text{ArcCos}[ax]^{5/2}) - (8((2x^3)/(3a\text{ArcCos}[ax]^{3/2}) - (2((2x^2\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2})/(a\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[ax]}) + (2(-1/2(\sqrt{\text{Pi}/2}\text{FresnelC}[\sqrt{2/\text{Pi}}\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[ax]})] - (\sqrt{(3\text{Pi})/2}\text{FresnelC}[\sqrt{6/\text{Pi}}\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[ax]})]/2))/a^3)/a))/(5a) + 2a((2x^5)/(3a\text{ArcCos}[ax]^{3/2}) - (10((2x^4\sqrt{1 - a^2x^2})/(a\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[ax]}) + (2(-1/4(\sqrt{\text{Pi}/2}\text{FresnelC}[\sqrt{2/\text{Pi}}\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[ax]})] - (3\sqrt{(3\text{Pi})/2}\text{FresnelC}[\sqrt{6/\text{Pi}}\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[ax]})]/8 - (\sqrt{(5\text{Pi})/2}\text{FresnelC}[\sqrt{10/\text{Pi}}\sqrt{\text{ArcCos}[ax]})]/8))/a^5))/(3a)$

3.113.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

rule 5143 $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcCos}[c(x)](b))^n(x)^m, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-x^m\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}((a + b\text{ArcCos}[cx])^{n+1}/(b*c*(n+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(b^2c^{m+1}(n+1)) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[x^{n+1}, \text{Cos}[-a/b + x/b]^{m-1}(m - (m+1)\text{Cos}[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b\text{ArcCos}[cx]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GeQ}[n, -2] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

rule 5145 $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcCos}[c(x)](b))^n(x)^m, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-x^m\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}((a + b\text{ArcCos}[cx])^{n+1}/(b*c*(n+1))), x] + (-\text{Simp}[c*(m+1)/(b*(n+1)) \text{Int}[x^{m+1}((a + b\text{ArcCos}[cx])^{n+1}/\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}), x], x] + \text{Simp}[m/(b*c*(n+1)) \text{Int}[x^{m-1}((a + b\text{ArcCos}[cx])^{n+1}/\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}), x], x]) /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -2]$

rule 5223 $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcCos}[c(x)](b))^n((f(x))^m)/\sqrt{(d + (e(x))^2)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n+1))*\text{Simp}[\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}/\sqrt{d + ex^2}](a + b\text{ArcCos}[cx])^{n+1}, x] + \text{Simp}[f*(m/(b*c*(n+1)))*\text{Simp}[\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}/\sqrt{d + ex^2}] \text{Int}[(f*x)^{m-1}(a + b\text{ArcCos}[cx])^{n+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[c^2*d + e, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1]$

3.113.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
default	$-\frac{-100\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{5}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{5}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}-108\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}-8\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}}$

input `int(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
-1/120/a^5*(-100*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*5^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*5^(1/2)
)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)-108*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*Fresne
lC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)-8*2^(1/2)
*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+8
*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+100*arccos(a*x)^2*sin(5*arccos(a*x))+108
*arccos(a*x)^2*sin(3*arccos(a*x))-4*arccos(a*x)*a*x-10*arccos(a*x)*cos(5*a
rccos(a*x))-18*arccos(a*x)*cos(3*arccos(a*x))-6*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3*sin(5
*arccos(a*x))-9*sin(3*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(5/2)
```

3.113.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.113.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos^{\frac{7}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**4/acos(a*x)**(7/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**4/acos(a*x)**(7/2), x)`

3.113.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.113.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(7/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/arccos(a*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.113.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^(7/2),x)`output `int(x^4/acos(a*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.114 $\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$

3.114.1 Optimal result	747
3.114.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	747
3.114.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	748
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3.114.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	753
3.114.8 Giac [F(-2)]	754
3.114.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	754

3.114.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} - \frac{4x^2}{5a^2\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} + \frac{16x^4}{15\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} + \frac{16x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a^3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{128x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{15a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{32\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{15a^4} + \frac{16\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{15a^4}$$

```
output -4/5*x^2/a^2/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+16/15*x^4/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+16/15*FresnelC(
2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^4+32/15*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/
2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a^4+2/5*x^3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/ar
ccos(a*x)^(5/2)+16/5*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)-128/15*x^3
*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.114.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-4e^{-2i\arccos(ax)}(1 + e^{4i\arccos(ax)}(1 + 4i\arccos(ax)) - 4i\arccos(ax))\arccos(ax) + \frac{16\sqrt{2}\arccos(ax)^3\Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, -2i\arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{-i\arccos(ax)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/ArcCos[a*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `-1/60*((-4*(1 + E^((4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]))*(1 + (4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) - (4*I)*ArcCos[a*x])*ArcCos[a*x])/E^((2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) + (16*Sqrt[2]*ArcCos[a*x]^3*Gamma[1/2, (-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + (16*I)*Sqrt[2]*(I*ArcCos[a*x])^(5/2)*Gamma[1/2, (2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] - 2*ArcCos[a*x]*(2*E^((4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]))*(1 + (8*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) + 32*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (-4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + (2*(1 - (8*I)*ArcCos[a*x] + 16*E^((4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]))*(I*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]])/E^((4*I)*ArcCos[a*x])) - 6*Sin[2*ArcCos[a*x]] - 3*Sin[4*ArcCos[a*x]]/(a^4*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2))`

3.114.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5143, 25, 2009, 3042, 3785, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\
 & -\frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx}{5a} + \frac{8}{5} a \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & -\frac{6 \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \frac{8}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^4}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{8 \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5143}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{6 \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \\
& \frac{8}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^4}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{8 \left(\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right) + \\
& \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& - \frac{6 \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \\
& \frac{8}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^4}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{8 \left(\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{\cos(4 \arccos(ax))}{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right) + \\
& \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& - \frac{6 \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \\
& \frac{8}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^4}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{8 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{8}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^4}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{8 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3785} \\
 & \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{4 \int \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) d \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{8}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^4}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{8 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3833} \\
 & \left(\frac{6 \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right)}{a^2} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \right. \\
 & \left. \frac{8}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^4}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{8 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(2\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) \right)}{a^4} + \frac{2x^3\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x^3/ArcCos [a*x]^(7/2) , x]`

```
output (2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(5*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2)) - (6*((2*x^2)/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) - (4*((2*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) - (2*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]])/a^2))/(3*a)))/(5*a) + (8*a*((2*x^4)/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) - (8*((2*x^3*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) + (2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[2*Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])) - (Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]])/2))/a^4))/(3*a))/5
```

3.114.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3833 Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 5143 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]
```



```
rule 5145 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (
-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/
Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*A
rcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && I
GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5223 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.114.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result
default	$-\frac{-128\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}-64\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}+32\sin(2\arccos(ax))\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{60}$

```
input int(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/60/a^4*(-128*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(
1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)-64*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))
*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+32*sin(2*arccos(a*x))*arccos(a*x)^2+64*sin(4*arccos(a*x
))*arccos(a*x)^2-8*arccos(a*x)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))-8*arccos(a*x)*cos(4*arcc
os(a*x))-6*sin(2*arccos(a*x))-3*sin(4*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(5/2)
```

3.114.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.114.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\operatorname{acos}^{\frac{7}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**3/acos(a*x)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**3/acos(a*x)**(7/2), x)`

3.114.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.114.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.114.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(x^3/acos(a*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.115 $\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$

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3.115.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a\arccos(ax)^{5/2}} - \frac{8x}{15a^2\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} + \frac{4x^3}{5\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} + \frac{16\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{15a^3\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{24x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{15a^3} + \frac{6\sqrt{6\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{5a^3}$$

output
$$-8/15*x/a^2/\arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+4/5*x^3/\arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+2/15*\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}/\sqrt{\pi}*\arccos(a*x)^(1/2)\right)*2\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}*\sqrt{\pi}/a^3+6/5*\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(6\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}/\sqrt{\pi}*\arccos(a*x)^(1/2)\right)*6\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}*\sqrt{\pi}/a^3+2/5*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/\arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+16/15*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a^3/\arccos(a*x)^(1/2)-24/5*x^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/\arccos(a*x)^(1/2)$$

3.115.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 2ie^{i\arccos(ax)}\arccos(ax)(-i + 2\arccos(ax)) - 4(-i\arccos(ax))^{3/2}\arccos(ax)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -i\arccos(ax)\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^(7/2), x]`

output `-1/60*(-6*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2] - (2*I)*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x])*ArcCos[a*x]*(-I + 2*ArcCos[a*x]) - 4*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*ArcCos[a*x]*Gamma[1/2, (-I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + (ArcCos[a*x]*(-2 + (4*I)*ArcCos[a*x] - 4*E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]))*(I*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, I*ArcCos[a*x]]))/E^(I*ArcCos[a*x]) - 6*ArcCos[a*x]*(E^((3*I)*ArcCos[a*x])*(1 + (6*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) + 6*Sqrt[3]*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (-3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + (1 - (6*I)*ArcCos[a*x] + 6*Sqrt[3]*E^((3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]))*(I*ArcCos[a*x])^(3/2)*Gamma[1/2, (3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]))/E^((3*I)*ArcCos[a*x]) - 6*Sin[3*ArcCos[a*x]]/(a^3*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2))`

3.115.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5133, 5143, 2009, 5225, 3042, 3785, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\
 & -\frac{4 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx}{5a} + \frac{6}{5}a \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & \frac{6}{5}a \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{a} \right) - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5133}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \\
 & \frac{6}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{a} \right) + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5143} \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \\
 & \frac{6}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{ax}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{3 \cos(3 \arccos(ax))}{4\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{6}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{ax}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \\
 & \frac{6}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{6}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3785} \\
& \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{4 \int axd\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{6}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3833} \\
& \left(\frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right)}{a} \right)}{3a} \right)}{5a} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \right. \\
& \left. \frac{6}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^3}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \right) \right)}{a^3} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{a} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/ArcCos[a*x]^(7/2),x]`

```
output (2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(5*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2)) - (4*((2*x)/(3*a*ArcCos[
a*x]^(3/2)) - (2*((2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) - (2*Sqrt[2*
Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/a))/(3*a)))/(5*a) + (6*a*((2*x
^3)/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) - (2*((2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos
[a*x]]) + (2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]]) - (
Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelC[Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/2))/a^3))/a)/5
```

3.115.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := S
imp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3833 Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 5133 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c
^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1
)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5143 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(
-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - S
imp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-
a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos
[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]
```



```
rule 5145 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1))) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]
```

```
rule 5223 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

```
rule 5225 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c^(m + 1))^(n + 1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.115.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
default	$-\frac{36\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{3}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}-4\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}+4\arccos(ax)^2\sqrt{-\dots}}{30a^3\arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

```
input int(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/30/a^3*(-36*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*3^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)-4*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+4*arccos(a*x)^2*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+36*arccos(a*x)^2*sin(3*arccos(a*x))-2*arccos(a*x)*a*x-6*arccos(a*x)*cos(3*arccos(a*x))-3*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3*sin(3*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(5/2)
```

3.115.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.115.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\text{acos}^{\frac{7}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/acos(a*x)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/acos(a*x)**(7/2), x)`

3.115.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.115.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.115.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/arccos(a*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.116 $\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$

3.116.1 Optimal result	763
3.116.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	763
3.116.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	764
3.116.4 Maple [A] (verified)	767
3.116.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	767
3.116.6 Sympy [F]	767
3.116.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	768
3.116.8 Giac [F]	768
3.116.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	768

3.116.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 119

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} - \frac{4}{15a^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} + \frac{8x^2}{15 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{32x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{15a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{32\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{15a^2}$$

output `-4/15/a^2/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+8/15*x^2/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+32/15*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/a^2+2/5*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(5/2)-32/15*x*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)`

3.116.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\frac{4 \cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} + 32\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \frac{(-3+16 \arccos(ax)^2) \sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\arccos(ax)^{5/2}}}{15a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/ArcCos[a*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `((4*Cos[2*ArcCos[a*x]])/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2) + 32*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]] - ((-3 + 16*ArcCos[a*x]^2)*Sin[2*ArcCos[a*x]])/ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2))/(15*a^2)`

3.116.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5145, 5153, 5223, 5143, 25, 3042, 3785, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx}{5a} + \frac{4}{5} a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5153} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} a \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} - \frac{4}{15a^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} - \frac{4}{15a^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5143} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \quad \frac{4}{15a^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{4}{5} a \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} - \\
 & \quad \frac{4}{15a^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(2 \arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} -$$

$$\frac{4}{15a^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{4 \int \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) d\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a^2} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} -$$

$$\frac{4}{15a^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{4}{5}a \left(\frac{2x^2}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{a^2} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} -$$

$$\frac{4}{15a^2 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[x/ArcCos[a*x]^(7/2),x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(5*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2)) - 4/(15*a^2*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) + (4*a*((2*x^2)/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) - (4*((2*x*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) - (2*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]])/Sqrt[Pi]])/a^2))/(3*a)))/5`

3.116.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5145 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^m, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c*(n + 1))^(-1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5223 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*((f_.)*(x_))^m)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.116.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result
default	$-\frac{-32\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 16 \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) \arccos(ax)^2 - 4 \arccos(ax) \cos(2 \arccos(ax)) - 3 \sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{15a^2 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

input `int(x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/15/a^2*(-32*Pi^(1/2)*FresnelC(2*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)+16*sin(2*arccos(a*x))*arccos(a*x)^2-4*arccos(a*x)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))-3*sin(2*arccos(a*x)))/arccos(a*x)^(5/2)`**3.116.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`**3.116.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\operatorname{acos}^{\frac{7}{2}}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/acos(a*x)**(7/2),x)`output `Integral(x/acos(a*x)**(7/2), x)`

3.116.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.116.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.116.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/acos(a*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(x/acos(a*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.117 $\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$

3.117.1 Optimal result	769
3.117.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	769
3.117.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	770
3.117.4 Maple [A] (verified)	772
3.117.5 Fracas [F(-2)]	773
3.117.6 Sympy [F]	773
3.117.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	773
3.117.8 Giac [F]	774
3.117.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	774

3.117.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} + \frac{4x}{15 \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{8\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{15a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} + \frac{8\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{15a}$$

```
output 4/15*x/arccos(a*x)^(3/2)+8/15*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))
*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/a+2/5*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(5/2)-8/15*(-a^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2)/a/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)
```

3.117.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \frac{-6\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} - 2ie^{i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)(-i + 2 \arccos(ax)) - 4(-i \arccos(ax))^{3/2} \arccos(ax) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}, -i \arccos(ax))}{15a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}}$$

```
input Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^(-7/2), x]
```

output $-1/15*(-6*\text{Sqrt}[1 - a^2*x^2] - (2*I)*E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*(-I + 2*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]) - 4*((-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^{(3/2)}*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]] + (\text{ArcCos}[a*x]*(-2 + (4*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x] - 4*E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])}*(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^{(3/2)}*\text{Gamma}[1/2, I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]))/E^{(I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])})/(a*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^{(5/2)})$

3.117.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.875$, Rules used = {5133, 5223, 5133, 5225, 3042, 3785, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5133}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^{5/2}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5223}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx}{3a} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5133}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(2a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5225}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{ax}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin(\arccos(ax) + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} d \arccos(ax)}{a} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{4 \int axd\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{a} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{2}{5}a \left(\frac{2x}{3a \arccos(ax)^{3/2}} - \frac{2 \left(\frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{a\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}\right)}{a} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{2\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}{5a \arccos(ax)^{5/2}}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^(-7/2), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(5*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(5/2)) + (2*a*((2*x)/(3*a*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2)) - (2*((2*Sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2])/(a*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]) - (2*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]]])/a))/(3*a)))/5`

3.117.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5133 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5223 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.117.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(8 \arccos(ax)^3 \pi \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \right) - 4 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1} + 2 \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} ax + 3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \sqrt{\pi} \right)}{15 a \sqrt{\pi} \arccos(ax)^3}$

input `int(1/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15/a*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(8*arccos(a*x)^3*Pi*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2))-4*arccos(a*x)^(5/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+2*arccos(a*x)^(3/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*a*x+3*2^(1/2)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))/arccos(a*x)^3`

3.117.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.117.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos^{7/2}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/acos(a*x)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**(-7/2), x)`

3.117.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.117.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^(-7/2), x)`

3.117.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\operatorname{acos}(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/acos(a*x)^(7/2),x)`

output `int(1/acos(a*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.118 $\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$

3.118.1 Optimal result	775
3.118.2 Mathematica [N/A]	775
3.118.3 Rubi [N/A]	776
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3.118.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	777
3.118.6 Sympy [N/A]	777
3.118.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	777
3.118.8 Giac [N/A]	778
3.118.9 Mupad [N/A]	778

3.118.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2), x)`

3.118.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^(7/2)), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^(7/2)), x]`

3.118.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*ArcCos[a*x]^(7/2)),x]`output `$Aborted`**3.118.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.118.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x)`output `int(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x)`

3.118.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.118.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 68.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos^{7/2}(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/acos(a*x)**(7/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*acos(a*x)**(7/2)), x)`

3.118.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.118.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/arccos(a*x)^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^(7/2)), x)`**3.118.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x \arccos(ax)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^(7/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*arccos(a*x)^(7/2)), x)`

3.119 $\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx$

3.119.1 Optimal result	779
3.119.2 Mathematica [N/A]	779
3.119.3 Rubi [N/A]	780
3.119.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	781
3.119.5 Fricas [N/A]	781
3.119.6 Sympy [N/A]	781
3.119.7 Maxima [N/A]	782
3.119.8 Giac [N/A]	782
3.119.9 Mupad [N/A]	782

3.119.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \frac{(bx)^{1+m} \arccos(ax)^4}{b(1+m)} + \frac{4a \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(bx)^{1+m} \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}, x\right)}{b(1+m)}$$

output $(b*x)^{(1+m)}*\arccos(a*x)^4/b/(1+m)+4*a*\operatorname{Unintegrable}((b*x)^{(1+m)}*\arccos(a*x)^3/(-a^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)},x)/b/(1+m)$

3.119.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

input $\operatorname{Integrate}[(b*x)^m*\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]^4,x]$

output $\operatorname{Integrate}[(b*x)^m*\operatorname{ArcCos}[a*x]^4,x]$

3.119.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5139, 5235}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^4 (bx)^m dx$$

↓ 5139

$$\frac{4a \int \frac{(bx)^{m+1} \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{b(m+1)} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^4 (bx)^{m+1}}{b(m+1)}$$

↓ 5235

$$\frac{4a \int \frac{(bx)^{m+1} \arccos(ax)^3}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{b(m+1)} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^4 (bx)^{m+1}}{b(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^4,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.119.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5235 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*Ar
cCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

3.119.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^4,x)`output `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^4,x)`**3.119.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^4, x)`**3.119.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 5.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int (bx)^m \operatorname{acos}^4(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**4,x)`output `Integral((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**4, x)`

3.119.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.58

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b^m*x*x^m*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^4 - 4*(a*b^m*m + a*b^m)*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x*x^m*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3/((a^2*m + a^2)*x^2 - m - 1), x))/(m + 1)`**3.119.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^4, x)`**3.119.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^4 dx = \int \arccos(ax)^4 (bx)^m dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^4*(b*x)^m,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^4*(b*x)^m, x)`

3.120 $\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx$

3.120.1 Optimal result	783
3.120.2 Mathematica [N/A]	783
3.120.3 Rubi [N/A]	784
3.120.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	785
3.120.5 Fricas [N/A]	785
3.120.6 Sympy [N/A]	785
3.120.7 Maxima [N/A]	786
3.120.8 Giac [N/A]	786
3.120.9 Mupad [N/A]	786

3.120.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \frac{(bx)^{1+m} \arccos(ax)^3}{b(1+m)} + \frac{3a \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(bx)^{1+m} \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}}, x\right)}{b(1+m)}$$

output `(b*x)^(1+m)*arccos(a*x)^3/b/(1+m)+3*a*Unintegrable((b*x)^(1+m)*arccos(a*x)^2/(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)/b/(1+m)`

3.120.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `Integrate[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^3, x]`

3.120.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5139, 5235}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^3 (bx)^m dx$$

↓ 5139

$$\frac{3a \int \frac{(bx)^{m+1} \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{b(m+1)} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^3 (bx)^{m+1}}{b(m+1)}$$

↓ 5235

$$\frac{3a \int \frac{(bx)^{m+1} \arccos(ax)^2}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{b(m+1)} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^3 (bx)^{m+1}}{b(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.120.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5235 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*Ar
cCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

3.120.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^3,x)`output `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^3,x)`**3.120.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^3, x)`**3.120.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int (bx)^m \operatorname{acos}^3(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**3,x)`output `Integral((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**3, x)`

3.120.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.58

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b^m*x*x^m*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^3 - 3*(a*b^m*m + a*b^m)*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x*x^m*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2/((a^2*m + a^2)*x^2 - m - 1), x))/(m + 1)`**3.120.8 Giac [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^3, x)`**3.120.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^3 dx = \int \arccos(ax)^3 (bx)^m dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^3*(b*x)^m,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^3*(b*x)^m, x)`

3.121 $\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx$

3.121.1 Optimal result	787
3.121.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	787
3.121.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	788
3.121.4 Maple [F]	789
3.121.5 Fricas [F]	789
3.121.6 Sympy [F]	790
3.121.7 Maxima [F]	790
3.121.8 Giac [F]	790
3.121.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	791

3.121.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \frac{(bx)^{1+m} \arccos(ax)^2}{b(1+m)} + \frac{2a(bx)^{2+m} \arccos(ax) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, a^2x^2\right)}{b^2(1+m)(2+m)} + \frac{2a^2(bx)^{3+m} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{m}{2}; 2 + \frac{m}{2}, \frac{5}{2} + \frac{m}{2}; a^2x^2\right)}{b^3(1+m)(2+m)(3+m)}$$

```
output (b*x)^(1+m)*arccos(a*x)^2/b/(1+m)+2*a*(b*x)^(2+m)*arccos(a*x)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], a^2*x^2)/b^2/(1+m)/(2+m)+2*a^2*(b*x)^(3+m)*hypergeom([1, 3/2+1/2*m, 3/2+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m, 5/2+1/2*m], a^2*x^2)/b^3/(3+m)/(m^2+3*m+2)
```

3.121.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \frac{x(bx)^m \left(4 \arccos(ax)^2 + ax \left(\frac{8\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, a^2x^2\right)}{2+m} + 2^{-m} a \sqrt{\pi} x \operatorname{Gamma}(2+m) \right) \right)}{4(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `(x*(b*x)^m*(4*ArcCos[a*x]^2 + a*x*((8*sqrt[1 - a^2*x^2]*ArcCos[a*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (3 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, a^2*x^2])/(2 + m) + (a*sqrt[Pi]*x*Gamma[2 + m]*HypergeometricPFQRegularized[{1, (3 + m)/2, (3 + m)/2}, {(4 + m)/2, (5 + m)/2}, a^2*x^2])/2^m)))/(4*(1 + m))`

3.121.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {5139, 5221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^2 (bx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$\frac{2a \int \frac{(bx)^{m+1} \arccos(ax)}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{b(m+1)} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 (bx)^{m+1}}{b(m+1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5221}$$

$$\frac{2a \left(\frac{a(bx)^{m+3} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{3}{2}; \frac{m}{2} + 2, \frac{m}{2} + \frac{5}{2}; a^2x^2\right)}{b^2(m+2)(m+3)} + \frac{\arccos(ax)(bx)^{m+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, a^2x^2\right)}{b(m+2)} \right)}{b(m+1)} + \frac{\arccos(ax)^2 (bx)^{m+1}}{b(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `((b*x)^(1 + m)*ArcCos[a*x]^2)/(b*(1 + m)) + (2*a*((b*x)^(2 + m)*ArcCos[a*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2 + m)/2, (4 + m)/2, a^2*x^2])/(b*(2 + m)) + (a*(b*x)^(3 + m)*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 3/2 + m/2, 3/2 + m/2}, {2 + m/2, 5/2 + m/2}, a^2*x^2])/(b^2*(2 + m)*(3 + m)))/(b*(1 + m))`

3.121.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5221 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]
)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] + Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

3.121.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx$$

```
input int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^2,x)
```

```
output int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^2,x)
```

3.121.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx$$

```
input integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^2, x)
```

3.121.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int (bx)^m \operatorname{acos}^2(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**2,x)`

output `Integral((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**2, x)`

3.121.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b^m*x*x^m*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)^2 - 2*(a*b^m*m + a*b^m)*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x*x^m*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)/((a^2*m + a^2)*x^2 - m - 1), x))/(m + 1)`

3.121.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.121.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^2 dx = \int \arccos(ax)^2 (bx)^m dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^2*(b*x)^m,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^2*(b*x)^m, x)`

3.122 $\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx$

3.122.1 Optimal result	792
3.122.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	792
3.122.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	793
3.122.4 Maple [F]	794
3.122.5 Fracas [F]	794
3.122.6 Sympy [F]	794
3.122.7 Maxima [F]	795
3.122.8 Giac [F]	795
3.122.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	795

3.122.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{(bx)^{1+m} \arccos(ax)}{b(1+m)} + \frac{a(bx)^{2+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2+m}{2}, \frac{4+m}{2}, a^2x^2\right)}{b^2(1+m)(2+m)}$$

output `(b*x)^(1+m)*arccos(a*x)/b/(1+m)+a*(b*x)^(2+m)*hypergeom([1/2, 1+1/2*m], [2+1/2*m], a^2*x^2)/b^2/(1+m)/(2+m)`

3.122.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx = \frac{x(bx)^m ((2+m) \arccos(ax) + ax \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{m}{2}, 2 + \frac{m}{2}, a^2x^2\right))}{(1+m)(2+m)}$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x], x]`

output `(x*(b*x)^m*((2+m)*ArcCos[a*x] + a*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 1+m/2, 2+m/2, a^2*x^2]))/((1+m)*(2+m))`

3.122.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$, Rules used = {5139, 278}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arccos(ax)(bx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$\frac{a \int \frac{(bx)^{m+1}}{\sqrt{1-a^2x^2}} dx}{b(m+1)} + \frac{\arccos(ax)(bx)^{m+1}}{b(m+1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{278}$$

$$\frac{a(bx)^{m+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2}{2}, \frac{m+4}{2}, a^2x^2\right)}{b^2(m+1)(m+2)} + \frac{\arccos(ax)(bx)^{m+1}}{b(m+1)}$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x],x]`

output `((b*x)^(1+m)*ArcCos[a*x])/(b*(1+m)) + (a*(b*x)^(2+m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (2+m)/2, (4+m)/2, a^2*x^2])/(b^2*(1+m)*(2+m))`

3.122.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 278 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/2, (m+1)/2+1, (-b)*(x^2/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m+1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m+1))) Int[(d*x)^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.122.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x),x)`

output `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x),x)`

3.122.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x), x)`

3.122.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx = \int (bx)^m \operatorname{acos}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**m*acos(a*x),x)`

output `Integral((b*x)**m*acos(a*x), x)`

3.122.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b^m*x*x^m*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x) - (a*b^m*m + a*b^m)*integrate(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x*x^m/((a^2*m + a^2)*x^2 - m - 1), x))/(m + 1)`

3.122.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x), x)`

3.122.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax) dx = \int \arccos(ax) (bx)^m dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)*(b*x)^m,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)*(b*x)^m, x)`

3.123 $\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.123.1 Optimal result	796
3.123.2 Mathematica [N/A]	796
3.123.3 Rubi [N/A]	797
3.123.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	797
3.123.5 Fricas [N/A]	798
3.123.6 Sympy [N/A]	798
3.123.7 Maxima [N/A]	798
3.123.8 Giac [N/A]	799
3.123.9 Mupad [N/A]	799

3.123.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.123.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^m/ArcCos[a*x], x]`

output `Integrate[(b*x)^m/ArcCos[a*x], x]`

3.123.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m/ArcCos[a*x], x]`output `$Aborted`**3.123.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.123.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x), x)`output `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.123.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x), x)`**3.123.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**m/acos(a*x),x)`output `Integral((b*x)**m/acos(a*x), x)`**3.123.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x), x)`

3.123.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x), x)`**3.123.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m/acos(a*x),x)`output `int((b*x)^m/acos(a*x), x)`

3.124 $\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$

3.124.1 Optimal result	800
3.124.2 Mathematica [N/A]	800
3.124.3 Rubi [N/A]	801
3.124.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	801
3.124.5 Fricas [N/A]	802
3.124.6 Sympy [N/A]	802
3.124.7 Maxima [N/A]	802
3.124.8 Giac [N/A]	803
3.124.9 Mupad [N/A]	803

3.124.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^2,x)`

3.124.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^m/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(b*x)^m/ArcCos[a*x]^2, x]`

3.124.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m/ArcCos[a*x]^2,x]`output `$Aborted`**3.124.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.124.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^2,x)`output `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^2,x)`

3.124.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^2, x)`**3.124.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos^2(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**m/acos(a*x)**2,x)`output `Integral((b*x)**m/acos(a*x)**2, x)`**3.124.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.00

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*b^m*x^m - a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)*integrate(((a^2*b^m*m + a^2*b^m)*x^2 - b^m*m)*sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1)*x^m/((a^3*x^3 - a*x)*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x)), x))/(a*arctan2(sqrt(a*x + 1)*sqrt(-a*x + 1), a*x))`

3.124.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^2, x)`**3.124.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^2,x)`output `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^2, x)`

3.125 $\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$

3.125.1 Optimal result	804
3.125.2 Mathematica [N/A]	804
3.125.3 Rubi [N/A]	805
3.125.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	805
3.125.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	806
3.125.6 Sympy [N/A]	806
3.125.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	806
3.125.8 Giac [N/A]	807
3.125.9 Mupad [N/A]	807

3.125.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Int}((bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2}, x)$$

output `Unintegrable((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.125.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2), x]`

output `Integrate[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2), x]`

3.125.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{3/2}(bx)^m dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \arccos(ax)^{3/2}(bx)^m dx$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.125.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.125.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`

3.125.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.125.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 64.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos^{3/2}(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)`

3.125.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.125.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`**3.125.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^{3/2} dx = \int \arccos(ax)^{3/2} (bx)^m dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^(3/2)*(b*x)^m,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^(3/2)*(b*x)^m, x)`

3.126 $\int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$

3.126.1 Optimal result	808
3.126.2 Mathematica [N/A]	808
3.126.3 Rubi [N/A]	809
3.126.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	809
3.126.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	810
3.126.6 Sympy [N/A]	810
3.126.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	810
3.126.8 Giac [N/A]	811
3.126.9 Mupad [N/A]	811

3.126.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Int}\left((bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.126.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^m*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `Integrate[(b*x)^m*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

3.126.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}(bx)^m dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)}(bx)^m dx$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m*Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.126.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.126.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.126.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.126.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*x)**m*sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.126.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.126.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x)^m*sqrt(arccos(a*x)), x)`**3.126.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} dx = \int \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} (bx)^m dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^(1/2)*(b*x)^m,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^(1/2)*(b*x)^m, x)`

3.127 $\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$

3.127.1 Optimal result 812
 3.127.2 Mathematica [N/A] 812
 3.127.3 Rubi [N/A] 813
 3.127.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 813
 3.127.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 814
 3.127.6 Sympy [N/A] 814
 3.127.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 814
 3.127.8 Giac [N/A] 815
 3.127.9 Mupad [N/A] 815

3.127.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.127.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^m/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `Integrate[(b*x)^m/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

3.127.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m/Sqrt[ArcCos[a*x]], x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.127.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.127.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.127.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.127.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arcsin(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**m/acos(a*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral((b*x)**m/sqrt(acos(a*x)), x)`

3.127.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.127.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x)^m/sqrt(arccos(a*x)), x)`**3.127.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\sqrt{\arccos(ax)}} dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.128 $\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$

3.128.1 Optimal result	816
3.128.2 Mathematica [N/A]	816
3.128.3 Rubi [N/A]	817
3.128.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	817
3.128.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	818
3.128.6 Sympy [N/A]	818
3.128.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	818
3.128.8 Giac [N/A]	819
3.128.9 Mupad [N/A]	819

3.128.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.128.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^m/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2), x]`

output `Integrate[(b*x)^m/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2), x]`

3.128.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m/ArcCos[a*x]^(3/2), x]`output `$Aborted`**3.128.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.128.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.128.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.128.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos^{3/2}(ax)} dx$$

```
input integrate((b*x)**m/acos(a*x)**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral((b*x)**m/acos(a*x)**(3/2), x)
```

3.128.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
input integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negati
ve exponent.
```

3.128.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`**3.128.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(bx)^m}{\arccos(ax)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int((b*x)^m/arccos(a*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.129 $\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx$

3.129.1 Optimal result	820
3.129.2 Mathematica [N/A]	820
3.129.3 Rubi [N/A]	821
3.129.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	821
3.129.5 Fricas [N/A]	822
3.129.6 Sympy [N/A]	822
3.129.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	822
3.129.8 Giac [N/A]	823
3.129.9 Mupad [N/A]	823

3.129.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx = \text{Int}((bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n, x)$$

output `Unintegrable((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^n,x)`

3.129.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output `Integrate[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^n, x]`

3.129.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `Int[(b*x)^m*ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.129.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*((d_.)*(x_))^m_., x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.129.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 2.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^n,x)`

output `int((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^n,x)`

3.129.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`**3.129.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos^n(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**n,x)`output `Integral((b*x)**m*acos(a*x)**n, x)`**3.129.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.129.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x)^m*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`**3.129.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (bx)^m \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \arccos(ax)^n (bx)^m dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^m,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^m, x)`

3.130 $\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx$

3.130.1 Optimal result	824
3.130.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	825
3.130.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	825
3.130.4 Maple [C] (verified)	826
3.130.5 Fricas [F]	827
3.130.6 Sympy [F]	827
3.130.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	828
3.130.8 Giac [F]	828
3.130.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	828

3.130.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 165

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \frac{2^{-4-n}(-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -2i \arccos(ax))}{a^4} + \frac{2^{-4-n}(i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, 2i \arccos(ax))}{a^4} + \frac{2^{-2(3+n)}(-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -4i \arccos(ax))}{a^4} + \frac{2^{-2(3+n)}(i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, 4i \arccos(ax))}{a^4}$$

```
output 2^(-4-n)*arccos(a*x)^n*GAMMA(1+n,-2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^4/((-I*arccos(a*x))^n
)+2^(-4-n)*arccos(a*x)^n*GAMMA(1+n,2*I*arccos(a*x))/a^4/((I*arccos(a*x))^n
)+arccos(a*x)^n*GAMMA(1+n,-4*I*arccos(a*x))/(2^(6+2*n))/a^4/((-I*arccos(a*
x))^n)+arccos(a*x)^n*GAMMA(1+n,4*I*arccos(a*x))/(2^(6+2*n))/a^4/((I*arccos
(a*x))^n)
```

3.130.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \frac{2^{-2(3+n)} \arccos(ax)^n (\arccos(ax)^2)^{-n} (2^{2+n} (i \arccos(ax))^n \Gamma(1+n, -2i \arccos(ax)) + 2^{2+n} (-i \arccos(ax))$$

input `Integrate[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output `(ArcCos[a*x]^n*(2^(2+n)*(I*ArcCos[a*x])^n*Gamma[1+n, (-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + 2^(2+n)*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^n*Gamma[1+n, (2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + (I*ArcCos[a*x])^n*Gamma[1+n, (-4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]] + ((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^n*Gamma[1+n, (4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(2^(2*(3+n))*a^4*(ArcCos[a*x]^2)^n)`

3.130.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\ & - \frac{\int a^3 x^3 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2} \arccos(ax)^n d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\ & - \frac{\int (\frac{1}{4} \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) \arccos(ax)^n + \frac{1}{8} \sin(4 \arccos(ax)) \arccos(ax)^n) d \arccos(ax)}{a^4} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & - \frac{-2^{-n-4} \arccos(ax)^n (-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \Gamma(n+1, -2i \arccos(ax)) - 2^{-2(n+3)} \arccos(ax)^n (-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \Gamma(n+1, 2i \arccos(ax))}{a^4} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

```
output -(((2^(-4 - n)*ArcCos[a*x]^n*Gamma[1 + n, (-2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]])/((-I)*Arc
Cos[a*x])^n) - (2^(-4 - n)*ArcCos[a*x]^n*Gamma[1 + n, (2*I)*ArcCos[a*x]])/
(I*ArcCos[a*x])^n - (ArcCos[a*x]^n*Gamma[1 + n, (-4*I)*ArcCos[a*x]])/(2^(2
*(3 + n))*((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^n) - (ArcCos[a*x]^n*Gamma[1 + n, (4*I)*ArcCos
[a*x]])/(2^(2*(3 + n))*(I*ArcCos[a*x])^n))/a^4
```

3.130.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4906 Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b
_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x
]^n*cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IG
tQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.130.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 2.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{2 \arccos(ax)^{1+n} \sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\pi} (2+n)} - \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}-n} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \operatorname{LommelS1}\left(n+\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2 \arccos(ax)\right) \sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\pi} (2+n)} - \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-\frac{3}{2}-n} \left(\frac{4}{3} + \frac{2n}{3}\right) (2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\pi} (2+n)} \right)}{8a^4}$

```
input int(x^3*arccos(a*x)^n,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output `-1/8*Pi^(1/2)/a^4*(2/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)*arccos(a*x)^(1+n)*sin(2*arccos(a*x))-2^(1/2-n)/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*LommelS1(n+3/2,3/2,2*arccos(a*x))*sin(2*arccos(a*x))-3*2^(-3/2-n)/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*(4/3+2/3*n)*(2*arccos(a*x)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))-sin(2*arccos(a*x)))*LommelS1(n+1/2,1/2,2*arccos(a*x))-2^(-5-n)*Pi^(1/2)/a^4*(2^(2+n)/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)*arccos(a*x)^(1+n)*sin(4*arccos(a*x))-2^(1-n)/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*LommelS1(n+3/2,3/2,4*arccos(a*x))*sin(4*arccos(a*x))-3*2^(-2-n)/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*(4/3+2/3*n)*(4*arccos(a*x)*cos(4*arccos(a*x))-sin(4*arccos(a*x)))*LommelS1(n+1/2,1/2,4*arccos(a*x))`

3.130.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^3*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.130.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x^3 \operatorname{acos}^n(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(x**3*acos(a*x)**n,x)`

output `Integral(x**3*acos(a*x)**n, x)`

3.130.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.130.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.130.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x^3 \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `int(x^3*arccos(a*x)^n,x)`

output `int(x^3*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.131 $\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx$

3.131.1 Optimal result	829
3.131.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	829
3.131.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	830
3.131.4 Maple [F]	831
3.131.5 Fricas [F]	831
3.131.6 Sympy [F]	832
3.131.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	832
3.131.8 Giac [F]	832
3.131.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	833

3.131.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \frac{(-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -i \arccos(ax))}{8a^3} + \frac{(i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, i \arccos(ax))}{8a^3} + \frac{3^{-1-n} (-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -3i \arccos(ax))}{8a^3} + \frac{3^{-1-n} (i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, 3i \arccos(ax))}{8a^3}$$

```
output 1/8*arccos(a*x)^n*GAMMA(1+n,-I*arccos(a*x))/a^3/((-I*arccos(a*x))^n)+1/8*a
rccos(a*x)^n*GAMMA(1+n,I*arccos(a*x))/a^3/((I*arccos(a*x))^n)+1/8*3^(-1-n)
*arccos(a*x)^n*GAMMA(1+n,-3*I*arccos(a*x))/a^3/((-I*arccos(a*x))^n)+1/8*3^
(-1-n)*arccos(a*x)^n*GAMMA(1+n,3*I*arccos(a*x))/a^3/((I*arccos(a*x))^n)
```

3.131.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{2} (-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -i \arccos(ax)) + \frac{1}{2} (i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, i \arccos(ax)) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output
$$\frac{((\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^n \text{Gamma}[1+n, (-I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(2*((-I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^n) + (\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^n \text{Gamma}[1+n, I\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(2*(I\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^n))/4 + (3^{(-1-n)} \text{ArcCos}[a*x]^n ((I\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^n \text{Gamma}[1+n, (-3I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]) + ((-I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^n \text{Gamma}[1+n, (3I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])}{8*(\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2)^n}}{a^3}$$

3.131.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 5147 \\ & - \frac{\int a^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2} \arccos(ax)^n d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 4906 \\ & - \frac{\int \left(\frac{1}{4} \sin(3 \arccos(ax)) \arccos(ax)^n + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{1-a^2 x^2} \arccos(ax)^n \right) d \arccos(ax)}{a^3} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & - \frac{\frac{1}{8} \arccos(ax)^n (-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \Gamma(n+1, -i \arccos(ax)) - \frac{1}{8} 3^{-n-1} \arccos(ax)^n (-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \Gamma(n+1, -3i \arccos(ax))}{a^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output
$$-\frac{((-1/8*(\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^n \text{Gamma}[1+n, (-I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/((-I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^n - (\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^n \text{Gamma}[1+n, I\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(8*(I\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^n) - (3^{(-1-n)} \text{ArcCos}[a*x]^n \text{Gamma}[1+n, (-3I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(8*((-I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^n) - (3^{(-1-n)} \text{ArcCos}[a*x]^n \text{Gamma}[1+n, (3I)\text{ArcCos}[a*x]])/(8*(I\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^n))}{a^3}$$

3.131.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.131.4 Maple [F]

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `int(x^2*arccos(a*x)^n,x)`

output `int(x^2*arccos(a*x)^n,x)`

3.131.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(x^2*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.131.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{acos}^n(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*acos(a*x)**n,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*acos(a*x)**n, x)`

3.131.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.131.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{arccos}(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.131.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x^2 \operatorname{acos}(ax)^n dx$$

input `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^n,x)`output `int(x^2*acos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.132 $\int x \arccos(ax)^n dx$

3.132.1 Optimal result 834
 3.132.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 834
 3.132.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 835
 3.132.4 Maple [C] (verified) 836
 3.132.5 Fricas [F] 837
 3.132.6 Sympy [F] 837
 3.132.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 837
 3.132.8 Giac [F] 838
 3.132.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 838

3.132.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^n dx = \frac{2^{-3-n}(-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -2i \arccos(ax))}{a^2} + \frac{2^{-3-n}(i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, 2i \arccos(ax))}{a^2}$$

output $2^{(-3-n)*\arccos(a*x)^n*\text{GAMMA}(1+n, -2*I*\arccos(a*x))/a^2/((-I*\arccos(a*x))^n) + 2^{(-3-n)*\arccos(a*x)^n*\text{GAMMA}(1+n, 2*I*\arccos(a*x))/a^2/(I*\arccos(a*x))^n)$

3.132.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^n dx = \frac{2^{-3-n} \arccos(ax)^n (\arccos(ax)^2)^{-n} ((i \arccos(ax))^n \Gamma(1+n, -2i \arccos(ax)) + (-i \arccos(ax))^n \Gamma(1+n, 2i \arccos(ax)))}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output $(2^{(-3-n)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^n*((I*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^n*\text{Gamma}[1+n, (-2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]) + ((-I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x])^n*\text{Gamma}[1+n, (2*I)*\text{ArcCos}[a*x]]))/(a^2*(\text{ArcCos}[a*x]^2)^n)$

3.132.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.750$, Rules used = {5147, 4906, 27, 3042, 3789, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \arccos(ax)^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & - \frac{\int ax\sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^n d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & - \frac{\int \frac{1}{2} \arccos(ax)^n \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) d \arccos(ax)}{a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & - \frac{\int \arccos(ax)^n \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) d \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \frac{\int \arccos(ax)^n \sin(2 \arccos(ax)) d \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & - \frac{\frac{1}{2}i \int e^{-2i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)^n d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2}i \int e^{2i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)^n d \arccos(ax)}{2a^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & - \frac{-2^{-n-2} \arccos(ax)^n (-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \Gamma(n+1, -2i \arccos(ax)) - 2^{-n-2} (i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(n+1, 2i \arccos(ax))}{2a^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x*ArcCos [a*x] ^n, x]`

output `-1/2*(-((2^(-2 - n)*ArcCos [a*x] ^n*Gamma [1 + n, (-2*I)*ArcCos [a*x]])/((-I)*ArcCos [a*x] ^n) - (2^(-2 - n)*ArcCos [a*x] ^n*Gamma [1 + n, (2*I)*ArcCos [a*x]])/(I*ArcCos [a*x] ^n)/a^2`

3.132.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 2612 `Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m])*Gamma[m + 1, ((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] && !IntegerQ[m]`

- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

- rule 3789 `Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]`

- rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

- rule 5147 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(−1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.132.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{2 \arccos(ax)^{1+n} \sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\pi} (2+n)} - \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}-n} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \operatorname{LommelS1}\left(n+\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 2 \arccos(ax)\right) \sin(2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\pi} (2+n)} - \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-\frac{3}{2}-n} \left(\frac{4}{3} + \frac{2n}{3}\right) (2 \arccos(ax))}{\sqrt{\pi} (2+n)} \right)}{4a^2}$

input `int(x*arccos(a*x)^n,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*Pi^(1/2)/a^2*(2/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)*arccos(a*x)^(1+n)*sin(2*arccos(a*x))-2^(1/2-n)/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*LommelS1(n+3/2,3/2,2*arccos(a*x))*sin(2*arccos(a*x))-3*2^(-3/2-n)/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*(4/3+2/3*n)*(2*arccos(a*x)*cos(2*arccos(a*x))-sin(2*arccos(a*x)))*LommelS1(n+1/2,1/2,2*arccos(a*x))`

3.132.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.132.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x \arccos^n(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(x*acos(a*x)**n,x)`

output `Integral(x*acos(a*x)**n, x)`

3.132.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^n dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.

3.132.8 Giac [F]

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.132.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int x \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `int(x*acos(a*x)^n,x)`

output `int(x*acos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.133 $\int \arccos(ax)^n dx$

3.133.1 Optimal result	839
3.133.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	839
3.133.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	840
3.133.4 Maple [C] (verified)	841
3.133.5 Fricas [F]	842
3.133.6 Sympy [F]	842
3.133.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	842
3.133.8 Giac [F]	843
3.133.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	843

3.133.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 6, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \arccos(ax)^n dx = \frac{(-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, -i \arccos(ax))}{2a} + \frac{(i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(1+n, i \arccos(ax))}{2a}$$

output `1/2*arccos(a*x)^n*GAMMA(1+n,-I*arccos(a*x))/a/((-I*arccos(a*x))^n)+1/2*arccos(a*x)^n*GAMMA(1+n,I*arccos(a*x))/a/((I*arccos(a*x))^n)`

3.133.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \arccos(ax)^n dx = \frac{\arccos(ax)^n (\arccos(ax)^2)^{-n} ((i \arccos(ax))^n \Gamma(1+n, -i \arccos(ax)) + (-i \arccos(ax))^n \Gamma(1+n, i \arccos(ax)))}{2a}$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output `(ArcCos[a*x]^n*((I*ArcCos[a*x])^n*Gamma[1+n,(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]]+((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^n*Gamma[1+n,I*ArcCos[a*x]]))/(2*a*(ArcCos[a*x]^2)^n)`

3.133.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {5135, 3042, 3789, 2612}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \arccos(ax)^n dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\
 & \frac{\int \sqrt{1-a^2x^2} \arccos(ax)^n d \arccos(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \arccos(ax)^n \sin(\arccos(ax)) d \arccos(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3789} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{2}i \int e^{-i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)^n d \arccos(ax) - \frac{1}{2}i \int e^{i \arccos(ax)} \arccos(ax)^n d \arccos(ax)}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2612} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \arccos(ax)^n (-i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \Gamma(n+1, -i \arccos(ax)) - \frac{1}{2} (i \arccos(ax))^{-n} \arccos(ax)^n \Gamma(n+1, i \arccos(ax))}{a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output `-((-1/2*(ArcCos[a*x]^n*Gamma[1+n,(-I)*ArcCos[a*x]])/((-I)*ArcCos[a*x])^n - (ArcCos[a*x]^n*Gamma[1+n,I*ArcCos[a*x]])/(2*(I*ArcCos[a*x])^n))/a`

3.133.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2612 Int[(F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-F^(g*(e - c*(f/d))))*((c + d*x)^FracPart[m]/(d*(-f)*g*(Log[F]/d)
)^(IntPart[m] + 1)*((-f)*g*Log[F]*((c + d*x)/d))^FracPart[m]])*Gamma[m + 1,
((-f)*g*(Log[F]/d))*(c + d*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{F, c, d, e, f, g, m}, x] &&
!IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3789 Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] :> Simp[I
/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m/E^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] - Simp[I/2 Int[(c + d*x)^m*E
^(I*(e + f*x)), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x]
```

```
rule 5135 Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-(b*c)^(-1)
Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, n}, x]
```

3.133.4 Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.97

method	result
default	$-\frac{2^n \sqrt{\pi} \left(\frac{\arccos(ax)^{1+n} 2^{-n} \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{\pi} (2+n)} - \frac{2^{-n} \sqrt{\arccos(ax)} \operatorname{LommelS1}\left(n + \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \arccos(ax)\right) \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1}}{\sqrt{\pi} (2+n)} - \frac{3 \cdot 2^{-1-n} \left(\frac{4}{3} + \frac{2n}{3}\right) (\arccos(ax) a x - \sqrt{-a^2 x^2 + 1})}{\sqrt{\pi} (2+n)} \right)}{a}$

```
input int(arccos(a*x)^n,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2^n*Pi^(1/2)/a*(1/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)*arccos(a*x)^(1+n)*2^(-n)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1
/2)-2^(-n)/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)*arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*LommelS1(n+3/2,3/2,arccos(a*x)
)*(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3*2^(-1-n)/Pi^(1/2)/(2+n)/arccos(a*x)^(1/2)*(4/3+2/3*
n)*(arccos(a*x)*a*x-(-a^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))*LommelS1(n+1/2,1/2,arccos(a*x))
```

3.133.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(arccos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.133.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \arccos^n(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**n,x)`

output `Integral(acos(a*x)**n, x)`

3.133.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^n dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.133.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.133.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^n,x)`

output `int(acos(a*x)^n, x)`

3.134 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx$

3.134.1 Optimal result	844
3.134.2 Mathematica [N/A]	844
3.134.3 Rubi [N/A]	845
3.134.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	845
3.134.5 Fricas [N/A]	846
3.134.6 Sympy [N/A]	846
3.134.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	846
3.134.8 Giac [N/A]	847
3.134.9 Mupad [N/A]	847

3.134.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(arccos(a*x)^n/x,x)`

3.134.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^n/x,x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^n/x, x]`

3.134.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^n/x,x]`output `$Aborted`**3.134.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n]*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.134.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx$$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^n/x,x)`output `int(arccos(a*x)^n/x,x)`

3.134.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(arccos(a*x)^n/x, x)`**3.134.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^n(ax)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**n/x,x)`output `Integral(acos(a*x)**n/x, x)`**3.134.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.134.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/x, x)`**3.134.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^n/x,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^n/x, x)`

3.135 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx$

3.135.1 Optimal result	848
3.135.2 Mathematica [N/A]	848
3.135.3 Rubi [N/A]	849
3.135.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	849
3.135.5 Fricas [N/A]	850
3.135.6 Sympy [N/A]	850
3.135.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	850
3.135.8 Giac [N/A]	851
3.135.9 Mupad [N/A]	851

3.135.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(arccos(a*x)^n/x^2,x)`

3.135.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^n/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^n/x^2, x]`

3.135.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^n/x^2,x]`output `$Aborted`**3.135.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n]*((d_.)*(x_.))^m, x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.135.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^n/x^2,x)`output `int(arccos(a*x)^n/x^2,x)`

3.135.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(arccos(a*x)^n/x^2, x)`**3.135.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^n(ax)}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**n/x**2,x)`output `Integral(acos(a*x)**n/x**2, x)`**3.135.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.135.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/x^2, x)`**3.135.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{x^2} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^n/x^2,x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^n/x^2, x)`

3.136 $\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx$

3.136.1 Optimal result	852
3.136.2 Mathematica [N/A]	852
3.136.3 Rubi [N/A]	853
3.136.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	853
3.136.5 Fricas [N/A]	854
3.136.6 Sympy [N/A]	854
3.136.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	854
3.136.8 Giac [N/A]	855
3.136.9 Mupad [N/A]	855

3.136.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \text{Int}((bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n, x)$$

output `Unintegrable((b*x)^(3/2)*arccos(a*x)^n,x)`

3.136.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `Integrate[(b*x)^(3/2)*ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output `Integrate[(b*x)^(3/2)*ArcCos[a*x]^n, x]`

3.136.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `Int[(b*x)^(3/2)*ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.136.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.136.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `int((b*x)^(3/2)*arccos(a*x)^n,x)`

output `int((b*x)^(3/2)*arccos(a*x)^n,x)`

3.136.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int (bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^(3/2)*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(b*x)*b*x*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`**3.136.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 162.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int (bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{acos}^n(ax) dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)**(3/2)*acos(a*x)**n,x)`output `Integral((b*x)**(3/2)*acos(a*x)**n, x)`**3.136.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((b*x)^(3/2)*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.136.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int (bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate((b*x)^(3/2)*arccos(a*x)^n,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x)^(3/2)*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`**3.136.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx)^{3/2} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \arccos(ax)^n (bx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.137 $\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx$

3.137.1 Optimal result	856
3.137.2 Mathematica [N/A]	856
3.137.3 Rubi [N/A]	857
3.137.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	857
3.137.5 Fricas [N/A]	858
3.137.6 Sympy [N/A]	858
3.137.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	858
3.137.8 Giac [N/A]	859
3.137.9 Mupad [N/A]	859

3.137.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \text{Int}\left(\sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(arccos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.137.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[b*x]*ArcCos[a*x]^n, x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[b*x]*ArcCos[a*x]^n, x]`

3.137.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[b*x]*ArcCos[a*x]^n,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.137.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.137.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \arccos(ax)^n \sqrt{bx} dx$$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(arccos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^(1/2),x)`

3.137.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(b*x)*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`**3.137.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \sqrt{bx} \arccos^n(ax) dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**n*(b*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(b*x)*acos(a*x)**n, x)`**3.137.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.137.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*x)*arccos(a*x)^n, x)`**3.137.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{bx} \arccos(ax)^n dx = \int \arccos(ax)^n \sqrt{bx} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^n*(b*x)^(1/2), x)`

$$3.138 \quad \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx$$

3.138.1 Optimal result	860
3.138.2 Mathematica [N/A]	860
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3.138.6 Sympy [N/A]	862
3.138.7 Maxima [F(-2)]	862
3.138.8 Giac [N/A]	863
3.138.9 Mupad [N/A]	863

3.138.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.138.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^n/Sqrt[b*x], x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^n/Sqrt[b*x], x]`

3.138.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^n/Sqrt[b*x],x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.138.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.138.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx$$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(1/2),x)`

3.138.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx$$

```
input integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(sqrt(b*x)*arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x), x)
```

3.138.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^n(ax)}{\sqrt{bx}} dx$$

```
input integrate(acos(a*x)**n/(b*x)**(1/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(acos(a*x)**n/sqrt(b*x), x)
```

3.138.7 Maxima [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
input integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.
```

3.138.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/sqrt(b*x), x)`**3.138.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{\sqrt{bx}} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.139 $\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.139.1 Optimal result 864
 3.139.2 Mathematica [N/A] 864
 3.139.3 Rubi [N/A] 865
 3.139.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 865
 3.139.5 Fricas [N/A] 866
 3.139.6 Sympy [N/A] 866
 3.139.7 Maxima [F(-2)] 866
 3.139.8 Giac [N/A] 867
 3.139.9 Mupad [N/A] 867

3.139.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.139.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^n/(b*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `Integrate[ArcCos[a*x]^n/(b*x)^(3/2), x]`

3.139.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[ArcCos[a*x]^n/(b*x)^(3/2), x]`output `$Aborted`**3.139.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n]*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.139.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.139.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(b*x)*arccos(a*x)^n/(b^2*x^2), x)`**3.139.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 13.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arccos^n(ax)}{(bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(acos(a*x)**n/(b*x)**(3/2), x)`output `Integral(acos(a*x)**n/(b*x)**(3/2), x)`**3.139.7 Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.`

3.139.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(arccos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(3/2), x)`**3.139.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\arccos(ax)^n}{(bx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(acos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int(acos(a*x)^n/(b*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.140 $\int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$

3.140.1 Optimal result	868
3.140.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	868
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3.140.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	871
3.140.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	871
3.140.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	871
3.140.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	872
3.140.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	872

3.140.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = -\frac{3bx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{32c^3} - \frac{bx^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{16c} + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arccos(cx)) + \frac{3b \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4}$$

output `1/4*x^4*(a+b*arccos(c*x))+3/32*b*arcsin(c*x)/c^4-3/32*b*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3-1/16*b*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

3.140.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \left(-\frac{3x}{32c^3} - \frac{x^3}{16c} \right) + \frac{1}{4}bx^4 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3b \arcsin(cx)}{32c^4}$$

input `Integrate[x^3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `(a*x^4)/4 + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((-3*x)/(32*c^3) - x^3/(16*c)) + (b*x^4*ArcCos[c*x])/4 + (3*b*ArcSin[c*x])/(32*c^4)`

3.140.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {5139, 262, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}bc \int \frac{x^4}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arccos(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}bc \left(\frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{4c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arccos(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}bc \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arccos(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{223} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}x^4(a + b \arccos(cx)) + \frac{1}{4}bc \left(\frac{3 \left(\frac{\arcsin(cx)}{2c^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c^2} \right)}{4c^2} - \frac{x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `(x^4*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/4 + (b*c*(-1/4*(x^3*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + (3*(-1/2*(x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + ArcSin[c*x]/(2*c^3)))/(4*c^2)))/4`

3.140.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`
- rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_)*(x_)^(m_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.140.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{b \left(\frac{c^4 x^4 \arccos(cx)}{4} - \frac{c^3 x^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{16} - \frac{3cx \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{32} + \frac{3 \arcsin(cx)}{32} \right)}{c^4}$	68
derivativedivides	$\frac{a c^4 x^4}{4} + b \left(\frac{c^4 x^4 \arccos(cx)}{4} - \frac{c^3 x^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{16} - \frac{3cx \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{32} + \frac{3 \arcsin(cx)}{32} \right) / c^4$	72
default	$\frac{a c^4 x^4}{4} + b \left(\frac{c^4 x^4 \arccos(cx)}{4} - \frac{c^3 x^3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{16} - \frac{3cx \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{32} + \frac{3 \arcsin(cx)}{32} \right) / c^4$	72

input `int(x^3*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a*x^4+b/c^4*(1/4*c^4*x^4*arccos(c*x)-1/16*c^3*x^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/32*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/32*arcsin(c*x))`

3.140.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{8ac^4x^4 + (8bc^4x^4 - 3b) \arccos(cx) - (2bc^3x^3 + 3bcx)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{32c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/32*(8*a*c^4*x^4 + (8*b*c^4*x^4 - 3*b)*arccos(c*x) - (2*b*c^3*x^3 + 3*b*c*x)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^4`**3.140.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^4 \arccos(cx)}{4} - \frac{bx^3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{16c} - \frac{3bx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{32c^3} - \frac{3b \arccos(cx)}{32c^4} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4(a + \frac{\pi b}{2})}{4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*acos(c*x)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*x**4/4 + b*x**4*acos(c*x)/4 - b*x**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(16*c) - 3*b*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(32*c**3) - 3*b*acos(c*x)/(32*c**4), Ne(c, 0)), (x**4*(a + pi*b/2)/4, True))`**3.140.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} ax^4$$

$$+ \frac{1}{32} \left(8x^4 \arccos(cx) - \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x^3}{c^2} + \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^4} - \frac{3 \arcsin(cx)}{c^5} \right) c \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*x^4 + 1/32*(8*x^4*arccos(c*x) - (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^3/c^2 + 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^4 - 3*arcsin(c*x)/c^5)*c)*b`

3.140.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{4}bx^4 \arccos(cx) + \frac{1}{4}ax^4 - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bx^3}{16c} - \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bx}{32c^3} - \frac{3b \arccos(cx)}{32c^4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*b*x^4*arccos(c*x) + 1/4*a*x^4 - 1/16*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*x^3/c - 3/32*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*x/c^3 - 3/32*b*arccos(c*x)/c^4`

3.140.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \int x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*acos(c*x)),x)`

output `int(x^3*(a + b*acos(c*x)), x)`

3.141 $\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$

3.141.1 Optimal result	873
3.141.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	873
3.141.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	874
3.141.4 Maple [A] (verified)	875
3.141.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	876
3.141.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	876
3.141.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	876
3.141.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	877
3.141.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	877

3.141.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = -\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^3} + \frac{b(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{9c^3} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))$$

output $\frac{1}{9}b(-c^2x^2+1)^{(3/2)}/c^3+1/3*x^3*(a+b*\arccos(c*x))-1/3*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3$

3.141.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + b\left(-\frac{2}{9c^3} - \frac{x^2}{9c}\right)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} + \frac{1}{3}bx^3 \arccos(cx)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output $(a*x^3)/3 + b*(-2/(9*c^3) - x^2/(9*c))*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2] + (b*x^3*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])/3$

3.141.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {5139, 243, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}bc \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & \frac{1}{6}bc \int \left(\frac{1}{c^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c^2} \right) dx^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) + \frac{1}{6}bc \left(\frac{2(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3c^4} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `(b*c*((-2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^4 + (2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^4)))/6 + (x^3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/3`

3.141.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])

rule 243 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int
t[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && I
ntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]

rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]

rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

3.141.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{x^3 a}{3} + \frac{b \left(\frac{c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} \right)}{c^3}$	60
derivativedivides	$\frac{a c^3 x^3}{3} + b \left(\frac{c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} \right)$	64
default	$\frac{a c^3 x^3}{3} + b \left(\frac{c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} \right)$	64

```
input int(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*x^3*a+b/c^3*(1/3*c^3*x^3*arccos(c*x)-1/9*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/
9*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))
```

3.141.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{3bc^3x^3 \arccos(cx) + 3ac^3x^3 - (bc^2x^2 + 2b)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{9c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `1/9*(3*b*c^3*x^3*arccos(c*x) + 3*a*c^3*x^3 - (b*c^2*x^2 + 2*b)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^3`**3.141.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{bx^3 \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{bx^2 \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{9c} - \frac{2b \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{9c^3} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3(a + \frac{\pi b}{2})}{3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acos(c*x)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*x**3/3 + b*x**3*acos(c*x)/3 - b*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) - 2*b*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3), Ne(c, 0)), (x**3*(a + pi*b/2)/3, True))`**3.141.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{3} ax^3 + \frac{1}{9} \left(3x^3 \arccos(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) b$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*a*x^3 + 1/9*(3*x^3*arccos(c*x) - c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*b`

3.141.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{3} bx^3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{1}{3} ax^3 - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bx^2}{9c} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b}{9c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*b*x^3*arccos(c*x) + 1/3*a*x^3 - 1/9*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*x^2/c - 2/9*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b/c^3`**3.141.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ax^3}{3} - b \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{c^2} - x^2} \left(\frac{2}{c^2} + x^2 \right)}{9} - \frac{x^3 \arccos(cx)}{3} \right) & \text{if } 0 < c \\ \int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx & \text{if } -0 < c \end{cases}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x)),x)`output `piecewise(0 < c, - b*(((1/c^2 - x^2)^(1/2)*(2/c^2 + x^2))/9 - (x^3*acos(c*x))/3) + (a*x^3)/3, ~0 < c, int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x)), x))`

3.142 $\int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$

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3.142.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	881
3.142.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	882

3.142.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = -\frac{bx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) + \frac{b \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2}$$

output `1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))+1/4*b*arcsin(c*x)/c^2-1/4*b*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

3.142.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} - \frac{bx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{4c} + \frac{1}{2}bx^2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{b \arcsin(cx)}{4c^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `(a*x^2)/2 - (b*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(4*c) + (b*x^2*ArcCos[c*x])/2 + (b*ArcSin[c*x])/(4*c^2)`

3.142.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5139, 262, 223}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{262}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))$$

$$\downarrow \text{223}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{\arcsin(cx)}{2c^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/2 + (b*c*(-1/2*(x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + ArcSin[c*x]/(2*c^3)))/2`

3.142.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*(m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1)) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`


```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

3.142.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
parts	$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{b\left(\frac{c^2x^2 \arccos(cx)}{2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{4} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{4}\right)}{c^2}$	48
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{c^2x^2a}{2} + b\left(\frac{c^2x^2 \arccos(cx)}{2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{4} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{4}\right)}{c^2}$	52
default	$\frac{\frac{c^2x^2a}{2} + b\left(\frac{c^2x^2 \arccos(cx)}{2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{4} + \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{4}\right)}{c^2}$	52

```
input int(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*a*x^2+b/c^2*(1/2*c^2*x^2*arccos(c*x)-1/4*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/4*ar
csin(c*x))
```

3.142.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{2ac^2x^2 - \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}bcx + (2bc^2x^2 - b) \arccos(cx)}{4c^2}$$

```
input integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/4*(2*a*c^2*x^2 - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c*x + (2*b*c^2*x^2 - b)*arccos(c*x
))/c^2
```

3.142.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^2 \arccos(cx)}{2} - \frac{bx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{4c} - \frac{b \arccos(cx)}{4c^2} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2(a + \frac{\pi b}{2})}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acos(c*x)),x)`output `Piecewise((a*x**2/2 + b*x**2*acos(c*x)/2 - b*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) - b*acos(c*x)/(4*c**2), Ne(c, 0)), (x**2*(a + pi*b/2)/2, True))`**3.142.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} ax^2 + \frac{1}{4} \left(2x^2 \arccos(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}x}{c^2} - \frac{\arcsin(cx)}{c^3} \right) \right) b$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*a*x^2 + 1/4*(2*x^2*arccos(c*x) - c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*b`**3.142.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{1}{2} bx^2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{1}{2} ax^2 - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}bx}{4c} - \frac{b \arccos(cx)}{4c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*b*x^2*arccos(c*x) + 1/2*a*x^2 - 1/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*x/c - 1/4*b*a rccos(c*x)/c^2`

3.142.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{a x^2}{2} + \frac{b \left(\frac{\arccos(cx) (2c^2 x^2 - 1)}{4} - \frac{c x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{4} \right)}{c^2}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x)),x)`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*((acos(c*x)*(2*c^2*x^2 - 1))/4 - (c*x*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2))/4))/c^2`

3.143 $\int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$

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3.143.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	885
3.143.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	885
3.143.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	886
3.143.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	886

3.143.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 8, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = ax - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c} + bx \arccos(cx)$$

output `a*x+b*x*arccos(c*x)-b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

3.143.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = ax - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c} + bx \arccos(cx)$$

input `Integrate[a + b*ArcCos[c*x],x]`

output `a*x - (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + b*x*ArcCos[c*x]`

3.143.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + bx \arccos(cx) - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c}$$

input `Int[a + b*ArcCos[c*x],x]`

output `a*x - (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + b*x*ArcCos[c*x]`

3.143.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

3.143.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
default	$ax + \frac{b(cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})}{c}$	32
parts	$ax + \frac{b(cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})}{c}$	32
derivativedivides	$\frac{cxa+b(cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})}{c}$	34

input `int(a+b*arccos(c*x),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x+b/c*(c*x*arccos(c*x)-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

3.143.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{bcx \arccos(cx) + acx - \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b}{c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccos(c*x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(b*c*x*arccos(c*x) + a*c*x - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b)/c`**3.143.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = ax + b \left(\begin{cases} x \arccos(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ \frac{\pi x}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b*acos(c*x),x)`output `a*x + b*Piecewise((x*acos(c*x) - sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c, Ne(c, 0)), (pi*x/2, True))`**3.143.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = ax + \frac{(cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})b}{c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccos(c*x),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a*x + (c*x*arccos(c*x) - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b/c`

3.143.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = ax + \frac{(cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})b}{c}$$

input `integrate(a+b*arccos(c*x),x, algorithm="giac")`output `a*x + (c*x*arccos(c*x) - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*b/c`**3.143.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = ax - \frac{b \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{c} + bx \arccos(cx)$$

input `int(a + b*acos(c*x),x)`output `a*x - (b*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2))/c + b*x*acos(c*x)`

3.144 $\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx$

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3.144.7 Maxima [F]	891
3.144.8 Giac [F]	891
3.144.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	891

3.144.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx = -\frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{2b} + (a + b \arccos(cx)) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) - \frac{1}{2}ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

output `-1/2*I*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/b+(a+b*arccos(c*x))*ln(1+(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-1/2*I*b*polylog(2,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)`

3.144.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx = -\frac{1}{2}ib \arccos(cx)^2 + b \arccos(cx) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) + a \log(x) - \frac{1}{2}ib \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/x,x]`

output `(-1/2*I)*b*ArcCos[c*x]^2 + b*ArcCos[c*x]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + a*Log[x] - (I/2)*b*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])]`

3.144.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5137, 3042, 4202, 2620, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5137} \\
 & - \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))}{cx} d \arccos(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \int (a + b \arccos(cx)) \tan(\arccos(cx)) d \arccos(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4202} \\
 & 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arccos(cx)} (a + b \arccos(cx))}{1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}} d \arccos(cx) - \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2i \left(\frac{1}{2} i b \int \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) d \arccos(cx) - \frac{1}{2} i \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) (a + b \arccos(cx)) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & 2i \left(\frac{1}{4} b \int e^{-2i \arccos(cx)} \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) d e^{2i \arccos(cx)} - \frac{1}{2} i \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) (a + b \arccos(cx)) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{2b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
 & 2i \left(-\frac{1}{2} i \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) (a + b \arccos(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \text{PolyLog}\left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}\right) \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{2b}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/x,x]`

output $((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2)/b + (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] - (b*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])])/4)$

3.144.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 $Int[(((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)]/((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*(e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_)), x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] \&\& IGtQ[m, 0]$

rule 2715 $Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*(c_) + (d_)*(x_)))^(n_)]], x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] \&\& GtQ[a, 0]$

rule 2838 $Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_))^(n_)]/(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] \&\& EqQ[c*d, 1]$

rule 3042 $Int[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]$

rule 4202 $Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[I*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x)))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] \&\& IGtQ[m, 0]$

rule 5137 $Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)/(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow -Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcCos[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] \&\& IGtQ[n, 0]$

3.144.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
parts	$a \ln(x) + b \left(-\frac{i \arccos(cx)^2}{2} + \arccos(cx) \ln \left(1 + (cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})^2 \right) - \frac{i \operatorname{polylog} \left(2, -\frac{cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{2} \right)}{2} \right)$
derivativedivides	$a \ln(cx) + b \left(-\frac{i \arccos(cx)^2}{2} + \arccos(cx) \ln \left(1 + (cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})^2 \right) - \frac{i \operatorname{polylog} \left(2, -\frac{cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{2} \right)}{2} \right)$
default	$a \ln(cx) + b \left(-\frac{i \arccos(cx)^2}{2} + \arccos(cx) \ln \left(1 + (cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})^2 \right) - \frac{i \operatorname{polylog} \left(2, -\frac{cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{2} \right)}{2} \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*ln(x)+b*(-1/2*I*arccos(c*x)^2+arccos(c*x)*ln(1+(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-1/2*I*polylog(2,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2))`**3.144.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arccos(cx) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b*arccos(c*x) + a)/x, x)`**3.144.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx)}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))/x,x)`output `Integral((a + b*acos(c*x))/x, x)`

3.144. $\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx$

3.144.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arccos(cx) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*integrate(arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)/x, x) + a*log(x)`

3.144.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{b \arccos(cx) + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)/x, x)`

3.144.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))/x, x)`

3.145 $\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx$

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3.145.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} + b \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})$$

output `(-a-b*arccos(c*x))/x+b*c*arctanh((-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

3.145.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{b \arccos(cx)}{x} - bc \log(x) + bc \log(1 + \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/x^2,x]`

output `-(a/x) - (b*ArcCos[c*x])/x - b*c*Log[x] + b*c*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]`

3.145.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {5139, 243, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -bc \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & -\frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{x^4}{c^2}} d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\right) - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/x^2,x]`

output `-((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/x) + b*c*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]`

3.145.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.145.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{x} + bc\left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{cx} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}\right)\right)$	37
derivativedivides	$c\left(-\frac{a}{cx} + b\left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{cx} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}\right)\right)\right)$	41
default	$c\left(-\frac{a}{cx} + b\left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{cx} + \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}\right)\right)\right)$	41

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a/x+b*c*(-1/c/x*arccos(c*x)+arctanh(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))`

3.145.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs. 2(30) = 60.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx = \frac{bcx \log(\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} + 1) - bcx \log(\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} - 1) - 2bx \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}cx}{c^2x^2 - 1}\right) + 2(bx - b) \arccos(cx)}{2x}$$

3.145. $\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*c*x*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - b*c*x*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1) - 2*b*x*arctan(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*c*x/(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + 2*(b*x - b)*arccos(c*x) - 2*a)/x`

3.145.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - bc \left(\begin{cases} -\operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) & \text{for } \frac{1}{|c^2x^2|} > 1 \\ i \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) - \frac{b \operatorname{acos}(cx)}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))/x**2,x)`

output `-a/x - b*c*Piecewise((-acosh(1/(c*x)), 1/Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*asin(1/(c*x)), True)) - b*acos(c*x)/x`

3.145.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx = \left(c \log \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|} \right) - \frac{\arccos(cx)}{x} \right) b - \frac{a}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(c*log(2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x)) - arccos(c*x)/x)*b - a/x`

3.145.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs. 2(30) = 60.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.84

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx = -\frac{bc \arccos(cx)}{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{(cx+1)^2} + 1} + \frac{bc \log(|cx + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} + 1|)}{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{(cx+1)^2} + 1} - \frac{bc \log(|-cx + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} - 1|)}{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{(cx+1)^2} + 1} - \frac{ac}{\frac{c^2x^2-1}{(cx+1)^2} + 1} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bc \arccos(cx)}{(cx + 1)^2 \left(\frac{c^2x^2-1}{(cx+1)^2} + 1 \right)} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bc \log(|cx + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} + 1|)}{(cx + 1)^2 \left(\frac{c^2x^2-1}{(cx+1)^2} + 1 \right)} - \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)bc \log(|-cx + \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1} - 1|)}{(cx + 1)^2 \left(\frac{c^2x^2-1}{(cx+1)^2} + 1 \right)} + \frac{(c^2x^2 - 1)ac}{(cx + 1)^2 \left(\frac{c^2x^2-1}{(cx+1)^2} + 1 \right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b*c*arccos(c*x)/((c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 1) + b*c*log(abs(c*x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/((c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 1) - b*c*log(abs(-c*x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1))/((c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 1) - a*c/((c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 1) + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*arccos(c*x)/((c*x + 1)^2*((c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 1)) + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*log(abs(c*x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/((c*x + 1)^2*((c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 1)) - (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c*log(abs(-c*x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1))/((c*x + 1)^2*((c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 1)) + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*c/((c*x + 1)^2*((c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 1))`

3.145.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^2} dx = b c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}\right) - \frac{b \arccos(cx)}{x} - \frac{a}{x}$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/x^2,x)`output `b*c*atanh(1/(1 - c^2*x^2)^(1/2)) - (b*acos(c*x))/x - a/x`

3.146 $\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx$

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3.146.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{2x} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{2x^2}$$

output $1/2*(-a-b*\arccos(c*x))/x^2+1/2*b*c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/x$

3.146.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} + \frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{2x} - \frac{b \arccos(cx)}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/x^3,x]`

output $-1/2*a/x^2 + (b*c*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*x) - (b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])/(2*x^2)$

3.146.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.167$, Rules used = {5139, 242}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 5139

$$-\frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{2x^2}$$

↓ 242

$$\frac{bc\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{2x} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{2x^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/x^3,x]`

output `(b*c*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*x) - (a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/(2*x^2)`

3.146.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 242 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + 2*p + 3, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.146.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} + b c^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{2c^2 x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2cx} \right)$	46
derivativedivides	$c^2 \left(-\frac{a}{2c^2 x^2} + b \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{2c^2 x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2cx} \right) \right)$	50
default	$c^2 \left(-\frac{a}{2c^2 x^2} + b \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{2c^2 x^2} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{2cx} \right) \right)$	50

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*a/x^2+b*c^2*(-1/2/c^2/x^2*arccos(c*x)+1/2/c/x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`**3.146.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b c x + a x^2 - b \arccos(cx) - a}{2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c*x + a*x^2 - b*arccos(c*x) - a)/x^2`**3.146.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{bc \left(\begin{cases} -\frac{i\sqrt{c^2 x^2 - 1}}{x} & \text{for } |c^2 x^2| > 1 \\ -\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)}{2} - \frac{b \arccos(cx)}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))/x**3,x)`

output `-a/(2*x**2) - b*c*Piecewise((-I*sqrt(c**2*x**2 - 1)/x, Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (-sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/x, True))/2 - b*acos(c*x)/(2*x**2)`

3.146.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{2} b \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} c}{x} - \frac{\arccos(cx)}{x^2} \right) - \frac{a}{2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*b*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*c/x - arccos(c*x)/x^2) - 1/2*a/x^2`

3.146.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 492 vs. 2(33) = 66.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.62

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx = & -\frac{bc^2 \arccos(cx)}{2 \left(\frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{(cx+1)^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2}{(cx+1)^4} + 1 \right)} - \frac{ac^2}{2 \left(\frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{(cx+1)^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2}{(cx+1)^4} + 1 \right)} \\ & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)bc^2 \arccos(cx)}{(cx+1)^2 \left(\frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{(cx+1)^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2}{(cx+1)^4} + 1 \right)} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}bc^2}{(cx+1) \left(\frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{(cx+1)^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2}{(cx+1)^4} + 1 \right)} \\ & + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)ac^2}{(cx+1)^2 \left(\frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{(cx+1)^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2}{(cx+1)^4} + 1 \right)} \\ & - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 bc^2 \arccos(cx)}{2(cx+1)^4 \left(\frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{(cx+1)^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2}{(cx+1)^4} + 1 \right)} \\ & - \frac{(-c^2 x^2 + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}} bc^2}{(cx+1)^3 \left(\frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{(cx+1)^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2}{(cx+1)^4} + 1 \right)} \\ & - \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2 ac^2}{2(cx+1)^4 \left(\frac{2(c^2 x^2 - 1)}{(cx+1)^2} + \frac{(c^2 x^2 - 1)^2}{(cx+1)^4} + 1 \right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*b*c^2*arccos(c*x)/(2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x \\ & + 1)^4 + 1) - 1/2*a*c^2/(2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c \\ & *x + 1)^4 + 1) + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c^2*arccos(c*x)/((c*x + 1)^2*(2*(c^2*x^2 \\ & - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + 1)) + \text{sqrt}(-c^2*x^2 + 1)* \\ & b*c^2/((c*x + 1)*(2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^ \\ & 4 + 1)) + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*c^2/((c*x + 1)^2*(2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + \\ & (c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + 1)) - 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*c^2*arccos(c*x)/ \\ & ((c*x + 1)^4*(2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + \\ & 1)) - (-c^2*x^2 + 1)^{(3/2)}*b*c^2/((c*x + 1)^3*(2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 \\ & + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + 1)) - 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*a*c^2/((c*x + 1 \\ &)^4*(2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + 1)) \end{aligned}$$

3.146.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/x^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/x^3, x)`

3.147 $\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx$

3.147.1 Optimal result	903
3.147.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	903
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3.147.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{bc\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{6x^2} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{3x^3} + \frac{1}{6}bc^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\right)$$

output $1/3*(-a-b*\arccos(c*x))/x^3+1/6*b*c^3*\operatorname{arctanh}((-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)})+1/6*b*c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/x^2$

3.147.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} + \frac{bc\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{6x^2} - \frac{b \arccos(cx)}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{6}bc^3 \log(x) + \frac{1}{6}bc^3 \log\left(1 + \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/x^4, x]`

output $-1/3*a/x^3 + (b*c*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/(6*x^2) - (b*\operatorname{ArcCos}[c*x])/(3*x^3) - (b*c^3*\operatorname{Log}[x])/6 + (b*c^3*\operatorname{Log}[1 + \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]])/6$

3.147.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.417$, Rules used = {5139, 243, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -\frac{1}{3}bc \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{243} \\
 & -\frac{1}{6}bc \int \frac{1}{x^4 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & -\frac{1}{6}bc \left(\frac{1}{2}c^2 \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx^2 - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & -\frac{1}{6}bc \left(-\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{c^2} - \frac{x^4}{c^2}} d\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right) - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{3x^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & -\frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{3x^3} - \frac{1}{6}bc \left(c^2 \left(-\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}) \right) - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{x^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/x^3 - (b*c*(-(Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/x^2) - c^2*ArcTan h[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]))/6`

3.147.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int[x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.147.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
parts	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} + b c^3 \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{3c^3 x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{6c^2 x^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}\right)}{6} \right)$	61
derivativedivides	$c^3 \left(-\frac{a}{3c^3 x^3} + b \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{3c^3 x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{6c^2 x^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}\right)}{6} \right) \right)$	65
default	$c^3 \left(-\frac{a}{3c^3 x^3} + b \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{3c^3 x^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{6c^2 x^2} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}\right)}{6} \right) \right)$	65

```
input int((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*a/x^3+b*c^3*(-1/3/c^3/x^3*arccos(c*x)+1/6/c^2/x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+
1/6*arctanh(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

3.147.5 Fracas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 121 vs. 2(52) = 104.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{bc^3 x^3 \log(\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + 1) - bc^3 x^3 \log(\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} - 1) - 4bx^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} cx}{c^2 x^2 - 1}\right) + 2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b}{12x^3}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/12*(b*c^3*x^3*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1) - b*c^3*x^3*log(sqrt(-c^2*x^2
+ 1) - 1) - 4*b*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*c*x/(c^2*x^2 - 1)) + 2*sqrt(
-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c*x + 4*(b*x^3 - b)*arccos(c*x) - 4*a)/x^3
```

3.147.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} + \frac{bc}{3} \left(\begin{array}{l} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{c^2 \operatorname{acosh}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{2} + \frac{c}{2x\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} - \frac{1}{2cx^3\sqrt{-1+\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}} \\ \frac{ic^2 \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{1}{cx}\right)}{2} - \frac{ic\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}}{2x} \end{array} \right. \text{for } \left|\frac{1}{c^2x^2}\right| > 1 \\ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right)$$

$$-\frac{b \arccos(cx)}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))/x**4,x)`output `-a/(3*x**3) - b*c*Piecewise((-c**2*acosh(1/(c*x))/2 + c/(2*x*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))) - 1/(2*c*x**3*sqrt(-1 + 1/(c**2*x**2))), 1/Abs(c**2*x**2) > 1), (I*c**2*asin(1/(c*x))/2 - I*c*sqrt(1 - 1/(c**2*x**2))/(2*x), True))/3 - b*acos(c*x)/(3*x**3)`**3.147.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left(\left(c^2 \log \left(\frac{2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{|x|} + \frac{2}{|x|} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{x^2} \right) c - \frac{2 \arccos(cx)}{x^3} \right) b - \frac{a}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*((c^2*log(2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x)) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/x^2)*c - 2*arccos(c*x)/x^3)*b - 1/3*a/x^3`

3.147.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1634 vs. $2(52) = 104$.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1634, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.35

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/3*b*c^3*arccos(c*x)/(3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^3/(c*x + 1)^6 + 1) + 1/6*b*c^3*log(abs(c*x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/(3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^3/(c*x + 1)^6 + 1) - 1/6*b*c^3*log(abs(-c*x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1))/(3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^3/(c*x + 1)^6 + 1) - 1/3*a*c^3/(3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^3/(c*x + 1)^6 + 1) + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c^3*arccos(c*x)/((c*x + 1)^2*(3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^3/(c*x + 1)^6 + 1)) + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c^3*log(abs(c*x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) + 1))/((c*x + 1)^2*(3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^3/(c*x + 1)^6 + 1)) - 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)*b*c^3*log(abs(-c*x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1) - 1))/((c*x + 1)^2*(3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^3/(c*x + 1)^6 + 1)) + 1/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c^3/((c*x + 1)*(3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^3/(c*x + 1)^6 + 1)) + (c^2*x^2 - 1)*a*c^3/((c*x + 1)^2*(3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^3/(c*x + 1)^6 + 1)) - (c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*c^3*arccos(c*x)/((c*x + 1)^4*(3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)/(c*x + 1)^2 + 3*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2/(c*x + 1)^4 + (c^2*x^2 - 1)^3/(c*x + 1)^6 + 1)) + 1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 1)^2*b*c^3*log(abs(c*x + s...
```

3.147.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/x^4,x)`

output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/x^4, x)`

3.148 $\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$

3.148.1 Optimal result	909
3.148.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	909
3.148.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	910
3.148.4 Maple [A] (verified)	912
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3.148.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	914
3.148.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	914

3.148.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = -\frac{4b^2x}{9c^2} - \frac{2b^2x^3}{27} - \frac{4b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{9c^3} - \frac{2bx^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{9c} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^2$$

```
output -4/9*b^2*x/c^2-2/27*b^2*x^3+1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2-4/9*b*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3-2/9*b*x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c
```

3.148.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \frac{9a^2c^3x^3 - 6ab\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2) - 2b^2cx(6 + c^2x^2) - 6b(-3ac^3x^3 + b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(2 + c^2x^2)) \arccos(cx)}{27c^3}$$

```
input Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]
```

```
output (9*a^2*c^3*x^3 - 6*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2) - 2*b^2*c*x*(6 + c^2*x^2) - 6*b*(-3*a*c^3*x^3 + b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(2 + c^2*x^2))*ArcCos[c*x] + 9*b^2*c^3*x^3*ArcCos[c*x]^2)/(27*c^3)
```

3.148.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 15, 5183, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}bc \int \frac{x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x(a+b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{b \int x^2 dx}{3c} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x(a+b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3c^2} - \frac{bx^3}{9c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{b \int 1 dx}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3c^2} - \frac{bx^3}{9c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b \arccos(cx))^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{24} \\
 & \frac{2}{3}bc \left(-\frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3c^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{bx}{c} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{bx^3}{9c} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad b \arccos(cx))^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2)/3 + (2*b*c*(-1/9*(b*x^3)/c - (x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/(3*c^2) + (2*(-((b*x)/c) - (sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/c^2))/(3*c^2))/3`

3.148.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] := Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_) * ((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*(m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.148.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

method	result
parts	$\frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{\arccos(cx)^2 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{2 \arccos(cx) (c^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{2c^3 x^3}{27} - \frac{4cx}{9} \right)}{c^3} + \frac{2ab \left(\frac{c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} \right)}{c^3}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^2 c^3 x^3}{3} + b^2 \left(\frac{\arccos(cx)^2 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{2 \arccos(cx) (c^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{2c^3 x^3}{27} - \frac{4cx}{9} \right) + 2ab \left(\frac{c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} \right)}{c^3}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a^2 c^3 x^3}{3} + b^2 \left(\frac{\arccos(cx)^2 c^3 x^3}{3} - \frac{2 \arccos(cx) (c^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} - \frac{2c^3 x^3}{27} - \frac{4cx}{9} \right) + 2ab \left(\frac{c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9} \right)}{c^3}$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*a^2*x^3+b^2/c^3*(1/3*arccos(c*x)^2*c^3*x^3-2/9*arccos(c*x)*(c^2*x^2+2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/27*c^3*x^3-4/9*c*x)+2*a*b/c^3*(1/3*c^3*x^3*arccos(c*x)-1/9*c^2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-2/9*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))`

3.148.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \frac{9b^2c^3x^3 \arccos(cx)^2 + 18abc^3x^3 \arccos(cx) + (9a^2 - 2b^2)c^3x^3 - 12b^2cx - 6(abc^2x^2 + 2ab + (b^2c^2x^2 + 2b^2)) \arccos(cx) + (b^2c^2x^2 + 2b^2) \sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}}{27c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/27*(9*b^2*c^3*x^3*arccos(c*x)^2 + 18*a*b*c^3*x^3*arccos(c*x) + (9*a^2 - 2*b^2)*c^3*x^3 - 12*b^2*c*x - 6*(a*b*c^2*x^2 + 2*a*b + (b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*b^2)*arccos(c*x))*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c^3`

3.148.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{2abx^3 \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{2abx^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9c} - \frac{4ab \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{9c^3} + \frac{b^2 x^3 \arccos^2(cx)}{3} - \frac{2b^2 x^3}{27} - \frac{2b^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(cx)}{9c} - \frac{4b^2 x}{9c^2} \\ \frac{x^3 \left(a + \frac{\pi b}{2}\right)^2}{3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acos(c*x))**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*x**3/3 + 2*a*b*x**3*acos(c*x)/3 - 2*a*b*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c) - 4*a*b*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(9*c**3) + b**2*x**3*acos(c*x)**2/3 - 2*b**2*x**3/27 - 2*b**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)/(9*c) - 4*b**2*x/(9*c**2) - 4*b**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)/(9*c**3), Ne(c, 0)), (x**3*(a + pi*b/2)**2/3, True))`**3.148.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} b^2 x^3 \arccos^2(cx) + \frac{1}{3} a^2 x^3$$

$$+ \frac{2}{9} \left(3x^3 \arccos(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) ab$$

$$- \frac{2}{27} \left(3c \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \arccos(cx) + \frac{c^2 x^3 + 6x}{c^2} \right) b^2$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*b^2*x^3*arccos(c*x)^2 + 1/3*a^2*x^3 + 2/9*(3*x^3*arccos(c*x) - c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4))*a*b - 2/27*(3*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4)*arccos(c*x) + (c^2*x^3 + 6*x)/c^2)*b^2`

3.148.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} b^2 x^3 \arccos(cx)^2 + \frac{2}{3} abx^3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{1}{3} a^2 x^3 - \frac{2}{27} b^2 x^3$$

$$- \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 x^2 \arccos(cx)}{9c} - \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} abx^2}{9c}$$

$$- \frac{4 b^2 x}{9c^2} - \frac{4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 \arccos(cx)}{9c^3} - \frac{4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} ab}{9c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*b^2*x^3*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2/3*a*b*x^3*arccos(c*x) + 1/3*a^2*x^3 - 2/27*b^2*x^3 - 2/9*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*x^2*arccos(c*x)/c - 2/9*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b*x^2/c - 4/9*b^2*x/c^2 - 4/9*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*arccos(c*x)/c^3 - 4/9*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b/c^3`**3.148.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^2,x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^2, x)`

3.149 $\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$

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3.149.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = -\frac{1}{4}b^2x^2 - \frac{bx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2c} - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{4c^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2$$

output `-1/4*b^2*x^2-1/4*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/c^2+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2-1/2*b*x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

3.149.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \frac{cx(2a^2cx - b^2cx - 2ab\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}) + 2bcx(2acx - b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}) \arccos(cx) + b^2(-1 + 2c^2x^2) \arccos(cx)^2}{4c^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(c*x*(2*a^2*c*x - b^2*c*x - 2*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + 2*b*c*x*(2*a*c*x - b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*ArcCos[c*x] + b^2*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2)*ArcCos[c*x]^2 + 2*a*b*ArcSin[c*x])/(4*c^2)`

3.149.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 15, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & bc \int \frac{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{b \int x dx}{2c} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{15} \\
 & bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{bx^2}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5153} \\
 & bc \left(-\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{4bc^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{bx^2}{4c} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2)/2 + b*c*(-1/4*(b*x^2)/c - (x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] * (a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/(2*c^2) - (a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2/(4*b*c^3))`

3.149.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

- rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

- rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.149.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
parts	$\frac{a^2x^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 \left(\frac{c^2x^2 \arccos(cx)^2}{2} - \frac{\arccos(cx)(cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} + \arccos(cx))}{2} + \frac{\arccos(cx)^2}{4} - \frac{c^2x^2}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \right)}{c^2} + \frac{2ab \left(\frac{c^2x^2 \arccos(cx)}{2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2} \right)}{c^2}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^2x^2a^2 + b^2 \left(\frac{c^2x^2 \arccos(cx)^2}{2} - \frac{\arccos(cx)(cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} + \arccos(cx))}{2} + \frac{\arccos(cx)^2}{4} - \frac{c^2x^2}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \right) + 2ab \left(\frac{c^2x^2 \arccos(cx)}{2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2} \right)}{c^2}$
default	$\frac{c^2x^2a^2 + b^2 \left(\frac{c^2x^2 \arccos(cx)^2}{2} - \frac{\arccos(cx)(cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} + \arccos(cx))}{2} + \frac{\arccos(cx)^2}{4} - \frac{c^2x^2}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \right) + 2ab \left(\frac{c^2x^2 \arccos(cx)}{2} - \frac{cx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2} \right)}{c^2}$

3.149. $\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{2}a^2x^2 + \frac{b^2}{c^2} \left(\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2 \arccos(cx)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \arccos(cx) (cx \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})^{1/2} + \arccos(cx) \right) + \frac{1}{4} \arccos(cx)^2 - \frac{1}{4}c^2x^2 + \frac{1}{4} + 2ab/c^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}c^2x^2 \arccos(cx) - \frac{1}{4}cx \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \right)^{1/2} + \frac{1}{4} \arcsin(cx)$

3.149.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(2a^2 - b^2)c^2x^2 + (2b^2c^2x^2 - b^2) \arccos(cx)^2 + 2(2abc^2x^2 - ab) \arccos(cx) - 2(b^2cx \arccos(cx) + abcx)}{4c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $\frac{1}{4}((2a^2 - b^2)c^2x^2 + (2b^2c^2x^2 - b^2)\arccos(cx)^2 + 2(2abc^2x^2 - ab)\arccos(cx) - 2(b^2cx\arccos(cx) + abcx)\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})/c^2$

3.149.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. $2(65) = 130$.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^2x^2}{2} + abx^2 \arccos(cx) - \frac{abx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2c} - \frac{ab \arccos(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{b^2x^2 \arccos^2(cx)}{2} - \frac{b^2x^2}{4} - \frac{b^2x\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \arccos(cx)}{2c} - \frac{b^2 \arccos^2(cx)}{4c^2} \\ \frac{x^2(a + \frac{\pi b}{2})^2}{2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acos(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x**2/2 + a*b*x**2*acos(c*x) - a*b*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(2*c) - a*b*acos(c*x)/(2*c**2) + b**2*x**2*acos(c*x)**2/2 - b**2*x**2/4 - b**2*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)/(2*c) - b**2*acos(c*x)**2/(4*c**2), Ne(c, 0)), (x**2*(a + pi*b/2)**2/2, True))`

3.149.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int (b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a^2*x^2 + 1/2*(2*x^2*arccos(c*x) - c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a*b + 1/2*(x^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 - 2*c*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x))*b^2`

3.149.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 \arccos(cx)^2 + abx^2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{1}{2} a^2 x^2 - \frac{1}{4} b^2 x^2$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 x \arccos(cx)}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} abx}{2c}$$

$$- \frac{b^2 \arccos(cx)^2}{4c^2} - \frac{ab \arccos(cx)}{2c^2} + \frac{b^2}{8c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*b^2*x^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + a*b*x^2*arccos(c*x) + 1/2*a^2*x^2 - 1/4*b^2*x^2 - 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*x*arccos(c*x)/c - 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b*x/c - 1/4*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2/c^2 - 1/2*a*b*arccos(c*x)/c^2 + 1/8*b^2/c^2`

3.149.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^2, x)`

3.150 $\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$

3.150.1 Optimal result	920
3.150.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	920
3.150.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	921
3.150.4 Maple [A] (verified)	922
3.150.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	922
3.150.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	923
3.150.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	923
3.150.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	924
3.150.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	924

3.150.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = -2b^2x - \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{c} + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2$$

output `-2*b^2*x+x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2-2*b*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

3.150.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = (a^2 - 2b^2)x - \frac{2ab\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c} + \frac{2b(ax - b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}) \arccos(cx)}{c} + b^2x \arccos(cx)^2$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(a^2 - 2*b^2)*x - (2*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + (2*b*(a*c*x - b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*ArcCos[c*x])/c + b^2*x*ArcCos[c*x]^2`

3.150.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5131, 5183, 24}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5131}$$

$$2bc \int \frac{x(a + b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{5183}$$

$$2bc \left(-\frac{b \int 1 dx}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{c^2} \right) + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2$$

$$\downarrow \text{24}$$

$$2bc \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{c^2} - \frac{bx}{c} \right) + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2 + 2*b*c*(-((b*x)/c) - (Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/c^2)`

3.150.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 24 `Int[a_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[a*x, x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

```
rule 5183 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

3.150.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{cx^2 a^2 + b^2 (\arccos(cx)^2 cx - 2cx - 2 \arccos(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}) + 2ab (cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c}$	74
default	$\frac{cx^2 a^2 + b^2 (\arccos(cx)^2 cx - 2cx - 2 \arccos(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}) + 2ab (cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c}$	74
parts	$a^2 x + \frac{b^2 (\arccos(cx)^2 cx - 2cx - 2 \arccos(cx) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c} + \frac{2ab (cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c}$	75

```
input int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*(c*x*a^2+b^2*(arccos(c*x)^2*c*x-2*c*x-2*arccos(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+2*a*b*(c*x*arccos(c*x)-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

3.150.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \frac{b^2 cx \arccos(cx)^2 + 2 abcx \arccos(cx) + (a^2 - 2b^2)cx - 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} (b^2 \arccos(cx) + ab)}{c}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output (b^2*c*x*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*c*x*arccos(c*x) + (a^2 - 2*b^2)*c*x - 2*sqr t(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*(b^2*arccos(c*x) + a*b))/c
```

3.150.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. $2(42) = 84$.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \begin{cases} a^2x + 2abx \arccos(cx) - \frac{2ab\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{c} + b^2x \arccos^2(cx) - 2b^2x - \frac{2b^2\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}\arccos(cx)}{c} & \text{for } c \neq 0 \\ x(a + \frac{\pi b}{2})^2 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x + 2*a*b*x*acos(c*x) - 2*a*b*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + b**2*x*acos(c*x)**2 - 2*b**2*x - 2*b**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)/c, Ne(c, 0)), (x*(a + pi*b/2)**2, True))`

3.150.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = b^2x \arccos^2(cx) - 2b^2 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \arccos(cx)}{c} \right) + a^2x + \frac{2(cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1})ab}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*x*arccos(c*x)^2 - 2*b^2*(x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(c*x)/c) + a^2*x + 2*(c*x*arccos(c*x) - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*a*b/c`

3.150.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = b^2 x \arccos(cx)^2 + 2 abx \arccos(cx) + a^2 x - 2 b^2 x \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2 \arccos(cx)}{c} - \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} ab}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^2*x*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*x*arccos(c*x) + a^2*x - 2*b^2*x - 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*arccos(c*x)/c - 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b/c`**3.150.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \begin{cases} x \left(a^2 + \pi a b + \frac{\pi^2 b^2}{4} \right) & \text{if } c = 0 \\ a^2 x + b^2 x (\arccos(cx)^2 - 2) - \frac{2 b^2 \arccos(cx) \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{c} - \frac{2 a b (\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} - c x \arccos(cx))}{c} & \text{if } c \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2,x)`output `piecewise(c == 0, x*(a^2 + (b^2*pi^2)/4 + a*b*pi), c ~= 0, a^2*x + b^2*x*(acos(c*x)^2 - 2) - (2*b^2*acos(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2))/c - (2*a*b*((-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2) - c*x*acos(c*x)))/c)`

3.151 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx$

3.151.1 Optimal result	925
3.151.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	925
3.151.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	926
3.151.4 Maple [A] (verified)	928
3.151.5 Fricas [F]	929
3.151.6 Sympy [F]	929
3.151.7 Maxima [F]	930
3.151.8 Giac [F]	930
3.151.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	930

3.151.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx = -\frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3b} + (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) - ib(a + b \arccos(cx)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) + \frac{1}{2}b^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

output

```
-1/3*I*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/b+(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*ln(1+(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-I*b*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*polylog(2,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+1/2*b^2*polylog(3,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)
```

3.151.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx = -iab \arccos(cx)^2 - \frac{1}{3}ib^2 \arccos(cx)^3 + 2ab \arccos(cx) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) + b^2 \arccos(cx)^2 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) + a^2 \log(cx) - ib(a + b \arccos(cx)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) + \frac{1}{2}b^2 \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2/x, x]`

output `(-I)*a*b*ArcCos[c*x]^2 - (I/3)*b^2*ArcCos[c*x]^3 + 2*a*b*ArcCos[c*x]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + b^2*ArcCos[c*x]^2*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + a^2*Log[c*x] - I*b*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + (b^2*PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])])/2`

3.151.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5137, 3042, 4202, 2620, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5137} \\
 & - \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{cx} d \arccos(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & - \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \tan(\arccos(cx)) d \arccos(cx) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4202} \\
 & 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arccos(cx)} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}} d \arccos(cx) - \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
 & 2i \left(ib \int (a + b \arccos(cx)) \log \left(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) d \arccos(cx) - \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \right) - \\
 & \quad \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3011}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2i \left(ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) - \frac{1}{2} ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) d \arccos(cx) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) \right) \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3b}$$

↓ 2720

$$2i \left(ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \int e^{-2i \arccos(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) de^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) \right) \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3b}$$

↓ 7143

$$2i \left(ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) - \frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog} \left(3, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} i \log \left(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) \right) \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3b}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2/x,x]`

output `((-1/3*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3)/b + (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2 *Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + I*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] - (b*PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])])]/4))`

3.151.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2620 `Int[(((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.))/((a_.) + (b_.)*((F_)^((g_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))))^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Simp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 2720 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x] Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; FunctionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_.)*(v_)^(n_.))^(m_) /; FreeQ[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n]] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*x))*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]`


```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)))^(n_.)]*((f_.) + (g_.)
*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4202 Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*tan[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(
e + f*x)))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x))), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGt
Q[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5137 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[
(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcCos[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0
]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.151.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

method	result
parts	$a^2 \ln(x) + b^2 \left(-\frac{i \arccos(cx)^3}{3} + \arccos(cx)^2 \ln \left(1 + (cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})^2 \right) - i \arccos(cx) \right)$
derivativedivides	$a^2 \ln(cx) + b^2 \left(-\frac{i \arccos(cx)^3}{3} + \arccos(cx)^2 \ln \left(1 + (cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})^2 \right) - i \arccos(cx) \right)$
default	$a^2 \ln(cx) + b^2 \left(-\frac{i \arccos(cx)^3}{3} + \arccos(cx)^2 \ln \left(1 + (cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})^2 \right) - i \arccos(cx) \right)$

3.151. $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*ln(x)+b^2*(-1/3*I*arccos(c*x)^3+arccos(c*x)^2*ln(1+(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-I*arccos(c*x)*polylog(2,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+1/2*polylog(3,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2))-I*a*b*arccos(c*x)^2-I*a*b*polylog(2,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+2*a*b*arccos(c*x)*ln(1+(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)`

3.151.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2)/x, x)`

3.151.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**2/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acos(c*x))**2/x, x)`

3.151.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*log(x) + integrate((b^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x))/x, x)`

3.151.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2/x, x)`

3.151.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^2/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^2/x, x)`

3.152 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$

3.152.1 Optimal result	931
3.152.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	931
3.152.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	932
3.152.4 Maple [A] (verified)	934
3.152.5 Fricas [F]	934
3.152.6 Sympy [F]	934
3.152.7 Maxima [F]	935
3.152.8 Giac [F]	935
3.152.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	935

3.152.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} - 4ibc(a + b \arccos(cx)) \arctan(e^{i \arccos(cx)}) + 2ib^2c \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}) - 2ib^2c \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(cx)})$$

output `-(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/x-4*I*b*c*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*arctan(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+2*I*b^2*c*polylog(2,-I*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-2*I*b^2*c*polylog(2,I*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))`

3.152.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{a^2 + 2ab(\arccos(cx) - cx \operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2})) + b^2(\arccos(cx)^2 - 2cx(\arccos(cx) (\log(1 - ie^{i \arccos(cx)})$$

x)

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^2 + 2*a*b*(ArcCos[c*x] - c*x*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]]) + b^2*(ArcCos[c*x]^2 - 2*c*x*(ArcCos[c*x]*(Log[1 - I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]]) - Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]])] + I*(PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]]) - PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]])]))) / x`

3.152.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$, Rules used = {5139, 5219, 3042, 4669, 2715, 2838}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -2bc \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5219} \\
 & 2bc \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{cx} d \arccos(cx) - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & 2bc \int (a + b \arccos(cx)) \csc \left(\arccos(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) d \arccos(cx) - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4669} \\
 & -\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} + \\
 & 2bc \left(-b \int \log \left(1 - ie^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) d \arccos(cx) + b \int \log \left(1 + ie^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) d \arccos(cx) - 2i \arctan \left(e^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2715} \\
 & -\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} + \\
 & 2bc \left(ib \int e^{-i \arccos(cx)} \log \left(1 - ie^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) de^{i \arccos(cx)} - ib \int e^{-i \arccos(cx)} \log \left(1 + ie^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) de^{i \arccos(cx)} - 2i \arctan \left(e^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2838} \\
 & -\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x} + \\
 & 2bc \left(-2i \arctan \left(e^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) + ib \text{PolyLog} \left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) - ib \text{PolyLog} \left(2, ie^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2/x^2,x]`

```
output  $-\left(\frac{a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}[c x]}{x}\right)^2 + 2 b c \left(-2 I (a + b \operatorname{ArcCos}[c x]) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[E^{I \operatorname{ArcCos}[c x]}\right] + I b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, (-I) E^{I \operatorname{ArcCos}[c x]}\right] - I b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, I E^{I \operatorname{ArcCos}[c x]}\right]\right)$ 
```

3.152.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2715 Int[Log[(a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((e_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))))^(n_)], x_Symbol]
:> Simp[1/(d*e*n*Log[F]) Subst[Int[Log[a + b*x]/x, x], x, (F^(e*(c + d*x)))^n], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && GtQ[a, 0]
```

```
rule 2838 Int[Log[(c_)*((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^(n_))]/(x_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[-PolyLog[2, (-c)*e*x^n]/n, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c*d, 1]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]
```

```
rule 4669 Int[csc[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5219 Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]^m, x], x, ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

3.152.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

method	result
parts	$-\frac{a^2}{x} + b^2 c \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)^2}{cx} - 2 \arccos(cx) \ln(1 + i(cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})) + 2 \arccos(cx) \ln \right)$
derivativedivides	$c \left(-\frac{a^2}{cx} + b^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)^2}{cx} - 2 \arccos(cx) \ln(1 + i(cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})) + 2 \arccos(cx) \ln \right) \right)$
default	$c \left(-\frac{a^2}{cx} + b^2 \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)^2}{cx} - 2 \arccos(cx) \ln(1 + i(cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})) + 2 \arccos(cx) \ln \right) \right)$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-a^2/x+b^2*c*(-arccos(c*x)^2/c/x-2*arccos(c*x)*ln(1+I*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+2*arccos(c*x)*ln(1-I*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+2*I*dilog(1+I*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-2*I*dilog(1-I*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+2*a*b*c*(-1/c/x*arccos(c*x)+arctanh(1/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))`**3.152.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2)/x^2, x)`**3.152.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**2/x**2,x)`output `Integral((a + b*acos(c*x))**2/x**2, x)`

3.152. $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$

3.152.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(c*log(2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x)) - arccos(c*x)/x)*a*b + (2*c*x*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)/(c^2*x^3 - x), x) - arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2)*b^2/x - a^2/x`

3.152.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2/x^2, x)`

3.152.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^2/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^2/x^2, x)`

3.153 $\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$

3.153.1 Optimal result	936
3.153.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	936
3.153.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	937
3.153.4 Maple [A] (verified)	940
3.153.5 Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	940
3.153.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	941
3.153.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	941
3.153.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	942
3.153.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	943

3.153.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = -\frac{4ab^2x}{3c^2} + \frac{14b^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{9c^3} - \frac{2b^3(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{27c^3} - \frac{4b^3x \arccos(cx)}{3c^2}$$

$$- \frac{2}{9}b^2x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) - \frac{2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3c^3}$$

$$- \frac{bx^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3c} + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

```
output -4/3*a*b^2*x/c^2-2/27*b^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(3/2)/c^3-4/3*b^3*x*arccos(c*x)/c^2
-2/9*b^2*x^3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))+1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3+14/9*b^3*(-c^2*
x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3-2/3*b*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3-1/3*b*x^
2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c
```

3.153.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{9a^3c^3x^3 - 9a^2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2+c^2x^2) - 6ab^2cx(6+c^2x^2) + 2b^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(20+c^2x^2) - 3b(-9a^2c^3x^3 + 6ab$$

```
input Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]
```

output $(9a^3c^3x^3 - 9a^2b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2+c^2x^2) - 6ab^2cx(6+c^2x^2) + 2b^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(20+c^2x^2) - 3b(-9a^2c^3x^3 + 6ab\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2+c^2x^2) + 2b^2cx(6+c^2x^2))\text{ArcCos}[cx] - 9b^2(-3ac^3x^3 + b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(2+c^2x^2))\text{ArcCos}[cx]^2 + 9b^3c^3x^3\text{ArcCos}[cx]^3)/(27c^3)$

3.153.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 243, 53, 2009, 5183, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$bc \int \frac{x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{5211}$$

$$bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2b \int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx}{3c} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{1}{3}bc \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{3c} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{243}$$

$$bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{1}{6}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{3c} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

↓ 53

$$bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{1}{6} bc \int \left(\frac{1}{c^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c^2} \right) dx^2 + \frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{3c} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

↓ 2009

$$bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3c^2} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \arccos(cx)) + \frac{1}{6} bc \left(\frac{2(1-c^2x^2)^{3/2}}{3c^4} - \frac{2}{3c} \right) \right)}{3c} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

↓ 5183

$$bc \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{2b \int (a+b \arccos(cx)) dx}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3c^2} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{3c} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

↓ 2009

$$bc \left(-\frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3c^2} + \frac{2 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b \left(ax + bx \arccos(cx) - \frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c} \right)}{c} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{2b \left(\frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{3c} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} x^3 (a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3)/3 + b*c*(-1/3*(x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2)/c^2 - (2*b*((b*c*((-2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^4 + (2*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(3/2))/(3*c^4)))/6 + (x^3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/3)/(3*c) + (2*(-((sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2)/c^2) - (2*b*(a*x - (b*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + b*x*ArcCos[c*x]))/c))/(3*c^2))`

3.153.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`
- rule 243 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/2 Subst[Int [x^((m - 1)/2)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && IntegerQ[(m - 1)/2]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n / (d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2 *x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`
- rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`
- rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.153.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 c^3 x^3}{3} + b^3 \left(\frac{c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)^3}{3} - \frac{\arccos(cx)^2 (c^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} + \frac{4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} - \frac{4cx \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{2c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)}{9} + \frac{2(c^2 x^2 + 2)}{9} \right)$
default	$\frac{a^3 c^3 x^3}{3} + b^3 \left(\frac{c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)^3}{3} - \frac{\arccos(cx)^2 (c^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} + \frac{4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} - \frac{4cx \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{2c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)}{9} + \frac{2(c^2 x^2 + 2)}{9} \right)$
parts	$\frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)^3}{3} - \frac{\arccos(cx)^2 (c^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} + \frac{4 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3} - \frac{4cx \arccos(cx)}{3} - \frac{2c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)}{9} + \frac{2(c^2 x^2 + 2)}{9} \right)}{c^3}$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{c^3} \left(\frac{1}{3} a^3 c^3 x^3 + b^3 \left(\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)^3 - \frac{1}{3} \arccos(cx)^2 (c^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} - \frac{4}{3} cx \arccos(cx) - \frac{2}{9} c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2}{27} (c^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \right) + 3 a^2 b^2 \left(\frac{1}{3} \arccos(cx)^2 c^3 x^3 - \frac{2}{9} \arccos(cx) (c^2 x^2 + 2) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} - \frac{2}{27} c^3 x^3 - \frac{4}{9} cx \right) + 3 a^2 b \left(\frac{1}{3} c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx) - \frac{1}{9} c^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} - \frac{2}{9} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \right) \right)$$

3.153.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^2 (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{9 b^3 c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)^3 + 27 a b^2 c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)^2 + 3 (3 a^3 - 2 a b^2) c^3 x^3 - 36 a b^2 c x + 3 ((9 a^2 b - 2 b^3) c^3 x^3 - 12 b^3 c x) \arccos(cx) - ((9 a^2 b - 2 b^3) c^2 x^2 + 18 a^2 b - 40 b^3 + 9 (b^3 c^2 x^2 + 2 b^3) \arccos(cx)^2 + 18 (a b^2 c^2 x^2 + 2 a b^2) \arccos(cx)) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output
$$\frac{1}{27} (9 b^3 c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)^3 + 27 a b^2 c^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)^2 + 3 (3 a^3 - 2 a b^2) c^3 x^3 - 36 a b^2 c x + 3 ((9 a^2 b - 2 b^3) c^3 x^3 - 12 b^3 c x) \arccos(cx) - ((9 a^2 b - 2 b^3) c^2 x^2 + 18 a^2 b - 40 b^3 + 9 (b^3 c^2 x^2 + 2 b^3) \arccos(cx)^2 + 18 (a b^2 c^2 x^2 + 2 a b^2) \arccos(cx)) \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}) / c^3$$

3.153.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + a^2 b x^3 \arccos(cx) - \frac{a^2 b x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c} - \frac{2a^2 b \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c^3} + ab^2 x^3 \arccos^2(cx) - \frac{2ab^2 x^3}{9} - \frac{2ab^2 x^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(cx)}{3c} \\ \frac{x^3 \left(a + \frac{\pi b}{2}\right)^3}{3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acos(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x**3/3 + a**2*b*x**3*acos(c*x) - a**2*b*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c) - 2*a**2*b*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(3*c**3) + a*b**2*x**3*acos(c*x)**2 - 2*a*b**2*x**3/9 - 2*a*b**2*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)/(3*c) - 4*a*b**2*x/(3*c**2) - 4*a*b**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)/(3*c**3) + b**3*x**3*acos(c*x)**3/3 - 2*b**3*x**3*acos(c*x)/9 - b**3*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)**2/(3*c) + 2*b**3*x**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(27*c) - 4*b**3*x*acos(c*x)/(3*c**2) - 2*b**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)**2/(3*c**3) + 40*b**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(27*c**3), Ne(c, 0)), (x**3*(a + pi*b/2)**3/3, True))`

3.153.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)^3 + ab^2 x^3 \arccos(cx)^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3} a^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{3} \left(3 x^3 \arccos(cx) - c \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \right) a^2 b$$

$$- \frac{2}{9} \left(3 c \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \arccos(cx) + \frac{c^2 x^3 + 6 x}{c^2} \right) ab^2$$

$$- \frac{1}{27} \left(9 c \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2}{c^2} + \frac{2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^4} \right) \arccos(cx)^2 - 2 c \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} x^2 + \frac{20 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c^2}}{c^2} - 3(c^2 x^3) \right) \right)$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

```
output 1/3*b^3*x^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + a*b^2*x^3*arccos(c*x)^2 + 1/3*a^3*x^3 + 1/3*(3
*x^3*arccos(c*x) - c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^
4))*a^2*b - 2/9*(3*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^
4)*arccos(c*x) + (c^2*x^3 + 6*x)/c^2)*a*b^2 - 1/27*(9*c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1
)*x^2/c^2 + 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^4)*arccos(c*x)^2 - 2*c*((sqrt(-c^2*x^2
+ 1)*x^2 + 20*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/c^2)/c^2 - 3*(c^2*x^3 + 6*x)*arccos(c*x)/
c^3))*b^3
```

3.153.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 \arccos(cx)^3 + ab^2 x^3 \arccos(cx)^2 + a^2 b x^3 \arccos(cx) - \frac{2}{9} b^3 x^3 \arccos(cx) - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^3 x^2 \arccos(cx)^2}{3c} + \frac{1}{3} a^3 x^3 - \frac{2}{9} ab^2 x^3 - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} ab^2 x^2 \arccos(cx)}{3c} - \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 b x^2}{3c} + \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^3 x^2}{27c} - \frac{4b^3 x \arccos(cx)}{3c^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^3 \arccos(cx)^2}{3c^3} - \frac{4ab^2 x}{3c^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} ab^2 \arccos(cx)}{3c^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 b}{3c^3} + \frac{40\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^3}{27c^3}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output 1/3*b^3*x^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + a*b^2*x^3*arccos(c*x)^2 + a^2*b*x^3*arccos(c*x)
) - 2/9*b^3*x^3*arccos(c*x) - 1/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^3*x^2*arccos(c*x)^2
/c + 1/3*a^3*x^3 - 2/9*a*b^2*x^3 - 2/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b^2*x^2*arccos
(c*x)/c - 1/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*b*x^2/c + 2/27*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^3
*x^2/c - 4/3*b^3*x*arccos(c*x)/c^2 - 2/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^3*arccos(c*x
)^2/c^3 - 4/3*a*b^2*x/c^2 - 4/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)/c^3 -
2/3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*b/c^3 + 40/27*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^3/c^3
```

3.153.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^3,x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^3, x)`

3.154 $\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$

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3.154.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	944
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3.154.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \frac{3b^3 x \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{8c} - \frac{3}{4} b^2 x^2 (a + b \arccos(cx)) - \frac{3bx \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{4c} - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{4c^2} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 - \frac{3b^3 \arcsin(cx)}{8c^2}$$

output

```
-3/4*b^2*x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))-1/4*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/c^2+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3-3/8*b^3*arcsin(c*x)/c^2+3/8*b^3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c-3/4*b*x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c
```

3.154.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \frac{cx(4a^3cx - 6ab^2cx - 6a^2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} + 3b^3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}) - 6bcx(-2a^2cx + b^2cx + 2ab\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}) \arccos(cx)}{8}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]
```

output $(c*x*(4*a^3*c*x - 6*a*b^2*c*x - 6*a^2*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2] + 3*b^3*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]) - 6*b*c*x*(-2*a^2*c*x + b^2*c*x + 2*a*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])*\text{ArcCos}[c*x] - 6*b^2*(a - 2*a*c^2*x^2 + b*c*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]^2 + 2*b^3*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]^3 + (6*a^2*b - 3*b^3)*\text{ArcSin}[c*x])/(8*c^2)$

3.154.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 5211, 5139, 262, 223, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}bc \int \frac{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{b \int x(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{2c^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}bc \left(-\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{c} + \frac{\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{2c^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{2}bc \left(-\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{c} + \frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

↓ 223

$$\frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{\arcsin(cx)}{2c^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

↓ 5153

$$\frac{3}{2}bc \left(-\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) + \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{\arcsin(cx)}{2c^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2c^2} \right) \right)}{c} - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{6bc^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output `(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3)/2 + (3*b*c*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2)/c^2 - (a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/(6*b*c^3) - (b*((x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/2 + (b*c*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c^2 + ArcSin[c*x]/(2*c^3)))/2))/c)/2`

3.154.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 223 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcSin[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Sqrt[a])]/Rt[-b, 2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[a, 0] && NegQ[b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m-1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p+1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m-1)/(b*(m+2*p+1))) Int[(c*x)^(m-2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2-1] && NeQ[m+2*p+1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_S
ymbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]
]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^
2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a
+ b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*(m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p
+ 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - S
imp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*
x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m
, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.154.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{c^2 x^2 a^3}{2} + b^3 \left(\frac{c^2 x^2 \arccos(cx)^3}{2} - \frac{3 \arccos(cx)^2 (cx \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(cx))}{4} - \frac{3c^2 x^2 \arccos(cx)}{4} + \frac{3cx \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{8} + \frac{3 \arccos(cx)}{8} + \arccos(cx) \right)$
default	$\frac{c^2 x^2 a^3}{2} + b^3 \left(\frac{c^2 x^2 \arccos(cx)^3}{2} - \frac{3 \arccos(cx)^2 (cx \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(cx))}{4} - \frac{3c^2 x^2 \arccos(cx)}{4} + \frac{3cx \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{8} + \frac{3 \arccos(cx)}{8} + \arccos(cx) \right)$
parts	$\frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{b^3 \left(\frac{c^2 x^2 \arccos(cx)^3}{2} - \frac{3 \arccos(cx)^2 (cx \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + \arccos(cx))}{4} - \frac{3c^2 x^2 \arccos(cx)}{4} + \frac{3cx \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{8} + \frac{3 \arccos(cx)}{8} + \arccos(cx) \right)}{c^2}$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/c^2*(1/2*c^2*x^2*a^3+b^3*(1/2*c^2*x^2*\arccos(c*x))^3-3/4*\arccos(c*x)^2*(c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+\arccos(c*x))-3/4*c^2*x^2*\arccos(c*x)+3/8*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+3/8*\arccos(c*x)+1/2*\arccos(c*x)^3)+3*a*b^2*(1/2*c^2*x^2*\arccos(c*x)^2-1/2*\arccos(c*x)*(c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+\arccos(c*x))+1/4*\arccos(c*x)^2-1/4*c^2*x^2+1/4)+3*a^2*b*(1/2*c^2*x^2*\arccos(c*x)-1/4*c*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/4*\arcsin(c*x))$

3.154.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \frac{2(2a^3 - 3ab^2)c^2x^2 + 2(2b^3c^2x^2 - b^3)\arccos(cx)^3 + 6(2ab^2c^2x^2 - ab^2)\arccos(cx)^2 + 3(2(2a^2b - b^3)c^2x^2 - 2ab^2)\arccos(cx) + (2a^2b - b^3)c^2x^2}{8c^2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output $1/8*(2*(2*a^3 - 3*a*b^2)*c^2*x^2 + 2*(2*b^3*c^2*x^2 - b^3)*\arccos(c*x)^3 + 6*(2*a*b^2*c^2*x^2 - a*b^2)*\arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*(2*(2*a^2*b - b^3)*c^2*x^2 - 2*a^2*b + b^3)*\arccos(c*x) - 3*(2*b^3*c*x*\arccos(c*x)^2 + 4*a*b^2*c*x*\arccos(c*x) + (2*a^2*b - b^3)*c*x)*\sqrt{-c^2*x^2 + 1})/c^2$

3.154.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 269 vs. 2(116) = 232.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 269, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^3x^2}{2} + \frac{3a^2bx^2 \arccos(cx)}{2} - \frac{3a^2bx\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{4c} - \frac{3a^2b \arccos(cx)}{4c^2} + \frac{3ab^2x^2 \arccos^2(cx)}{2} - \frac{3ab^2x^2}{4} - \frac{3ab^2x\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1} \arccos(cx)}{2c} - \frac{3ab^2}{4c} \\ \frac{x^2(a + \frac{\pi b}{2})^3}{2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acos(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x**2/2 + 3*a**2*b*x**2*acos(c*x)/2 - 3*a**2*b*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(4*c) - 3*a**2*b*acos(c*x)/(4*c**2) + 3*a*b**2*x**2*acos(c*x)**2/2 - 3*a*b**2*x**2/4 - 3*a*b**2*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)/(2*c) - 3*a*b**2*acos(c*x)**2/(4*c**2) + b**3*x**2*acos(c*x)**3/2 - 3*b**3*x**2*acos(c*x)/4 - 3*b**3*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)**2/(4*c) + 3*b**3*x*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/(8*c) - b**3*acos(c*x)**3/(4*c**2) + 3*b**3*acos(c*x)/(8*c**2), Ne(c, 0)), (x**2*(a + pi*b/2)**3/2, True))`

3.154.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int (b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*b^3*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^3 + 1/2*a^3*x^2 + 3/4*(2*x^2*arccos(c*x) - c*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*x/c^2 - arcsin(c*x)/c^3))*a^2*b - integrate(3/2*(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*b^3*c*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 - 2*(a*b^2*c^2*x^3 - a*b^2*x)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.154.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. $2(109) = 218$.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\begin{aligned} \int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx &= \frac{1}{2} b^3 x^2 \arccos(cx)^3 + \frac{3}{2} ab^2 x^2 \arccos(cx)^2 + \frac{3}{2} a^2 b x^2 \arccos(cx) \\ &\quad - \frac{3}{4} b^3 x^2 \arccos(cx) - \frac{3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^3 x \arccos(cx)^2}{4c} \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} a^3 x^2 - \frac{3}{4} ab^2 x^2 - \frac{3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} ab^2 x \arccos(cx)}{2c} \\ &\quad - \frac{b^3 \arccos(cx)^3}{4c^2} - \frac{3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 b x}{4c} + \frac{3 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^3 x}{8c} \\ &\quad - \frac{3 ab^2 \arccos(cx)^2}{4c^2} - \frac{3 a^2 b \arccos(cx)}{4c^2} + \frac{3 b^3 \arccos(cx)}{8c^2} + \frac{3 ab^2}{8c^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*b^3*x^2*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3/2*a*b^2*x^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3/2*a^2*b*x^2*arccos(c*x) - 3/4*b^3*x^2*arccos(c*x) - 3/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^3*x*arccos(c*x)^2/c + 1/2*a^3*x^2 - 3/4*a*b^2*x^2 - 3/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b^2*x*arccos(c*x)/c - 1/4*b^3*arccos(c*x)^3/c^2 - 3/4*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*b*x/c + 3/8*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^3*x/c - 3/4*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2/c^2 - 3/4*a^2*b*arccos(c*x)/c^2 + 3/8*b^3*arccos(c*x)/c^2 + 3/8*a*b^2/c^2`

3.154.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^3,x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^3, x)`

3.155 $\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$

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3.155.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = -6ab^2x + \frac{6b^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{c} - 6b^3x \arccos(cx) - \frac{3b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{c} + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

output `-6*a*b^2*x-6*b^3*x*arccos(c*x)+x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3+6*b^3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c-3*b*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

3.155.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \frac{a(a^2 - 6b^2)cx - 3b(a^2 - 2b^2)\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} + 3b(a^2cx - 2b^2cx - 2ab\sqrt{1-c^2x^2})\arccos(cx) + 3b^2(acx - b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2})}{c}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output `(a*(a^2 - 6*b^2)*c*x - 3*b*(a^2 - 2*b^2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 3*b*(a^2*c*x - 2*b^2*c*x - 2*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*ArcCos[c*x] + 3*b^2*(a*c*x - b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*ArcCos[c*x]^2 + b^3*c*x*ArcCos[c*x]^3)/c`

3.155.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.300$, Rules used = {5131, 5183, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5131}$$

$$3bc \int \frac{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{5183}$$

$$3bc \left(-\frac{2b \int (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{c^2} \right) + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$3bc \left(-\frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{c^2} - \frac{2b \left(ax + bx \arccos(cx) - \frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c} \right)}{c} \right) + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output `x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3 + 3*b*c*(-((Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2)/c^2) - (2*b*(a*x - (b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + b*x*ArcCos[c*x]))/c)`

3.155.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

3.155.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{cx a^3 + b^3 (\arccos(cx)^3 cx - 3 \arccos(cx)^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + 6 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} - 6 cx \arccos(cx)) + 3 a b^2 (\arccos(cx)^2 cx - 2 cx - 2 \arccos(cx))}{c}$
default	$\frac{cx a^3 + b^3 (\arccos(cx)^3 cx - 3 \arccos(cx)^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + 6 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} - 6 cx \arccos(cx)) + 3 a b^2 (\arccos(cx)^2 cx - 2 cx - 2 \arccos(cx))}{c}$
parts	$x a^3 + \frac{b^3 (\arccos(cx)^3 cx - 3 \arccos(cx)^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} + 6 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} - 6 cx \arccos(cx))}{c} + \frac{3 a b^2 (\arccos(cx)^2 cx - 2 cx - 2 \arccos(cx))}{c}$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*(c*x*a^3+b^3*(arccos(c*x)^3*c*x-3*arccos(c*x)^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+6*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-6*c*x*arccos(c*x))+3*a*b^2*(arccos(c*x)^2*c*x-2*c*x-2*arccos(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+3*a^2*b*(c*x*arccos(c*x)-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))`

3.155.5 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \frac{b^3 cx \arccos(cx)^3 + 3 ab^2 cx \arccos(cx)^2 + 3(a^2 b - 2 b^3) cx \arccos(cx) + (a^3 - 6 ab^2) cx - 3(b^3 \arccos(cx))^2}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `(b^3*c*x*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*c*x*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*(a^2*b - 2*b^3)*c*x*arccos(c*x) + (a^3 - 6*a*b^2)*c*x - 3*(b^3*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b - 2*b^3)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c`

3.155.6 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs. $2(76) = 152$.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^3 x + 3a^2 b x \arccos(cx) - \frac{3a^2 b \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{c} + 3ab^2 x \arccos^2(cx) - 6ab^2 x - \frac{6ab^2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(cx)}{c} + b^3 x \arccos^3(cx) \\ x(a + \frac{\pi b}{2})^3 \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x + 3*a**2*b*x*acos(c*x) - 3*a**2*b*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c + 3*a*b**2*x*acos(c*x)**2 - 6*a*b**2*x - 6*a*b**2*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)/c + b**3*x*acos(c*x)**3 - 6*b**3*x*acos(c*x) - 3*b**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)*acos(c*x)**2/c + 6*b**3*sqrt(-c**2*x**2 + 1)/c, Ne(c, 0)), (x*(a + pi*b/2)**3, True))`

3.155.7 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

$$= b^3 x \arccos(cx)^3 + 3ab^2 x \arccos(cx)^2$$

$$- 3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(cx)^2}{c} + \frac{2(cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})}{c} \right) b^3$$

$$- 6ab^2 \left(x + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} \arccos(cx)}{c} \right) + a^3 x + \frac{3(cx \arccos(cx) - \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1})a^2 b}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^3*x*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*arccos(c*x)^2 - 3*(sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(c*x)^2/c + 2*(c*x*arccos(c*x) - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))/c)*b^3 - 6*a*b^2*(x + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*arccos(c*x)/c) + a^3*x + 3*(c*x*arccos(c*x) - sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*a^2*b/c`

3.155.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = b^3 x \arccos(cx)^3 + 3ab^2 x \arccos(cx)^2 + 3a^2 b x \arccos(cx) - 6b^3 x \arccos(cx) - \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^3 \arccos(cx)^2}{c} + a^3 x - 6ab^2 x - \frac{6\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} ab^2 \arccos(cx)}{c} - \frac{3\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} a^2 b}{c} + \frac{6\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^3}{c}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^3*x*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x*arccos(c*x) - 6*b^3*x*arccos(c*x) - 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^3*arccos(c*x)^2/c + a^3*x - 6*a*b^2*x - 6*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)/c - 3*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*a^2*b/c + 6*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^3/c`**3.155.9 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \begin{cases} x \left(a^3 + \frac{3\pi a^2 b}{2} + \frac{3\pi^2 a b^2}{4} + \frac{\pi^3 b^3}{8} \right) \\ a^3 x - b^3 x (6 \arccos(cx) - \arccos(cx)^3) - \frac{3a^2 b (\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} - c x \arccos(cx))}{c} + 3a b^2 x (\arccos(cx)^2 - 2) - \frac{b^3 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{c} \end{cases}$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3,x)`output `piecewise(c == 0, x*(a^3 + (b^3*pi^3)/8 + (3*a*b^2*pi^2)/4 + (3*a^2*b*pi)/2), c ~= 0, a^3*x - b^3*x*(6*acos(c*x) - acos(c*x)^3) - (3*a^2*b*((-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2) - c*x*acos(c*x)))/c + 3*a*b^2*x*(acos(c*x)^2 - 2) - (b^3*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2)*(3*acos(c*x)^2 - 6))/c - (6*a*b^2*acos(c*x)*(-c^2*x^2 + 1)^(1/2))/c`

3.156 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx$

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3.156.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx = -\frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^4}{4b} + (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

$$- \frac{3}{2} ib(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} b^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

$$+ \frac{3}{4} ib^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

output `-1/4*I*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^4/b+(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3*ln(1+(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-3/2*I*b*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*polylog(2,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+3/2*b^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*polylog(3,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+3/4*I*b^3*polylog(4,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)`

3.156.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx = \frac{1}{4} (-6ia^2b \arccos(cx)^2 - 4iab^2 \arccos(cx)^3 - ib^3 \arccos(cx)^4$$

$$+ 12a^2b \arccos(cx) \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

$$+ 12ab^2 \arccos(cx)^2 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

$$+ 4b^3 \arccos(cx)^3 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) + 4a^3 \log(cx)$$

$$- 6ib(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \text{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

$$+ 6b^2(a + b \arccos(cx)) \text{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

$$+ 3ib^3 \text{PolyLog}(4, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/x,x]`

output `((-6*I)*a^2*b*ArcCos[c*x]^2 - (4*I)*a*b^2*ArcCos[c*x]^3 - I*b^3*ArcCos[c*x]^4 + 12*a^2*b*ArcCos[c*x]*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + 12*a*b^2*ArcCos[c*x]^2*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + 4*b^3*ArcCos[c*x]^3*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + 4*a^3*Log[c*x] - (6*I)*b*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + 6*b^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*PolyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + (3*I)*b^3*PolyLog[4, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])])/4`

3.156.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {5137, 3042, 4202, 2620, 3011, 7163, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5137}$$

$$- \int \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{cx} d \arccos(cx)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3042}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 \tan(\arccos(cx)) d \arccos(cx) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4202} \\
& 2i \int \frac{e^{2i \arccos(cx)} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}} d \arccos(cx) - \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^4}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2620} \\
& 2i \left(\frac{3}{2} ib \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) d \arccos(cx) - \frac{1}{2} i \log(1 + e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^4}{4b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
& 2i \left(\frac{3}{2} ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 - ib \int (a + b \arccos(cx)) \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) d \arccos(cx) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^4}{4b} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7163} \\
& 2i \left(\frac{3}{2} ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 - ib \left(\frac{1}{2} ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) d \arccos(cx) - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^4}{4b} \right) \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
& 2i \left(\frac{3}{2} ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 - ib \left(\frac{1}{4} b \int e^{-2i \arccos(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) de^{2i \arccos(cx)} \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^4}{4b} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
& 2i \left(\frac{3}{2} ib \left(\frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}(2, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 - ib \left(\frac{1}{4} b \operatorname{PolyLog}(4, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) - \frac{1}{2} i \operatorname{PolyLog}(3, -e^{2i \arccos(cx)}) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{i(a + b \arccos(cx))^4}{4b} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/x,x]`

```
output ((-1/4*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^4)/b + (2*I)*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3
*Log[1 + E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + ((3*I)/2)*b*((I/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2
*PolyLog[2, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] - I*b*((-1/2*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*Po
lyLog[3, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])] + (b*PolyLog[4, -E^((2*I)*ArcCos[c*x])])]/
4)))
```

3.156.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2620 Int[(((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))/
((a_) + (b_)*((F_)^((g_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_)))^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp
[((c + d*x)^m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F]))*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x)))^n/a)], x] - Si
mp[d*(m/(b*f*g*n*Log[F])) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + b*((F^(g*(e + f*x
))))^n/a)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, d, e, f, g, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x] /; Funct
ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
[{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
*(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_))]*((f_) + (g_)
*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
, f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4202 Int[(((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_))*tan[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[I
*((c + d*x)^(m + 1)/(d*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2*I Int[(c + d*x)^m*(E^(2*I*(
e + f*x))/(1 + E^(2*I*(e + f*x))))], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IGt
Q[m, 0]
```



```
rule 5137 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[
(a + b*x)^n*Tan[x], x], x, ArcCos[c*x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0
]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(p_.)]/((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)), x_S
ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
, e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

```
rule 7163 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*PolyLog[n_, (d_.)*((F_)^((c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.
)*(x_)))^(p_.)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(e + f*x)^m*(PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a
+ b*x)))^p]/(b*c*p*Log[F])), x] - Simp[f*(m/(b*c*p*Log[F])) Int[(e + f*x)
^(m - 1)*PolyLog[n + 1, d*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^p], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c
, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

3.156.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 324 vs. $2(160) = 320$.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 325, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

method	result
parts	$a^3 \ln(x) + b^3 \left(-\frac{i \arccos(cx)^4}{4} + \arccos(cx)^3 \ln \left(1 + (cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})^2 \right) - \frac{3i \arccos(cx)^2}{4} \right)$
derivativedivides	$a^3 \ln(cx) + b^3 \left(-\frac{i \arccos(cx)^4}{4} + \arccos(cx)^3 \ln \left(1 + (cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})^2 \right) - \frac{3i \arccos(cx)^2}{4} \right)$
default	$a^3 \ln(cx) + b^3 \left(-\frac{i \arccos(cx)^4}{4} + \arccos(cx)^3 \ln \left(1 + (cx + i\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1})^2 \right) - \frac{3i \arccos(cx)^2}{4} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^3*ln(x)+b^3*(-1/4*I*arccos(c*x)^4+arccos(c*x)^3*ln(1+(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)
^(1/2))^2)-3/2*I*arccos(c*x)^2*polylog(2,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+3/
2*arccos(c*x)*polylog(3,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)+3/4*I*polylog(4,-(c
*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2))+3*a*b^2*(-1/3*I*arccos(c*x)^3+arccos(c*x)^2*ln
(1+(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-I*arccos(c*x)*polylog(2,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^
2+1)^(1/2))^2)+1/2*polylog(3,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2))+3*a^2*b*(-1/2
*I*arccos(c*x)^2+arccos(c*x)*ln(1+(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2)-1/2*I*poly
log(2,-(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))^2))
```

3.156.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{x} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/x,x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccos(c*x)
+ a^3)/x, x)
```

3.156.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^3}{x} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**3/x,x)
```

```
output Integral((a + b*acos(c*x))**3/x, x)
```

3.156.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^3*log(x) + integrate((b^3*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x))/x, x)`

3.156.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^3/x, x)`

3.156.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^3/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^3/x, x)`

3.157 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$

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3.157.8 Giac [F]	968
3.157.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	968

3.157.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} - 6ibc(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \arctan(e^{i \arccos(cx)})$$

$$+ 6ib^2c(a + b \arccos(cx)) \text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)})$$

$$- 6ib^2c(a + b \arccos(cx)) \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(cx)})$$

$$- 6b^3c \text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}) + 6b^3c \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{i \arccos(cx)})$$

output

```
-(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/x-6*I*b*c*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*arctan(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2))+6*I*b^2*c*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*polylog(2,-I*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-6*I*b^2*c*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*polylog(2,I*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))-6*b^3*c*polylog(3,-I*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))+6*b^3*c*polylog(3,I*(c*x+I*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)))
```

3.157.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 308 vs. 2(151) = 302.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx \\ &= -\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{3a^2b \arccos(cx)}{x} - 3a^2bc \log(x) + 3a^2bc \log\left(1 + \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\right) \\ & \quad + 3ab^2c \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)^2}{cx} + 2(\arccos(cx) (\log(1 - ie^{i \arccos(cx)}) - \log(1 + ie^{i \arccos(cx)}))) \right. \\ & \quad \quad \quad \left. + i(\text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}) - \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(cx)})) \right) \\ & \quad + b^3c \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)^3}{cx} + 3(\arccos(cx)^2 (\log(1 - ie^{i \arccos(cx)}) - \log(1 + ie^{i \arccos(cx)}))) \right. \\ & \quad \quad + 2i \arccos(cx) (\text{PolyLog}(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}) - \text{PolyLog}(2, ie^{i \arccos(cx)})) \\ & \quad \quad \left. - 2(\text{PolyLog}(3, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}) - \text{PolyLog}(3, ie^{i \arccos(cx)})) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/x^2,x]`

output `-(a^3/x) - (3*a^2*b*ArcCos[c*x])/x - 3*a^2*b*c*Log[x] + 3*a^2*b*c*Log[1 + Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]] + 3*a*b^2*c*(-(ArcCos[c*x]^2/(c*x)) + 2*(ArcCos[c*x]*(Log[1 - I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]]) - Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]])] + I*(PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]]) - PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]])])) + b^3*c*(-(ArcCos[c*x]^3/(c*x)) + 3*(ArcCos[c*x]^2*(Log[1 - I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]]) - Log[1 + I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]])] + (2*I)*ArcCos[c*x]*(PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]]) - PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]])] - 2*(PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]]) - PolyLog[3, I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x]])]))`

3.157.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 5219, 3042, 4669, 3011, 2720, 7143}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 5139

$$\begin{aligned}
& -3bc \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5219} \\
& 3bc \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{cx} d \arccos(cx) - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& 3bc \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \csc\left(\arccos(cx) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d \arccos(cx) - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4669} \\
& -\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} + \\
& 3bc \left(-2b \int (a + b \arccos(cx)) \log\left(1 - ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) d \arccos(cx) + 2b \int (a + b \arccos(cx)) \log\left(1 + ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) d \arccos(cx) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3011} \\
& -\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} + \\
& 3bc \left(2b \left(i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) d \arccos(cx) \right) - 2b \left(i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) - ib \int \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) d \arccos(cx) \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2720} \\
& -\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} + \\
& 3bc \left(2b \left(i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) - b \int e^{-i \arccos(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) de^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) - 2b \left(i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) - b \int e^{i \arccos(cx)} \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) de^{i \arccos(cx)} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{7143} \\
& -\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x} + \\
& 3bc \left(-2i \arctan\left(e^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 + 2b \left(i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) (a + b \arccos(cx)) - b \operatorname{PolyLog}\left(2, -ie^{i \arccos(cx)}\right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/x^2,x]`

output `-(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/x + 3*b*c*((-2*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2*ArcTan[E^(I*ArcCos[c*x])] + 2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*PolyLog[2, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x])] - b*PolyLog[3, (-I)*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x])]) - 2*b*(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*PolyLog[2, I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x])] - b*PolyLog[3, I*E^(I*ArcCos[c*x])])`

3.157.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 2720 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := With[{v = FunctionOfExponential[u, x]}, Simp[v/D[v, x]
  Subst[Int[FunctionOfExponentialFunction[u, x]/x, x], x, v], x]] /; Funct
  ionOfExponentialQ[u, x] && !MatchQ[u, (w_)*((a_)*(v_)^(n_))^(m_)] /; FreeQ
  [{a, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[m*n] && !MatchQ[u, E^((c_)*((a_) + (b_)*x))
  *(F_)[v_] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && InverseFunctionQ[F[x]]]
```

```
rule 3011 Int[Log[1 + (e_)*((F_)^(c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)))^(n_)]*((f_) + (g_)
  *(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-f + g*x)^m*(PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a +
  b*x)))^n]/(b*c*n*Log[F])), x] + Simp[g*(m/(b*c*n*Log[F])) Int[(f + g*x)^(
  m - 1)*PolyLog[2, (-e)*(F^(c*(a + b*x)))^n], x], x] /; FreeQ[{F, a, b, c, e
  , f, g, n}, x] && GtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
  Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 4669 Int[csc[(e_) + Pi*(k_) + (f_)*(x_)]*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol
  ] := Simp[-2*(c + d*x)^m*(ArcTanh[E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))]/f), x] + (-Si
  mp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 - E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x))], x],
  x] + Simp[d*(m/f) Int[(c + d*x)^(m - 1)*Log[1 + E^(I*k*Pi)*E^(I*(e + f*x)
  )]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && IntegerQ[2*k] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*((d_)*(x_))^(m_), x_Symbol]
  := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
  /(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
  *x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5219 Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_)
  *(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[
  d + e*x^2]] Subst[Int[(a + b*x)^n*Cos[x]^m, x], x, ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; Fr
  eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

```
rule 7143 Int[PolyLog[n_, (c_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(p_)]/((d_) + (e_)*(x_)), x_S
  ymbol] := Simp[PolyLog[n + 1, c*(a + b*x)^p]/(e*p), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d
  , e, n, p}, x] && EqQ[b*d, a*e]
```

3.157.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/x^2,x)`

3.157.5 Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccos(c*x) + a^3)/x^2, x)`

3.157.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**3/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acos(c*x))**3/x**2, x)`

3.157.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*(c*log(2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)/abs(x) + 2/abs(x)) - arccos(c*x)/x)*a^2*b - a^3/x - (b^3*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^3 - x*integrate(3*(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*b^3*c*x*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + (a*b^2*c^2*x^2 - a*b^2)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2)/(c^2*x^4 - x^2), x))/x`

3.157.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^3/x^2, x)`

3.157.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^3/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^3/x^2, x)`

3.158 $\int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$

3.158.1 Optimal result	969
3.158.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	969
3.158.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	970
3.158.4 Maple [A] (verified)	971
3.158.5 Fricas [F]	972
3.158.6 Sympy [F]	972
3.158.7 Maxima [F]	972
3.158.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	973
3.158.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	973

3.158.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} + \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4bc^3}$$

```
output -1/4*cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)/b/c^3-1/4*cos(3*a/b)*Si(3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)/b/c^3+1/4*Ci((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b/c^3+1/4*Ci(3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(3*a/b)/b/c^3
```

3.158.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{-\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - \text{CosIntegral}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) + \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)\right)}{4bc^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `-1/4*(-(CosIntegral[a/b + ArcCos[c*x]]*Sin[a/b]) - CosIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCos[c*x]])*Sin[(3*a)/b] + Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcCos[c*x]] + Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCos[c*x])])/(b*c^3)`

3.158.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$, Rules used = {5147, 25, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{\int \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right) d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc^3} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & \frac{-\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc^3} + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

```
output -((-1/4*(CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b]*Sin[a/b]) - (CosIntegral[(3*(a
+ b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/4 + (Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcCo
s[c*x])/b])/4 + (Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b])/4)/(
b*c^3))
```

3.158.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 4906 Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b
_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x
]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IG
tQ[p, 0]
```

```
rule 5147 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.158.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}\left(3\arccos(cx)+\frac{3a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(3\arccos(cx)+\frac{3a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b} - \frac{\text{Si}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b}}{c^3}$	10
default	$\frac{-\frac{\text{Si}\left(3\arccos(cx)+\frac{3a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(3\arccos(cx)+\frac{3a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{4b} - \frac{\text{Si}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4b}}{c^3}$	10

```
input int(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c^3*(-1/4*Si(3*arccos(c*x)+3*a/b)*cos(3*a/b)/b+1/4*Ci(3*arccos(c*x)+3*a/
b)*sin(3*a/b)/b-1/4*Si(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*cos(a/b)/b+1/4*Ci(arccos(c*x)+a/b)
*sin(a/b)/b)
```

3.158. $\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\arccos(cx)} dx$

3.158.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.158.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(a + b*arccos(c*x)), x)`

3.158.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.158.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bc^3} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right)}{bc^3} - \frac{\operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} + \frac{\operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4bc^3} + \frac{3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right)}{4bc^3} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{4bc^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c^3) - cos(a/b)^3*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))/(b*c^3) - 1/4*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c^3) + 1/4*cos_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c^3) + 3/4*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))/(b*c^3) - 1/4*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b*c^3)`**3.158.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx)} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*acos(c*x)),x)`output `int(x^2/(a + b*acos(c*x)), x)`

3.159 $\int \frac{x}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$

3.159.1 Optimal result	974
3.159.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	974
3.159.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	975
3.159.4 Maple [A] (verified)	977
3.159.5 Fricas [F]	978
3.159.6 Sympy [F]	978
3.159.7 Maxima [F]	978
3.159.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	979
3.159.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	979

3.159.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2bc^2} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{2bc^2}$$

output `-1/2*cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)/b/c^2+1/2*Ci(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b/c^2`

3.159.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = -\frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right)}{2bc^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `-1/2*(-(CosIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcCos[c*x]]*Sin[(2*a)/b]) + Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*a)/b + 2*ArcCos[c*x]])/(b*c^2)`

3.159.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {5147, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & - \frac{\int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{2(a+b \arccos(cx))} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\arccos(cx)} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\arccos(cx)} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\arccos(cx)} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\arccos(cx)} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\arccos(cx)} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{2bc^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `-1/2*(-(CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Sin[(2*a)/b]) + Cos[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b])/(b*c^2)`

3.159.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.159.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\operatorname{Si}\left(2\arccos(cx)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2b} + \frac{\operatorname{Ci}\left(2\arccos(cx)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2b}$	58
default	$-\frac{\operatorname{Si}\left(2\arccos(cx)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2b} + \frac{\operatorname{Ci}\left(2\arccos(cx)+\frac{2a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2b}$	58

input `int(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $1/c^2*(-1/2*\operatorname{Si}(2*\arccos(c*x)+2*a/b)*\cos(2*a/b)/b+1/2*\operatorname{Ci}(2*\arccos(c*x)+2*a/b)*\sin(2*a/b)/b)$

3.159.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.159.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

output `Integral(x/(a + b*arccos(c*x)), x)`

3.159.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.159.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bc^2} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right)}{bc^2} + \frac{\operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right)}{2bc^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c^2) - cos(a/b)^2 *sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b*c^2) + 1/2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b*c^2)`**3.159.9 Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{x}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x)),x)`output `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x)), x)`

3.160 $\int \frac{1}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$

3.160.1 Optimal result	980
3.160.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	980
3.160.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	981
3.160.4 Maple [A] (verified)	983
3.160.5 Fricas [F]	983
3.160.6 Sympy [F]	983
3.160.7 Maxima [F]	984
3.160.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	984
3.160.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	984

3.160.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bc} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc}$$

output `-cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)/b/c+Ci((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b/c`

3.160.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = -\frac{-\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{bc}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-1), x]`

output `-((-CosIntegral[a/b + ArcCos[c*x]]*Sin[a/b]) + Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcCos[c*x]])/(b*c)`

3.160.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5135, 25, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & \frac{- \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
 & \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{bc}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-1),x]`

output `-((-CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b]*Sin[a/b]) + Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b])/(b*c)`

3.160.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(-n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

3.160.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\text{Si}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b}$	49
default	$-\frac{\text{Si}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b} + \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b}$	49

input `int(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/c*(-Si(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*cos(a/b)/b+Ci(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*sin(a/b)/b)`**3.160.5 Fracas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`**3.160.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`output `Integral(1/(a + b*arccos(c*x)), x)`

3.160.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.160.8 Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{\text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{bc} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{bc}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `cos_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b*c) - cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b*c)`

3.160.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*acos(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*acos(c*x)), x)`

3.161 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx$

3.161.1 Optimal result	985
3.161.2 Mathematica [N/A]	985
3.161.3 Rubi [N/A]	986
3.161.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	986
3.161.5 Fricas [N/A]	987
3.161.6 Sympy [N/A]	987
3.161.7 Maxima [N/A]	987
3.161.8 Giac [F(-2)]	988
3.161.9 Mupad [N/A]	988

3.161.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)), x)`

3.161.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])), x]`

3.161.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])),x]`output `$Aborted`**3.161.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.161.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`output `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

3.161.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(b*x*arccos(c*x) + a*x), x)`**3.161.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`output `Integral(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))), x)`**3.161.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)*x), x)`

3.161.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Not invertible Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.161.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))), x)`

3.162 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx$

3.162.1 Optimal result	989
3.162.2 Mathematica [N/A]	989
3.162.3 Rubi [N/A]	990
3.162.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	990
3.162.5 Fracas [N/A]	991
3.162.6 Sympy [N/A]	991
3.162.7 Maxima [N/A]	991
3.162.8 Giac [N/A]	992
3.162.9 Mupad [N/A]	992

3.162.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

3.162.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])), x]`

3.162.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.162.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^m_.], x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.162.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

3.162.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(b*x^2*arccos(c*x) + a*x^2), x)`**3.162.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))), x)`**3.162.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)*x^2), x)`

3.162.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)*x^2), x)`**3.162.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))), x)`

3.163 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$

3.163.1 Optimal result	993
3.163.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	993
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3.163.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	997
3.163.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	998

3.163.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{bc(a + b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2 c^3} - \frac{3 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a + b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2 c^3} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4b^2 c^3} - \frac{3 \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3(a + b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4b^2 c^3}$$

```
output -1/4*Ci((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*cos(a/b)/b^2/c^3-3/4*Ci(3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)
*cos(3*a/b)/b^2/c^3-1/4*Si((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^2/c^3-3/4*Si(3
*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(3*a/b)/b^2/c^3+x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*a
rccos(c*x))
```

3.163.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{4bc^2 x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) + 3 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(3\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)\right)}{4b^2 c^3} + \dots$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `-1/4*((-4*b*c^2*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]) + Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcCos[c*x]] + 3*Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCos[c*x])]) + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcCos[c*x]] + 3*Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCos[c*x])]/(b^2*c^3)`

3.163.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5143

$$\frac{\int \left(-\frac{3 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right) d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{bc(a + b \arccos(cx))}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \frac{3}{4} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \frac{3}{4} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{bc(a + b \arccos(cx))}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])) + (-1/4*(Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b]) - (3*Cos[(3*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b])/4 - (Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b])/4 - (3*Sin[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b])/4)/(b^2*c^3)`

3.163.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.163.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(cx))}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))b} - \frac{3(\operatorname{Si}(3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}) \sin(\frac{3a}{b}) + \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}) \cos(\frac{3a}{b}))}{4b^2}}{c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))b} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(\arccos(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b})}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))b}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(cx))}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))b} - \frac{3(\operatorname{Si}(3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}) \sin(\frac{3a}{b}) + \operatorname{Ci}(3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}) \cos(\frac{3a}{b}))}{4b^2}}{c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))b} - \frac{\operatorname{Si}(\arccos(cx) + \frac{a}{b}) \sin(\frac{a}{b})}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))b}}$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c^3*(1/4*sin(3*arccos(c*x))/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b-3/4*(Si(3*arccos(c*x)+3*a/b)*sin(3*a/b)+Ci(3*arccos(c*x)+3*a/b)*cos(3*a/b))/b^2+1/4*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b-1/4*(Si(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*sin(a/b)+Ci(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*cos(a/b))/b^2)`

3.163.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^2/(b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2), x)`

3.163.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*acos(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(a + b*acos(c*x))**2, x)`

3.163.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^2 - (b^2*c*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c)*integrate((3*c^2*x^3 - 2*x)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^3*x^2 - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 - b^2*c)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)), x))/(b^2*c*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c)`

3.163.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 615 vs. $2(145) = 290$.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 615, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{3 b \arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3}$$

$$- \frac{3 b \arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b c^2 x^2}{b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3} - \frac{3 a \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^3 \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3}$$

$$- \frac{3 a \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3}$$

$$+ \frac{9 b \arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right)}{4 (b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3)}$$

$$- \frac{b \arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{4 (b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{3 b \arccos(cx) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right)}{4 (b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3)}$$

$$- \frac{b \arccos(cx) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{4 (b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{9 a \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right)}{4 (b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3)}$$

$$- \frac{a \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{4 (b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3)}$$

$$+ \frac{3 a \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{3a}{b} + 3 \arccos(cx)\right)}{4 (b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3)}$$

$$- \frac{a \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{4 (b^3 c^3 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-3*b*arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 3*b*arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c^2*x^2/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 3*a*cos(a/b)^3*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 3*a*cos(a/b)^2*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 9/4*b*arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 1/4*b*arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 3/4*b*arccos(c*x)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 1/4*b*arccos(c*x)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 9/4*a*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 1/4*a*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) + 3/4*a*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(3*a/b + 3*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3) - 1/4*a*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^3*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^3)
```

3.163.9 Mupad [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*acos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + b*acos(c*x))^2, x)`

3.164 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$

3.164.1 Optimal result	999
3.164.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	999
3.164.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1000
3.164.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1002
3.164.5 Fricas [F]	1002
3.164.6 Sympy [F]	1003
3.164.7 Maxima [F]	1003
3.164.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1004
3.164.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1004

3.164.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{bc(a + b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2c^2} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2c^2}$$

```
output -Ci(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*cos(2*a/b)/b^2/c^2-Si(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b^2/c^2+x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccos(c*x))
```

3.164.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \frac{bcx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)\right) \over b^2c^2$$

```
input Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]
```

```
output ((b*c*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]) - Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCos[c*x])] - Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[2*(a/b + ArcCos[c*x])])/(b^2*c^2)
```


3.164.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$, Rules used = {5143, 25, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5143} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a + b \arccos(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a + b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a + b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a + b \arccos(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a + b \arccos(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b\arccos(cx)} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\arccos(cx)} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{\frac{b^2 c^2}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} bc(a+b\arccos(cx))} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
& \frac{-\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\arccos(cx)} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\frac{b^2 c^2}{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} bc(a+b\arccos(cx))} + \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
& \frac{-\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arccos(cx))}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])) + (-Cos[(2*a)/b]*CosIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]) - Sin[(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b])/(b^2*c^2)`

3.164.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.164.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(cx))}{2(a+b \arccos(cx))b} - \frac{\text{Ci}\left(2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + \text{Si}\left(2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^2}}{c^2}$	78
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(cx))}{2(a+b \arccos(cx))b} - \frac{\text{Ci}\left(2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + \text{Si}\left(2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^2}}{c^2}$	78

input `int(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c^2*(1/2*sin(2*arccos(c*x))/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b-(Ci(2*arccos(c*x)+2*a/b)*cos(2*a/b)+Si(2*arccos(c*x)+2*a/b)*sin(2*a/b))/b^2)`

3.164.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(x/(b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2), x)`

3.164.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*acos(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))**2, x)`

3.164.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x - (b^2*c*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c)*integrate((2*c^2*x^2 - 1)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^3*x^2 - a*b*c + (b^2*c^3*x^2 - b^2*c)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)), x))/(b^2*c*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c)`

3.164.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs. 2(89) = 178.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{2b \arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c^2 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^2}$$

$$-\frac{2b \arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c^2 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^2}$$

$$-\frac{2a \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 \text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c^2 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^2}$$

$$-\frac{2a \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c^2 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^2}$$

$$+\frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b c x}{b^3 c^2 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^2} + \frac{b \arccos(cx) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c^2 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^2}$$

$$+\frac{a \text{Ci}\left(\frac{2a}{b} + 2 \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c^2 \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*b*arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) - 2*b*arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) - 2*a*cos(a/b)^2*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) - 2*a*cos(a/b)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c*x/(b^3*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) + b*arccos(c*x)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2) + a*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c^2)`

3.164.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \text{acos}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))^2, x)`

3.165 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$

3.165.1 Optimal result	1006
3.165.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1006
3.165.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1007
3.165.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1009
3.165.5 Fricas [F]	1009
3.165.6 Sympy [F]	1010
3.165.7 Maxima [F]	1010
3.165.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1010
3.165.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1011

3.165.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{bc(a + b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c}$$

output `-Ci((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*cos(a/b)/b^2/c-Si((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^2/c+(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccos(c*x))`

3.165.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \frac{\frac{b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^2c}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-2), x]`

output `((b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]) - Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[a/b + ArcCos[c*x]] - Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcCos[c*x]])/(b^2*c)`

3.165.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$, Rules used = {5133, 5225, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5133} \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arccos(cx))} dx}{b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arccos(cx))} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c}}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c}}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arccos(cx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c}}{b^2c}}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arccos(cx))} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c}}{b^2c}}{b^2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arccos(cx))} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c}}{b^2c}}{b^2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.165. $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\arccos(cx))^2} dx$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arccos(cx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b\arccos(cx)} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c}$$

↓ 3780

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc(a+b\arccos(cx))} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2c}$$

↓ 3783

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-2),x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])) - (Cos[a/b]*CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b] + Sin[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b])/(b^2*c)`

3.165.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5133 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.165.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{(a+b\arccos(cx))b} - \frac{\text{Si}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)+\text{Ci}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2}}{c}$	74
default	$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{(a+b\arccos(cx))b} - \frac{\text{Si}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)+\text{Ci}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^2}}{c}$	74

input `int(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*((-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b-(Si(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*sin(a/b)+Ci(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*cos(a/b))/b^2)`

3.165.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2), x)`

3.165.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*acos(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acos(c*x))**(-2), x)`

3.165.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-((b^2*c^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c^2)*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x/(a*b*c^2*x^2 - a*b + (b^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)), x) - sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(b^2*c*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c)`

3.165.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 193 vs. 2(84) = 168.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = -\frac{b \arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c} - \frac{b \arccos(cx) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c} - \frac{a \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c} - \frac{a \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^3 c \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b}{b^3 c \arccos(cx) + ab^2 c}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-b*arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c) - b*arccos(c*x)*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c) - a*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c) - a*sin(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^3*c*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c) + sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b/(b^3*c*arccos(c*x) + a*b^2*c)`

3.165.9 Mupad [**F(-1)**]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*acos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*acos(c*x))^2, x)`

3.166 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$

3.166.1 Optimal result	1012
3.166.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1012
3.166.3 Rubi [N/A]	1013
3.166.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1013
3.166.5 Fricas [N/A]	1014
3.166.6 Sympy [N/A]	1014
3.166.7 Maxima [N/A]	1014
3.166.8 Giac [N/A]	1015
3.166.9 Mupad [N/A]	1015

3.166.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.166.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2), x]`

3.166.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.166.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_.))^m_.], x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.166.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.166.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(b^2*x*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*x*arccos(c*x) + a^2*x), x)`**3.166.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*acos(c*x))**2,x)`output `Integral(1/(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))**2), x)`**3.166.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.86

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-((b^2*c*x*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c*x)*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^3*x^4 - a*b*c*x^2 + (b^2*c^3*x^4 - b^2*c*x^2)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)), x) - sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(b^2*c*x*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c*x)`

3.166.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2*x), x)`**3.166.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^2), x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^2), x)`

3.167 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$

3.167.1 Optimal result	1016
3.167.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1016
3.167.3 Rubi [N/A]	1017
3.167.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1017
3.167.5 Fricas [N/A]	1018
3.167.6 Sympy [N/A]	1018
3.167.7 Maxima [N/A]	1018
3.167.8 Giac [N/A]	1019
3.167.9 Mupad [N/A]	1019

3.167.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.167.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 56.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2), x]`

3.167.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.167.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^m_.], x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.167.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.167.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(b^2*x^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*x^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*x^2), x)`**3.167.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*acos(c*x))**2,x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*acos(c*x))**2), x)`**3.167.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `((b^2*c*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c*x^2)*integrate((c^2*x^2 - 2)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(a*b*c^3*x^5 - a*b*c*x^3 + (b^2*c^3*x^5 - b^2*c*x^3)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)), x) + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1))/(b^2*c*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c*x^2)`

3.167.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2*x^2), x)`**3.167.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^2), x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^2), x)`

3.168 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$

3.168.1 Optimal result	1020
3.168.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1021
3.168.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1021
3.168.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1026
3.168.5 Fricas [F]	1026
3.168.6 Sympy [F]	1027
3.168.7 Maxima [F]	1027
3.168.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1027
3.168.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1028

3.168.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} - \frac{x}{b^2c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{3x^3}{2b^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{8b^3c^3} - \frac{9 \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{8b^3c^3} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{8b^3c^3} + \frac{9 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{8b^3c^3}$$

output

```
-x/b^2/c^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))+3/2*x^3/b^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))+1/8*cos(a/b)*Si
((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)/b^3/c^3+9/8*cos(3*a/b)*Si(3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)/b^3
/c^3-1/8*Ci((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^3/c^3-9/8*Ci(3*(a+b*arccos(c*x)
))/b)*sin(3*a/b)/b^3/c^3+1/2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^
2
```

3.168.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{4b^2 x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{c(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} - \frac{8bx}{c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{12bx^3}{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)) \sin(\frac{a}{b})}{c^3} - \frac{9 \text{CosIntegral}(3(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx))) \sin(\frac{a}{b})}{c^3}$$

$8b^3$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output `((4*b^2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2) - (8*b*x)/(c^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])) + (12*b*x^3)/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]) - (CosIntegral[a/b + ArcCos[c*x]]*Sin[a/b])/c^3 - (9*CosIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCos[c*x]])*Sin[(3*a)/b])/c^3 + (Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[a/b + ArcCos[c*x]])/c^3 + (9*Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[3*(a/b + ArcCos[c*x])])/c^3)/(8*b^3)`

3.168.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 15, number of rules used = 14, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5135, 25, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783, 5147, 25, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

↓ 5145

$$-\frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx}{bc} + \frac{3c \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx}{2b} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}$$

↓ 5223

$$\frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{2b} - \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 5135 \\
& \frac{\int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \\
& \frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{2b} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2}}{bc} + \frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{2b} + \\
& \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{\frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2}}{bc} + \frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{2b} + \\
& \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \downarrow 3784 \\
& \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \\
& \frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{2b} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \\
& \frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{2b} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \downarrow 3042
\end{aligned}$$

3.168. $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \\
& \frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{2b} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \\
& \frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{2b} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
& \frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^2}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{2b} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
& \frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^4} + \frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right)}{2b} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^4} \right)}{2b} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{4906}
\end{aligned}$$

3.168. $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 3c \left(\frac{x^3}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{3 \int \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^4} \right) \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
& 3c \left(\frac{3 \left(-\frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) + \frac{1}{4} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) \right)}{b^2 c^4} \right) \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output `(x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*b*c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2) - (x/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])) + (-CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b]*Sin[a/b] + Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b])/(b^2*c^2))/(b*c) + (3*c*(x^3/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])) + (3*(-1/4*(CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b]*Sin[a/b]) - (CosIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/4 + (Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b])/4 + (Cos[(3*a)/b]*SinIntegral[(3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b])/4))/(b^2*c^4)))/(2*b)`

3.168.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Ssin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5145 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Ccos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Ssin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

```
rule 5223 Int[(((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_))*((f_)*(x_)^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_
+ (e_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.168.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 290, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(cx))}{8(a+b \arccos(cx))^2 b} + \frac{9 \arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b}{8} - \frac{9 \arccos(cx) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b}{8} + \frac{9 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3 b^3}$
default	$\frac{\sin(3 \arccos(cx))}{8(a+b \arccos(cx))^2 b} + \frac{9 \arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b}{8} - \frac{9 \arccos(cx) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b}{8} + \frac{9 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(3 \arccos(cx) + \frac{3a}{b}\right) b}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3 b^3}$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c^3*(1/8*sin(3*arccos(c*x))/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/b+3/8*(3*arccos(c*x)*cos
(3*a/b)*Si(3*arccos(c*x)+3*a/b)*b-3*arccos(c*x)*sin(3*a/b)*Ci(3*arccos(c*x
)+3*a/b)*b+3*cos(3*a/b)*Si(3*arccos(c*x)+3*a/b)*a-3*sin(3*a/b)*Ci(3*arccos
(c*x)+3*a/b)*a+cos(3*arccos(c*x)*b)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b^3+1/8*(-c^2*x^2+1
)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/b+1/8*(arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)*Si(arccos(c*x)+a/b
)*b-arccos(c*x)*sin(a/b)*Ci(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*b+cos(a/b)*Si(arccos(c*x)+a/b
)*a-sin(a/b)*Ci(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*a*x*b*c)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b^3)
```

3.168.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral(x^2/(b^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccos(c
*x) + a^3), x)
```

3.168.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*acos(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(a + b*acos(c*x))**3, x)`

3.168.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(3*a*c^2*x^3 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*b*c*x^2 - 2*a*x + (3*b*c^2*x^3 - 2*b*x)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) - 2*(b^4*c^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*c^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a^2*b^2*c^2)*integrate(1/2*(9*c^2*x^2 - 2)/(b^3*c^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b^2*c^2), x))/(b^4*c^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*c^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a^2*b^2*c^2)`

3.168.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1479 vs. $2(183) = 366$.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1479, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.51

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{3}{2}b^2c^3x^3\arccos(cx)/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) + \frac{3}{2}a^2b^3c^3/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) - \frac{9}{2}b^2\arccos(cx)^2\cos(a/b)^2\cos_integral(3a/b + 3\arccos(cx))\sin(a/b)/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) + \frac{9}{2}b^2\arccos(cx)^2\cos(a/b)^3\sin_integral(3a/b + 3\arccos(cx))/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) - 9ab\arccos(cx)\cos(a/b)^2\cos_integral(3a/b + 3\arccos(cx))\sin(a/b)/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) + 9ab\arccos(cx)\cos(a/b)^3\sin_integral(3a/b + 3\arccos(cx))/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{-c^2x^2 + 1}b^2c^2x^2/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) + \frac{9}{8}b^2\arccos(cx)^2\cos_integral(3a/b + 3\arccos(cx))\sin(a/b)/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) - \frac{9}{2}a^2\cos(a/b)^2\cos_integral(3a/b + 3\arccos(cx))\sin(a/b)/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) - \frac{1}{8}b^2\arccos(cx)^2\cos_integral(a/b + \arccos(cx))\sin(a/b)/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) - \frac{27}{8}b^2\arccos(cx)^2\cos(a/b)\sin_integral(3a/b + 3\arccos(cx))/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) + \frac{9}{2}a^2\cos(a/b)^3\sin_integral(3a/b + 3\arccos(cx))/(b^5c^3\arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4c^3\arccos(cx) + a^2b^3c^3) + \frac{1}{8}...$

3.168.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^3} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*acos(c*x))^3,x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + b*acos(c*x))^3, x)`

3.169 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$

3.169.1 Optimal result	1029
3.169.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1029
3.169.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1030
3.169.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1034
3.169.5 Fricas [F]	1035
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3.169.7 Maxima [F]	1035
3.169.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1036
3.169.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1036

3.169.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} - \frac{1}{2b^2c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x^2}{b^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^3c^2} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^3c^2}$$

```
output -1/2/b^2/c^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))+x^2/b^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))+cos(2*a/b)*Si(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)/b^3/c^2-Ci(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(2*a/b)/b^3/c^2+1/2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2
```

3.169.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \frac{\frac{b^2cx\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} + \frac{b(-1+2c^2x^2)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} - 2 \text{CosIntegral}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(2\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)\right)}{2b^3c^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output $((b^2*c*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2])/(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^2 + (b*(-1 + 2*c^2*x^2))/(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]) - 2*\text{CosIntegral}[2*(a/b + \text{ArcCos}[c*x])]*\text{Sin}[(2*a)/b] + 2*\text{Cos}[(2*a)/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[2*(a/b + \text{ArcCos}[c*x])])/(2*b^3*c^2)$

3.169.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.083$, Rules used = {5145, 5153, 5223, 5147, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5145 \\
 & -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx}{2bc} + \frac{c \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx}{b} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5153 \\
 & \frac{c \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx}{b} - \frac{1}{2b^2c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5223 \\
 & \frac{c \left(\frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{2 \int \frac{x}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} - \frac{1}{2b^2c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5147 \\
 & \frac{c \left(\frac{2 \int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2c^3} + \frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right)}{b} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{1}{2b^2c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & c \left(\frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{2b^2 c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 4906 \\
 & c \left(\frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{2(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{2b^2 c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & c \left(\frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{2b^2 c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3042 \\
 & c \left(\frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{2b^2 c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 3784 \\
 & c \left(\frac{-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{a+b \arccos(cx)} + \frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))}}{b^2 c^3} \right) \\
 & \frac{1}{2b^2 c^2(a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$

3.169. $\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& c \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right) \\
& \frac{1}{2b^2 c^2 (a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{b}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& c \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right) \\
& \frac{1}{2b^2 c^2 (a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{b}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
& c \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right) \\
& \frac{1}{2b^2 c^2 (a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{b}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{b} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3783} \\
& c \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{x^2}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right) \\
& \frac{1}{2b^2 c^2 (a+b \arccos(cx))} + \frac{b}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{b}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int [x/(a + b*ArcCos [c*x])^3, x]`

output `(x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(2*b*c*(a + b*ArcCos [c*x])^2) - 1/(2*b^2*c^2*(a + b*ArcCos [c*x])) + (c*(x^2/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCos [c*x]))) + (-CosIntegral [(2*(a + b*ArcCos [c*x]))/b]*Sin [(2*a)/b]) + Cos [(2*a)/b]*SinIntegral [(2*(a + b*ArcCos [c*x]))/b])/(b^2*c^3))/b`

3.169.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_) + (f_)*(x_)]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(m_)*Sin[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`
- rule 5145 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)]*(b_))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(−1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[−a/b + x/b]^m*sin[−a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c*(n + 1))^(−1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, −1]`

rule 5223 `Int((((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_)^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, −1]`

3.169.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(cx))}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))^2 b} - \frac{2 \arccos(cx) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) b - 2 \arccos(cx) \text{Si}\left(2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) b + 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) b}{c^2 (a+b \arccos(cx))^3}$
default	$\frac{\frac{\sin(2 \arccos(cx))}{4(a+b \arccos(cx))^2 b} - \frac{2 \arccos(cx) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) b - 2 \arccos(cx) \text{Si}\left(2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) b + 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(2 \arccos(cx) + \frac{2a}{b}\right) b}{c^2 (a+b \arccos(cx))^3}$

input `int(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c^2*(1/4*sin(2*arccos(c*x))/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/b-1/2*(2*arccos(c*x)*sin(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arccos(c*x)+2*a/b)*b-2*arccos(c*x)*Si(2*arccos(c*x)+2*a/b)*cos(2*a/b)*b+2*sin(2*a/b)*Ci(2*arccos(c*x)+2*a/b)*a-2*Si(2*arccos(c*x)+2*a/b)*cos(2*a/b)*a-cos(2*arccos(c*x))*b)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b^3)`

3.169.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/(b^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccos(c*x) + a^3), x)`

3.169.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral(x/(a + b*arccos(c*x))**3, x)`

3.169.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*a*c^2*x^2 + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*b*c*x + (2*b*c^2*x^2 - b)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) - 4*(b^4*c^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*c^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a^2*b^2*c^2)*integrate(x/(b^3*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b^2), x) - a)/(b^4*c^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*c^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a^2*b^2*c^2)`

3.169.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 860 vs. $2(124) = 248$.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 860, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.62

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b^2*c^2*x^2*arccos(c*x)/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) - 2*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) + 2*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) + a*b*c^2*x^2/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) - 4*a*b*arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) + 4*a*b*arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) - 2*a^2*cos(a/b)*cos_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) - b^2*arccos(c*x)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) + 2*a^2*cos(a/b)^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) + 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2*c*x/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) - 2*a*b*arccos(c*x)*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) - 1/2*b^2*arccos(c*x)/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2) - a^2*sin_integral(2*a/b + 2*arccos(c*x))/(b^5*c^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c^2)...`

3.169.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))^3,x)`

output `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))^3, x)`

3.170 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$

3.170.1 Optimal result	1037
3.170.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1037
3.170.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1038
3.170.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1041
3.170.5 Fricas [F]	1041
3.170.6 Sympy [F]	1042
3.170.7 Maxima [F]	1042
3.170.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1042
3.170.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1044

3.170.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 10, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{2bc(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} + \frac{x}{2b^2(a + b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2b^3c} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{2b^3c}$$

```
output 1/2*x/b^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))+1/2*cos(a/b)*Si((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)/b^3/c-1/2
*Ci((a+b*arccos(c*x))/b)*sin(a/b)/b^3/c+1/2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*ar
ccos(c*x))^2
```

3.170.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \frac{b(acx+b\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}+bcx \arccos(cx))}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} - \frac{\text{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{2b^3c}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-3), x]
```

output $((b*(a*c*x + b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2] + b*c*x*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]))/(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^2 - \text{CosIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcCos}[c*x]]*\text{Sin}[a/b] + \text{Cos}[a/b]*\text{SinIntegral}[a/b + \text{ArcCos}[c*x]])/(2*b^3*c)$

3.170.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {5133, 5223, 5135, 25, 3042, 3784, 25, 3042, 3780, 3783}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5133$$

$$\frac{c \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}$$

$$\downarrow 5223$$

$$\frac{c \left(\frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{bc} \right)}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}$$

$$\downarrow 5135$$

$$\frac{c \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right)}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{c \left(\frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2c^2} \right)}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}$$

$$\downarrow 3042$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{c \left(\frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} \right)}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3784} \\
& \frac{c \left(\frac{-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right)}{2b} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{c \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right)}{2b} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{c \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right)}{2b} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3780} \\
& \frac{c \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{a+b \arccos(cx)} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right)}{2b} + \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3783}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{c \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{CosIntegral}\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{x}{bc(a+b \arccos(cx))} \right)}{2b} + \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{2bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-3), x]`

output `Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/(2*b*c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2) + (c*(x/(b*c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])) + (-CosIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b]*Sin[a/b]) + Cos[a/b]*SinIntegral[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b])/(b^2*c^2))/(2*b)`

3.170.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3780 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[SinIntegral[e + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3783 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[CosIntegral[e - Pi/2 + f*x]/d, x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[d*(e - Pi/2) - c*f, 0]`

rule 3784 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 5133 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_, x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

```
rule 5135 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1)
  Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
  b, c, n}, x]
```

```
rule 5223 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)/Sqrt[(d_)
  + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
  ^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
  n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
  *ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
  *d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.170.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2(a+b \arccos(cx))^2b} + \frac{\arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b - \arccos(cx) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right) a - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right) a}{2(a+b \arccos(cx))b^3}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{2(a+b \arccos(cx))^2b} + \frac{\arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b - \arccos(cx) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right) b + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Si}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right) a - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{Ci}\left(\arccos(cx)+\frac{a}{b}\right) a}{2(a+b \arccos(cx))b^3}$

```
input int(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*(1/2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/b+1/2*(arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)
  )*Si(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*b-arccos(c*x)*sin(a/b)*Ci(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*b+cos(a/b)
  )*Si(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*a-sin(a/b)*Ci(arccos(c*x)+a/b)*a+x*b*c)/(a+b*arccos(
  c*x))/b^3)
```

3.170.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `integral(1/(b^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccos(c*x) + a^3), x)`

3.170.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*acos(c*x))**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acos(c*x))**(-3), x)`

3.170.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(b*c*x*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*c*x + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*b - 2*(b^4*c*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*c*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a^2*b^2*c)*integrate(1/2/(b^3*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b^2), x))/(b^4*c*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*c*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a^2*b^2*c)`

3.170.8 Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 481 vs. $2(101) = 202$.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.33

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = -\frac{b^2 \arccos(cx)^2 \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2(b^5 c \arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4 c \arccos(cx) + a^2 b^3 c)} + \frac{b^2 \arccos(cx)^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{2(b^5 c \arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4 c \arccos(cx) + a^2 b^3 c)} + \frac{b^2 cx \arccos(cx)}{2(b^5 c \arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4 c \arccos(cx) + a^2 b^3 c)} - \frac{ab \arccos(cx) \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^5 c \arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4 c \arccos(cx) + a^2 b^3 c} + \frac{ab \arccos(cx) \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{b^5 c \arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4 c \arccos(cx) + a^2 b^3 c} + \frac{abcx}{2(b^5 c \arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4 c \arccos(cx) + a^2 b^3 c)} - \frac{a^2 \operatorname{Ci}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2(b^5 c \arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4 c \arccos(cx) + a^2 b^3 c)} + \frac{a^2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{Si}\left(\frac{a}{b} + \arccos(cx)\right)}{2(b^5 c \arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4 c \arccos(cx) + a^2 b^3 c)} + \frac{\sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b^2}{2(b^5 c \arccos(cx)^2 + 2ab^4 c \arccos(cx) + a^2 b^3 c)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2*cos_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*c*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c) + 1/2*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^5*c*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c) + 1/2*b^2*c*x*arccos(c*x)/(b^5*c*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c) - a*b*arccos(c*x)*cos_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*c*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c) + a*b*arccos(c*x)*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^5*c*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c) + 1/2*a*b*c*x/(b^5*c*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c) - 1/2*a^2*cos_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))*sin(a/b)/(b^5*c*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c) + 1/2*a^2*cos(a/b)*sin_integral(a/b + arccos(c*x))/(b^5*c*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c) + 1/2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b^2/(b^5*c*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^4*c*arccos(c*x) + a^2*b^3*c)`

3.170.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*acos(c*x))^3,x)`output `int(1/(a + b*acos(c*x))^3, x)`

3.171 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$

3.171.1 Optimal result 1045
 3.171.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1045
 3.171.3 Rubi [N/A] 1046
 3.171.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1046
 3.171.5 Fricas [N/A] 1047
 3.171.6 Sympy [N/A] 1047
 3.171.7 Maxima [N/A] 1047
 3.171.8 Giac [N/A] 1048
 3.171.9 Mupad [N/A] 1048

3.171.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x)`

3.171.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3), x]`

3.171.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.171.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^m_.], x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.171.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x)`

output `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x)`

3.171.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(b^3*x*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x*arccos(c*x) + a^3*x), x)`**3.171.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x)`output `Integral(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^3), x)`**3.171.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/2*(\sqrt{c*x + 1}*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}*b*c*x + b*\arctan2(\sqrt{c*x + 1}*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}, c*x) + 2*(b^4*c^2*x^2*\arctan2(\sqrt{c*x + 1}*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}, c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*c^2*x^2*\arctan2(\sqrt{c*x + 1}*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}, c*x) + a^2*b^2*c^2*x^2)*\integrate(1/(b^3*c^2*x^3*\arctan2(\sqrt{c*x + 1}*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}, c*x) + a*b^2*c^2*x^3), x) + a)/(b^4*c^2*x^2*\arctan2(\sqrt{c*x + 1}*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}, c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*c^2*x^2*\arctan2(\sqrt{c*x + 1}*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}, c*x) + a^2*b^2*c^2*x^2)$

3.171.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^3*x), x)`

3.171.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^3),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^3), x)`

$$\mathbf{3.172} \quad \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

3.172.1 Optimal result	1049
3.172.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1049
3.172.3 Rubi [N/A]	1050
3.172.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1050
3.172.5 Fricas [N/A]	1051
3.172.6 Sympy [N/A]	1051
3.172.7 Maxima [N/A]	1051
3.172.8 Giac [N/A]	1052
3.172.9 Mupad [N/A]	1052

3.172.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x)`

3.172.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 24.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3), x]`

3.172.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3), x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.172.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^m_.], x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.172.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x)`

3.172.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(1/(b^3*x^2*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*x^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*x^2*arccos(c*x) + a^3*x^2), x)`**3.172.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*acos(c*x))**3,x)`output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*acos(c*x))**3), x)`**3.172.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 284, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(a*c^2*x^2 - sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*b*c*x + (b*c^2*x^2 - 2*b)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + 2*(b^4*c^2*x^3*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*c^2*x^3*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a^2*b^2*c^2*x^3)*integrate(1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 6)/(b^3*c^2*x^4*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b^2*c^2*x^4), x) - 2*a)/(b^4*c^2*x^3*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 2*a*b^3*c^2*x^3*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a^2*b^2*c^2*x^3)`

3.172.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^3*x^2), x)`

3.172.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^3),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^3), x)`

3.173 $\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$

3.173.1 Optimal result	1053
3.173.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1054
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3.173.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1058

3.173.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 242

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{12c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{12c^3}$$

output

```
-1/72*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))
*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^3-1/72*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(3*a/b)*b^(1/2)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^3-1/8*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^3-1/8*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^3+1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)
```

3.173.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{ibe^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} \left(-9e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + 9e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + \dots \right)}{72c^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]],x]`

output `((-1/72*I)*b*(-9*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + 9*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + Sqrt[3]*(-(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]) + E^(((6*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]))/(c^3*E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])`

3.173.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {5141, 5225, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\ & \frac{1}{6}bc \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\ & \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) \\
& \frac{1}{3}x^3\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \\
& \frac{1}{3}x^3\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} + \frac{3\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \\
& \frac{1}{3}x^3\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{6c^3}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x]`

output `(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/3 - ((3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2)/(6*c^3)`

3.173.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.173.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

method	result
default	$\frac{9 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} b - \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\dots}$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/72/c^3/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*(9*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*b-cos(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*b-9*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*cos(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*b+sin(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*b+18*arccos(c*x)*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*b+18*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*a+6*arccos(c*x)*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*b+6*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*a)`

3.173.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.173.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*acos(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*sqrt(a + b*acos(c*x)), x)`

3.173.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + ax^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*x^2, x)`

3.173.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1057, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.37

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c^3) + 1/16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c^3) + 1/8*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c^3) + 1/16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c^3) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b + I*sqrt(6)*b^2/abs(b))*c^3) + 1/24*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b + I*sqrt(6)*b^2/abs(b))*c^3) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b - I*sqrt(6)*b^2/abs(b))*c^3) + 1/24*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b...
```

3.173.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

3.174 $\int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$

3.174.1 Optimal result	1059
3.174.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1059
3.174.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1060
3.174.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1062
3.174.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	1062
3.174.6 Sympy [F]	1062
3.174.7 Maxima [F]	1063
3.174.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1063
3.174.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1064

3.174.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{4c^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{8c^2}$$

```
output -1/8*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^2-1/8*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*b^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^2-1/4*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/c^2+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)
```

3.174.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} \cos(2 \arccos(cx)) - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8c^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]*Cos[2*ArcCos[c*x]] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/(8*c^2)`

3.174.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.357$, Rules used = {5141, 5225, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{1}{4}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{4c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{4c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3793} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{4c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}x^2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{4c^2}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/2 - (Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]] + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/2)/(4*c^2)`

3.174.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m+1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m+1)) Int[x^(m+1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n-1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m+1))^(n-1)*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p+1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.174.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

method	result
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}} b}\right) b + \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}} b}\right)}{8c^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/8/c^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*(-Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*b+Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*b+2*arccos(c*x)*cos(-2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+2*a/b)*b+2*cos(-2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+2*a/b)*a)`

3.174.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.174.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*sqrt(a + b*arccos(c*x)), x)`

3.174.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*x, x)`

3.174.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\begin{aligned} \int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = & -\frac{i \sqrt{\pi} a \sqrt{b} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|}\right) e^{\left(\frac{2ia}{b}\right)}}{4 \left(b + \frac{ib^2}{|b|}\right) c^2} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} b^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|}\right) e^{\left(\frac{2ia}{b}\right)}}{16 \left(b + \frac{ib^2}{|b|}\right) c^2} \\ & + \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} a \sqrt{b} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{2ia}{b}\right)}}{4 \left(b - \frac{ib^2}{|b|}\right) c^2} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} b^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{2ia}{b}\right)}}{16 \left(b - \frac{ib^2}{|b|}\right) c^2} \\ & - \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} a \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{2ia}{b}\right)}}{4 c^2 \left(\sqrt{b} - \frac{ib^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|}\right)} \\ & + \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} a \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|}\right) e^{\left(\frac{2ia}{b}\right)}}{4 \sqrt{b} c^2 \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a} e^{(2i \arccos(cx))}}{8 c^2} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a} e^{(-2i \arccos(cx))}}{8 c^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b + I*b^2/abs(b))*c^2) + 1/16*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b + I*b^2/abs(b))*c^2) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*sqrt(b)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b - I*b^2/abs(b))*c^2) + 1/16*sqrt(pi)*b^(3/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b - I*b^2/abs(b))*c^2) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/(c^2*(sqrt(b) - I*b^(3/2)/abs(b))) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/(sqrt(b)*c^2*(I*b/abs(b) + 1)) + 1/8*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*e^(2*I*arccos(c*x))/c^2 + 1/8*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*e^(-2*I*arccos(c*x))/c^2`

3.174.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

3.175 $\int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$

3.175.1 Optimal result	1065
3.175.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1065
3.175.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1066
3.175.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1069
3.175.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	1069
3.175.6 Sympy [F]	1069
3.175.7 Maxima [F]	1070
3.175.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1070
3.175.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1071

3.175.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 121

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = x\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{c}$$

```
output -1/2*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*b
^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c-1/2*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(
1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*b^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c+x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/
2)
```

3.175.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \frac{i b e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left(-\sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) \right)}{2c\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x]`

output $((-1/2*I)*b*(-(\text{Sqrt}[\((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])])/b]*\text{Gamma}[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])/b]) + E^{\(((2*I)*a)/b}*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])/b]*\text{Gamma}[3/2, (I*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])/b)]))/(c*E^{\((I*a)/b}*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]])$

3.175.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {5131, 5225, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx + x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
 & x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.175. $\int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}}{2c} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3785} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} + 2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2c} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3786} \\
 & \frac{2\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} + 2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2c} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3832} \\
 & \frac{2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2c} \\
 & \downarrow \text{3833} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x]`

output `x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]] - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/(2*c)`

3.175.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.175.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result
default	$\frac{-\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}b+\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2c\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2/c/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*(-FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*cos(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*b+sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*b+2*arccos(c*x)*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*b+2*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*a)`**3.175.5 Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`**3.175.6 Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*acos(c*x)), x)`

3.175.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.175.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 531, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.39

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = & -\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}ab \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{2\left(\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)c} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}b^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{4\left(\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)c} \\ & + \frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}ab \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{2\left(-\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)c} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\pi}b^2 \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{4\left(-\frac{ib^2}{\sqrt{|b|}} + b\sqrt{|b|}\right)c} \\ & + \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}a \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{c\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)} \\ & - \frac{i\sqrt{\pi}a \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{i\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b}\right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{c\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|}\right)} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}e^{(i \arccos(cx))}}{2c} \\ & + \frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}e^{(-i \arccos(cx))}}{2c} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + 1/4*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + I*sqrt(pi)*a*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(c*(I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - I*sqrt(pi)*a*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(c*(-I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) + 1/2*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*e^(I*arccos(c*x))/c + 1/2*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*e^(-I*arccos(c*x))/c`

3.175.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

3.176 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx$

3.176.1 Optimal result 1072
 3.176.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1072
 3.176.3 Rubi [N/A] 1073
 3.176.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1073
 3.176.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1074
 3.176.6 Sympy [N/A] 1074
 3.176.7 Maxima [N/A] 1074
 3.176.8 Giac [N/A] 1075
 3.176.9 Mupad [N/A] 1075

3.176.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x,x)`

3.176.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]/x,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]/x, x]`

3.176.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]/x,x]`output `$Aborted`**3.176.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.176.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x,x)`output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x,x)`

3.176.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.176.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*arccos(c*x))/x, x)`

3.176.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/x, x)`

3.176.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/x, x)`**3.176.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x, x)`

3.177 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx$

3.177.1 Optimal result 1076
 3.177.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1076
 3.177.3 Rubi [N/A] 1077
 3.177.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1077
 3.177.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1078
 3.177.6 Sympy [N/A] 1078
 3.177.7 Maxima [N/A] 1078
 3.177.8 Giac [N/A] 1079
 3.177.9 Mupad [N/A] 1079

3.177.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

3.177.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]/x^2, x]`

3.177.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]/x^2,x]`output `$Aborted`**3.177.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
 :-> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m,
 n}, x]`

3.177.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

3.177.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.177.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*arccos(c*x))/x**2, x)`

3.177.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)`

3.177.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/x^2, x)`**3.177.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/x^2, x)`

3.178 $\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx$

3.178.1 Optimal result	1080
3.178.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1081
3.178.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1082
3.178.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1088
3.178.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	1089
3.178.6 Sympy [F]	1089
3.178.7 Maxima [F]	1090
3.178.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1090
3.178.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1091

3.178.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 313

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = & -\frac{b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{3c^3} \\
 & - \frac{bx^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{6c} \\
 & + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} + \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8c^3} \\
 & + \frac{b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{24c^3} \\
 & - \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{8c^3} \\
 & - \frac{b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{24c^3}
 \end{aligned}$$

output $\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2} + \frac{1}{144}b^{3/2}\cos(3a/b)\text{FresnelS}(6^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})6^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/c^3 - \frac{1}{144}b^{3/2}\text{FresnelC}(6^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})\sin(3a/b)6^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/c^3 + \frac{3}{16}b^{3/2}\cos(a/b)\text{FresnelS}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})2^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/c^3 - \frac{3}{16}b^{3/2}\text{FresnelC}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b^{1/2})\sin(a/b)2^{1/2}\text{Pi}^{1/2}/c^3 - \frac{1}{3}b(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/c^3 - \frac{1}{6}b^2x^2(-c^2x^2+1)^{1/2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/c$

3.178.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 7.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 555, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{iabe^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} \left(-9e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + 9e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{i(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + \sqrt{3} \right) + 72c^3 \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b} \left(18\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} (3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} - 2cx \arccos(cx)) - 9\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (3b \cos\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2),x]`

output $((-1/72I)*a*b*(-9E^{((2I)*a)/b}*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + 9E^{((4I)*a)/b}*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + Sqrt[3]*(-(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-3I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]) + E^{((6I)*a)/b}*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((3I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]))/(c^3E^{((3I)*a)/b}*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]) - (Sqrt[b]*(18*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]*(3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] - 2*c*x*ArcCos[c*x]) - 9*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(3*b*Cos[a/b] + 2*a*Sin[a/b]) - 9*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(2*a*Cos[a/b] - 3*b*Sin[a/b]) - Sqrt[6*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(b*Cos[(3*a)/b] + 2*a*Sin[(3*a)/b]) - Sqrt[6*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(2*a*Cos[(3*a)/b] - b*Sin[(3*a)/b]) + 6*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]*(-2*ArcCos[c*x]*Cos[3*ArcCos[c*x]] + Sin[3*ArcCos[c*x]])))/(144*c^3)$

3.178.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 423, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 18, number of rules used = 17, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.062$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5147, 25, 4906, 2009, 5183, 5135, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{b \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{6c} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^4} + \frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{1}{2}bc \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^4} + \frac{2 \int \frac{x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{3c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{\int \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{6c^4} + \frac{2 \int \frac{x\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} + \frac{-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 5183

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} + \frac{-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 5135

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} + \frac{-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \right)$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} + \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} + \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3787

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\cos(\frac{a}{b}) \int \frac{\sin(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)})}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin(\frac{a}{b}) \int \frac{\sin(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2})}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\cos(\frac{a}{b}) \int \frac{\sin(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)})}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - 2 \sin(\frac{a}{b}) \int \cos(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{2 \cos(\frac{a}{b}) \int \sin(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - 2 \sin(\frac{a}{b}) \int \cos(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos(\frac{a}{b}) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2 \sin(\frac{a}{b}) \int \cos(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{1}{2}bc \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{5a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{6c^4} \right) + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(x^3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2))/3 + (b*c*(-1/3*(x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/c^2 + (2*(-((Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/c^2) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/(2*c^2)))/(3*c^2) + ((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2)/(6*c^4))/2`

3.178.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b
.)*(x)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x
]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IG
tQ[p, 0]`

rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1)
Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x
^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x
^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-
(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Ssin[-a/b + x/b], x], x
, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`


```
rule 5183 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

```
rule 5211 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]
```

3.178.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 547 vs. $2(241) = 482$.

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 548, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
default	$\frac{-\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}}b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} b^2 - 27\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}b}\right)}{\dots}$

```
input int(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/144/c^3/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*sin(3*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^2-27*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^2-27*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^2-(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^2+36*arccos(c*x)^2*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*b^2+12*arccos(c*x)^2*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*b^2+72*arccos(c*x)*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*a*b+54*arccos(c*x)*sin(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*b^2+24*arccos(c*x)*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*a*b+6*arccos(c*x)*sin(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*b^2+36*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*a^2+54*sin(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*a*b+12*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*a^2+6*sin(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*a*b)
```

3.178.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.178.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**2*(a+b*acos(c*x))**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**2*(a + b*acos(c*x))**(3/2), x)
```

3.178.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \arccos(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2)*x^2, x)`

3.178.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1967, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.28

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/8*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)
/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a
/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))c^3) + 1/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a
*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)
*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) +
b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))c^3) + 1/8*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*
sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)
*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))c^3)
+ 1/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sq
rt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b
)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))c^3) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(3
/2)*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(
b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b^2 + I*sqrt(6)*b
^3/abs(b))*c^3) + 1/12*sqrt(pi)*a*b^(5/2)*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c
*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e
^(3*I*a/b)/((sqrt(6)*b^2 + I*sqrt(6)*b^3/abs(b))*c^3) - 1/8*sqrt(2)*sqrt(p
i)*a*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sq
rt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)
) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))c^3) - 3/32*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*
sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + ...
```

3.178.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(3/2),x)`output `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

3.179 $\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx$

3.179.1 Optimal result	1092
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3.179.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{3bx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{8c} - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{4c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} + \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{32c^2}$$

$$- \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{32c^2}$$

```
output -1/4*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/c^2+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)+3/32*b^(3/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/c^2-3/32*b^(3/2)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/c^2-3/8*b*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/c
```

3.179.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{32c^2}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output $(3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos[cx]}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right]/(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}) - 3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\pi}\text{FresnelC}\left[\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos[cx]}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right]/(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi})\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) + 2\sqrt{a+b\arccos[cx]}(4a\cos[2\arccos[cx]] + 4b\arccos[cx]\cos[2\arccos[cx]] - 3b\sin[2\arccos[cx]])/(32c^2)$

3.179.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.071$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5147, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833, 5153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\ & \frac{3}{4}bc \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\ & \frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{4c} - \frac{x\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{4c^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{4c^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 4906

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{4c^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{8c^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(-\frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{8c^3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3787

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{8c^3} + \frac{\int \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{8c^3} + \frac{\int \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{8c^3} + \frac{\int \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - 2\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{8c^3} + \frac{\int \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{2\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - 2\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{8c^3} + \frac{\int \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right) \\ \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2}}{8c^3} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2} \right)$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8c^3}}{2c^2} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2} \right)$$

↓ 5153

$$\frac{3}{4}bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{8c^3} - \frac{(a+b\arccos(cx))}{3bc^3} + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2} \right)$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2))/2 + (3*b*c*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/c^2 - (a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)/(3*b*c^3) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/(8*c^3))/4`

3.179.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] /;$ FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
 $Q[u, x]$

rule 3785 $\text{Int}[\sin[\text{Pi}/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

rule 3786 $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{Sin}[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, \text{Sqrt}[c + d*x]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

rule 3787 $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)]/\text{Sqrt}[(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Cos}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{ Int}[\text{Sin}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x], x] + \text{Simp}[\text{Sin}[(d*e - c*f)/d] \text{ Int}[\text{Cos}[c*(f/d) + f*x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d*x], x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]

rule 3832 $\text{Int}[\text{Sin}[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelS}[\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /;$ FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

rule 3833 $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}/2]/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelC}[\text{Sqrt}[2/\text{Pi}]*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /;$ FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]

rule 4906 $\text{Int}[\text{Cos}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(m_.)*\text{Sin}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)]^{(n_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandTrigReduce}[(c + d*x)^m, \text{Sin}[a + b*x]^{n*} \text{Cos}[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]

rule 5141 $\text{Int}[(a_. + \text{ArcCos}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)*x_^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)*((a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^n/(m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[b*c*(n/(m+1)) \text{ Int}[x^{(m+1)*((a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^{(n-1)}/\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]

rule 5147 $\text{Int}[(a_. + \text{ArcCos}[(c_.)(x_)]*(b_.))^{(n_.)*x_^{(m_.)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-(b*c^{(m+1)})^{(-1)} \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^n*\text{Cos}[-a/b + x/b]^m*\text{Sin}[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]], x] /;$ FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^m*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

3.179.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 280 vs. $2(134) = 268$.

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

method	result
default	$\frac{-3\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)b^2-3\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}}}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{32}c^{-2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}(-3(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}\pi^{1/2}(-1/b)^{1/2}\operatorname{FresnelC}(2\sqrt{2}^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}/(-2/b)^{1/2})(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b)\sin(2a/b)*b^2-3(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}\pi^{1/2}(-1/b)^{1/2}\cos(2a/b)*\operatorname{FresnelS}(2\sqrt{2}^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}/(-2/b)^{1/2})(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b)*b^2+8\arccos(cx)^2\cos(-2(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*b^2+16\arccos(cx)\cos(-2(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*a+b*6\arccos(cx)\sin(-2(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*b^2+8\cos(-2(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*a^2+6\sin(-2(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*a*b)$$

3.179.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.179.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))**(3/2), x)`

3.179.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \arccos(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2)*x, x)`

3.179.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 845, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.91

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(3/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(b))*c^2) + 1/8*sqrt(pi)*a*b^(5/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(b))*c^2) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(3/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^2 - I*b^3/abs(b))*c^2) + 1/8*sqrt(pi)*a*b^(5/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^2 - I*b^3/abs(b))*c^2) - 1/8*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) + I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*c^2) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*c^2) - 1/8*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*c^2) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^2*sqrt(b)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b + I*b^2/abs(b))*c^2) - 3/64*I*sqrt(pi)*b^(5/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b + I*b^2/abs(b))*c^2) + 3/64*I*sqrt(pi)*b^(5/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b - I*b^2/abs(b))*c^2) + ...
```

3.179.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

3.180 $\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx$

3.180.1 Optimal result	1101
3.180.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1101
3.180.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1102
3.180.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1106
3.180.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	1106
3.180.6 Sympy [F]	1107
3.180.7 Maxima [F]	1107
3.180.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1107
3.180.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1108

3.180.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 159

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = -\frac{3b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{2c} + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} + \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2c} - \frac{3b^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2c}$$

```
output x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)+3/4*b^(3/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c-3/4*b^(3/2)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c-3/2*b*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/c
```

3.180.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 289, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\left(2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}(-3\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} + 2cx \arccos(cx)) + \frac{2ia\sqrt{b}e^{-\frac{ia}{b}}\left(\sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}}\right)}{\dots}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]*(-3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 2*c*x*ArcCos[c*x]) + ((2*I)*a*Sqrt[b]*(Sqrt[(-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b] - E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b)]))/(E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]) + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(3*b*Cos[a/b] + 2*a*Sin[a/b]) + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(2*a*Cos[a/b] - 3*b*Sin[a/b]))/(4*c)`

3.180.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {5131, 5183, 5135, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}bc \int \frac{x\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}bc \left(-\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right) + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\
 & \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right) + x(a + \\
 & \quad b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right) + x(a + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad b\arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right) + x(a + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad b\arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3787} \\
& \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right) + x(a + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad b\arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right) + x(a + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad b\arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right) + x(a + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad b\arccos(cx))^{3/2} \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{3785} \\
& \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - 2\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{c^2} \right) + x(a + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \text{3786} \\ & \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3832} \\ & \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \right) \\ & \downarrow \text{3833} \\ & \frac{3}{2}bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2) + (3*b*c*(-((Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/c^2) + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/(2*c^2)))/2`

3.180.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^n*(x_)*((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

3.180.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. $2(123) = 246$.

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

method	result
default	$-3\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}b^2-3\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{4}c/(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}*(-3*(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}*\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}/(-1/b)^{1/2}*(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b)*(-1/b)^{1/2}*\text{Pi}^{1/2}*2^{1/2}*b^2-3*(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}*\sin(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^{1/2}/\text{Pi}^{1/2}/(-1/b)^{1/2}*(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b)*(-1/b)^{1/2}*\text{Pi}^{1/2}*2^{1/2})*b^2+4*\arccos(cx)^2*\cos(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)*b^2+8*\arccos(cx)*\cos(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)*a*b+6*\arccos(cx)*\sin(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)*b^2+4*\cos(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)*a^2+6*\sin(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)*a*b)$$

3.180.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.180.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acos(c*x))**(3/2), x)`

3.180.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (b \arccos(cx) + a)^{3/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

3.180.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 993, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.25

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)
/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a
/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b
^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*s
qrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^
2*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt
(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqr
t(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + 1/2
*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs
(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I
*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a*b^2*erf(
-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*a
rccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(ab
s(b)))*c) - 3/8*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*
x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b
)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi
)*a*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(
2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)
) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + 3/8*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt
(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*...
```

3.180.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

3.181 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx$

3.181.1 Optimal result 1109
 3.181.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1109
 3.181.3 Rubi [N/A] 1110
 3.181.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1110
 3.181.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1111
 3.181.6 Sympy [N/A] 1111
 3.181.7 Maxima [N/A] 1111
 3.181.8 Giac [N/A] 1112
 3.181.9 Mupad [N/A] 1112

3.181.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x,x)`

3.181.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)/x, x]`

3.181.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.181.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.181.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x,x)`

3.181.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.181.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))**(3/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arccos(c*x))**(3/2)/x, x)`

3.181.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2)/x, x)`

3.181.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2)/x, x)`**3.181.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x, x)`

3.182 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

3.182.1 Optimal result 1113
 3.182.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1113
 3.182.3 Rubi [N/A] 1114
 3.182.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1114
 3.182.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1115
 3.182.6 Sympy [N/A] 1115
 3.182.7 Maxima [N/A] 1115
 3.182.8 Giac [N/A] 1116
 3.182.9 Mupad [N/A] 1116

3.182.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

3.182.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)/x^2, x]`

3.182.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.182.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
 :> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.182.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

3.182.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.182.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arccos(c*x))**(3/2)/x**2, x)`

3.182.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

3.182.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`**3.182.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

3.183 $\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$

3.183.1 Optimal result	1117
3.183.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1118
3.183.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1119
3.183.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1127
3.183.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	1128
3.183.6 Sympy [F]	1128
3.183.7 Maxima [F]	1128
3.183.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1129
3.183.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1129

3.183.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 358

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = -\frac{5b^2x\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{6c^2} - \frac{5}{36}b^2x^3\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}$$

$$- \frac{5b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{9c^3} - \frac{5bx^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{18c}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} + \frac{15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{16c^3} + \frac{5b^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{144c^3}$$

output

```
1/3*x^3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)+5/864*b^(5/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/
Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^3+5/864*b^(5/
2)*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(3*a/b)*6
^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^3+15/32*b^(5/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*
arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^3+15/32*b^(5/2)*FresnelS(2^
(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/
c^3-5/9*b*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c^3-5/18*b*x^2*(a+b*a
rccos(c*x))^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c-5/6*b^2*x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/c
^2-5/36*b^2*x^3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)
```

3.183.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 10.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 956, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx =$$

$$\frac{ia^2be^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} \left(-9e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + 9e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + \sqrt{\frac{72c^3 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{b}} \right)}{a\sqrt{b} \left(18\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} (3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} - 2cx \arccos(cx)) - 9\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (3b \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) + 2a \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)) - 9\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (2a \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) - 3b \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)) - \sqrt{6\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6/\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (b \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) + 2a \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)) - \sqrt{6\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6/\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (2a \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) - b \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)) + 6\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} (-2 \arccos(cx) \cos[3 \arccos(cx)] + \sin[3 \arccos(cx)]) \right)}{\sqrt{b} \left(27 \left(2\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} (-2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a - 5b \arccos(cx)) - bcx (-15 + 4 \arccos(cx)^2)) + \sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2/\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) ((4a^2 - 15b^2) \cos[a/b] - 12ab \sin[a/b]) + \sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2/\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) (12ab \cos[a/b] + (4a^2 - 15b^2) \sin[a/b]) \right) + \sqrt{6\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{6/\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) ((12a^2 - 5b^2) \cos[3a/b] - 12ab \sin[3a/b]) \right)}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2),x]`

```
output ((-1/72*I)*a^2*b*(-9*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + 9*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + Sqrt[3]*(-(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]) + E^(((6*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]))/(c^3*E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]) - (a*Sqrt[b]*(18*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]*(3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] - 2*c*x*ArcCos[c*x]) - 9*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(3*b*Cos[a/b] + 2*a*Sin[a/b]) - 9*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(2*a*Cos[a/b] - 3*b*Sin[a/b]) - Sqrt[6*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(b*Cos[(3*a)/b] + 2*a*Sin[(3*a)/b]) - Sqrt[6*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(2*a*Cos[(3*a)/b] - b*Sin[(3*a)/b]) + 6*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]*(-2*ArcCos[c*x]*Cos[3*ArcCos[c*x]] + Sin[3*ArcCos[c*x]])))/(72*c^3) - (Sqrt[b]*(27*(2*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]*(-2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a - 5*b*ArcCos[c*x]) - b*c*x*(-15 + 4*ArcCos[c*x]^2)) + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*((4*a^2 - 15*b^2)*Cos[a/b] - 12*a*b*Sin[a/b]) + Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*(12*a*b*Cos[a/b] + (4*a^2 - 15*b^2)*Sin[a/b])) + Sqrt[6*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*((12*a^2 - 5*b...
```

3.183.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 473, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5141, 5183, 5131, 5225, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3793, 2009, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{5}{6}bc \int \frac{x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5211} \\
 & \frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{b \int x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx}{2c} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{3c^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5141} \\
 & \frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{2 \int \frac{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{6}bc \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{2c} - \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{3c^2} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5183} \\
 & \frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3b \int \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{6}bc \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx + \frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{2c} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5131}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx + x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} \right)}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{c^2} \right)}{3c^2} - \frac{b \left(\frac{1}{6}bc \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx \right)}{3c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 5225

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^3\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2c} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2c} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right) - \frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3787

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2c} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3b \left(x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2} \right)}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 25

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2c} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3b \left(x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2} \right)}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2c} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3b \left(x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2} \right)}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2c} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3b \left(x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2} \right)}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2c} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3b \left(x \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x}}{3c^2} \right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{6c^3} \right)}{2c} + \frac{2 \left(\frac{3b \left(x \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x}}{3c^2} \right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{3b \left(x \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} + 2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x}}{3c^2} \right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{2 \left(\frac{3b \left(x \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} + \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2} x^2}{2c} \right)}{3c^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{5}{6}bc \left(\frac{b \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2),x]`

```
output (x^3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2))/3 + (5*b*c*(-1/3*(x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a
+ b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2))/c^2 + (2*(-((Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]
)^(3/2))/c^2) - (3*b*(x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]] - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[
a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt
[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/(2
*c)))/(2*c)))/(3*c^2) - (b*((x^3*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/3 - ((3*Sqrt[b]*
Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]
)/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*Arc
Cos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 + (3*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a
+ b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelS[(Sq
rt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2)/(6*c^3))/(2*c
)))/6
```

3.183.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := S
imp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3787 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(2)], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(2))^p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^(2))^p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*(m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

```
rule 5225 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(1 - m)*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c
^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x],
x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e
, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]
```

3.183.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 797 vs. $2(278) = 556$.

Time = 2.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 798, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

method	result	size
default	Expression too large to display	798

```
input int(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/864/c^3/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*(405*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c
*x))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x
))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*b^3-405*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*
sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b
)*2^(1/2)*b^3+5*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1
/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*
b^3-5*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1
/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*b^3+216*a
rccos(c*x)^3*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*b^3+72*arccos(c*x)^3*cos(-3*(a+
b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*b^3+648*arccos(c*x)^2*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b
)*a*b^2+540*arccos(c*x)^2*sin(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*b^3+216*arccos(c*x
)^2*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*a*b^2+60*arccos(c*x)^2*sin(-3*(a+b*a
rccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*b^3+648*arccos(c*x)*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*a^2
*b-810*arccos(c*x)*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*b^3+1080*arccos(c*x)*sin(
-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*a*b^2+216*arccos(c*x)*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b
+3*a/b)*a^2*b-30*arccos(c*x)*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*b^3+120*arc
cos(c*x)*sin(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*a*b^2+216*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x)
)/b+a/b)*a^3-810*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*a*b^2+540*sin(-(a+b*arccos(
c*x))/b+a/b)*a^2*b+72*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*a^3-30*cos(-3*(a+b
*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*a*b^2+60*sin(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+3*a/b)*a^2*b...
```


3.183.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.183.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))**(5/2), x)`

3.183.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2} x^2 dx$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2)*x^2, x)`

3.183.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2778, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.76

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/576*(72*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x)
) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*
e^(I*a/b)/(I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b))) - 72*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*
a^3*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(
2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b))
+ b^2*sqrt(abs(b))) - 216*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqr
t(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sq
rt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b))) - 216*sqrt(2
)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b))
- 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(-I*b^2/s
qrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b))) - 24*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*b^2*arccos(c*x)
^2*e^(3*I*arccos(c*x)) - 72*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2*e^(I
*arccos(c*x)) - 72*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2*e^(-I*arccos(
c*x)) - 24*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2*e^(-3*I*arccos(c*x))
- 144*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) -
1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(3*I*a/b)/(sqrt(6)
*b^(3/2) + I*sqrt(6)*b^(5/2)/abs(b)) + 144*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b*erf(-1/2*sqrt(
6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + 1/2*I*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)
*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-3*I*a/b)/(sqrt(6)*b^(3/2) - I*sqrt(6)*b^(5/2)/abs(b))
+ 144*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*sqrt(b)*erf(-1/2*sqrt(6)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/...
```

3.183.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \int x^2(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^2*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(5/2), x)`

3.184 $\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$

3.184.1 Optimal result	1130
3.184.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1131
3.184.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1131
3.184.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1134
3.184.5 Fracas [F(-2)]	1135
3.184.6 Sympy [F]	1136
3.184.7 Maxima [F]	1136
3.184.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1136
3.184.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1137

3.184.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 216

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{15b^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{64c^2} - \frac{15}{32} b^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}$$

$$- \frac{5bx \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{8c} - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{4c^2}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} x^2 (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} + \frac{15b^{5/2} \sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{128c^2} + \frac{15b^{5/2} \sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{128c^2}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/c^2+1/2*x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)+15/128*b^(5/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/c^2+15/128*b^(5/2)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/c^2-5/8*b*x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c+15/64*b^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/c^2-15/32*b^2*x^2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)
```

3.184.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + 15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(15*b^(5/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] + 15*b^(5/2)*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b] + 2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]*((16*a^2 - 15*b^2)*Cos[2*ArcCos[c*x]] + 16*b^2*ArcCos[c*x]^2*Cos[2*ArcCos[c*x]] - 20*a*b*Sin[2*ArcCos[c*x]] + 4*b*ArcCos[c*x]*(8*a*Cos[2*ArcCos[c*x]] - 5*b*Sin[2*ArcCos[c*x]])))/(128*c^2)`

3.184.3 Rubi [A] (verified)Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$, Rules used = {5141, 5211, 5141, 5153, 5225, 3042, 3793, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5141}$$

$$\frac{5}{4}bc \int \frac{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5211}$$

$$\frac{5}{4}bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{3b \int x \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx}{4c} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{2c^2} \right) +$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5141}$$

$$\frac{5}{4}bc \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{4}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} \right)}{4c} + \frac{\int \frac{(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{2c^2} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 5153

$$\frac{5}{4}bc \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{4}bc \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx + \frac{1}{2}x^2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} \right)}{4c} - \frac{(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{5bc^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 5225

$$\frac{5}{4}bc \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{4c} - \frac{(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{5bc^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{4}bc \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)^2}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{4c} - \frac{(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{5bc^3} - \frac{x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2c^2} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3793

$$\frac{5}{4}bc \left(\frac{3b \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{4c} - \frac{\int \left(\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{4c^2} \right)}{5bc^3} - \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))}{5bc^3} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{5}{4}bc \left(\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{5bc^3} - \frac{3b \left(\frac{\frac{1}{2}x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{4c} - \frac{\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{4c^2} \right)}{4c} \right) - \frac{1}{2}x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2))/2 + (5*b*c*(-1/2*(x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2))/c^2 - (a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)/(5*b*c^3) - (3*b*((x^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]))/2 - (Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]] + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])])*Sin[(2*a)/b])/2)/(4*c^2))/(4*c))/4`

3.184.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3793 `Int[((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)]^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[e + f*x]^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 1] && (!RationalQ[m] || (GeQ[m, -1] && LtQ[m, 1]))`

rule 5141 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_.)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(m + 1)), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1))/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_)/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c*(n + 1))^(-1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5211 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*(f*x)^(m - 1)*(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(e*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] + (Simp[f^2*((m - 1)/(c^2*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(f*x)^(m - 2)*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x], x] - Simp[b*f*(n/(c*(m + 2*p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[m, 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_)*(x_.)^(m_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_.)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.184.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 407 vs. $2(170) = 340$.

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
default	$15\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}b}}\right)b^3 - 15\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}b}}\right)$

input `int(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{128}c^2/(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}*(15*(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}*Pi^{1/2}*(-1/b)^{1/2}*\cos(2a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2*2^{1/2}/Pi^{1/2}/(-2/b)^{1/2}*(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b)*b^3 - 15*(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}*Pi^{1/2}*(-1/b)^{1/2}*\sin(2a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2*2^{1/2}/Pi^{1/2}/(-2/b)^{1/2}*(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b)*b^3 + 32*\arccos(cx)^3*\cos(-2*(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*b^3 + 96*\arccos(cx)^2*\cos(-2*(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*a*b^2 + 40*\arccos(cx)^2*\sin(-2*(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*b^3 + 96*\arccos(cx)*\cos(-2*(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*a^2*b - 30*\arccos(cx)*\cos(-2*(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*b^3 + 80*\arccos(cx)*\sin(-2*(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*a*b^2 + 32*\cos(-2*(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*a^3 - 30*\cos(-2*(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*a*b^2 + 40*\sin(-2*(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+2a/b)*a^2*b)$

3.184.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.184.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*acos(c*x))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))**(5/2), x)`

3.184.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2)*x, x)`

3.184.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1307, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.05

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^(3/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(
b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(b))*c^2)
+ 3/8*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(5/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b
*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^2 + I*b^3/abs(b))*c^2) +
1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^(3/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(
b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^2 - I*b^3/abs(b))*c^2)
+ 3/8*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^(5/2)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(
b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^2 - I*b^3/abs(b))*c^2)
+ 1/8*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2*e^(2*I*arccos(c*x))/c^2 +
1/8*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2*e^(-2*I*arccos(c*x))/c^2 -
3/8*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arcco
s(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) + I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*c^2)
+ 9/64*I*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*a
rccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) + I*b^(5/2)/abs(b))*
c^2) - 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(
b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/abs(
b))*c^2) - 3/8*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*s
qrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) - I*b^(5/2)/
abs(b))*c^2) - 9/64*I*sqrt(pi)*a*b^3*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b)
+ I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/((b^(3/2) - I*...

```

3.184.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \int x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(5/2), x)`

output `int(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))^(5/2), x)`

3.185 $\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$

3.185.1 Optimal result	1138
3.185.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1139
3.185.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1139
3.185.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1144
3.185.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	1144
3.185.6 Sympy [F]	1145
3.185.7 Maxima [F]	1145
3.185.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)	1145
3.185.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1146

3.185.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = -\frac{15}{4}b^2x\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{5b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{2c} + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} + \frac{15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4c} + \frac{15b^{5/2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{4c}$$

output `x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)+15/8*b^(5/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c+15/8*b^(5/2)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c-5/2*b*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c-15/4*b^2*x*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)`

3.185.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 372, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b} e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left((4a^2 + 15b^2) \left(1 + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \right) \sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)} \operatorname{FresnelC} \left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[b]*((4*a^2 + 15*b^2)*(1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b))*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]] - I*(4*a^2 + 15*b^2)*(-1 + E^(((2*I)*a)/b))*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]] - 4*Sqrt[b]*(E^((I*a)/b))*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*(5*(3*b*c*x + 2*a*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]) + (-8*a*c*x + 10*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*ArcCos[c*x] - 4*b*c*x*ArcCos[c*x]^2) - (2*I)*a^2*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + (2*I)*a^2*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[3/2, (I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]))/(16*c*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])`

3.185.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {5131, 5183, 5131, 5225, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5131}$$

$$\frac{5}{2}bc \int \frac{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} dx + x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5183}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{5}{2}bc \left(-\frac{3b \int \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{c^2} \right) + x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5131} \\
& \frac{5}{2}bc \left(-\frac{3b \left(\frac{1}{2}bc \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx + x\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{c^2} \right) + \\
& \quad x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\
& \frac{5}{2}bc \left(-\frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}}{2c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{c^2} \right) + \\
& \quad x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{5}{2}bc \left(-\frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}}{2c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{c^2} \right) + \\
& \quad x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3787} \\
& \frac{5}{2}bc \left(-\frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}}{2c}}{2c} \right)}{2c} - \frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{c^2} \right) + \\
& \quad x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5}{2}bc \left(\frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$x(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3042

$$\frac{5}{2}bc \left(\frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx)) + \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$x(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{5}{2}bc \left(\frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx)) + 2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$x(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{5}{2}bc \left(\frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{2\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} + 2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$x(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{5}{2}bc \left(\frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$\downarrow \text{3833}$$

$$\frac{5}{2}bc \left(\frac{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{c^2} - \frac{3b \left(x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - \frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b}}{2c} \right)}{2c} \right)$$

$$x(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2) + (5*b*c*(-((Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2))/c^2) - (3*b*(x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]] - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/(2*c)))/(2*c)))/2`

3.185.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear Q[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5131 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n, x_Symbol] := Simp[x*(a + b*Ar
cCos[c*x])^n, x] + Simp[b*c*n Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 -
c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 5183 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_
.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d + e*x^2)^(p + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(2*e*(p +
1))), x] - Simp[b*(n/(2*c*(p + 1)))*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c^2*x^2)^p] I
nt[(1 - c^2*x^2)^(p + 1/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, e, p}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n*(x_)^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^
2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c^(m + 1))^(-1)*Simp[(d + e*x^2)^p/(1 - c
^2*x^2)^p] Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b]^(2*p + 1), x],
x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e
, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.185.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 400 vs. $2(139) = 278$.

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

method	result
default	$15\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right)\sqrt{2}b^3-15\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}b}}\right)$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output $\frac{1}{8}c/(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}\cdot(15(-1/b)^{1/2}\pi^{1/2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}\cos(a/b)\text{FresnelC}(2^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}/(-1/b)^{1/2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b)\cdot 2^{1/2}\cdot b^3-15(-1/b)^{1/2}\pi^{1/2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}\sin(a/b)\text{FresnelS}(2^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}/(-1/b)^{1/2}(a+b\arccos(cx))^{1/2}/b)\cdot 2^{1/2}\cdot b^3+8\arccos(cx)^3\cos(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)\cdot b^3+24\arccos(cx)^2\cos(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)\cdot a\cdot b^2+20\arccos(cx)^2\sin(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)\cdot b^3+24\arccos(cx)\cos(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)\cdot a^2\cdot b-30\arccos(cx)\cos(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)\cdot b^3+40\arccos(cx)\sin(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)\cdot a\cdot b^2+8\cos(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)\cdot a^3-30\cos(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)\cdot a\cdot b^2+20\sin(-(a+b\arccos(cx))/b+a/b)\cdot a^2\cdot b)$

3.185.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.185.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*acos(c*x))**(5/2), x)`

3.185.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \int (b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2), x)`

3.185.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1177, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^3*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)
/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a
/b)/((I*b^4/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^3*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + 1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a
^3*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)
)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^4/sqrt(abs(b))
+ b^3*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + 3/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^3*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*
sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)
*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) + 3
/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^3*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt
(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/
((-I*b^3/sqrt(abs(b)) + b^2*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) - 3/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*a^2*b^
2*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sq
rt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*s
qrt(abs(b)))*c) - 15/16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^4*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arc
cos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(
b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/((I*b^2/sqrt(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) - 3/2*sqrt(2)*s
qrt(pi)*a^2*b^2*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1
/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/((-I*b^2/sqr
t(abs(b)) + b*sqrt(abs(b)))*c) - 15/16*sqrt(2)*sqrt(pi)*b^4*erf(1/2*I*sqrt
(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*...

```

3.185.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^(5/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^(5/2), x)`

3.186 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx$

3.186.1 Optimal result 1147
 3.186.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1147
 3.186.3 Rubi [N/A] 1148
 3.186.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1148
 3.186.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1149
 3.186.6 Sympy [N/A] 1149
 3.186.7 Maxima [N/A] 1149
 3.186.8 Giac [N/A] 1150
 3.186.9 Mupad [N/A] 1150

3.186.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x,x)`

3.186.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)/x,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)/x, x]`

3.186.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)/x,x]`output `$Aborted`**3.186.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
 :-> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.186.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x,x)`output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x,x)`

3.186.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.186.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 38.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))**(5/2)/x,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arccos(c*x))**(5/2)/x, x)`

3.186.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2)/x, x)`

3.186.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2)/x, x)`**3.186.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x, x)`

$$3.187 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

3.187.1 Optimal result	. . . . .	1151
3.187.2 Mathematica [N/A]	. . . . .	1151
3.187.3 Rubi [N/A]	. . . . .	1152
3.187.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	. . . . .	1152
3.187.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	. . . . .	1153
3.187.6 Sympy [N/A]	. . . . .	1153
3.187.7 Maxima [N/A]	. . . . .	1153
3.187.8 Giac [N/A]	. . . . .	1154
3.187.9 Mupad [N/A]	. . . . .	1154

3.187.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x^2,x)`

3.187.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 6.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)/x^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)/x^2, x]`

3.187.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)/x^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.187.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
 :-> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m,
 n}, x]`

3.187.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x^2,x)`

3.187.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.187.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 24.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))**(5/2)/x**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arccos(c*x))**(5/2)/x**2, x)`

3.187.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2)/x^2, x)`

3.187.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2)/x^2, x)`**3.187.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)/x^2, x)`

3.188 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$

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3.188.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 223

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc^3}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc^3}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc^3}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc^3}}$$

```
output -1/12*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)
)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^3/b^(1/2)+1/12*FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(
c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(3*a/b)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^3/b^(1/2)-1/4*cos(a/b)*
FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)
)/c^3/b^(1/2)+1/4*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)
))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c^3/b^(1/2)
```

3.188.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

$$= \frac{e^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} \left(3e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + 3e^{\frac{4ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + \sqrt{3} \left(\sqrt{\dots} \right) \right)}{24c^3 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]],x]`

output `(3*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + 3*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + Sqrt[3]*(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + E^(((6*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]))/(24*c^3*E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])`

3.188.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {5147, 25, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 5147$$

$$\int -\frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{bc^3}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\int \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))$$

$$\frac{\hspace{10em}}{bc^3}$$

3.188. $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$

$$\frac{\int \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{bc^3}$$

4906

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{bc^3}$$

2009

input `Int[x^2/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x]`

output `-(((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/Sqrt[b])/2 + (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/6]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2)/(b*c^3))`

3.188.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.)^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(n-1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.188.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \left(3 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b} \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) + 3 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b} \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) - \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{3 \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b} \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) \right)}{12c^3}$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{12c^3} \frac{\pi^{1/2} 2^{1/2} (-1/b)^{1/2} (3 \sin(a/b) \operatorname{FresnelC}(2^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}) / (-1/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} / b + 3 \cos(a/b) \operatorname{FresnelS}(2^{1/2}/\pi^{1/2}) / (-1/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} / b - (-1/b)^{1/2} (-3/b)^{1/2} \cos(3a/b) \operatorname{FresnelS}(3 \cdot 2^{1/2} / \pi^{1/2}) / (-3/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} / b) \cdot b - (-1/b)^{1/2} (-3/b)^{1/2} \sin(3a/b) \operatorname{FresnelC}(3 \cdot 2^{1/2} / \pi^{1/2}) / (-3/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} / b \cdot b}{12c^3}$$

3.188.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

3.188.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(x**2/sqrt(a + b*arccos(c*x)), x)`

3.188.
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

3.188.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.188.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 317, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{6}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{b}}{2|b|} \right) e^{\left(\frac{3ia}{b}\right)}}{4 \left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} + \frac{i \sqrt{6}b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|} \right) c^3} + \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(-\frac{i \sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b} \right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{4 c^3 \left(\frac{i \sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|} \right)} - \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{i \sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{2\sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{|b|}}{2b} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{4 c^3 \left(-\frac{i \sqrt{2}b}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt{|b|} \right)} - \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(-\frac{\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{6}\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{b}}{2|b|} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{3ia}{b}\right)}}{4 \left(\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b} - \frac{i \sqrt{6}b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|} \right) c^3}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output $\frac{1}{4}I\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b\arccos(cx)+a}\right)/\sqrt{b}-\frac{1}{2}I\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b\arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{b}/\operatorname{abs}(b)e^{(3Ia/b)/((\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b})+I\sqrt{6}b^{(3/2)}/\operatorname{abs}(b))c^3}+1/4I\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{1}{2}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arccos(cx)+a}\right)/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}-1/2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}/b e^{(Ia/b)/(c^3(I\sqrt{2}b/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})}-1/4I\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{1}{2}I\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arccos(cx)+a}\right)/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}-1/2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{b\arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)}/b e^{(-Ia/b)/(c^3(-I\sqrt{2}b/\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})+\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\operatorname{abs}(b)})}-1/4I\sqrt{\pi}\operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b\arccos(cx)+a}\right)/\sqrt{b}+1/2I\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b\arccos(cx)+a}\sqrt{b}/\operatorname{abs}(b)e^{(-3Ia/b)/((\sqrt{6}\sqrt{b})-I\sqrt{6}b^{(3/2)}/\operatorname{abs}(b))c^3}$

3.188.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

3.189 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$

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3.189.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc^2}} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{bc^2}}$$

output `-1/2*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/c^2/b^(1/2)+1/2*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/c^2/b^(1/2)`

3.189.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \left(-\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) + \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{bc^2}}$$

input `Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]],x]`

output $(\text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}] * (-\text{Cos}[(2*a)/b] * \text{FresnelS}[(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]]) / (\text{Sqrt}[b] * \text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}])]) + \text{FresnelC}[(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]]) / (\text{Sqrt}[b] * \text{Sqrt}[\text{Pi}])] * \text{Sin}[(2*a)/b]) / (2*\text{Sqrt}[b] * c^2)$

3.189.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.857$, Rules used = {5147, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{2bc^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3785} \\
& \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - 2\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2bc^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3786} \\
& \frac{2\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - 2\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2bc^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3832} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{2bc^2} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3833} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{2bc^2}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]],x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]*Sin[(2*a)/b])/(b*c^2)`

3.189.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^n*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(1) Subst[Int[x^n*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.189.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \left(\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b} b}}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b} b}}\right) \right)}{2c^2}$	91

input `int(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*(cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)+sin(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b))/c^2`

3.189.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.189.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*acos(c*x))**(1/2), x)`

output `Integral(x/sqrt(a + b*acos(c*x)), x)`

3.189.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.189.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = -\frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{i \sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|}\right) e^{(-\frac{2ia}{b})}}{4 c^2 \left(\sqrt{b} - \frac{ib^{\frac{3}{2}}}{|b|}\right)} + \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a}}{\sqrt{b}} - \frac{i \sqrt{b \arccos(cx)+a\sqrt{b}}}{|b|}\right) e^{(\frac{2ia}{b})}}{4 \sqrt{b} c^2 \left(\frac{ib}{|b|} + 1\right)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) + I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(-2*I*a/b)/(c^2*(sqrt(b) - I*b^(3/2)/abs(b))) + 1/4*I*sqrt(pi)*erf(-sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(b) - I*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(b)/abs(b))*e^(2*I*a/b)/(sqrt(b)*c^2*(I*b/abs(b) + 1))`

3.189.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b \cos(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2), x)`output `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

3.190 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$

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3.190.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 102

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}} + \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}}$$

output `-cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c/b^(1/2)+FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/c/b^(1/2)`

3.190.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \left(\sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) + e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) \right)}{2c\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]],x]`

output `(Sqrt[((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b] + E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b]*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/b])/(2*c*E^((I*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])`

3.190.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {5135, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\
 & - \frac{\int - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787} \\
 & - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int - \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{bc}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.190. $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\downarrow \text{3042} \\
\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{3785} \\
\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{3786} \\
\frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{3832} \\
\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{bc} \\
\downarrow \text{3833} \\
\frac{\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{bc}
\end{array}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x]`

output `-((Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])]/Sqrt[b]] - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])]/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/(b*c)`

3.190.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := S
imp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3787 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3832 Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 3833 Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 5135 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1)
Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, n}, x]
```

3.190.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} b}\right) \right)}{c}$	89

```
input int(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output $2^{(1/2)}\pi^{(1/2)}(-1/b)^{(1/2)}(\cos(a/b)*\text{FresnelS}(2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}/(-1/b)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arccos(c*x))^{(1/2)}/b)+\sin(a/b)*\text{FresnelC}(2^{(1/2)}/\pi^{(1/2)}/(-1/b)^{(1/2)}*(a+b*\arccos(c*x))^{(1/2)}/b))/c$

3.190.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.190.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/sqrt(a + b*arccos(c*x)), x)`

3.190.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.190.8 Giac [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(-\frac{i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}}{2 \sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a} \sqrt{|b|}}{2b} \right) e^{\left(\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{c \left(\frac{i \sqrt{2b}}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{|b|} \right)} - \frac{i \sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{i \sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a}}{2 \sqrt{|b|}} - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + a} \sqrt{|b|}}{2b} \right) e^{\left(-\frac{ia}{b}\right)}}{c \left(-\frac{i \sqrt{2b}}{\sqrt{|b|}} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt{|b|} \right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `I*sqrt(pi)*erf(-1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(I*a/b)/(c*(I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b)))) - I*sqrt(pi)*erf(1/2*I*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(abs(b)) - 1/2*sqrt(2)*sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*sqrt(abs(b))/b)*e^(-I*a/b)/(c*(-I*sqrt(2)*b/sqrt(abs(b)) + sqrt(2)*sqrt(abs(b))))`

3.190.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

3.191 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx$

3.191.1 Optimal result 1174
 3.191.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1174
 3.191.3 Rubi [N/A] 1175
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 3.191.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1176
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 3.191.9 Mupad [N/A] 1177

3.191.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2), x)`

3.191.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]), x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]), x]`

3.191.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.191.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.191.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

3.191.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.191.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arcsin(cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*acos(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x*sqrt(a + b*acos(c*x))), x)`

3.191.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\arccos(cx) + ax}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*x), x)`

3.191.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b\arccos(cx)+ax}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*x), x)`**3.191.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)), x)`

3.192 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$

3.192.1 Optimal result 1178
 3.192.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1178
 3.192.3 Rubi [N/A] 1179
 3.192.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1179
 3.192.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1180
 3.192.6 Sympy [N/A] 1180
 3.192.7 Maxima [N/A] 1180
 3.192.8 Giac [N/A] 1181
 3.192.9 Mupad [N/A] 1181

3.192.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

3.192.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]), x]`

3.192.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.192.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.192.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x)`

3.192.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.192.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*acos(c*x))**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*sqrt(a + b*acos(c*x))), x)`

3.192.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*x^2), x)`

3.192.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{b \arccos(cx) + ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*arccos(c*x) + a)*x^2), x)`**3.192.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)), x)`

3.193 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.193.1 Optimal result	1182
3.193.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1183
3.193.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1183
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3.193.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	1185
3.193.6 Sympy [F]	1185
3.193.7 Maxima [F]	1186
3.193.8 Giac [F]	1186
3.193.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1186

3.193.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 252

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}c^3}$$

output

```
-1/2*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2
^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/c^3-1/2*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x)
)^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/c^3-1/2*cos(3*a/b)*Fres
nelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^
(3/2)/c^3-1/2*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*s
in(3*a/b)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/c^3+2*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*a
rccos(c*x))^(1/2)
```

3.193.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{e^{-\frac{3ia}{b}} \left(8c^2 e^{\frac{3ia}{b}} x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2} + i e^{\frac{2ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) \right) - i e^{\frac{3ia}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{b^2 c^3}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `(8*c^2*E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + I*E^(((2*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b)] - I*E^(((4*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b)*Gamma[1/2, (I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b)] + I*Sqrt[3]*Sqrt[(-I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b]*Gamma[1/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b)] - I*Sqrt[3]*E^(((6*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[(I*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b)*Gamma[1/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/b)]]/(4*b*c^3*E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])`

3.193.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 257, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$, Rules used = {5143, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5143}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \left(-\frac{3 \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) d(a + b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}{bc \sqrt{a + b \arccos(cx)}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{2}} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2 c^3} \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*x^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(b*c*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]) + (2*(-1/2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]) - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*Cos[(3*a)/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b])/2 - (Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[(3*Pi)/2]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[6/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[(3*a)/b])/2))/(b^2*c^3)`

3.193.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

rule 5143 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.193.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 299, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{3}{b} b}}\right) - \sqrt{-\frac{3}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{3}{b} b}}\right)}{b^2 c^3}$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

3.193. $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$

```
output -1/2/c^3/b*((-3/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(3*a/
b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)-(-3
/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2
^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)+Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(
a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+
b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)-Pi^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1
/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2
)/b)*(-1/b)^(1/2)+sin(-(a+b*arccos(c*x)))/b+a/b)+sin(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b
+3*a/b))/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)
```

3.193.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.193.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate(x**2/(a+b*acos(c*x))**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(x**2/(a + b*acos(c*x))**(3/2), x)
```

3.193.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

3.193.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

3.193.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^2/(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

3.194 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.194.1 Optimal result	1187
3.194.2 Mathematica [F]	1187
3.194.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1188
3.194.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1191
3.194.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	1191
3.194.6 Sympy [F]	1192
3.194.7 Maxima [F]	1192
3.194.8 Giac [F]	1192
3.194.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1193

3.194.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}c^2}$$

output `-2*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/c^2-2*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/c^2+2*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)`

3.194.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

output `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

3.194.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$, Rules used = {5143, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5143} \\
 & \frac{2 \int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2 \left(-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) \right)}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 c^2}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}$$

↓ 3785

$$\frac{2 \left(-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} \right)}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 c^2}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}$$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{2 \left(-2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} - 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} \right)}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 c^2}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{\pi}(-\sqrt{b}) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)} \right)}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 c^2}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{\pi}(-\sqrt{b}) \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} +$$

$$\frac{b^2 c^2}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2), x]`

```
output (2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(b*c*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]) + (2*(-(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt
[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])]
) - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi
]])*Sin[(2*a)/b]))/(b^2*c^2)
```

3.194.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 3042 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinear
Q[u, x]
```

```
rule 3785 Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := S
imp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c,
d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3786 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d
Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f
}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3787 Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos
[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(
d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d
, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]
```

```
rule 3832 Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 3833 Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[
d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]
```

```
rule 5143 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b^2*c^(m + 1)*(n + 1)) Subst[Int[ExpandTrigReduce[x^(n + 1), Cos[-a/b + x/b]^(m - 1)*(m - (m + 1)*Cos[-a/b + x/b]^2), x], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && GeQ[n, -2] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.194.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}}}\right)-2\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{2}{b}}}\right)}{c^2b\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}$

```
input int(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/c^2/b/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*(2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelC(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)-2*(-1/b)^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-2/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)+sin(-2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+2*a/b))
```

3.194.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```


3.194.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*acos(c*x))**(3/2), x)`

output `Integral(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))**(3/2), x)`

3.194.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

3.194.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2), x)`

3.194.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(3/2), x)`output `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

3.195 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.195.1 Optimal result 1194
 3.195.2 Mathematica [F] 1195
 3.195.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1195
 3.195.4 Maple [A] (verified) 1198
 3.195.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1199
 3.195.6 Sympy [F] 1199
 3.195.7 Maxima [F] 1199
 3.195.8 Giac [F] 1200
 3.195.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1200

3.195.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{3/2}c} - \frac{2\sqrt{2\pi} \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{b^{3/2}c}$$

```
output -2*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/c-2*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(3/2)/c+2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)
```

3.195.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-3/2), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-3/2), x]`

3.195.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.833$, Rules used = {5133, 5225, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5133} \\ & \frac{2c \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx}{b} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5225} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}}{b^2c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}}{b^2c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{3787} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \\
& \frac{2\left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}d(a+b\arccos(cx))-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int-\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}d(a+b\arccos(cx))\right)}{b^2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \\
& \frac{2\left(\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}d(a+b\arccos(cx))+\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}d(a+b\arccos(cx))\right)}{b^2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \\
& \frac{2\left(\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}d(a+b\arccos(cx))+\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)+\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}d(a+b\arccos(cx))\right)}{b^2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3785} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \\
& \frac{2\left(\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}d(a+b\arccos(cx))+2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\right)}{b^2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3786} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \\
& \frac{2\left(2\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}+2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\right)}{b^2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3832} \\
& \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \\
& \frac{2\left(2\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\int\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)d\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}+\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)}{b^2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{3833}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2\left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)\right)}{b^2c}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-3/2), x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(b*c*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]) - (2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelC[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]] + Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelS[(Sqrt[2/Pi]*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/Sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b]))/(b^2*c)`

3.195.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 5133 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c2*x2])*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1)), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c2*x2], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`

rule 5225 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_.)(x_)(m_.)((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)2)(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c(m + 1))(-1)*Simp[(d + e*x2)p/(1 - c2*x2)p] Subst[Int[xn*Cos[-a/b + x/b]m*Sin[-a/b + x/b](2*p + 1), x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c2*d + e, 0] && IGtQ[2*p + 2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

3.195.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

method	result
default	$-\frac{2\left(\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}-\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)\text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}}}\right)\right)}{cb\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}$

input `int(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/c/b/(a+b*arccos(c*x))(1/2)(Pi(1/2)*2(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelC(2(1/2)/Pi(1/2)/(-1/b)(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)(1/2)-Pi(1/2)*2(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelS(2(1/2)/Pi(1/2)/(-1/b)(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))(1/2)/b)*(-1/b)(1/2)+sin(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b))`

3.195.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.195.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arccos(c*x))**(-3/2), x)`

3.195.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

3.195.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(-3/2), x)`

3.195.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2), x)`

$$3.196 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

3.196.1 Optimal result	. . . . .	1201
3.196.2 Mathematica [N/A]	. . . . .	1201
3.196.3 Rubi [N/A]	. . . . .	1202
3.196.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	. . . . .	1202
3.196.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	. . . . .	1203
3.196.6 Sympy [N/A]	. . . . .	1203
3.196.7 Maxima [N/A]	. . . . .	1203
3.196.8 Giac [F(-2)]	. . . . .	1204
3.196.9 Mupad [N/A]	. . . . .	1204

3.196.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

3.196.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)), x]`

3.196.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.196.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.196.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

3.196.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.196.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))**(3/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))**(3/2)), x)
```

3.196.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{3/2} x} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2)*x), x)
```

3.196.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.196.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)), x)`

3.197 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$

3.197.1 Optimal result 1205
 3.197.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1205
 3.197.3 Rubi [N/A] 1206
 3.197.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1206
 3.197.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1207
 3.197.6 Sympy [N/A] 1207
 3.197.7 Maxima [N/A] 1207
 3.197.8 Giac [N/A] 1208
 3.197.9 Mupad [N/A] 1208

3.197.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

3.197.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)), x]`

3.197.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.197.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.197.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x)`

3.197.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.197.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \arccos (cx))^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*acos(c*x))**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*acos(c*x))**(3/2)), x)`

3.197.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos (cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

3.197.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`**3.197.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)), x)`

3.198 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.198.1 Optimal result	1209
3.198.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1210
3.198.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1210
3.198.4 Maple [B] (verified)	1217
3.198.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	1217
3.198.6 Sympy [F]	1218
3.198.7 Maxima [F]	1218
3.198.8 Giac [F]	1218
3.198.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1219

3.198.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 292

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} - \frac{8x}{3b^2c^2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{4x^3}{b^2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}c^3} + \frac{\sqrt{6\pi} \cos\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{b^{5/2}c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}c^3} - \frac{\sqrt{6\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right)}{b^{5/2}c^3}$$

output

```
1/3*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/c^3-1/3*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/c^3+cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/c^3-FresnelC(6^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(3*a/b)*6^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/c^3+2/3*x^2*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)-8/3*x/b^2/c^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)+4*x^3/b^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)
```

3.198.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 322, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx =$$

$$-b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} - (a + b \arccos(cx)) \left(e^{-i \arccos(cx)} + e^{i \arccos(cx)} - e^{-\frac{ia}{b}} \sqrt{-\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{i(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6*(-(b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]) - (a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])*(E^((-I)*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]) + \\ & E^(I*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]) - (\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]))/b])/E^((I*a)/b) - E^((I*a)/b)*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, (I*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]))/b]) - 3*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])*(E^((-3*I)*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]) + E^((3*I)*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]) - (\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{Sqrt}[((-I)*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((-3*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]))/b])/E^(((3*I)*a)/b) - \text{Sqrt}[3]*E^(((3*I)*a)/b)*\text{Sqrt}[(I*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]))/b]*\text{Gamma}[1/2, ((3*I)*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]))/b]) - b*\text{Sin}[3*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]])/(b^2*c^3*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^(3/2)) \end{aligned}$$
3.198.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 425, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46, number of steps used = 17, number of rules used = 16, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {5145, 5223, 5135, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833, 5147, 25, 4906, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5145}$$

$$-\frac{4 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx}{3bc} + \frac{2c \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx}{b} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a + b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

3.198. $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 5223 \\
& \frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{3bc} + \\
& \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 5135 \\
& \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right)}{3bc} + \\
& \frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c^2} \right)}{3bc} + \\
& \frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3042 \\
& \frac{4 \left(\frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c^2} \right)}{3bc} + \\
& \frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
& \downarrow 3787
\end{aligned}$$

3.198. $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$4 \left(\frac{2 \left(-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 25

$$4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3042

$$4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3785

$$4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2 x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

3.198. $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 3786

$$\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3832

$$\frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{b} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 5147

$$\frac{2c \left(\frac{6 \int -\frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^4} + \frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)}{b} - \frac{4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)}{b} + \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & 2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \frac{\cos^2\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c^4} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & 4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{3bc}{2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \frac{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 4906 \\
 & 2c \left(\frac{2x^3}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{6 \int \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{3a}{b} - \frac{3(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{4\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right) d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c^4} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & 4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{3bc}{2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \frac{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 2c \left(\frac{6 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{6}}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{3a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{6}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2c^4} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & 4 \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right) \\
 & \hline
 & \frac{3bc}{2x^2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \frac{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2), x]`

output $(2x^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2})/(3bc(a + b\arccos[cx])^{3/2}) - (4((2x)/(b * c\sqrt{a + b\arccos[cx]})) + (2(\sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi}\cos[a/b]\text{FresnelS}[(\sqrt{2/\pi}\sqrt{a + b\arccos[cx]})/\sqrt{b}] - \sqrt{b}\sqrt{2\pi}\text{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{2/\pi}\sqrt{a + b\arccos[cx]})/\sqrt{b}]\sin[a/b]))/(b^2c^2)))/(3bc) + (2c((2x^3)/(bc\sqrt{a + b\arccos[cx]})) + (6((\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi/2}\cos[a/b]\text{FresnelS}[(\sqrt{2/\pi}\sqrt{a + b\arccos[cx]})/\sqrt{b}]))/2 + (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi/6}\cos[(3a)/b]\text{FresnelS}[(\sqrt{6/\pi}\sqrt{a + b\arccos[cx]})/\sqrt{b}]))/2 - (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi/2}\text{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{2/\pi}\sqrt{a + b\arccos[cx]})/\sqrt{b}]\sin[a/b])/2 - (\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi/6}\text{FresnelC}[(\sqrt{6/\pi}\sqrt{a + b\arccos[cx]})/\sqrt{b}]\sin[(3a)/b])/2))/(b^2c^4))/b$

3.198.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$

rule 2009 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$

rule 3042 $\text{Int}[u_, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{DeactivateTrig}[u, x], x] \text{ ; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ}[u, x]$

rule 3785 $\text{Int}[\sin[\pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/\sqrt{(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, \sqrt{c + d*x}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \text{ComplexFreeQ}[f] \ \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

rule 3786 $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/\sqrt{(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[2/d \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, \sqrt{c + d*x}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \text{ComplexFreeQ}[f] \ \&\& \text{EqQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

rule 3787 $\text{Int}[\sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/\sqrt{(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)}, x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] \quad \text{Int}[\sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/\sqrt{c + d*x}], x] + \text{Simp}[\sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] \quad \text{Int}[\cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/\sqrt{c + d*x}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{c, d, e, f\}, x \ \&\& \text{ComplexFreeQ}[f] \ \&\& \text{NeQ}[d*e - c*f, 0]$

rule 3832 $\text{Int}[\sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\sqrt{\pi/2})/(f*\text{Rt}[d, 2]))*\text{FresnelS}[\sqrt{2/\pi}*\text{Rt}[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{d, e, f\}, x]$

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)](p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)](n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)m, Sin[a + b*x]n*Cos[a + b*x]p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)(-1) Subst[Int[xn*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

rule 5145 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_)* (x_)(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-xm)*Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_)* (x_)(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c(m + 1))(-1) Subst[Int[xn*Cos[-a/b + x/b]m*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5223 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))(n_)*((f_.)*(x_))(m_))/Sqrt[(d_ + (e_.)*(x_)2], x_Symbol] := Simp[-(f*x)m/(b*c*(n + 1))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]/Sqrt[d + e*x2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c2*x2]/Sqrt[d + e*x2] Int[(f*x)(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.198.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 672 vs. $2(236) = 472$.

Time = 2.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 673, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result
default	$-2 \arccos(cx) \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b} - 2 \arccos(cx) \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b}}\right)$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6/c^3/b^2*(-2*arccos(c*x)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b-2*arccos(c*x)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*b-6*arccos(c*x)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*b-6*arccos(c*x)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*b-2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a-2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a-6*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(3*a/b)*FresnelS(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*a-6*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(3*a/b)*FresnelC(3*2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-3/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*(-3/b)^(1/2)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*a+2*arccos(c*x)*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x)))/b+a/b)*b+6*arccos(c*x)*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x)))/b+3*a/b)*b-sin(-(a+b*arccos(c*x)))/b+a/b)*b+2*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c*x)))/b+a/b)*a-sin(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x)))/b+3*a/b)*b+6*cos(-3*(a+b*arccos(c*x)))/b+3*a/b)*a/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)
```

3.198.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

3.198. $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

3.198.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*acos(c*x))**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(x**2/(a + b*acos(c*x))**(5/2), x)`

3.198.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^2/(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2), x)`

3.198.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^2/(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2), x)`

3.198.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(5/2), x)`output `int(x^2/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(5/2), x)`

3.199 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.199.1 Optimal result 1220
 3.199.2 Mathematica [F] 1220
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3.199.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 14, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} - \frac{4}{3b^2c^2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{8x^2}{3b^2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{8\sqrt{\pi} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}c^2} - \frac{8\sqrt{\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}c^2}$$

output `8/3*cos(2*a/b)*FresnelS(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/c^2-8/3*FresnelC(2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2))*sin(2*a/b)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/c^2+2/3*x*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)-4/3/b^2/c^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)+8/3*x^2/b^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)`

3.199.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `Integrate[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2), x]`

3.199.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.071$, Rules used = {5145, 5153, 5223, 5147, 25, 4906, 27, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5145} \\
 & -\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx}{3bc} + \frac{4c \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5153} \\
 & \frac{4c \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2c^2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\
 & \frac{4c \left(\frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{4 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2c^2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5147} \\
 & \frac{4c \left(\frac{4 \int -\frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2c^3} + \frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)}{3b} \\
 & \quad - \frac{4}{3b^2c^2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{4c \left(\frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{4 \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2c^3} \right)}{3b} \\
 & \quad - \frac{4}{3b^2c^2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{4906}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.199. $\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{4c \left(\frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{4 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{4c \left(\frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{4c \left(\frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b} - \frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2 c^3} \right)}{3b} - \frac{4}{3b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787} \\
 & \frac{4c \left(\frac{2 \left(-\sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \frac{4}{3b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} + \frac{3b}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{4c \left(\frac{2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right)}{3b} \\
 & \quad \frac{4}{3b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} + \frac{3b}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.199. $\int \frac{x}{(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

↓ 3042

$$4c \left(\frac{2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4}{3b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{3b}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} 3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3785

$$4c \left(\frac{2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4}{3b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{3b}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} 3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3786

$$4c \left(\frac{2 \left(2 \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4}{3b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{3b}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} 3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3832

$$4c \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4}{3b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{3b}{2x\sqrt{1-c^2 x^2} 3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3833

$$\frac{4c \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) - \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\pi}}\right) \right)}{b^2 c^3} + \frac{2x^2}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)}{3b^2 c^2 \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} + \frac{3b \cdot 2x\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2), x]`

output `(2*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*b*c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)) - 4/(3*b^2*c^2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]) + (4*c*((2*x^2)/(b*c*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]) + (2*(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*Cos[(2*a)/b]*FresnelS[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi])) - Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]*FresnelC[(2*Sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])]/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[Pi]))*Sin[(2*a)/b])/(b^2*c^3))/(3*b)`

3.199.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`

rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`

rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`

rule 4906 `Int[Cos[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(p_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*Sin[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)]^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandTrigReduce[(c + d*x)^m, Sin[a + b*x]^(n)*Cos[a + b*x]^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 5145 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x^m)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] + (-Simp[c*(m + 1)/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[m/(b*c*(n + 1)) Int[x^(m - 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[n, -2]`

rule 5147 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c^(m + 1))^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*cos[-a/b + x/b]^m*sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0]`

rule 5153 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))/Sqrt[(d_.) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c*(n + 1))^(-1)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, n}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]`

rule 5223 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]`

3.199.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 339 vs. $2(142) = 284$.

Time = 2.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
default	$\frac{-8 \arccos(cx) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \cos\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{2}{b} b}}\right) b - 8 \arccos(cx) \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b}} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \sin\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)}{\dots}$

input `int(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output
$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{c^2 b^2} (-8 \arccos(cx) (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} \cos(2a/b) \operatorname{FresnelS}(2 \sqrt{2}^{1/2} / \pi^{1/2} / (-2/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} / b) - 8 \arccos(cx) (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} \sin(2a/b) \operatorname{FresnelC}(2 \sqrt{2}^{1/2} / \pi^{1/2} / (-2/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} / b) - 8 (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} \cos(2a/b) \operatorname{FresnelS}(2 \sqrt{2}^{1/2} / \pi^{1/2} / (-2/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} / b) + a - 8 (-1/b)^{1/2} \pi^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} \sin(2a/b) \operatorname{FresnelC}(2 \sqrt{2}^{1/2} / \pi^{1/2} / (-2/b)^{1/2} (a+b \arccos(cx))^{1/2} / b) + a + 4 \arccos(cx) \cos(-2(a+b \arccos(cx)) / b + 2a/b) - b \sin(-2(a+b \arccos(cx)) / b + 2a/b) + b + 4 \cos(-2(a+b \arccos(cx)) / b + 2a/b) a) / (a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}$$

3.199.5 Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

3.199. $\int \frac{x}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

3.199.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arcsin(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*acos(c*x))**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))**(5/2), x)`

3.199.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2), x)`

3.199.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2), x)`

3.199.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(5/2), x)`output `int(x/(a + b*acos(c*x))^(5/2), x)`

3.200 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.200.1 Optimal result 1229
 3.200.2 Mathematica [F] 1230
 3.200.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1230
 3.200.4 Maple [B] (verified) 1234
 3.200.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1235
 3.200.6 Sympy [F] 1235
 3.200.7 Maxima [F] 1235
 3.200.8 Giac [F] 1236
 3.200.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1236

3.200.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 12, antiderivative size = 163

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} + \frac{4x}{3b^2\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} + \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \text{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{3b^{5/2}c} - \frac{4\sqrt{2\pi} \text{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)}{3b^{5/2}c}$$

```
output 4/3*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/c-4/3*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b^(1/2))*sin(a/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)/b^(5/2)/c+2/3*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/b/c/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)+4/3*x/b^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)
```

3.200.2 Mathematica [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-5/2), x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-5/2), x]`

3.200.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 1.000$, Rules used = {5133, 5223, 5135, 25, 3042, 3787, 25, 3042, 3785, 3786, 3832, 3833}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5133} \\ & \frac{2c \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} dx}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5223} \\ & \frac{2c \left(\frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} dx}{bc} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{5135} \\ & \frac{2c \left(\frac{2 \int -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx))}{b^2c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2c \left(\frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c^2} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2c \left(\frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a}{b} - \frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx))}{b^2c^2} \right)}{3b} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3787} \\
 & \frac{2c \left(\frac{2 \left(-\sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right)}{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{3b}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{2c \left(\frac{2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\cos\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right)}{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{3b}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3042} \\
 & \frac{2c \left(\frac{2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) - \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b\arccos(cx)}{b} + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} d(a+b\arccos(cx)) \right)}{b^2c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b\arccos(cx)}} \right)}{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} + \frac{3b}{3bc(a+b\arccos(cx))^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{3785}
 \end{aligned}$$

3.200. $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

$$2c \left(\frac{2 \left(\cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \frac{\sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} d(a+b \arccos(cx)) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3786

$$2c \left(\frac{2 \left(2 \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \sin\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3832

$$2c \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \int \cos\left(\frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{b}\right) d\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

↓ 3833

$$2c \left(\frac{2 \left(\sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \sqrt{2\pi}\sqrt{b} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}}\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \right)}{b^2 c^2} + \frac{2x}{bc\sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}} \right) +$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{3bc(a+b \arccos(cx))^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(-5/2), x]`

output `(2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*b*c*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(3/2)) + (2*c*((2*x)/(b*c*sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]]) + (2*(sqrt[b]*sqrt[2*Pi]*Cos[a/b]*FresnelS[(sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/sqrt[b]] - sqrt[b]*sqrt[2*Pi]*FresnelC[(sqrt[2/Pi]*sqrt[a + b*ArcCos[c*x]])/sqrt[b]]*Sin[a/b]))/(b^2*c^2)))/(3*b)`

3.200.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 3042 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Int[DeactivateTrig[u, x], x] /; FunctionOfTrigOfLinearQ[u, x]`
- rule 3785 `Int[sin[Pi/2 + (e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Cos[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3786 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[2/d Subst[Int[Sin[f*(x^2/d)], x], x, Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && EqQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3787 `Int[sin[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)]/Sqrt[(c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)], x_Symbol] := Simp[Cos[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Sin[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] + Simp[Sin[(d*e - c*f)/d] Int[Cos[c*(f/d) + f*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{c, d, e, f}, x] && ComplexFreeQ[f] && NeQ[d*e - c*f, 0]`
- rule 3832 `Int[Sin[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelS[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 3833 `Int[Cos[(d_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[Pi/2]/(f*Rt[d, 2]))*FresnelC[Sqrt[2/Pi]*Rt[d, 2]*(e + f*x)], x] /; FreeQ[{d, e, f}, x]`
- rule 5133 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/(b*c*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[c/(b*(n + 1)) Int[x*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[n, -1]`
- rule 5135 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[-(b*c)^(-1) Subst[Int[x^n*Sin[-a/b + x/b], x], x, a + b*ArcCos[c*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, n}, x]`

```
rule 5223 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.))/Sqrt[(d_
+ (e_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(f*x)^m/(b*c*(n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c
^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x] + Simp[f*(m/(b*c*(
n + 1)))*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]] Int[(f*x)^(m - 1)*(a + b
*ArcCos[c*x])^(n + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x] && EqQ[c^2
*d + e, 0] && LtQ[n, -1]
```

3.200.4 Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 340 vs. 2(129) = 258.

Time = 2.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

method	result
default	$\frac{4 \arccos(cx) \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \cos\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelS}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b}}\right) \sqrt{2} \sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b} + 4 \arccos(cx) \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)} \sin\left(\frac{a}{b}\right) \operatorname{FresnelC}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{a+b \arccos(cx)}}{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{b} b}}\right)}{3}$

```
input int(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/3/c/b^2*(-2*arccos(c*x)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)
)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)
^(1/2)*b-2*arccos(c*x)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/P
i^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1
/2)*b-2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)*cos(a/b)*FresnelS(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(
1/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a-2*(a+b*ar
ccos(c*x))^(1/2)*sin(a/b)*FresnelC(2^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)/(-1/b)^(1/2)*(a+b*arcc
os(c*x))^(1/2)/b)*2^(1/2)*Pi^(1/2)*(-1/b)^(1/2)*a+2*arccos(c*x)*cos(-(a+b*
arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*b-sin(-(a+b*arccos(c*x))/b+a/b)*b+2*cos(-(a+b*arccos(c
*x))/b+a/b)*a)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(3/2)
```

3.200.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.200.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*arccos(c*x))**(-5/2), x)`

3.200.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(-5/2), x)`

3.200.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(-5/2), x)`

3.200.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2), x)`

3.201 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.201.1 Optimal result 1237
 3.201.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1237
 3.201.3 Rubi [N/A] 1238
 3.201.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1238
 3.201.5 Fricas [F(-2)] 1239
 3.201.6 Sympy [N/A] 1239
 3.201.7 Maxima [N/A] 1239
 3.201.8 Giac [F(-2)] 1240
 3.201.9 Mupad [N/A] 1240

3.201.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x)`

3.201.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)), x]`

3.201.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.201.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.201.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x)`

3.201.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code:  inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

3.201.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 8.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(a+b*acos(c*x))**(5/2),x)
```

```
output Integral(1/(x*(a + b*acos(c*x))**(5/2)), x)
```

3.201.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{5/2} x} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2)*x), x)
```


3.201.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.201.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)), x)`

3.202 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$

3.202.1 Optimal result	. . . . .	1241
3.202.2 Mathematica [N/A]	. . . . .	1241
3.202.3 Rubi [N/A]	. . . . .	1242
3.202.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	. . . . .	1242
3.202.5 Fricas [F(-2)]	. . . . .	1243
3.202.6 Sympy [N/A]	. . . . .	1243
3.202.7 Maxima [N/A]	. . . . .	1243
3.202.8 Giac [N/A]	. . . . .	1244
3.202.9 Mupad [N/A]	. . . . .	1244

3.202.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x)`

3.202.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 7.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)), x]`

3.202.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(5/2)),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.202.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.202.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x)`

3.202.5 Fracas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

3.202.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 15.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \arccos (cx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*acos(c*x))**(5/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(x**2*(a + b*acos(c*x))**(5/2)), x)`

3.202.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos (cx) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`

3.202.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`**3.202.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a + b \arccos(cx))^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^(5/2)), x)`

3.203 $\int (dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$

3.203.1 Optimal result	1245
3.203.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1245
3.203.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1246
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3.203.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1248
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3.203.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1250

3.203.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int (dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = -\frac{20bd^2\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{147c^3} - \frac{4b(dx)^{5/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{49c} + \frac{2(dx)^{7/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{7d} + \frac{20bd^{5/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{147c^{7/2}}$$

output $2/7*(d*x)^{(7/2)}*(a+b*\arccos(c*x))/d+20/147*b*d^{(5/2)}*\operatorname{EllipticF}(c^{(1/2)}*(d*x)^{(1/2)}/d^{(1/2)}, I)/c^{(7/2)}-4/49*b*(d*x)^{(5/2)}*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c-20/147*b*d^2*(d*x)^{(1/2)}*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)}/c^3$

3.203.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 11.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{2d^2\sqrt{dx}\left(-10b + 4bc^2x^2 + 6bc^4x^4 + 21ac^3x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} + 21bc^3x^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\arccos(cx)\right)}{147c^3\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `(2*d^2*Sqrt[d*x]*(-10*b + 4*b*c^2*x^2 + 6*b*c^4*x^4 + 21*a*c^3*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 21*b*c^3*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcCos[c*x] + ((10*I)*b*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[x]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^(-1)]/Sqrt[x]], -1])/Sqrt[-c^(-1)]))/(147*c^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])`

3.203.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.312$, Rules used = {5139, 262, 262, 266, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{2bc \int \frac{(dx)^{7/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{2(dx)^{7/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{2bc \left(\frac{5d^2 \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{7c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (dx)^{5/2}}{7c^2} \right)}{7d} + \frac{2(dx)^{7/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{2bc \left(\frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{dx}}{3c^2} \right)}{7c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (dx)^{5/2}}{7c^2} \right)}{7d} + \frac{2(dx)^{7/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))}{7d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{266} \\
 & \frac{2bc \left(\frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{3c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{dx}}{3c^2} \right)}{7c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} (dx)^{5/2}}{7c^2} \right)}{7d} + \frac{2(dx)^{7/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))}{7d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 762 \\
 \frac{2(dx)^{7/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{7d} + \\
 2bc \left(\frac{5d^2 \left(\frac{2d^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right) - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{dx}}{3c^2}}{3c^{5/2}} \right)}{7c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dx)^{5/2}}{7c^2} \right) \\
 \hline
 7d
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `(2*(d*x)^(7/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/(7*d) + (2*b*c*((-2*d*(d*x)^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(7*c^2) + (5*d^2*((-2*d*Sqrt[d*x]*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(3*c^2) + (2*d^(3/2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/(3*c^(5/2)))))/(7*c^2))/(7*d)`

3.203.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 266 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2))^(p), x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]) * EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`


```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

3.203.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a(dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 2b \left(\frac{(dx)^{\frac{7}{2}} \arccos(cx)}{7} + \frac{2c \left(-\frac{d^2(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{7c^2} - \frac{5d^4 \sqrt{dx} \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{21c^4} + \frac{5d^4 \sqrt{-cx+1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right)}{21c^4 \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{7d} \right)$
default	$\frac{2a(dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 2b \left(\frac{(dx)^{\frac{7}{2}} \arccos(cx)}{7} + \frac{2c \left(-\frac{d^2(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{7c^2} - \frac{5d^4 \sqrt{dx} \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{21c^4} + \frac{5d^4 \sqrt{-cx+1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right)}{21c^4 \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{7d} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a(dx)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7d} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{(dx)^{\frac{7}{2}} \arccos(cx)}{7} + \frac{2c \left(-\frac{d^2(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{7c^2} - \frac{5d^4 \sqrt{dx} \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{21c^4} + \frac{5d^4 \sqrt{-cx+1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right)}{21c^4 \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{7d} \right)}{d}$

```
input int((d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d*(1/7*a*(d*x)^(7/2)+b*(1/7*(d*x)^(7/2)*arccos(c*x)+2/7*c/d*(-1/7/c^2*d^
2*(d*x)^(5/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-5/21/c^4*d^4*(d*x)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/
2)+5/21/c^4*d^4/(c/d)^(1/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2
))*EllipticF((d*x)^(1/2)*(c/d)^(1/2),I)))
```

3.203.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{2 \left(10 \sqrt{-c^2} b d^2 \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{c^2}, 0, x\right) - (21 b c^5 d^2 x^3 \arccos(cx) + 21 a c^5 d^2 x^3 - 2(3 b c^4 d^2 x^2 + 5 b c^5 d^2 x + 5 b c^6)) \right)}{147 c^5}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/147*(10*sqrt(-c^2*d)*b*d^2*weierstrassPInverse(4/c^2, 0, x) - (21*b*c^5*d^2*x^3*arccos(c*x) + 21*a*c^5*d^2*x^3 - 2*(3*b*c^4*d^2*x^2 + 5*b*c^2*d^2)*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1))*sqrt(d*x))/c^5`

3.203.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 77.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = a \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2(dx)^{7/2}}{7d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + bc \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^{5/2} x^{9/2} \Gamma(\frac{9}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4} \middle| \frac{13}{4}, c^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{7\Gamma(\frac{13}{4})} & \text{for } d > -\infty \wedge d < \infty \wedge d \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + b \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2(dx)^{7/2}}{7d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \arccos(cx)$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(5/2)*(a+b*acos(c*x)),x)`

output `a*Piecewise((2*(d*x)**(7/2)/(7*d), Ne(d, 0)), (0, True)) + b*c*Piecewise((d**(5/2)*x**(9/2)*gamma(9/4)*hyper((1/2, 9/4), (13/4,), c**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(7*gamma(13/4)), (d > -oo) & (d < oo) & Ne(d, 0)), (0, True)) + b*Piecewise((2*(d*x)**(7/2)/(7*d), Ne(d, 0)), (0, True))*acos(c*x)`

3.203.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \int (dx)^{5/2} (b \arccos(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $1/147*(42*b*c^4*d^(5/2)*x^(7/2)*\arctan2(\sqrt{c*x + 1}*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}, c*x) - (12*b*c^4*d^2*x^(7/2) + 294*b*c^5*d^2*\integrate(1/7*\sqrt{c*x + 1}*\sqrt{-c*x + 1}*x^(7/2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 28*b*c^2*d^2*x^(3/2) + 21*(2*b*d^2*a*\operatorname{rctan}(\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{x}) + b*d^2*\log((c*x - 1)/(c*x + 2*\sqrt{c}*\sqrt{x} + 1)))*\sqrt{c})*\sqrt{d})/c^4$

3.203.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \int (dx)^{5/2} (b \arccos(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^(5/2)*(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.203.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx)) (dx)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))*(d*x)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))*(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.204 $\int (dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$

3.204.1 Optimal result	1251
3.204.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1251
3.204.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1252
3.204.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1255
3.204.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)	1255
3.204.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1256
3.204.7 Maxima [F]	1256
3.204.8 Giac [F]	1257
3.204.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1257

3.204.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int (dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = -\frac{4b(dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{25c} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{5d}$$

$$+ \frac{12bd^{3/2}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{25c^{5/2}} - \frac{12bd^{3/2}\text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{25c^{5/2}}$$

output `2/5*(d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/d+12/25*b*d^(3/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2),I)/c^(5/2)-12/25*b*d^(3/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2),I)/c^(5/2)-4/25*b*(d*x)^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/c`

3.204.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int (dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{2(dx)^{3/2} (5acx - 2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} + 5bcx \arccos(cx) + 2b \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, c^2x^2))}{25c}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output $(2*(d*x)^{(3/2)}*(5*a*c*x - 2*b*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2] + 5*b*c*x*\text{ArcCos}[c*x] + 2*b*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, c^2*x^2]))/(25*c)$

3.204.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 262, 266, 836, 27, 762, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 5139 \\
 & \frac{2bc \int \frac{(dx)^{5/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 262 \\
 & \frac{2bc \left(\frac{3d^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dx)^{3/2}}{5c^2} \right)}{5d} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 266 \\
 & \frac{2bc \left(\frac{6d \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{5c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dx)^{3/2}}{5c^2} \right)}{5d} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 836 \\
 & \frac{2bc \left(\frac{6d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{cx+d}{d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} \right)}{5c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dx)^{3/2}}{5c^2} \right)}{5d} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{5d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{2bc \left(\frac{6d \left(\frac{\int \frac{cx+d}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} \right)}{5c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dx)^{3/2}}{5c^2} \right)}{5d} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{5d}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 762 \\
& 2bc \left(\frac{6d \left(\frac{\int \frac{cx+d}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{5c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dx)^{3/2}}{5c^2} \right)}{5d} + \\
& \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{5d} \\
& \downarrow 1389 \\
& 2bc \left(\frac{6d \left(\frac{d \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{5c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dx)^{3/2}}{5c^2} \right)}{5d} + \\
& \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{5d} \\
& \downarrow 327 \\
& \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{5d} + \\
& 2bc \left(\frac{6d \left(\frac{d^{3/2} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{5c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(dx)^{3/2}}{5c^2} \right)}{5d}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `(2*(d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/(5*d) + (2*b*c*((-2*d*(d*x)^(3/2)*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(5*c^2) + (6*d*((d^(3/2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/c^(3/2) - (d^(3/2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/c^(3/2)))/(5*c^2)))/(5*d)`

3.204.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*(m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`
- rule 266 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2))^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 836 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-q^(-1) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] + Simp[1/q Int[(1 + q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`
- rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_) + ArcCos[(c_)*(x_)])*(b_)^(n_)*((d_)*(x_)^(m_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.204.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}a}{5} + 2b \left(\frac{(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} \arccos(cx)}{5} + \frac{2c \left(-\frac{d^2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{5c^2} - \frac{3d^3\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{5c^3\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{5d} \right)$
default	$\frac{2(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}a}{5} + 2b \left(\frac{(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} \arccos(cx)}{5} + \frac{2c \left(-\frac{d^2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{5c^2} - \frac{3d^3\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{5c^3\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{5d} \right)$
parts	$\frac{2a(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5d} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} \arccos(cx)}{5} + \frac{2c \left(-\frac{d^2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{5c^2} - \frac{3d^3\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{5c^3\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{5d} \right)}{d}$

input `int((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*(1/5*(d*x)^(5/2)*a+b*(1/5*(d*x)^(5/2)*arccos(c*x)+2/5*c/d*(-1/5/c^2*d^2*(d*x)^(3/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)-3/5/c^3*d^3/(c/d)^(1/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF((d*x)^(1/2)*(c/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE((d*x)^(1/2)*(c/d)^(1/2),I))))`

3.204.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{2 \left(6 \sqrt{-c^2} b d \text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4}{c^2}, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{c^2}, 0, x\right)\right) + (5 b c^3 d x^2 \arccos(c x) + 5 a c^3 d x^2 - 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} b c^2 d x) \sqrt{d x} \right)}{25 c^3}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/25*(6*sqrt(-c^2*d)*b*d*weierstrassZeta(4/c^2, 0, weierstrassPInverse(4/c^2, 0, x)) + (5*b*c^3*d*x^2*arccos(c*x) + 5*a*c^3*d*x^2 - 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c^2*d*x)*sqrt(d*x))/c^3`

3.204.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = a \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}}{5d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + bc \left(\begin{cases} \frac{d^{3/2} x^{7/2} \Gamma(\frac{7}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4} \middle| \frac{11}{4}, c^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{5\Gamma(\frac{11}{4})} & \text{for } d > -\infty \wedge d < \infty \wedge d \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + b \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2(dx)^{5/2}}{5d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \arccos(cx)$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(3/2)*(a+b*acos(c*x)),x)`output `a*Piecewise((2*(d*x)**(5/2)/(5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (0, True)) + b*c*Piecewise((d**(3/2)*x**(7/2)*gamma(7/4)*hyper((1/2, 7/4), (11/4,), c**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(5*gamma(11/4)), (d > -oo) & (d < oo) & Ne(d, 0)), (0, True)) + b*Piecewise((2*(d*x)**(5/2)/(5*d), Ne(d, 0)), (0, True))*acos(c*x)`**3.204.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \int (dx)^{3/2} (b \arccos(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/25*(10*b*c^3*d^(3/2)*x^(5/2)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) - (4*b*c^3*d*x^(5/2) + 50*b*c^4*d*integrate(1/5*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(5/2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 20*b*c*d*sqrt(x) - 5*(2*b*d*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x)) - b*d*log((c*x - 1)/(c*x + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x) + 1)))*sqrt(c))*sqrt(d))/c^3`

3.204.8 Giac [F]

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \int (dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \arccos(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.204.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx)) (dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.205 $\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$

3.205.1 Optimal result	1258
3.205.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1258
3.205.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1259
3.205.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1261
3.205.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)	1261
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3.205.7 Maxima [F]	1262
3.205.8 Giac [F]	1263
3.205.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1263

3.205.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = -\frac{4b\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{9c} + \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d} + \frac{4b\sqrt{d} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{9c^{3/2}}$$

output $\frac{2}{3}*(d*x)^{(3/2)}*(a+b*\arccos(c*x))/d+4/9*b*\operatorname{EllipticF}(c^{(1/2)}*(d*x)^{(1/2)/d^{(1/2)}, I)*d^{(1/2)/c^{(3/2)}}-4/9*b*(d*x)^{(1/2)}*(-c^2*x^2+1)^{(1/2)/c}$

3.205.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{2}{9}\sqrt{dx} \left(3ax - \frac{2b\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{c} + 3bx \arccos(cx) - \frac{2ib\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c}}\sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{c^2x^2}}\sqrt{x} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}} \right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[d*x]*(3*a*x - (2*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/c + 3*b*x*ArcCos[c*x] - ((2*I)*b*Sqrt[-c^(-1)]*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*Sqrt[x]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^(-1)]/Sqrt[x]], -1])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/9`

3.205.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.250$, Rules used = {5139, 262, 266, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{2bc \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{2bc \left(\frac{d^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{dx}}{3c^2} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{266} \\
 & \frac{2bc \left(\frac{2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{3c^2} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{dx}}{3c^2} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d} + \frac{2bc \left(\frac{2d^{3/2} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3c^{5/2}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}\sqrt{dx}}{3c^2} \right)}{3d}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output $(2*(d*x)^{(3/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]))/(3*d) + (2*b*c*((-2*d*\text{Sqrt}[d*x]*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(3*c^2) + (2*d^{(3/2)}*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(\text{Sqrt}[c]*\text{Sqrt}[d*x])/ \text{Sqrt}[d]], -1])/(3*c^{(5/2)})))/(3*d)$

3.205.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 262 $\text{Int}[(c*x)^m * (a + b*x^2)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(c*x)^{m-1} * (a + b*x^2)^{p+1} / (b*(m+2*p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^{2*(m-1)} / (b*(m+2*p+1)) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{m-2} * (a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 266 $\text{Int}[(c*x)^m * (a + b*x^2)^p, x] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[k/c \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{k*(m+1)-1} * (a + b*x^{2*k}/c^2)^p, x], x, (c*x)^{1/k}], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[m] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 762 $\text{Int}[1/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^4], x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4])) * \text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[\text{Rt}[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[b/a] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0]$

rule 5139 $\text{Int}[(a + \text{ArcCos}[c*x])^n * (d*x)^m, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(d*x)^{m+1} * (a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^n / (d*(m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[b*c*(n / (d*(m+1))) \text{Int}[(d*x)^{m+1} * (a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^{n-1} / \text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /;$ $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

3.205.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}a}{3} + 2b \left(\frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arccos(cx)}{3} + \frac{2c \left(-\frac{d^2 \sqrt{dx} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c^2} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-cx+1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i)}{3c^2 \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} \right)}{3d} \right)}{d}$	119
default	$\frac{\frac{2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}a}{3} + 2b \left(\frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arccos(cx)}{3} + \frac{2c \left(-\frac{d^2 \sqrt{dx} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c^2} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-cx+1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i)}{3c^2 \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} \right)}{3d} \right)}{d}$	119
parts	$\frac{2a(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d} + \frac{2b \left(\frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \arccos(cx)}{3} + \frac{2c \left(-\frac{d^2 \sqrt{dx} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}}{3c^2} + \frac{d^2 \sqrt{-cx+1} \sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i)}{3c^2 \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} \right)}{3d} \right)}{d}$	121

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/d*(1/3*(d*x)^(3/2)*a+b*(1/3*(d*x)^(3/2)*arccos(c*x)+2/3*c/d*(-1/3/c^2*d^2*(d*x)^(1/2)*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)+1/3/c^2*d^2/(c/d)^(1/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF((d*x)^(1/2)*(c/d)^(1/2),I)))`

3.205.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \frac{2 \left(2 \sqrt{-c^2 d} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{c^2}, 0, x\right) - (3bc^3 x \arccos(cx) + 3ac^3 x - 2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1} bc^2) \sqrt{dx} \right)}{9c^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`

output `-2/9*(2*sqrt(-c^2*d)*b*weierstrassPInverse(4/c^2, 0, x) - (3*b*c^3*x*arccos(c*x) + 3*a*c^3*x - 2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c^2)*sqrt(d*x))/c^3`

3.205.6 Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx$$

$$= a \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ bc \left(\begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{dx}^{\frac{5}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{5}{4}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4} \middle| \frac{9}{4}, c^2 x^2 e^{2i\pi}\right)}{3\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})} & \text{for } d > -\infty \wedge d < \infty \wedge d \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ b \left(\begin{cases} \frac{2(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \arccos(cx)$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))*(d*x)**(1/2),x)`output `a*Piecewise((2*(d*x)**(3/2)/(3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (0, True)) + b*c*Piecewise((sqrt(d)*x**(5/2)*gamma(5/4)*hyper((1/2, 5/4), (9/4,), c**2*x**2*exp_polar(2*I*pi))/(3*gamma(9/4)), (d > -oo) & (d < oo) & Ne(d, 0)), (0, True)) + b*Piecewise((2*(d*x)**(3/2)/(3*d), Ne(d, 0)), (0, True))*acos(c*x)`**3.205.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*(6*b*c^2*sqrt(d)*x^(3/2)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) - (18*b*c^3*integrate(1/3*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(3/2)/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 4*b*c^2*x^(3/2) + 3*(2*b*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x)) + b*log((c*x - 1)/(c*x + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x) + 1)))*sqrt(c))*sqrt(d))/c^2`

3.205.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \int \sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x)*(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.205.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx)) dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx)) \sqrt{dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.206 $\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$

3.206.1 Optimal result	1264
3.206.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1264
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3.206.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d} + \frac{4bE\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}} - \frac{4b \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{d}}$$

```
output 4*b*EllipticE(c^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)-4*b*EllipticF
(c^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2),1)/c^(1/2)/d^(1/2)+2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(
1/2)/d
```

3.206.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{2x(3(a + b \arccos(cx)) + 2bcx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, c^2x^2\right))}{3\sqrt{dx}}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/Sqrt[d*x],x]
```

```
output (2*x*(3*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]) + 2*b*c*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, c^2
*x^2]))/(3*Sqrt[d*x])
```

3.206.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.438$, Rules used = {5139, 266, 836, 27, 762, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & \frac{2bc \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{266} \\
 & \frac{4bc \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836} \\
 & \frac{4bc \left(\frac{d \int \frac{cx+d}{d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{4bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{cx+d}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & \frac{4bc \left(\frac{\int \frac{cx+d}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1389} \\
 & \frac{4bc \left(\frac{d \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{327}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d} + \frac{4bc \left(\frac{d^{3/2} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{d^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/Sqrt[d*x], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/d + (4*b*c*((d^(3/2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/c^(3/2) - (d^(3/2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[d*x])/Sqrt[d]], -1)]/c^(3/2)))/d^2`

3.206.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 266 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2)]^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 836 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-q^(-1) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] + Simp[1/q Int[(1 + q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`

rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

3.206.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{dx} a + 2b \left(\sqrt{dx} \arccos(cx) - \frac{2\sqrt{-cx+1} \sqrt{cx+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} \right)}{d}$	98
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{dx} a + 2b \left(\sqrt{dx} \arccos(cx) - \frac{2\sqrt{-cx+1} \sqrt{cx+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} \right)}{d}$	98
parts	$\frac{2a\sqrt{dx}}{d} + \frac{2b \left(\sqrt{dx} \arccos(cx) - \frac{2\sqrt{-cx+1} \sqrt{cx+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{-c^2 x^2 + 1}} \right)}{d}$	101

```
input int((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d*((d*x)^(1/2)*a+b*((d*x)^(1/2)*arccos(c*x)-2/(c/d)^(1/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)
*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF((d*x)^(1/2)*(c/d)^(1/2),I)-El
lipticE((d*x)^(1/2)*(c/d)^(1/2),I)))
```

3.206.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left(2\sqrt{-c^2} db \text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4}{c^2}, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{c^2}, 0, x\right)\right) + (bc \arccos(cx) + ac)\sqrt{dx} \right)}{cd}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output `2*(2*sqrt(-c^2*d)*b*weierstrassZeta(4/c^2, 0, weierstrassPInverse(4/c^2, 0, x)) + (b*c*arccos(c*x) + a*c)*sqrt(d*x))/(c*d)`

3.206.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))/(d*x)**(1/2), x)`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

3.206.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{b \arccos(cx) + a}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(2*b*c*sqrt(d)*sqrt(x)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) - (2*b*c^2*d*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*sqrt(x)/(c^2*d*x^2 - d), x) + 4*b*c*sqrt(x) - (2*b*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x)) - b*log((c*x - 1)/(c*x + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x) + 1)))*sqrt(c))*sqrt(d))/(c*d)`

3.206.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{b \arccos(cx) + a}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)/sqrt(d*x), x)`

3.206.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.207 $\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.207.1 Optimal result	1270
3.207.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1270
3.207.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1271
3.207.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1272
3.207.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1272
3.207.6 Sympy [F(-2)]	1273
3.207.7 Maxima [F]	1273
3.207.8 Giac [F]	1273
3.207.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1274

3.207.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{4b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

output `-4*b*EllipticF(c^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2),I)*c^(1/2)/d^(3/2)-2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/d/(d*x)^(1/2)`

3.207.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x \left(-a - b \arccos(cx) + \frac{2ib\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c}}c^2\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{c^2x^2}}x^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-1}}{\sqrt{x}}\right), -1\right)}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} \right)}{(dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/(d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(2*x*(-a - b*ArcCos[c*x] + ((2*I)*b*Sqrt[-c^(-1)]*c^2*Sqrt[1 - 1/(c^2*x^2)]*x^(3/2)*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[-c^(-1)]/Sqrt[x]], -1])/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]))/(d*x)^(3/2)`

3.207.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.188$, Rules used = {5139, 266, 762}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -\frac{2bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d\sqrt{dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{266} \\
 & -\frac{4bc \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{d^2} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d\sqrt{dx}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762} \\
 & -\frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{4b\sqrt{c} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{d^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/(d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/(d*sqrt[d*x]) - (4*b*sqrt[c]*EllipticF[ArcSin[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[dx])/sqrt[d]], -1])/d^(3/2)`

3.207.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 266 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2))^(p), x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`


```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

3.207.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{dx}} + 2b \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{d}$	85
default	$\frac{-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{dx}} + 2b \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{d}$	85
parts	$-\frac{2a}{\sqrt{dx}d} + \frac{2b \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2c\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{cx+1} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{d}$	87

```
input int((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d*(-a/(d*x)^(1/2)+b*(-1/(d*x)^(1/2)*arccos(c*x)-2*c/d/(c/d)^(1/2)*(-c*x+
1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*EllipticF((d*x)^(1/2)*(c/d)^(1/2
),I)))
```

3.207.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(2 \sqrt{-c^2 d} \operatorname{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{c^2}, 0, x\right) - (bc \arccos(cx) + ac) \sqrt{dx} \right)}{cd^2 x}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output 2*(2*sqrt(-c^2*d)*b*x*weierstrassPInverse(4/c^2, 0, x) - (b*c*arccos(c*x)
+ a*c)*sqrt(d*x))/(c*d^2*x)
```

3.207. $\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.207.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))/(d*x)**(3/2),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`**3.207.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arccos(cx) + a}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-(2*b*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) - (2*b*c*d^2*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*sqrt(x)/(c^2*d^2*x^3 - d^2*x), x) - (2*b*arctan(1/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))) - b*log(-(c*x - 1)/(c*x + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x) + 1))))*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/(d^(3/2)*sqrt(x))`**3.207.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arccos(cx) + a}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.207.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.208 $\int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$

3.208.1 Optimal result	1275
3.208.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)	1275
3.208.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1276
3.208.4 Maple [A] (verified)	1279
3.208.5 Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	1279
3.208.6 Sympy [F(-2)]	1280
3.208.7 Maxima [F]	1280
3.208.8 Giac [F]	1280
3.208.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1281

3.208.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 16, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{4bc\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2}}{3d^2\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{4bc^{3/2} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{3d^{5/2}} - \frac{4bc^{3/2} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{3d^{5/2}}$$

output `-2/3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))/d/(d*x)^(3/2)+4/3*b*c^(3/2)*EllipticE(c^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)-4/3*b*c^(3/2)*EllipticF(c^(1/2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^(1/2),I)/d^(5/2)+4/3*b*c*(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/d^2/(d*x)^(1/2)`

3.208.2 Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x(-3(a - 2bcx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} + b \arccos(cx)) + 2bc^3x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, c^2x^2\right))}{9(dx)^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/(d*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(2*x*(-3*(a - 2*b*c*x*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + b*ArcCos[c*x]) + 2*b*c^3*x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, c^2*x^2]))/(9*(d*x)^(5/2))`

3.208.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.500$, Rules used = {5139, 264, 266, 836, 27, 762, 1389, 327}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{5139} \\
 & -\frac{2bc \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{264} \\
 & -\frac{2bc \left(-\frac{c^2 \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d^2} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{266} \\
 & -\frac{2bc \left(-\frac{2c^2 \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{d^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{836} \\
 & -\frac{2bc \left(-\frac{2c^2 \left(\frac{d \int \frac{cx d + d}{d\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & -\frac{2bc \left(-\frac{2c^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{cx d + d}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{762}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{2bc \left(\frac{2c^2 \left(\frac{\int \frac{cx+d}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{3d} \xrightarrow{1389} \frac{2bc \left(\frac{2c^2 \left(\frac{d \int \frac{\sqrt{cx+1}}{\sqrt{1-cx}} d\sqrt{dx}}{c} - \frac{d^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} \right)}{3d} \xrightarrow{327} \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2bc \left(\frac{2c^2 \left(\frac{d^{3/2} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \middle| -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} - \frac{d^{3/2} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{dx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), -1\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{d^3} - \frac{2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} \right)}{3d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])/(d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]))/(3*d*(d*x)^(3/2)) - (2*b*c*((-2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])/(d*sqrt[d*x]) - (2*c^2*((d^(3/2)*EllipticE[ArcSin[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d*x])/sqrt[d]], -1)]/c^(3/2) - (d^(3/2)*EllipticF[ArcSin[(sqrt[c]*sqrt[d*x])/sqrt[d]], -1)]/c^(3/2)))/d^3))/(3*d)`

3.208.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 264 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + 2*p + 3)/(a*c^(2*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

- rule 266 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2))^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`
- rule 327 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[c]*Rt[-d/c, 2]))*EllipticE[ArcSin[Rt[-d/c, 2]*x], b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[d/c] && GtQ[c, 0] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 762 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Sqrt[a]*Rt[-b/a, 4]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[Rt[-b/a, 4]*x], -1], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 836 `Int[(x_)^2/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-b/a, 2]}, Simp[-q^(-1) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] + Simp[1/q Int[(1 + q*x^2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^4], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[b/a]`
- rule 1389 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/Sqrt[(a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4], x_Symbol] := Simp[d/Sqrt[a] Int[Sqrt[1 + e*(x^2/d)]/Sqrt[1 - e*(x^2/d)], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 + a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[c/a] && GtQ[a, 0]`
- rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)])*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

3.208.4 Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2a}{3(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + 2b \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{3(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2c \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{dx}} + \frac{c\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{3d} \right)$
default	$-\frac{2a}{3(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + 2b \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{3(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2c \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{dx}} + \frac{c\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{3d} \right)$
parts	$-\frac{2a}{3(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2b \left(-\frac{\arccos(cx)}{3(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2c \left(-\frac{\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}}{\sqrt{dx}} + \frac{c\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{cx+1} \left(\text{EllipticF}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) - \text{EllipticE}\left(\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}, i\right) \right)}{d\sqrt{\frac{c}{d}}\sqrt{-c^2x^2+1}} \right)}{3d} \right)}{d}$

```
input int((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2/d*(-1/3*a/(d*x)^(3/2)+b*(-1/3/(d*x)^(3/2)*arccos(c*x)-2/3*c/d*(-(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)/(d*x)^(1/2)+c/d/(c/d)^(1/2)*(-c*x+1)^(1/2)*(c*x+1)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2)*(EllipticF((d*x)^(1/2)*(c/d)^(1/2),I)-EllipticE((d*x)^(1/2)*(c/d)^(1/2),I))))
```

3.208.5 Fracas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left(2 \sqrt{-c^2 d} b c x^2 \text{weierstrassZeta}\left(\frac{4}{c^2}, 0, \text{weierstrassPInverse}\left(\frac{4}{c^2}, 0, x\right)\right) + (2 \sqrt{-c^2 x^2} \right)}{3 d^3 x^2}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 2/3*(2*sqrt(-c^2*d)*b*c*x^2*weierstrassZeta(4/c^2, 0, weierstrassPInverse(4/c^2, 0, x)) + (2*sqrt(-c^2*x^2 + 1)*b*c*x - b*arccos(c*x) - a)*sqrt(d*x))/(d^3*x^2)
```


3.208.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))/(d*x)**(5/2),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`**3.208.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arccos(cx) + a}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*(2*b*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) - (6*b*c*d^3*x*integrate(1/3*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*sqrt(x)/(c^2*d^3*x^4 - d^3*x^2), x) + (2*b*c*x*arctan(1/(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))) + b*c*x*log(-(c*x - 1)/(c*x + 2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x) + 1)))*sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/(d^(5/2)*x^(3/2))`**3.208.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{b \arccos(cx) + a}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.208.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx)}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.209 $\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$

3.209.1 Optimal result	1282
3.209.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)	1282
3.209.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1283
3.209.4 Maple [F]	1284
3.209.5 Fracas [F]	1284
3.209.6 Sympy [F(-1)]	1285
3.209.7 Maxima [F]	1285
3.209.8 Giac [F(-2)]	1285
3.209.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1286

3.209.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \frac{2(dx)^{7/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{7d} + \frac{8bc(dx)^{9/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, c^2 x^2\right)}{63d^2} + \frac{16b^2 c^2 (dx)^{11/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, \frac{15}{4}; c^2 x^2\right)}{693d^3}$$

```
output 2/7*(d*x)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/d+8/63*b*c*(d*x)^(9/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))
)*hypergeom([1/2, 9/4],[13/4],c^2*x^2)/d^2+16/693*b^2*c^2*(d*x)^(11/2)*hy
pergeom([1, 11/4, 11/4],[13/4, 15/4],c^2*x^2)/d^3
```

3.209.2 Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 234 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 10.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 234, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.15

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \frac{(dx)^{5/2} \left(882a^2 x^3 + \frac{84ab(-2\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}(5+3c^2x^2)+21c^3x^3 \arccos(cx)+10 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, c^2x^2))}{c^3} \right)}{\dots}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output
$$\frac{((d*x)^{(5/2)}*(882*a^2*x^3 + (84*a*b*(-2*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(5 + 3*c^2*x^2) + 21*c^3*x^3*\text{ArcCos}[c*x] + 10*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, c^2*x^2])))/c^3 + (b^2*(-16*c*x*(35 + 9*c^2*x^2) - 168*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*(5 + 3*c^2*x^2)*\text{ArcCos}[c*x] + 882*c^3*x^3*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]^2 + 840*\text{Sqrt}[1 - c^2*x^2]*\text{ArcCos}[c*x]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, 1, 5/4, c^2*x^2] + (105*\text{Sqrt}[2]*c*\text{Pi}*x*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{3/4, 3/4, 1\}, \{5/4, 7/4\}, c^2*x^2]))/(\text{Gamma}[5/4]*\text{Gamma}[7/4])))/c^3)/(3087*x^2)}$$

3.209.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {5139, 5221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$\frac{4bc \int \frac{(dx)^{7/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{7d} + \frac{2(dx)^{7/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{7d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5221}$$

$$\frac{4bc \left(\frac{4bc(dx)^{11/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{11}{4}; \frac{13}{4}, \frac{15}{4}; c^2 x^2\right)}{99d^2} + \frac{2(dx)^{9/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{13}{4}, c^2 x^2\right) (a + b \arccos(cx))}{9d} \right)}{7d} + \frac{2(dx)^{7/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{7d}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output
$$(2*(d*x)^{(7/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])^2)/(7*d) + (4*b*c*((2*(d*x)^{(9/2)}*(a + b*\text{ArcCos}[c*x])*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 9/4, 13/4, c^2*x^2])/(9*d) + (4*b*c*(d*x)^{(11/2)}*\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{1, 11/4, 11/4\}, \{13/4, 15/4\}, c^2*x^2])/(9*9*d^2)))/(7*d)$$

3.209.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5221 `Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]
)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] + Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]`

3.209.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

input `int((d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.209.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^{\frac{5}{2}} (b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*d^2*x^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*d^2*x^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*d^2*
x^2)*sqrt(d*x), x)`

3.209.6 Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(5/2)*(a+b*acos(c*x))**2,x)`output `Timed out`**3.209.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^{5/2} (b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*b^2*d^(5/2)*x^(7/2)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 1/4
2*a^2*c^2*d^(5/2)*(4*(3*c^2*x^(7/2) + 7*x^(3/2))/c^4 + 42*arctan(sqrt(c)*s
qrt(x))/c^(11/2) + 21*log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/c^(
11/2)) + 14*a*b*c^2*d^(5/2)*integrate(1/7*x^(9/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqr
t(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 4*b^2*c*d^(5/2)*integrate(1/7*sqrt(
c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(7/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))
/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 1/6*a^2*d^(5/2)*(4*x^(3/2)/c^2 + 6*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqr
t(x))/c^(7/2) + 3*log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/c^(7/2)
) - 14*a*b*d^(5/2)*integrate(1/7*x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x +
1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.209.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

3.209.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 (dx)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.210 $\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$

3.210.1 Optimal result	1287
3.210.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1287
3.210.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1288
3.210.4 Maple [F]	1289
3.210.5 Fracas [F]	1289
3.210.6 Sympy [F]	1290
3.210.7 Maxima [F]	1290
3.210.8 Giac [F(-2)]	1290
3.210.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1291

3.210.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \frac{2(dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{5d} + \frac{8bc(dx)^{7/2} (a + b \arccos(cx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, c^2 x^2\right)}{35d^2} + \frac{16b^2 c^2 (dx)^{9/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{13}{4}; c^2 x^2\right)}{315d^3}$$

output `2/5*(d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/d+8/35*b*c*(d*x)^(7/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*hypergeom([1/2, 7/4], [11/4], c^2*x^2)/d^2+16/315*b^2*c^2*(d*x)^(9/2)*hypergeom([1, 9/4, 9/4], [11/4, 13/4], c^2*x^2)/d^3`

3.210.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 3.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \frac{(dx)^{3/2} \left(4480a^2x + \frac{128b(-28a\sqrt{1-c^2x^2} + 70acx \arccos(cx) + 35bcx \arccos(cx)^2 + 28a \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, c^2x^2\right))}{c} \right)}{c}$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output $((d*x)^{(3/2)}*(4480*a^2*x + (128*b*(-28*a*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 70*a*c*x*ArcCos[c*x] + 35*b*c*x*ArcCos[c*x]^2 + 28*a*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, c^2*x^2] + 20*b*c^2*x^2*sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcCos[c*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 9/4, 11/4, c^2*x^2]))/c + (525*sqrt[2]*b^2*c^2*Pi*x^3*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 9/4, 9/4}, {11/4, 13/4}, c^2*x^2])/(Gamma[11/4]*Gamma[13/4]))/11200$

3.210.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {5139, 5221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$\frac{4bc \int \frac{(dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5221}$$

$$\frac{4bc \left(\frac{4bc(dx)^{9/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, \frac{13}{4}; c^2 x^2\right)}{63d^2} + \frac{2(dx)^{7/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{11}{4}, c^2 x^2\right) (a + b \arccos(cx))}{7d} \right)}{5d} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{5d}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output $(2*(d*x)^{(5/2)}*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2)/(5*d) + (4*b*c*((2*(d*x)^{(7/2)}*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 7/4, 11/4, c^2*x^2])/(7*d) + (4*b*c*(d*x)^{(9/2)}*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 9/4, 9/4}, {11/4, 13/4}, c^2*x^2])/(63*d^2)))/(5*d)$

3.210.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5221 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]
)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] + Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

3.210.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

```
input int((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)
```

```
output int((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)
```

3.210.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

```
input integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b^2*d*x*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*d*x*arccos(c*x) + a^2*d*x)*sqrt(d*
x), x)
```

3.210.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(3/2)*(a+b*acos(c*x))**2,x)`

output `Integral((d*x)**(3/2)*(a + b*acos(c*x))**2, x)`

3.210.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int (dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*b^2*d^(3/2)*x^(5/2)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 1/10*a^2*c^2*d^(3/2)*(4*(c^2*x^(5/2) + 5*sqrt(x))/c^4 - 10*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/c^(9/2) + 5*log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/c^(9/2)) + 10*a*b*c^2*d^(3/2)*integrate(1/5*x^(7/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 4*b^2*c*d^(3/2)*integrate(1/5*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 1/2*a^2*d^(3/2)*(4*sqrt(x)/c^2 - 2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/c^(5/2) + log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/c^(5/2)) - 10*a*b*d^(3/2)*integrate(1/5*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.210.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
 :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
 cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value

3.210.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 (dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.211 $\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$

3.211.1 Optimal result	1292
3.211.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1292
3.211.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1293
3.211.4 Maple [F]	1294
3.211.5 Fracas [F]	1294
3.211.6 Sympy [F]	1295
3.211.7 Maxima [F]	1295
3.211.8 Giac [F(-2)]	1295
3.211.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1296

3.211.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 109

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3d} \\ &+ \frac{8bc(dx)^{5/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, c^2x^2\right)}{15d^2} \\ &+ \frac{16b^2c^2(dx)^{7/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, \frac{11}{4}; c^2x^2\right)}{105d^3} \end{aligned}$$

```
output 2/3*(d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/d+8/15*b*c*(d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))
)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/4],[9/4],c^2*x^2)/d^2+16/105*b^2*c^2*(d*x)^(7/2)*hypergeom([1, 7/4, 7/4],[9/4, 11/4],c^2*x^2)/d^3
```

3.211.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx \\ &= \frac{1}{27} \sqrt{dx} \left(\frac{2(9a^2cx - 8b^2cx - 12ab\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} + 18abcx \arccos(cx) - 12b^2\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2} \arccos(cx) + 9b^2cx \arccos^2(cx))}{27} \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{3\sqrt{2}b^2\pi x {}_3F_2\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, 1; \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}; c^2x^2\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[d*x]*((2*(9*a^2*c*x - 8*b^2*c*x - 12*a*b*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2] + 18*a*b*c*x*ArcCos[c*x] - 12*b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcCos[c*x] + 9*b^2*c*x*ArcCos[c*x]^2 + 12*a*b*Hypergeometric2F1[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, c^2*x^2] + 12*b^2*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]*ArcCos[c*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/4, 1, 5/4, c^2*x^2]))/c + (3*Sqrt[2]*b^2*Pi*x*HypergeometricPFQ[{3/4, 3/4, 1}, {5/4, 7/4}, c^2*x^2])/(Gamma[5/4]*Gamma[7/4])))/27`

3.211.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {5139, 5221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$\frac{4bc \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}(a+b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3d} + \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5221}$$

$$\frac{4bc \left(\frac{4bc(dx)^{7/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}; c^2x^2\right)}{35d^2} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{9}{4}, c^2x^2\right)(a+b \arccos(cx))}{5d} \right)}{3d} + \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `(2*(d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2)/(3*d) + (4*b*c*((2*(d*x)^(5/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 5/4, 9/4, c^2*x^2])/(5*d) + (4*b*c*(d*x)^(7/2)*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 7/4, 7/4}, {9/4, 11/4}, c^2*x^2])/(35*d^2)))/(3*d)`

3.211.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5221 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]
)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] + Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

3.211.4 Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \sqrt{dx} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2),x)
```

3.211.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2)*sqrt(d*x), x)
```

3.211.6 Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**2*(d*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(d*x)*(a + b*acos(c*x))**2, x)`

3.211.7 Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int \sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*b^2*sqrt(d)*x^(3/2)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + 1/6*a^2*c^2*sqrt(d)*(4*x^(3/2)/c^2 + 6*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/c^(7/2) + 3*log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/c^(7/2)) + 6*a*b*c^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(1/3*x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 4*b^2*c*sqrt(d)*integrate(1/3*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 1/2*a^2*sqrt(d)*(2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/c^(3/2) + log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/c^(3/2)) - 6*a*b*sqrt(d)*integrate(1/3*sqrt(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.211.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.211.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \sqrt{dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.212 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$

3.212.1 Optimal result	1297
3.212.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)	1297
3.212.3 Rubi [A] (verified)	1298
3.212.4 Maple [F]	1299
3.212.5 Fricas [F]	1299
3.212.6 Sympy [F(-2)]	1300
3.212.7 Maxima [F]	1300
3.212.8 Giac [F]	1300
3.212.9 Mupad [F(-1)]	1301

3.212.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{d} + \frac{8bc(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, c^2x^2\right)}{3d^2} + \frac{16b^2c^2(dx)^{5/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}; c^2x^2\right)}{15d^3}$$

```
output 8/3*b*c*(d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*hypergeom([1/2, 3/4], [7/4], c^2*x^2)/
d^2+16/15*b^2*c^2*(d*x)^(5/2)*hypergeom([1, 5/4, 5/4], [7/4, 9/4], c^2*x^2)/
d^3+2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2)/d
```

3.212.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2}b^2c^2\pi x^3 {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}; c^2x^2\right) + 8x \operatorname{Gamma}\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) \operatorname{Gamma}\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) (3(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 + 4abcx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, c^2x^2\right))}{12\sqrt{dx} \operatorname{Gamma}\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) \operatorname{Gamma}\left(\frac{9}{4}\right)}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2/Sqrt[d*x], x]
```

output $(3\sqrt{2}b^2c^2\pi x^3 \text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{1, 5/4, 5/4\}, \{7/4, 9/4\}, c^2 x^2] + 8x\Gamma[7/4]\Gamma[9/4](3(a + b\text{ArcCos}[c x])^2 + 4abcx \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, c^2 x^2] + 2b^2\text{ArcCos}[c x] \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, 5/4, 7/4, c^2 x^2] \text{Sin}[2\text{ArcCos}[c x]])) / (12\sqrt{d x} \Gamma[7/4] \Gamma[9/4])$

3.212.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {5139, 5221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

↓ 5139

$$\frac{4bc \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{d}$$

↓ 5221

$$\frac{4bc \left(\frac{4bc(dx)^{5/2} {}_3F_2\left(1, \frac{5}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; \frac{7}{4}, \frac{9}{4}; c^2x^2\right)}{15d^2} + \frac{2(dx)^{3/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{7}{4}, c^2x^2\right)(a + b \arccos(cx))}{3d} \right)}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{d}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b\text{ArcCos}[c x])^2/\text{Sqrt}[d x], x]$

output $(2\sqrt{d x}(a + b\text{ArcCos}[c x])^2)/d + (4b^2c((2(d x)^{(3/2)}(a + b\text{ArcCos}[c x])\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3/4, 7/4, c^2 x^2])/(3d) + (4b^2c(d x)^{(5/2)}\text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{1, 5/4, 5/4\}, \{7/4, 9/4\}, c^2 x^2])/(15d^2)))/d$

3.212.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5221 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_.
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]
)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] + Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

3.212.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x)
```

3.212.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output integral((b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2)*sqrt(d*x)/(d*x), x)
```

3.212.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**2/(d*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`**3.212.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(4*b^2*sqrt(x)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 + (a^2*c^2*sqrt(d)*(4*sqrt(x)/(c^2*d) - 2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/(c^(5/2)*d) + log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/(c^(5/2)*d)) + 4*a*b*c^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d*x^3 - d*x), x) - 8*b^2*c*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d*x^3 - d*x), x) + a^2*sqrt(d)*(2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/(sqrt(c)*d) - log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(c)*d)) - 4*a*b*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d*x^3 - d*x), x)*sqrt(d))/sqrt(d)`

3.212.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2/sqrt(d*x), x)`

3.212.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.213 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.213.1 Optimal result 1302
 3.213.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1302
 3.213.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1303
 3.213.4 Maple [F] 1304
 3.213.5 Fricas [F] 1304
 3.213.6 Sympy [F(-2)] 1305
 3.213.7 Maxima [F] 1305
 3.213.8 Giac [F] 1305
 3.213.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1306

3.213.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{8bc\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, c^2x^2\right)}{d^2} - \frac{16b^2c^2(dx)^{3/2} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, 1; \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}; c^2x^2\right)}{3d^3}$$

output `-16/3*b^2*c^2*(d*x)^(3/2)*hypergeom([3/4, 3/4, 1],[5/4, 7/4],c^2*x^2)/d^3-2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/d/(d*x)^(1/2)-8*b*c*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*hypergeom([1/4, 1/2],[5/4],c^2*x^2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^2`

3.213.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}b^2c^2\pi x^2 {}_3F_2\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, 1; \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}; c^2x^2\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{4}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{7}{4}\right)} - 2((a + b \arccos(cx))^2 + 4abcx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, c^2x^2\right)) \right)}{d^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2/(d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output $(x * (-((\text{Sqrt}[2] * b^2 * c^2 * \text{Pi} * x^2 * \text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{3/4, 3/4, 1\}, \{5/4, 7/4\}, c^2 * x^2]) / (\text{Gamma}[5/4] * \text{Gamma}[7/4])) - 2 * ((a + b * \text{ArcCos}[c * x])^2 + 4 * a * b * c * x * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, c^2 * x^2] + 2 * b^2 * \text{ArcCos}[c * x] * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/4, 1, 5/4, c^2 * x^2] * \text{Sin}[2 * \text{ArcCos}[c * x]])) / (d * x)^{(3/2)})$

3.213.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {5139, 5221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5139

$$-\frac{4bc \int \frac{a + b \arccos(cx)}{\sqrt{dx} \sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{dx}}$$

↓ 5221

$$-\frac{4bc \left(\frac{4bc(dx)^{3/2} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, 1; \frac{5}{4}, \frac{7}{4}; c^2 x^2\right)}{3d^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{4}, c^2 x^2\right)(a + b \arccos(cx))}{d} \right)}{d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{d\sqrt{dx}}$$

input $\text{Int}[(a + b * \text{ArcCos}[c * x])^2 / (d * x)^{(3/2)}, x]$

output $(-2 * (a + b * \text{ArcCos}[c * x])^2) / (d * \text{Sqrt}[d * x]) - (4 * b * c * ((2 * \text{Sqrt}[d * x] * (a + b * \text{ArcCos}[c * x]) * \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/4, 1/2, 5/4, c^2 * x^2]) / d + (4 * b * c * (d * x)^{(3/2)}) * \text{HypergeometricPFQ}[\{3/4, 3/4, 1\}, \{5/4, 7/4\}, c^2 * x^2]) / (3 * d^2))) / d$

3.213.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5221 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]
)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] + Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

3.213.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(3/2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(3/2),x)
```

3.213.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2)*sqrt(d*x)/(d^2*x^2)
, x)
```

3.213.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**2/(d*x)**(3/2),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`**3.213.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(4*b^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2 - (a^2*c^2*sqrt(d)
)*(2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/(c^(3/2)*d^2) + log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*
sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/(c^(3/2)*d^2)) + 4*a*b*c^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(x^(5/2)*a
rctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^2*x^4 - d^2*x^2), x) + 8*
b^2*c*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c
*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^2*x^4 - d^2*x^2), x) - a^2*sqrt(d)*(2
*sqrt(c)*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/d^2 + sqrt(c)*log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(
c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/d^2 + 4/(d^2*sqrt(x))) - 4*a*b*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqr
t(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^2*x^4 - d^2*x^2), x
))*d^(3/2)*sqrt(x))/(d^(3/2)*sqrt(x))`**3.213.8 Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.213.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.214 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$

3.214.1 Optimal result 1307
 3.214.2 Mathematica [A] (verified) 1307
 3.214.3 Rubi [A] (verified) 1308
 3.214.4 Maple [F] 1309
 3.214.5 Fracas [F] 1309
 3.214.6 Sympy [F(-2)] 1310
 3.214.7 Maxima [F] 1310
 3.214.8 Giac [F] 1310
 3.214.9 Mupad [F(-1)] 1311

3.214.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 109

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} + \frac{8bc(a + b \arccos(cx)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, c^2x^2\right)}{3d^2\sqrt{dx}} + \frac{16b^2c^2\sqrt{dx} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, 1; \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; c^2x^2\right)}{3d^3}$$

output `-2/3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/d/(d*x)^(3/2)+8/3*b*c*(a+b*arccos(c*x))*hypergeom([-1/4, 1/2], [3/4], c^2*x^2)/d^2/(d*x)^(1/2)+16/3*b^2*c^2*hypergeom([1/4, 1/4, 1], [3/4, 5/4], c^2*x^2)*(d*x)^(1/2)/d^3`

3.214.2 Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x(-8 \operatorname{Gamma}\left(\frac{7}{4}\right) \operatorname{Gamma}\left(\frac{9}{4}\right) (3(a^2 - 8b^2c^2x^2 + 2b(a - 2bcx\sqrt{1 - c^2x^2})) \arccos(cx) - 2a^2))}{3d^2(dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2/(d*x)^(5/2), x]`

```
output (x*(-8*Gamma[7/4]*Gamma[9/4]*(3*(a^2 - 8*b^2*c^2*x^2 + 2*b*(a - 2*b*c*x*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*ArcCos[c*x] + b^2*ArcCos[c*x]^2) - 12*a*b*c*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, c^2*x^2] - 4*b^2*c^3*x^3*Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2])*ArcCos[c*x]*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 5/4, 7/4, c^2*x^2]) + 3*Sqrt[2]*b^2*c^4*Pi*x^4*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 5/4, 5/4}, {7/4, 9/4}, c^2*x^2]))/(36*(d*x)^(5/2)*Gamma[7/4]*Gamma[9/4])
```

3.214.3 Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$, Rules used = {5139, 5221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5139

$$\frac{4bc \int \frac{a+b \arccos(cx)}{(dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{3d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3d(dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 5221

$$\frac{4bc \left(-\frac{4bc\sqrt{dx} {}_3F_2\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, 1; \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{4}; c^2x^2\right)}{d^2} - \frac{2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, c^2x^2\right)(a+b \arccos(cx))}{d\sqrt{dx}} \right)}{3d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{3d(dx)^{3/2}}$$

```
input Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2/(d*x)^(5/2), x]
```

```
output (-2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2)/(3*d*(d*x)^(3/2)) - (4*b*c*((-2*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1/2, 3/4, c^2*x^2])/(d*Sqrt[d*x]) - (4*b*c*Sqrt[d*x]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1/4, 1/4, 1}, {3/4, 5/4}, c^2*x^2])/d^2))/(3*d)
```

3.214.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 5139 Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 5221 Int[(((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_))/Sqrt[(d_) + (e_
)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] :> Simp[((f*x)^(m + 1)/(f*(m + 1)))*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]
)*Simp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/2,
(3 + m)/2, c^2*x^2], x] + Simp[b*c*((f*x)^(m + 2)/(f^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)))*S
imp[Sqrt[1 - c^2*x^2]/Sqrt[d + e*x^2]]*HypergeometricPFQ[{1, 1 + m/2, 1 + m
/2}, {3/2 + m/2, 2 + m/2}, c^2*x^2], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m}, x]
&& EqQ[c^2*d + e, 0] && !IntegerQ[m]
```

3.214.4 Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

```
input int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(5/2),x)
```

```
output int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(5/2),x)
```

3.214.5 Fracas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fracas")
```

```
output integral((b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2)*sqrt(d*x)/(d^3*x^3
, x)
```

3.214.6 Sympy [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**2/(d*x)**(5/2),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`**3.214.7 Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/6*((3*a^2*c^2*sqrt(d)*(2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/(sqrt(c)*d^3) - log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(c)*d^3)) - 36*a*b*c^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(1/3*x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^3*x^5 - d^3*x^3), x) - 24*b^2*c*sqrt(d)*integrate(1/3*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^3*x^5 - d^3*x^3), x) - a^2*sqrt(d)*(6*c^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/d^3 - 3*c^(3/2)*log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/d^3 - 4/(d^3*x^(3/2))) + 36*a*b*sqrt(d)*integrate(1/3*sqrt(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^3*x^5 - d^3*x^3), x)*d^(5/2)*x^(3/2) + 4*b^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^2/(d^(5/2)*x^(3/2))`

3.214.8 Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.214.9 Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^2}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

3.215 $\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$

3.215.1 Optimal result	1312
3.215.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1312
3.215.3 Rubi [N/A]	1313
3.215.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1314
3.215.5 Fricas [N/A]	1314
3.215.6 Sympy [N/A]	1314
3.215.7 Maxima [N/A]	1315
3.215.8 Giac [F(-2)]	1315
3.215.9 Mupad [N/A]	1316

3.215.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \frac{2(dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{5d} + \frac{6bc \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1 - c^2 x^2}}, x\right)}{5d}$$

output `2/5*(d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/d+6/5*b*c*Unintegrable((d*x)^(5/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)/d`

3.215.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 45.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output `Integrate[(d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3, x]`

3.215.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5139, 5235}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{5139}$$

$$\frac{6bc \int \frac{(dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{5d}$$

$$\downarrow \text{5235}$$

$$\frac{6bc \int \frac{(dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{5d} + \frac{2(dx)^{5/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{5d}$$

input `Int[(d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.215.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5235 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((f_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*Ar
cCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

3.215.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

input `int((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x)`output `int((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x)`**3.215.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int (dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b^3*d*x*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*d*x*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*d*x*arccos(c*x) + a^3*d*x)*sqrt(d*x), x)`**3.215.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 80.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int (dx)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))**3,x)`output `Integral((d*x)**(3/2)*(a + b*arccos(c*x))**3, x)`

3.215.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 441, normalized size of antiderivative = 24.50

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int (dx)^{3/2} (b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*b^3*d^(3/2)*x^(5/2)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^3 + 1/10*a^3*c^2*d^(3/2)*(4*(c^2*x^(5/2) + 5*sqrt(x))/c^4 - 10*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/c^(9/2) + 5*log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/c^(9/2)) + 15*a*b^2*c^2*d^(3/2)*integrate(1/5*x^(7/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) + 15*a^2*b*c^2*d^(3/2)*integrate(1/5*x^(7/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 6*b^3*c*d^(3/2)*integrate(1/5*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 1/2*a^3*d^(3/2)*(4*sqrt(x)/c^2 - 2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/c^(5/2) + log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/c^(5/2)) - 15*a*b^2*d^(3/2)*integrate(1/5*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 15*a^2*b*d^(3/2)*integrate(1/5*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)`

3.215.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command :INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const vecteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value`

3.215.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (dx)^{3/2} (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 (dx)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3*(d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3*(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

3.216 $\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$

3.216.1 Optimal result	1317
3.216.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1317
3.216.3 Rubi [N/A]	1318
3.216.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1319
3.216.5 Fricas [N/A]	1319
3.216.6 Sympy [N/A]	1319
3.216.7 Maxima [N/A]	1320
3.216.8 Giac [F(-2)]	1320
3.216.9 Mupad [N/A]	1321

3.216.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3d} + \frac{2bc \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}, x\right)}{d}$$

output `2/3*(d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/d+2*b*c*Unintegrable((d*x)^(3/2)*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)/d`

3.216.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 141.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3, x]`

3.216.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5139, 5235}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx$$

↓ 5139

$$\frac{2bc \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3d}$$

↓ 5235

$$\frac{2bc \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3d}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.216.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5235 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^ (n_.)*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*Ar
cCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

3.216.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 \sqrt{dx} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3*(d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3*(d*x)^(1/2),x)`**3.216.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int \sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccos(c*x) + a^3)*sqrt(d*x), x)`**3.216.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 8.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^3 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**3*(d*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(d*x)*(a + b*acos(c*x))**3, x)`

3.216.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 418, normalized size of antiderivative = 23.22

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int \sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3 dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 2/3*b^3*sqrt(d)*x^(3/2)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^3 + 1/6
*a^3*c^2*sqrt(d)*(4*x^(3/2)/c^2 + 6*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/c^(7/2) + 3*log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/c^(7/2)) + 3*a*b^2*c^2*sqrt
(d)*integrate(x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/(c^2*x^
2 - 1), x) + 3*a^2*b*c^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sq
rt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 2*b^3*c*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/
(c^2*x^2 - 1), x) - 1/2*a^3*sqrt(d)*(2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/c^(3/2) + 1
og((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/c^(3/2)) - 3*a*b^2*sqrt(d)
*integrate(sqrt(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/(c^2*x^2 -
1), x) - 3*a^2*b*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x
+ 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*x^2 - 1), x)
```

3.216.8 Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3*(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output Exception raised: RuntimeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command
:INPUT:sage2OUTPUT:sym2poly/r2sym(const gen & e,const index_m & i,const ve
cteur & l) Error: Bad Argument Value
```

3.216.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3 dx = \int (a + b \arccos(cx))^3 \sqrt{dx} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3*(d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3*(d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.217 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$

3.217.1 Optimal result 1322
 3.217.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1322
 3.217.3 Rubi [N/A] 1323
 3.217.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1324
 3.217.5 Fricas [N/A] 1324
 3.217.6 Sympy [F(-2)] 1324
 3.217.7 Maxima [N/A] 1325
 3.217.8 Giac [N/A] 1325
 3.217.9 Mupad [N/A] 1326

3.217.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{d} + \frac{6bc \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}, x\right)}{d}$$

output `2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3*(d*x)^(1/2)/d+6*b*c*Unintegrable((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)/d`

3.217.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 73.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/Sqrt[d*x], x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/Sqrt[d*x], x]`

3.217.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5139, 5235}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

↓ 5139

$$\frac{6bc \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{d}$$

↓ 5235

$$\frac{6bc \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} + \frac{2\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{d}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/Sqrt[d*x], x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.217.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5235 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*Ar
cCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

3.217.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`**3.217.5 Fricas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccos(c*x) + a^3)*sqrt(d*x)/(d*x), x)`**3.217.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**3/(d*x)**(1/2),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

3.217.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 25.44

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output 1/2*(4*b^3*sqrt(x)*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^3 + (a^3*c^2
*sqrt(d)*(4*sqrt(x)/(c^2*d) - 2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/(c^(5/2)*d) + log(
(c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/(c^(5/2)*d)) + 6*a*b^2*c^2*sq
rt(d)*integrate(x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/(c^2*
d*x^3 - d*x), x) + 6*a^2*b*c^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x +
1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d*x^3 - d*x), x) - 12*b^3*c*sqrt(d)*integra
te(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1
))/(c*x))^2/(c^2*d*x^3 - d*x), x) + a^3*sqrt(d)*(2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/
(sqrt(c)*d) - log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(c)*d)
) - 6*a*b^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/
(c*x))^2/(c^2*d*x^3 - d*x), x) - 6*a^2*b*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt(x)*arctan(
sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d*x^3 - d*x), x))*sqrt(d))/sqrt(d
)
```

3.217.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^3/sqrt(d*x), x)
```

3.217.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^3}{\sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(1/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(1/2), x)`

3.218 $\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$

3.218.1 Optimal result 1327
 3.218.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1327
 3.218.3 Rubi [N/A] 1328
 3.218.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1329
 3.218.5 Fricas [N/A] 1329
 3.218.6 Sympy [F(-2)] 1329
 3.218.7 Maxima [N/A] 1330
 3.218.8 Giac [N/A] 1330
 3.218.9 Mupad [N/A] 1331

3.218.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{d\sqrt{dx}} - \frac{6bc \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}, x\right)}{d}$$

output `-2*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/d/(d*x)^(1/2)-6*b*c*Unintegrable((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)/d`

3.218.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 51.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/(d*x)^(3/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/(d*x)^(3/2), x]`

3.218.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5139, 5235}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 5139

$$-\frac{6bc \int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{d\sqrt{dx}}$$

↓ 5235

$$-\frac{6bc \int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{\sqrt{dx}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{d\sqrt{dx}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/(d*x)^(3/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.218.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5235 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e
.)*(x)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*Ar
cCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

3.218.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(3/2),x)`**3.218.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fracas")`output `integral((b^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccos(c*x) + a^3)*sqrt(d*x)/(d^2*x^2), x)`**3.218.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**3/(d*x)**(3/2),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

3.218.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 489, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.17

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/2*(4*b^3*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^3 - (a^3*c^2*sqrt(d)
)*(2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/(c^(3/2)*d^2) + log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*
sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/(c^(3/2)*d^2)) + 6*a*b^2*c^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(x^(5/2)
*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/(c^2*d^2*x^4 - d^2*x^2), x)
+ 6*a^2*b*c^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)
)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^2*x^4 - d^2*x^2), x) + 12*b^3*c*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/
(c^2*d^2*x^4 - d^2*x^2), x) - a^3*sqrt(d)*(2*sqrt(c)*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x)
))/d^2 + sqrt(c)*log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/d^2 + 4/
(d^2*sqrt(x))) - 6*a*b^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sq
rt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/(c^2*d^2*x^4 - d^2*x^2), x) - 6*a^2*b*sqrt(d)*integr
ate(sqrt(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^2*x^4 - d^2*
x^2), x))*d^(3/2)*sqrt(x))/(d^(3/2)*sqrt(x))
```

3.218.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^3/(d*x)^(3/2), x)
```

3.218.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^3}{(dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(3/2), x)`

$$3.219 \quad \int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

3.219.1 Optimal result	1332
3.219.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1332
3.219.3 Rubi [N/A]	1333
3.219.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1334
3.219.5 Fricas [N/A]	1334
3.219.6 Sympy [F(-2)]	1334
3.219.7 Maxima [N/A]	1335
3.219.8 Giac [N/A]	1335
3.219.9 Mupad [N/A]	1336

3.219.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{3d(dx)^{3/2}} - \frac{2bc \operatorname{Int}\left(\frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2}\sqrt{1-c^2x^2}}, x\right)}{d}$$

output `-2/3*(a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/d/(d*x)^(3/2)-2*b*c*Unintegrable((a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(3/2)/(-c^2*x^2+1)^(1/2),x)/d`

3.219.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 37.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/(d*x)^(5/2),x]`

output `Integrate[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/(d*x)^(5/2), x]`

3.219.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5139, 5235}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 5139

$$-\frac{2bc \int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3d(dx)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 5235

$$-\frac{2bc \int \frac{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}{(dx)^{3/2} \sqrt{1-c^2x^2}} dx}{d} - \frac{2(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{3d(dx)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^3/(d*x)^(5/2), x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.219.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5139 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n/(d*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[b*c*(n
/(d*(m + 1))) Int[(d*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^(n - 1)/Sqrt[1 - c^2
*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 5235 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^n_.*((f_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((d_) + (e_
.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Unintegrable[(f*x)^m*(d + e*x^2)^p*(a + b*Ar
cCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x]`

3.219.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(5/2),x)`output `int((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(5/2),x)`**3.219.5 Fracas [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{(dx)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral((b^3*arccos(c*x)^3 + 3*a*b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 3*a^2*b*arccos(c*x) + a^3)*sqrt(d*x)/(d^3*x^3), x)`**3.219.6 Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*acos(c*x))**3/(d*x)**(5/2),x)`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Invalid comparison of non-real zoo`

3.219.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 491, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.28

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -1/6*(4*b^3*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)^3 + (3*a^3*c^2*sqrt
(d)*(2*arctan(sqrt(c)*sqrt(x))/(sqrt(c)*d^3) - log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(
c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/(sqrt(c)*d^3)) - 18*a*b^2*c^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(x^(5
/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/(c^2*d^3*x^5 - d^3*x^3),
x) - 18*a^2*b*c^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(x^(5/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x
+ 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^3*x^5 - d^3*x^3), x) - 12*b^3*c*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt
(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*x^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x)
)^2/(c^2*d^3*x^5 - d^3*x^3), x) - a^3*sqrt(d)*(6*c^(3/2)*arctan(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(x))/d^3 - 3*c^(3/2)*log((c*sqrt(x) - sqrt(c))/(c*sqrt(x) + sqrt(c)))/d^
3 - 4/(d^3*x^(3/2))) + 18*a*b^2*sqrt(d)*integrate(sqrt(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x
+ 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))^2/(c^2*d^3*x^5 - d^3*x^3), x) + 18*a^2*b*sqrt(d)
*integrate(sqrt(x)*arctan(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)/(c*x))/(c^2*d^3*x^
5 - d^3*x^3), x)*d^(5/2)*x^(3/2))/(d^(5/2)*x^(3/2))
```

3.219.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

```
input integrate((a+b*arccos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate((b*arccos(c*x) + a)^3/(d*x)^(5/2), x)
```


3.219.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b \arccos(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^3}{(dx)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`output `int((a + b*acos(c*x))^3/(d*x)^(5/2), x)`

$$3.220 \quad \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

3.220.1 Optimal result	1337
3.220.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1337
3.220.3 Rubi [N/A]	1338
3.220.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1338
3.220.5 Fricas [N/A]	1339
3.220.6 Sympy [N/A]	1339
3.220.7 Maxima [N/A]	1339
3.220.8 Giac [N/A]	1340
3.220.9 Mupad [N/A]	1340

3.220.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a+b \arccos(cx)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

3.220.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[(d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]), x]`

3.220.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `Int[(d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.220.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.220.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

3.220.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(d*x)*d*x/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`**3.220.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 4.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`output `Integral((d*x)**(3/2)/(a + b*arccos(c*x)), x)`**3.220.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.220. $\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$

3.220.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`**3.220.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*arccos(c*x)),x)`output `int((d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*arccos(c*x)), x)`

3.221 $\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$

3.221.1 Optimal result 1341
 3.221.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1341
 3.221.3 Rubi [N/A] 1342
 3.221.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1342
 3.221.5 Fricas [N/A] 1343
 3.221.6 Sympy [N/A] 1343
 3.221.7 Maxima [N/A] 1343
 3.221.8 Giac [N/A] 1344
 3.221.9 Mupad [N/A] 1344

3.221.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

3.221.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d*x]/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d*x]/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]), x]`

3.221.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d*x]/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x]),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.221.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.221.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

output `int((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

3.221.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(d*x)/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`**3.221.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`output `Integral(sqrt(d*x)/(a + b*arccos(c*x)), x)`**3.221.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(sqrt(d*x)/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`

3.221. $\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a+b \arccos(cx)} dx$

3.221.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{b \arccos(cx) + a} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(d*x)/(b*arccos(c*x) + a), x)`**3.221.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{a + b \arccos(cx)} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*arccos(c*x)),x)`output `int((d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*arccos(c*x)), x)`

$$3.222 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

3.222.1 Optimal result	1345
3.222.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1345
3.222.3 Rubi [N/A]	1346
3.222.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1346
3.222.5 Fracas [N/A]	1347
3.222.6 Sympy [N/A]	1347
3.222.7 Maxima [N/A]	1347
3.222.8 Giac [N/A]	1348
3.222.9 Mupad [N/A]	1348

3.222.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

3.222.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])), x]`

3.222.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.222.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.222.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx)) \sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

3.222.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x)/(b*d*x*arccos(c*x) + a*d*x), x)`

3.222.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(d*x)*(a + b*arccos(c*x))), x)`

3.222.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(d*x)*(b*arccos(c*x) + a)), x)`

3.222.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(d*x)*(b*arccos(c*x) + a)), x)`**3.222.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx)) \sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.223 $\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a+b \arccos(cx))} dx$

3.223.1 Optimal result 1349
 3.223.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1349
 3.223.3 Rubi [N/A] 1350
 3.223.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1350
 3.223.5 Fricas [N/A] 1351
 3.223.6 Sympy [N/A] 1351
 3.223.7 Maxima [N/A] 1351
 3.223.8 Giac [N/A] 1352
 3.223.9 Mupad [N/A] 1352

3.223.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

3.223.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])), x]`

3.223.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.223.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.223.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

output `int(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`

3.223.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(b \arccos(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(d*x)/(b*d^2*x^2*arccos(c*x) + a*d^2*x^2), x)`**3.223.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 3.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x)**(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x)`output `Integral(1/((d*x)**(3/2)*(a + b*arccos(c*x))), x)`**3.223.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(b \arccos(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(1/((d*x)^(3/2)*(b*arccos(c*x) + a)), x)`

3.223.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(b \arccos(cx) + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((d*x)^(3/2)*(b*arccos(c*x) + a)), x)`**3.223.9 Mupad [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx)) (dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*arccos(c*x))*(d*x)^(3/2)), x)`

$$3.224 \quad \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

3.224.1 Optimal result	1353
3.224.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1353
3.224.3 Rubi [N/A]	1354
3.224.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1354
3.224.5 Fricas [N/A]	1355
3.224.6 Sympy [N/A]	1355
3.224.7 Maxima [N/A]	1355
3.224.8 Giac [N/A]	1356
3.224.9 Mupad [N/A]	1356

3.224.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.224.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 16.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[(d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[(d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2, x]`

3.224.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[(d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.224.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.]*((d_.)*(x_.))^m_. , x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.224.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.224.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(d*x)*d*x/(b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2), x)`**3.224.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 10.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))**2,x)`output `Integral((d*x)**(3/2)/(a + b*arccos(c*x))**2, x)`**3.224.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.06

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $(\sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{-cx + 1} d^{3/2} x^{3/2} - (b^2 c \arctan 2(\sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{-cx + 1}), cx) + a b c) \sqrt{d} \operatorname{integrate}(1/2 * (5 * c^2 * d * x^2 - 3 * d) * \sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{-cx + 1} \sqrt{x} / (a * b * c^3 * x^2 - a * b * c + (b^2 * c^3 * x^2 - b^2 * c) * \arctan 2(\sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{-cx + 1}), cx)), x) / (b^2 * c \arctan 2(\sqrt{cx + 1} \sqrt{-cx + 1}), cx) + a * b * c$

3.224.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x)^(3/2)/(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2, x)`

3.224.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx)^{3/2}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^(3/2)/(a + b*arccos(c*x))^2, x)`

3.225 $\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$

3.225.1 Optimal result 1357
 3.225.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1357
 3.225.3 Rubi [N/A] 1358
 3.225.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1358
 3.225.5 Fricas [N/A] 1359
 3.225.6 Sympy [N/A] 1359
 3.225.7 Maxima [N/A] 1359
 3.225.8 Giac [N/A] 1360
 3.225.9 Mupad [N/A] 1360

3.225.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.225.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 16.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[d*x]/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `Integrate[Sqrt[d*x]/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2, x]`

3.225.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[Sqrt[d*x]/(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2,x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.225.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_.))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.225.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.225.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(d*x)/(b^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*arccos(c*x) + a^2), x)`**3.225.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 2.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)**(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))**2,x)`output `Integral(sqrt(d*x)/(a + b*arccos(c*x))**2, x)`**3.225.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-\left((b^2c \arctan_2(\sqrt{cx+1})\sqrt{-cx+1}, cx) + a*b*c\right)\sqrt{d} \operatorname{integrate}\left(\frac{1}{2}(3c^2x^2 - 1)\sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{x}/(a*b*c^3x^3 - a*b*c*x + (b^2c^3x^3 - b^2c*x)\arctan_2(\sqrt{cx+1})\sqrt{-cx+1}, cx), x\right) - \sqrt{cx+1}\sqrt{-cx+1}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{x}/(b^2c \arctan_2(\sqrt{cx+1})\sqrt{-cx+1}, cx) + a*b*c$

3.225.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((d*x)^(1/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(d*x)/(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2, x)`

3.225.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{dx}}{(a + b \operatorname{acos}(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int((d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*acos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int((d*x)^(1/2)/(a + b*acos(c*x))^2, x)`

3.226 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$

3.226.1 Optimal result	1361
3.226.2 Mathematica [N/A]	1361
3.226.3 Rubi [N/A]	1362
3.226.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)	1362
3.226.5 Fricas [N/A]	1363
3.226.6 Sympy [N/A]	1363
3.226.7 Maxima [N/A]	1363
3.226.8 Giac [N/A]	1364
3.226.9 Mupad [N/A]	1364

3.226.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

3.226.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 40.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2), x]`

3.226.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[d*x]*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.226.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_)]*(b_.))^(n_.)*((d_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.226.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 \sqrt{dx}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

3.226.5 Fricas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(d*x)/(b^2*d*x*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*d*x*arccos(c*x) + a^2*d*x), x)`

3.226.6 Sympy [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 4.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(d*x)*(a + b*arccos(c*x))^2), x)`

3.226.7 Maxima [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 1.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.89

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{dx}(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output $-\left(\left(b^2 c d x \arctan 2\left(\sqrt{c x+1}\right) \sqrt{-c x+1}, c x\right)+a b c d x\right) \sqrt{d} \int \frac{1}{2}\left(c^2 x^2+1\right) \sqrt{c x+1} \sqrt{-c x+1} \sqrt{x} / \left(a b c^3 d x^4-a b c d x^2+\left(b^2 c^3 d x^4-b^2 c d x^2\right) \arctan 2\left(\sqrt{c x+1}\right) \sqrt{-c x+1}, c x\right), x)-\sqrt{c x+1} \sqrt{-c x+1} \sqrt{d} \sqrt{x} / \left(b^2 c d x \arctan 2\left(\sqrt{c x+1}\right) \sqrt{-c x+1}, c x\right)+a b c d x$

3.226.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d x}(a+b \arccos (c x))^2} d x = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d x}(b \arccos (c x)+a)^2} d x$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2/(d*x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(d*x)*(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2), x)`

3.226.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{d x}(a+b \arccos (c x))^2} d x = \int \frac{1}{(a+b \arccos (c x))^2 \sqrt{d x}} d x$$

input `int(1/((a + b*acos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*acos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(1/2)), x)`

3.227 $\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a+b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$

3.227.1 Optimal result 1365
 3.227.2 Mathematica [N/A] 1365
 3.227.3 Rubi [N/A] 1366
 3.227.4 Maple [N/A] (verified) 1366
 3.227.5 Fricas [N/A] 1367
 3.227.6 Sympy [N/A] 1367
 3.227.7 Maxima [N/A] 1367
 3.227.8 Giac [N/A] 1368
 3.227.9 Mupad [N/A] 1368

3.227.1 Optimal result

Integrand size = 18, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \text{Int}\left(\frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2}, x\right)$$

output `Unintegrable(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.227.2 Mathematica [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 22.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Integrate[1/((d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2),x]`

output `Integrate[1/((d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2), x]`

3.227.3 Rubi [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 0, $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.000$, Rules used = {5149}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

↓ 5149

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `Int[1/((d*x)^(3/2)*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^2),x]`

output `$Aborted`

3.227.3.1 Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 5149 `Int[((a_.) + ArcCos[(c_.)*(x_.)]*(b_.))^n_.*((d_.)*(x_.))^m_.], x_Symbol]
:> Unintegrable[(d*x)^m*(a + b*ArcCos[c*x])^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x]`

3.227.4 Maple [N/A] (verified)

Not integrable

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

output `int(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x)`

3.227.5 Fracas [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `integral(sqrt(d*x)/(b^2*d^2*x^2*arccos(c*x)^2 + 2*a*b*d^2*x^2*arccos(c*x) + a^2*d^2*x^2), x)`**3.227.6 Sympy [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 11.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x)**(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))**2,x)`output `Integral(1/((d*x)**(3/2)*(a + b*arccos(c*x))**2), x)`**3.227.7 Maxima [N/A]**

Not integrable

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.11

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`


```
output ((b^2*c*d^2*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x) + a*b*c*d^2*x^2
)*sqrt(d)*integrate(1/2*(c^2*x^2 - 3)*sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)*sqrt(x)
/(a*b*c^3*d^2*x^5 - a*b*c*d^2*x^3 + (b^2*c^3*d^2*x^5 - b^2*c*d^2*x^3)*arct
an2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x)), x) + sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1)
*sqrt(d)*sqrt(x)/(b^2*c*d^2*x^2*arctan2(sqrt(c*x + 1)*sqrt(-c*x + 1), c*x
) + a*b*c*d^2*x^2)
```

3.227.8 Giac [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(dx)^{\frac{3}{2}}(b \arccos(cx) + a)^2} dx$$

```
input integrate(1/(d*x)^(3/2)/(a+b*arccos(c*x))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

```
output integrate(1/((d*x)^(3/2)*(b*arccos(c*x) + a)^2), x)
```

3.227.9 Mupad [N/A]

Not integrable

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(dx)^{3/2}(a + b \arccos(cx))^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + b \arccos(cx))^2 (dx)^{3/2}} dx$$

```
input int(1/((a + b*arccos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(3/2)),x)
```

```
output int(1/((a + b*arccos(c*x))^2*(d*x)^(3/2)), x)
```

APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions	1369
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4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

4.1.1 Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7,2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*           Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*           match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*           GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
```

```

(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*   is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*   antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafC
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A"," "}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
        ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
      ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
      If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
        finalresult={"A"," "}
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.$
      ]
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
    If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
      finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "<
      ,
      finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
  ];

  finalresult
]

```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
    If[ListQ[expn],
      Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
      If[Head[expn]===Power,
        If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
          ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
          If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
            If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
              1,
              Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
            Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]]],
          If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
            Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
            If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
            If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
            If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],5]],
            If[AppellFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],6]],
            If[Head[expn]===RootSum,
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
            If[Head[expn]===Integrate || Head[expn]===Int,
              Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],8]],
            9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

SpecialFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

HypergeometricFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

AppellFunctionQ[func_] :=
  MemberQ[{AppellF1}, func]

```

4.1.2 Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
# if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000

```

```

#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
# see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
#do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
      return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issues";
fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
            print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal
# antiderivative
# "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
      return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

```

```

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
  if debug then
    print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
  fi;
  if is_contains_complex(result) then
    if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
      if debug then
        print("both result and optimal complex");
      fi;
      if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        return "A"," ";
      else
        return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf_
        end if
      else #result contains complex but optimal is not
        if debug then
          print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
        fi;
        return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
      fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
      # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
      if debug then
        print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well");
      fi;
      if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
        if debug then
          print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "A"," ";
      else
        if debug then
          print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
        fi;
        return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of o
                        convert(leaf_count_result,string),"$ vs. $2(",
                        convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),"=" ,convert(2*leaf_cou
        fi;
      fi;
    fi;
  fi;

```

```

else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
  if debug then
    print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
  fi;
  return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
    convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
    convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
fi;

end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
  return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function
# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  end if
end if

```



```

elif type(expn, ``~`) then
  if type(op(2,expn), 'integer') then
    ExpnType(op(1,expn))
  elif type(op(2,expn), 'rational') then
    if type(op(1,expn), 'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2, ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  else
    max(3, ExpnType(op(1,expn)), ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
  end if
elif type(expn, ``+`) or type(expn, ``*`) then
  max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)), max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(3, ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(4, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(5, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
  max(6, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)])))
elif op(0,expn)='int' then
  max(8, apply(max, map(ExpnType, [op(expn)]))) else
  9
end if
end proc:

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,

```

```

        GAMMA,lnGAMMA,Psi,Zeta,polylog,dilog,LambertW,
        EllipticF,EllipticE,EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
    member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1,hypergeom,HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
    member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
    if nops(u)=2 then
        op(2,u)
    else
        apply(op(0,u),op(2..nops(u),u))
    end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
    MmaTranslator[Mma] [LeafCount] (u);
end proc:

```

4.1.3 Sympy grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
    #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
    return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):

```

```
if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
        return True
    else:
        return False
else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
        asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
        asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
    ]

def is_special_function(func):
    return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
        fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
        gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
        elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
    ]

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
```

```

return 1
elif isinstance(expn,list):
    return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
elif is_sqrt(expn):
    if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,``^``)
    if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
        return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,``+``) or type(expn,``*``)
    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]]
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

```

#main function

```

def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""
    else:
        if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
            if result.has(I):
                if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                    if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                        grade = "A"
                        grade_annotation = ""
                    else:
                        grade = "B"
                        grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is large"
                else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                    grade = "C"
                    grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
            else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result)
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType_result)

    #print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

```

```
return grade, grade_annotation
```

4.1.4 SageMath grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#      grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#      'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#      issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
```

```

        return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arccsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi,zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
        if m:
            print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
        else:
            print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric', 'hypergeometric_M', 'hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric']  #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("Enter is_atom, expn=", expn)

    if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
        return False

    #thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic-try:
    try:
        if expn.parent() is SR:
            return expn.operator() is None
        if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
            return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
        if hasattr(expn.parent(), "base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(), "gens"):
            return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

        return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        print("Exception, AttributeError in is_atom")
        print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
        return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list:  #isinstance(expn,list):

```



```

    return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
elif is_sqrt(expn):
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational):
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
    if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)
        return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #instance(expn.args[1],Rational)
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #instance(expn.args[0],Rational)
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    else:
        return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn.
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #instance(expn,Add) or inst
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print("type(anti)",type(result))
    print("type(optimal)",type(optimal))

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = " "
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger t
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = " "
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal." + str(leaf
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order " + str(expnType_resu

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

```

```
return grade, grade_annotation
```